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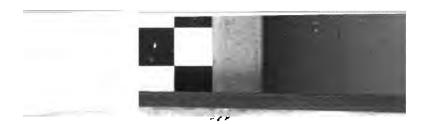
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KING LEAR.

A TRAGEDY.

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KING LEAR.

A TRAGEDY.

BY WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

COLLATED WITH

THE OLD AND MODERN EDITIONS.

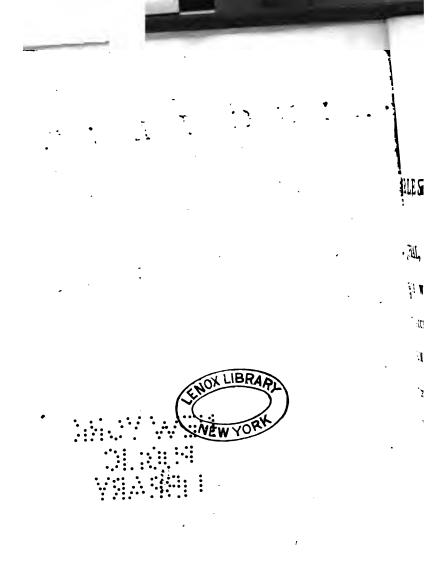


LONDON:

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PRINTED BY W. AND J. RICHARDSON:
AND SOLD BY B. WHITE, IN FLEET-STREET.

M.DCC LXX



T O

CHAR LES JENNENS, Esq.

A T

GOPSAL, LEICESTERSHIRE,
UNDER WHOSE PATRONAGE,

BY ACCESS TO WHOSE LIBRARY, .

AND FROM WHOSE HINTS AND REMARKS,

THE EDITOR HATH BEEN ENABLED TO ATTEMPT

AN EDITION OF SHAKESPEARE,

THE SAME IS INSCRIBED.

WITH THE GREATEST RESPECT AND GRATITUDE,

BY HIS MOST OBLIGED,

AND OBEDIENT HUMBLE SERVANT,

THE EDITOR.



TRUNK-HOSE.
Doublet and trunk-hose,
lims of Queen Elizabeth.

j

PREFACE.

T will appear to any one who will give him-, felf the trouble of examination, that no fair and exact collation of Shakespeare hath yet been presented to the public. Great were the hopes that Mr. Capel's edition would have at length gratified their curiofity, in giving them with his text, the various readings of the old editions in one view, that every reader might be furnished with materials to judge, and that with ease and readiness, what might be Shakespeare's, and what But so far from such a desirable end being answered by his edition, we are only farther led in the dark thereby; and are held in trust for notes, which might much better have been inferted with the text. But he was afraid his notes placed with the text should spoil the beauty of If they are good ones they would

viii PREFACE.

not: for that man must be greatly mistaken in his ideas of beauty, who prefers the handsome appearance of a page in black and white, to the quick and easy information of his readers in matters necessary to be known for their becoming proper judges of the sense of the author, and the goodness of the edition. Would not Mr. Capel's. readers have been much more obliged to him, if with the text he had given his notes, which (supposing them valuable) would, in such a fituation, have had additional value, in being eafily peruled, without the trouble of turning over pages, and interrupting, for a longer time than was necellary, their way through the author? for this will be the case when his notes do appear.

His method in compiling the text was to print after what he thought the best edition of each play, with such alterations as he saw sit to make, giving notice what those asterations were.

And

And he propoles hereafter, in his School of Shakefleare, to give his reasons for preferring the particular edition he makes use of. But this is far. from being the best method; for it is evident that one edition, though the best, may be in many places corrected by another, though a worse edition; and the several editions are a mutual help to each other; or why do editors collate? And if they do collate, why do they not publish their collations, so that their readers may be in possession of them? No editor that I know of has a right to impose upon every body his. own favourite reading, or to give his own conjectural interpolation, without producing the readings of the several editions; the editor who does so, thought he may be a good critic, will not be looked upon as a fair dealer: for after all, the public will be the judge; and will cenfure every editor according as he has abused or disabused it.



r PREFACE.

What the public is here presented with, is only one play of Shakespeare faithfully collated, line by line, with the old as well as modern editions; the different readings whereof are given with notes at the bottom of the page. After the names of the persons of the drama, directions are added for finding all the scenes where each character appears; every other page is marked with the number of the act and scene; and a sketch of the play is given. These last will, perhaps, be thought needless; but one may venture to affirm, that any person who reads Shakespeare with a critical intention, and is defirous of comparing characters and scenes, will not be offended that recourse to passages may here, by these means, be had with more ease than in any other edition.

This play is published as a specimen, which if approved of, the work will be pursued (health and opportunity permitting) through the whole

*KING LEAR.

A TRAGEDY.

EDITIONS COLLATED.

Chronitle Historie of the Life and Death of King Lear, and his three Daughters. With the unfortunate Life of Edgar, Sonne and Heire to the Earle of Glo'ster, and his sullen and assumed humor of Tom of Bedlam: as it was played before the King's Majestie at Whitehall upon S. Stephans night in Christmas Hollidayes. By his Majesties servants playing usually at the Gloabe on the Bancke-side. London, Printed for Nathaniel † Butter, and are to be sold at his shop in Pauls Church-yard at the sign of the Pide Bull near St. Austins Gate, 1608.

2d Quarto. M. William Shake-speare, his true Chronicle History, &c. (as in the 1st) Printed for

• P. and all after call it, The Life and Death of King Lear; which is, to be sure, nearer to the title of the qu's: but it is evident this is not a proper title, as the play takes in but a small part of Lear's life. The fo's call it, The Tragedy of King Lear. And P. King Lear, a Tragedy.

7 J. calls him Butler.

Nathaniel



[xiv]

Nathaniel Butter, (without any direction to the place of fale) 1608.

[These two Quarto's, though of the same date, appear to be different editions, not only as the one has not the place of sale set down in the title page, which is set down in the other; but as they have different readings; and the pages do not tally together.

In the course of collating this play, I have had reason to think that the quarto which I have marked the 1st, is the older edition of the two. And it may be observed, that the solio's read more after the 1st than the 2d.]

The four folio's; and the modern editions of Rowe, Pope, Theobald, Hanmer, Warburton, and Johnson, to which references are made by the initial letters of the editors names.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Appears Act I. Sc. 2, 3, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17. Act II. Sc. 9, 10, 11, 12. Act III. Sc. 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9. Act IV. Sc. 7, 8, 10. Act V. Sc. 4, 5, 10. LEAR, King of Britain, —Act I. Sc. 3, 4. King of France, ___A& I. Sc. 3. Dake of Burgundy, \$ Act I. Sc. 2, 3. Act II, Sc. 4, 6, 11, 22, 13. Act III. Sc. 8, 10, 11. Duke of Cornwall, Act V. Sc. 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. Duke of Albany, Act I. Sc. 1, s, 3, 7. Act II. Sc. 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13. Act III. Sc. 4, 7, 9, 11. Act IV. Sc. 1, 6, 7, 8, 9. Act V. Earl of Glo'fler, Sc. 4. Act I. Sc. 1, 2, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17. Act III. Sc. 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12. Act III. Sc. 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9. Act IV. Sc. 3, 10. Act V. Sc. 9, 10. Earl of Kent. Act I. Sc. 9. 'Act II.' Sc. 2, 8. Act III.'
Sc. 6, 7, 9. Act IV. Sc. 1, 6, 7, 8, 9.
Act V. Sc. 2, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10. Edgar, Son to Glo'fter, Act I. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. Act II.
Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6. Act III. Sc. 4, 8, 10.
Act IV. Sc. 2. Act V. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 5, Edmund, Bastard Son to Glo'fter, 6, 7, 8, 9. Curan, a Courtier, -Act II. Sc. 1. Doctor, -Att IV. Sc. 4, 10. Ad I. Sc. 13, 14, 15, 16, 17. Ad II. Sc. Fool. 9, 10, 11, 12. Act III. Sc. 2, 3, 5, 6, Ofwald, Steward to Go-Act I'. Sc. 11, 12, 16. Act II. Sc. 5, 6. Act IV. Sc. 2, Act V. Sc. 5, 9. nerill. A Captain employed by Act V. Sc. 5, 7. Edmund, Gentleman, Attendant on Act IV. Sc. 3, 8, 9.

A Herald,



DRAMATIS PERSONAL

A Herald,

Old Man, Tenant to

Gloffer,

Servant to Cornwall.

iff 3 Servants to Glo'fler.

Concrill,

Daughters to

Lear,

Att. Sc. 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15, 16. Att
II. Sc. 12, 13. Att III. Sc. 10. Att
IV. Sc. 2. Att V. Sc. 1, 6, 7.

Att. I. Sc. 2, 3, 4. Att II. Sc. 4, 6, 11,
12, 13. Att III. Sc. 10, 11. Att IV.
Sc. 5. Att V. Sc. 1, 6.

Att. Sc. 2, 3, 4, 5. Att IV. Sc. 4, 10.
Att V. Sc. 4, 5.

Knights attending on the King, Officers, Messengers, Soldiers, and Attendants.

SCENE lies in BRITAIN.

. The qu's spell this Gonorill.

A,

S K E T C H

O F

T H E P L A Y.

ACT I.

- Sc. I. THE king's palace. Enter Kent, Glo'ster, and Edm. Talk of the division of the kingdom between Lear's daughters. Glo. recommends his bastard fon Edm. to Kent.
- Sc. II. To them enter Lear, Cornwall, Alb. Gon. Reg. Cor. and attendants. Lear calls for the map of the kingdom, which, he fays, he (intending to leave the cares of government) has divided into three parts between his daughters. But, defigning to make a trial which of them loved him best by their expressions of affection, he calls upon each of them to declare the measure of their love. After Gon. and Reg. have flattered him with extravagant declarations of the most unbounded love; Cor. from the fincerity of her heart tells him she can love him no mere than in duty bound. Upon which Lear disclaims her as his child, and divides the kingdom between Cornwall and Albany, the husbands of Gonerill and Regan, renouncing all but the name of king and an hundred knights to attend him. Kent endeavours



endeavours to dissuade Lear from his partiality to his two eldest daughters, and that Cor. bears not less love to him, though she has less of flattery: he continues to interpose till Lear, enraged, banishes him the kingdom. Exit Kent.

- Sc. III. Enter Glo. with France, and Burgundy, and attendants. Lear offers Cor. to Burgundy for his wife, but without a dower: she is refused by Burgundy, but accepted by France. Exeunt Lear and Burgundy.
- Sc. IV. Cor. takes leave of her sisters, and Exit with France.
- the infirmities of age, and propose consulting together how they shall deal with him. Execut.
- Sc. VI. A castle belonging to the earl of Glo'ster. Enter Baftard with a letter. He discovers (by a soliloquy) his design of supplanting his brother Edg.
- Sc. VII. To him enter Glo. Edm. feems earnest to put up the letter he has in his hand; which Glo. requires him to deliver: it appears to be a letter of conspiracy against Glo. signed with the name of Edg. and which Edm. pretends was thrown in at his window. This contrivance of Edm. has the designed effect of alienating Glo'ster's affections from Edg.
- Sc. VIII. Manet Edm. Soliloguy.
- Sc. IX. To him enter Edg. Edm. tells him his father is greatly displeased with him; advises him to keep out of his way, and to go armed. Exit Edm.
- Sc. X. Manet Edm. Soliloquy.
- Sc. XI. The duke of Albany's palace. Enter Gon. and steward. After finding fault with some of Lear's behaviour.

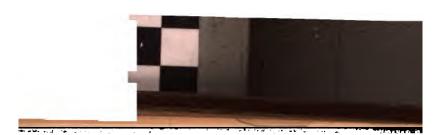


viour, Gon. directs that he and his knights may be used with less respect. Exeunt.

- Sc. XII. An open piace before the palace. Enter Kent difguised. Soliloquy, that, although banished, he
 still loves Lear, and is desirous of serving him.

 Horns within. Enter Lear, knights, and attendants. Kent (being disguised, and unknown to
 Lear) offers himself to him as a servant, and is accepted. Lear finds that he is treated with neglect
 by Gonerill's servants. Enter steward, whom Lear
 strikes, and Kent trips up his heels and turns him
 out.
- Sc. XIII. To them enter Fool. The fool's shrewd sarcasms on Lear's dependency on his daughters.
- Sc. XIV. To them enter Gon. who complains to Lear of ill-behaviour in his attendants, and proposes that instead of an hundred knights he should keep but sifty. Lear denies the charge, is assonished at his daughter's behaviour, and falls into a violent passion.
- Sc. XV. To them enter Alb. who endeavours to pacify Lear, and assures him that he is ignorant of the cause of his anger. Lear determines to go to his daughter Regan, and exit with knights and attendants.
- Sc. XVI. Alb. disapproves Gonerill's treatment of Lear, but she determines to persist in it, and writes to her sister to pursue the same plan. Exeunt.
- Sc. XVII. A court yard belonging to the duke of Albany's palace. Enter Lear, Kent, Gentleman, and Fool. Lear writes to Reg. and Glo. Lear's uneafy reflections mixed with the Fool's droll farcasms. Enter a Gent. who says the horses are ready. Execunt.

ACT



A C T II.

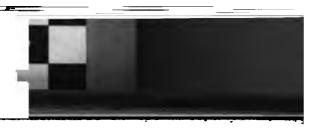
- Sc. I. A castle belonging to the Earl of Glo. Enter Edm. and Guran severally. Curan informs Edm. that the Duke of Cornwall is coming to the castle, and Exit.
- Sc. II. Enter Edg. Edm. advises Edg. to fly; but on hearing Glo. coming, contrives a scuffle. Exit Edg. Edm. wounds himself.
- Sc. III. And by Glo. (entering) is believed to be wounded by Edg. Glo. gives orders that Edg. may be purfued; and vows his death.
- Sc. IV. To them enter Cornwall, Regan, and attendants. It is concluded between them all that Edg. had fought, his father's life. Edg. is deemed a murtherer and a traytor, and as such condemned; and Edm. is received into favour and confidence. Execut.
- Sc. V. Enter Kent and Steward severally. They quarrel together. Kent draws his sword, and afterwards beats the Steward, who calls out murther!
- Sc. VI. To them enter Edm. Corn. Reg. Glo. and servants.

 Corn. and Reg. order Kent to be put in the stocks.
- Sc. VII. Manent Glo. and Kent. Glo. is forry for Kent's usage, and says the duke is to blame. Exit Glo. Kent opens a letter which he has received from Cordelia. Sleeps.
- Sc. VIII. A heath. Enter Edg. Having heard himself proclaimed a traytor, to avoid being discovered and taken he determines to put on the garb of a Tom o' Bedlam, and seigns himself mad. Exit.
- Sc. IX. Glo'ster's castle. Enter Lear, Fool, and Gentleman. They find Kent in the stocks. Lear after expressing his surprize, exit to find Reg.

- Sc. X. Re-enter Lear with Glo. It appears that Reg. and the Duke of Cornwall had refused to see Lear, who again sends Glo. to insist on their waiting on him. Exit Glo.
- Sc. XI. Enter Cornwall, Regan, Glo. and Servants. Kent is fet at liberty, Lear complains to Reg. of her fifter Gonerill's behaviour to him. Reg. vindicates her. Enter Steward.
- Sc. XII. Enter Gon. Reg. would persuade Lear to return to Gon. and dismiss half his attendants. He refuses ever to return to her, and determines to stay with Reg. but she insisting on his bringing but sive and twenty, he resolves to return to Gon. They by degrees lower his number till at last they will receive only his single self. After resenting his daughters' unnatural behaviour, exit Lear, with Glo. Kent, and Fool.
- Sc. XIII. Storm and tempest. Gon. and Reg. confirm themfelves in receiving none of Lear's followers. Enter
 Glo. who acquaints them that Lear is gone away in
 a great rage, and urges the storm, approaching
 night, and the unsheltering bareness of the country,
 as reasons for recalling him, but to no purpose:
 Gon. Reg. and Cornwall agree to leave him to his
 fate. Excunt.

A C T In.

Sc. I. A heath. A storm is heard with thunder and lightning. Enter Kent and a Gentleman severally. Lear's rage and mad deportment related. Kent sends a message to Cor. at Dover by the Gent. inb 3 forming



forming her of a division between Albany and Cornwall, and of Lear's distressed situation. Execut severally.

- Sc. II. Storm continues. Enter Lear and Fool. Lear's wild exclamations, and the Fool's jests.
- Sc. III. To them enter Kent. Kent persuades Lear to shelter himself from the storm in a hovel hard by, while he (Kent) returns to the castle to force admission for Lear. The Fool's droll prophecy.
- Sc. IV. An apartment in Glo'ster's castle. Enter Glo. and Edm. Glo. expresses his dislike of Lear's treatment, and determines to side with him and relieve him. Exit. Edm. (alone) determines to inform the duke of his father's design, by which he shall effect his own rise at the price of his father's ruin. Exit.
- Sc. V. Part of the heath, with a hovel. Enter Lear, Kent and Fool. Kent begs Lear to enter the hovel for shelter. Lear disregards the storm, and vents reproaches against his unnatural daughters.
- Sc. VI. From the hovel enter Edg. disguised as a madman. Wild talk of Lear and Edg.
- Sc. VII. Enter Glo. with a torch. Glo. begs Lear to remove to a house he has provided for him. Lear refuses to leave Edg. Edg. goes with them.
- Sc. VIII. Glo'ster's castle. Enter Cornwall and Edm. It appears that Edm. hath revealed his sather's intention of relieving Lear.
- Se. IX. A chamber in a farm-house. Enter Kent and Clo.

 Glo. promises his farther affishance, and exit. Enter Lear, Edg. and Fool. Lear's real and Edgar's counterfeit madness. Re-enter Glo. with news of a plot on Lear's life, and that a litter is provided for him

him to convey him with all speed to Dover, that he may escape the affassination. Excunt.

- Sc. X. Glo'fler's castle. Enter Corn. Reg. Gon. Edm. and servants. Corn. sends to arrest Glo. Enter Steward with news that Lear, by the assistance of Glo. is carried to Dover. Exeunt Gon. and Edm.
- Sc. XI. Enter Glo., prisoner, and servants. They bind Glo. and after insults, his eyes are trodden out by Cornwall. In a scuffle between a servant (who stands up for Glo.) and Cornwall, the latter is mortally wounded, and the former killed by Regan on the spot. Glo. perceives that his son Edg. is abused, and that Edm. is the villain. Glo. is turned out of doors.

A C T IV.

- Sc. I. An open country. Enter Edg. Soliloquy. Enter Gloled by an old man, who offers to be his conductor, but is refused. Edg. is accepted of as Glo'ster's guide to Dover. Exeunt.
- Sc. II. The Duke of Albany's palace. Enter Gon. Edm. and Steward. A love-intrigue opens between Gon. and Edm. Gon. gives Edm. a ring; and names the Steward as a trufty messenger between them. Exit Edm. and Steward. Enter Albany. He reprehends Gon. for her cruel behaviour to Lear, but is derided for his humanity. Enter messenger with news of the Duke of Gornwall's death, and Glo'ster's loss of his eyes. Albany determines to revenge Glo'ster.

Sc. III.

ı



- Sc. III. Dover. Enter Kent, and a Gentleman, who informs Kent that he had delivered his letters to Cordelia, and relates how she was moved therewith. It appears from this scene that Lear is in Dover, but refuses to see his daughter Cordelia, out of shame for his unkind behaviour to her. Execut.
- Sc. IV. A camp. Enter Cor. Physician, and soldiers. Cor. enjoins the Physician to use his utmost skill for the recovery of Lear from his madness. Enter a messenger with news that the British powers are marching against Cordelia's.
- Sc. V. Regan's palace. Enter Reg. and Steward. It appears that Reg. is in love with Edm. and defires to read the contents of a letter which Gan. (of whom she is jealous) has sent by the Steward to Edm. but is refused. She gives the Steward one from herfelf to deliver to Edm. She promises him a reward if sinding Glo. he should kill him.
 - Sc. VI. The country near *Dover*. Enter Glo. and Edg. as a peafant, who pretends to be leading him up to the top of *Dover* cliff. When Glo. is made to believe he is arrived, he throws himself down as with a design to put an end to his life, but without hurt. Edg. here seigns himself to be another person at the bottom of the cliff, and having assured Glo. that he had sallen from the top to the bottom, seems to wonder, with Glo. that he was not dead.
 - Sc. VII. To them enter Lear madly drest with slowers.

 Talk agreeable to the character and misfortunes of these three persons.
 - Sc. VIII. To them enter a gentleman with attendants, who feize on *Lear*, in order to carry him to *Gor*. News that

that the enemy is near. Exeunt Lear, gentleman, and attendants. Manet Glo. and Edg.

- Sc. IX. To them enter Steward, who affaulting Glo. with a defign to kill him, is himself killed by Edg. Edg. finds a letter in the Steward's pocket from Gon. to Edm. encouraging him to affaffinate her hutband. Edg. leads off Glo. to a place of fafety.
- Sc. X. A chamber. Enter Cor. Kent, and Phylician. Cor. expresses her gratitude to Kent for his services to Lear. Kent desires he may still remain unknown, in his disguise, to all but her. Enter Lear assepting a chair carried by servants. He wakes, and an affecting interview between Lear and Cordelia sollows, in which Lear's madness appears to be approaching towards a cure. Execut.

ACT V.

- Sc. I. A camp. Enter Edm. Reg. and their powers. Reg. discovers to Edm. her jealousy of him with Gon. To them enter Albany, Gon. and soldiers. Alb. says he hears Lear is come to his daughter Cordelia. Talk of the war, &c.
- Sc. II. As they are going out, enter Edg. disguised, who, desiring private speech with Alb. delivers him the letter he had found on the Steward, and desires him to open it before the battle; and, if Alb. won the battle, that a trumpet might be sounded for him (Edg.) who would then produce a champion to prove what was avouched in the letter. Enter Edm. who gives Alb. a list of the supposed number of the opposite forces. Exeunt.

Sc. III.



- Sc. III. Manet Edm. Soliloquy. He determines, after the battle is over, if Lear and Cordelia should be taken prisoners, to frustrate any intended pardon granted to them from Alb. and to take them off.
- Sc. IV. A field. Alarm within. Enter with drum and colours, Lear, Cor. and foldiers over the stage, and Exeunt. Enter Edg. and Glo. Edg. seats Glo. under a bush, and leaves him till the battle is over. Alarm and retreat within. Re-enter Edg. who informs Glo. that Lear hath lost the battle, and that he and his daughter Cor. are taken prisoners. Exeunt.
- Sc. V. Enter in conquest with drum and colours, Edmund:

 Lear and Cor. prisoners. Soldiers, Captain. Edm.
 orders Lear and Cor. to prison. Exeunt Lear and
 Cor. guarded. Edm. gives written instructions to
 the Captain, and promises him preferment if he
 obeys them. Exit Captain.
- Sc. VI. To Edm. enter Alb. Gon. Reg. and soldiers. Upon Edmund's assuming behaviour, Alb. tells him he holds him not as a brother, but a subject, in the war. Reg. asserts that she has invested him with sovereign honour by designing him for her husband; and now gives herself and all she has to him. Alb. arrests Edm. on capital treason, orders the trumpet to sound for the champion who is to prove it. Exit Reg. sick, being possoned by Gon. Enter Herald at the call of Edm.
- Sc. VII. A trumpet founds. Edg. appears. He and Edm. engage. Edm. falls Alb. shews Gon. the letter of hers which Edg. had given him. Exit Gon. defperate.

Sc. VIII.

- Sc. VIII. Edm. confesses his treasons. Edg. discovers himself, and relates the share he hath had in the action of the play. Edm. relents.
- Sc. IX. Enter a Gentleman with a bloody knife, which he brings reeking from the heart of Gon. who had killed herfelf, and confessed that she had poisoned her sister Reg. Enter Kent, discovering himself, and enquiring for the King; which puts Alb. on questioning Edm. about him and Cor. The bodies of Gon. and Reg. are brought in. Edm. sinding himself near death, desires that messengers may be quickly sent to the prison to save the lives of Lear and Cor. for whose murder he and Gon. had given orders. Edm. is borne off.
- Sc. X. Enter Lear with Cor. dead in his arms. Afterwards a messenger with the news of Edmund's death.

 Lear dies of grief for the loss of Cordelia. Execut with a dead march.

ERRATUM.

P. 133. note', for and R. and J. read R.'s 8vo.



KING LEAR.

ACT I.

SCENE I,

* The King's Paluce.

Enter Kent, Gloster, and Edmund the Bastard.

Kent.

I THOUGHT the king had more affected the duke of Albany than Cornwall.

Glo. It did always feem b fo to us, but now in the division of the c kingdom it appears not which of the dukes he values most; for d equalities are so weighed, that curiosity in neither can make choice of either's moiety.

Kent. Is not this your fon, my lord?

Glo. His breeding, fir, hath been at my charge. I have so often blush'd to acknowledge him, that now I am braz'd to't.

Kent. I cannot conceive you.

Glo. Sir, this young fellow's mother could, whereupon she grew round-wombed; and had indeed, sir, a son for her

The scene is not described in the qu's or fo's.

b The three last fo's emit fo.

The qu's read kingdoms.

[&]amp; So the qu's; all the rest, qualities.



KING LEAR

cradle, ere she had a husband for her bed. Do you smell a fault?

Mat. I cannot wish the fault undone, the issue of it being so proper.

Glo. But I have, fir, a fon by order of law, some f year elder than this is, who yet is no dearer in my account. Though this knave came f somewhat saucily h into the world before he was sent for, yet was his mother fair: there was good sport at his making, and the whoreson must be acknowledged. Do you know this i noble gentleman, Edmund?

Edm. No, my lord.

2

Glo. My lord of Kent.—Remember him hereafter as my honourable friend.

Edm. My fervices to your lordship.

Kent. I must love you, and sue to know you better.

Edm. Sir, I shall k study deserving.

Glo. He hath been out nine years, and away he shall again.

—The king is coming.

[1 Trumpets found within.

e So the qu's; all the rest read, But I bave a fen, sir, by, &c.

I The Oxford editor, not understanding the common phrase, alters year to years. He did not consider the bastard says,

For that I am some twelve or fourteen moon-shines

Lag of a brother. W.

The qu's read fomething.

h So the qu's; the rest read to for into.

i So the qu's, and I f. the rest read nobleman, Edmund?

L P. is the first who reads fludy your deferving; followed by the afterelitors; but the word your here interpolated is certainly superfluous.

! This direction is put in by T.

SCENE II.

Enter King Lear, Cornwall, Albany, Gonerill, Regan, Cordelia, and attendants.

Lear. Attend b my lords of France and Burgundy, c Glo'sfer, Glo. I shall, my liege. [Exit.

Lear. Mean time we d will express our darker e purposes;

Give me the map there. Know, we have divided
In three our kingdom; and 'tis our h fast intent
To shake all cares and business from our age,

- The qu's read Sound a fennet, enter one bearing a coronet, then Lear, then the dutes of Albany and Corowall, next Gonorill, Regan, Cordelia, with followers.
 - b So the qu's; the rest read the for my.
- P. and H. omit Glo'fter.
 - d So the qu's; the rest, shall for will.
 - e So the qu's; the rest purpose.
 - f The qu's omit Give me.
 - 5 So the qu's, and aft and ad fo's; the rest read bere.
- h The qu's read first; P. leaves it quite out; W. s. ys, this (viz. the word fast) is an interpolation of T. for want of knowing the meaning of the old reading in the q. 1608, and 1 f. 1623, viz. first; (but here W. fassely accuses T. of interpolation, for all the so's and R. read fast) which is as Shakespear wrote it (a thing impossible to be known) who makes Lear declare his purpose with a dignity becoming his character: that the sirst reason of his abdication was the love of his people, that they might be protested by such as were better able to discharge the trust; and his natural affestion for his daughters only the second. W.

But it feems more likely that Shakespear wrote fast, i. e. firm and unalterable, because it makes better sense in this place. He is so far from giving the love of his people as the sirst reason of his abdication, that he does not so much as hint at that, but his own ease is the reason he gives, as the word maturden'd demonstrates; and he gives no second reason at all.

From our age. The qu's read of our state.



Conferring them on younger k strengths, I while we Unburden'd crawl tow'rd death. Our son of Cornwall, And you, our no less loving son of Albany, We have this hour a constant will to publish Our daughters' several dow'rs, that future strife May be prevented now. The princes, France, and Burgundy, Great rivals in our n youngest daughter's love, Long in our court have made their amorous sojourn, And here are to be answer'd. Tell o me, p my daughters, (a Since now we will divest us both of rule, Interest of territory, cares of state)
Which of you, shall we say, doth love us most?
That we our largest bounty may extend
Where nature doth with merit challenge. Gonerill,
Our eldest born, speak first.

Gon. * Sir, I 'do love you more than " words can * wield the matter,

Dearer than eye-sight, space, and liberty; Beyond what can be valued rich or rare; No less than life, with grace, health, beauty, honour;

- I The qu's read confirming.
- k The qu's read years for strengths.
- I What is in italic is omitted in the qu's.
- m The qu's read The two great princes, &c. The 3d and 4th fo's read prince for princes.
 - n So the qu's; all the rest younger.
 - O The 3d and 4th fo's omit me.
 - P P. omits my, followed by the after-editors.
 - These two lines are omitted in the qu's.
 - The qu's read, Where merit doth most challenge it, Gonerill, &c.
- 5 This line is omitted by P. and all after but J. in the room of which they put I love you, fir.
 - 1 The fo's, R. and J. omit do.
 - " The fo's, and R. read word.
 - · The 2d q. reads weild.

As much w as child e'er lov'd, or father * found; A love that makes breath poor, and speech unable, 7 Beyond all manner of fo much I love you.

Cor. What shall Cordelia 2 do? love and be filent. [Alide.

Lear. Of all these bounds, even from this line to this, With a shadowy forests, b and with c champains rich'd, With plenteous rivers, and wide-skirted meads, We make thee lady. To thine and Albany's issue Be this perpetual.——What fays our second daughter? Our dearest Regan, wife 4 to Cornwall, e speak.

Reg. f Sir, I am made of the felf-same metal that my fister is; And prize me at her worth 5. In my true heart I find, the names my very deed of love; h Only she comes too short; that I profess Myself an enemy to all other joys, Which the most precious i square of sense k possesses,

And

- " The qu's read a for as; and
- Friend for found.
- Beyond, &c. i. e. Beyond all imaginable extent of whatever I have yet expressed. Heath.
 - The fo's and R. read speak for do.
 - The qu's read fady.
 - b The words in italic omitted in the qu's.
 - So the rst f. the ad and all after champions.
 - d So the qu's; the rest of for to.
 - The fo's and R. omit speak.
- f So the qu's; the rest read, I am made of that felf mettle as my ffer, and prize, &c.
- There is no stop in the qu's after worth; but in the fo's a period, which seems to give the better sense. Upon examining her own sincere heart, she finds her love equal to her lifters, nay greater.
 - The qu's read, Only fie came fort, &c.
- 1 By the square of scase, we are here to understand the four nobler senses. viz. the fight, bearing, tafte, and fmell: for a young lady could not, with A 3



And find I am alone felicitate In your dear highness' love.

Cor. Then poor Cordelia!

[Aside.

And yet not fo, fince I am fure, my love's I More pond'rous than m my tongue.

Lear. To thee and thine, hereditary ever,
Remain this ample third of our fair kingdom;
No less in space, validity, and pleasure,
Than that a conferr'd on Generill.—— Now our joy,
Although our last, a not least; to whose young love,
The vines of France, and milk of Burgundy
Strive to be a interess'd. What can you say to win
A third, more opulent than your sisters? t Speak.

Cor. Nothing, my lord,

Lear. Nothing!

" Cor. Nothing.

decency, infinuate the knew of any pleasures which the fifth afforded. This is imagined and expressed with great propriety and delicacy. W.

But by fquare of fense, Shakespear seems rather to understand the whole compass or extent of sense, without regard to any particular number, as W. supposes. Besides, by an exclusion of the sisth from the number of the senses he makes the lady infinuate the idea of that very pleasure which he represents her as affecting to seem totally ignorant of.

H. reads spirit for square.

- Le The fo's and R. read professes.
- 1 The qu's read, More richer.
- m W. fays we should read their tongue. See Heath in loc.
- . The qu's road confirm'd.
- Before now the qu's read but.
- P The qu's read, not leaft in our dear love, what can you fuy, &c.
- 9 The fo's, R. and P. read intereft.
- P. and all after him read, What fay you, &cc.
- So the qu's; all the rest read draw for win.
- ! The qu's omit fpeak.

į

" These two speeches are not in the qu's.

Lear.

ACT I. SCENE II.

Lear. w Nothing x can come of nothing; speak again.

Cor. Unhappy that I am, I cannot heave My heart into my mouth. I love your majesty According to my bond, 7 nor more nor less.

Lear. 2 How, how, Cordeha? mend your speech a little, Lest 2 it may mar your fortunes.

Cor. Good my lord,

You have begot me, bred me, lov'd me: I
Return those duties back, as are right sit;
Obey you, love you, and most honour you.
Why have my sisters husbands, if they say,
They love you, all? haply when I shall wed,
That lord, whose hand must take my plight, shall carry
Half my love with him, half my care and duty.
Sure, I shall never marry like my sisters,

To love my father, all.

Lear. But goes thy heart with this?

Cor. Ay, my good lord.

Lear. So young, and so untender?

Cor. So young, my lord, and true.

Lear. Well, let it be so; 8 thy truth then be thy dower: For by the sacred radiance of the sun,

The qu's read How? Nothing can come, &c.

So the qu's, T. W. and J. the rest will.

I So the qu's; Steevens, not; the rest no.

The qu's read Go to, go to, mend, &c.

So the qu's; the rest read you for it.

The fo's and R. read happily.

[€] R.'s oct. merry.

d The fo's and R. omit these words in Italic.

e The qu's read, But goes this with thy heart?

f All-but the qu's omit Well.

The 3d and 4th fo's and R. read the for thy.



The h mysteries of Hecate, and the i night,

By all the k operations of the orbs,

From whom we do exist, and cease to be,

Here I disclaim all my paternal care,

Propinquity and property of blood,

And as a stranger to my heart and me

Hold thee, from this, for ever. The barbarous Scythian,

Or he that makes his generation, messes

To gorge his appetite, shall to my bosom

Be as well-neighbour'd, pitied, and reliev'd,

As thou, my sometime daughter.

Come not between the dragon and his wrath.

I lov'd her most, and thought to set my rest
On her kind nursery. Hence, m and avoid my sight! n [To Can.
So be my grave my peace, as here I give
Her sather's heart from her.——Call France—who stirs?

Call

- h The qu's read mistresse; the 1st f. miseries.
- i The qu's read might.
- k The qu's and rft f. operation.
- I The qu's omit to my bosom.
- m So all before P. who, with the after-editors, omits and.
- n All the modern editions direct the words, Hence, and avoid my fight, to be spoken to Cordelia; but they are undoubtedly addressed to Kent. For in the next words Lear sends for France and Burgundy, in order to tender them his youngest daughter, if either of them would accept her without a dowry. At such a time therefore to drive her out of his presence would be a contradiction to his declared intention. Heath.

And for that very reason I, think, with submission, the words are spoken to Cordelia, and not to Kent. It is plain, Cordelia had raised his sury to the highest pitch; Kent was not yet so far advanced; he had but just begun to speak, and that in the most respectful terms, Good my kege.—Lears with all his rage, still retained so much love and respect for him, and so much hope

ACT I. SCENE II.

Call Burgundy.—Gornwall and Albany,
With my two daughters' o dowers digest? this third.
Let pride, which she calls plainness, marry her.
I do invest you jointly 9 with my power,
Pre-eminence, and all the large effects
That troop with majesty. Ourself by monthly course,
With reservation of an hundred knights,
By you to be sustain'd, shall our abode
Make with you by due turns; only r we still retain

of diverting him from the attempt, he saw he was beginning, to diffuade him from his resolution of disinheriting Cordelia, that he warns him of the danger of continuing it-Come not between the dragon and his wrath; and even after proceeding in it, when Kent interrupted him a second time, and refumed his addresses, Lear also continued his warning-The bow is bent and drawn, make from the faft. Kent, seeing that respectful behaviour had no effect, has recourse to rougher language: even after that, Lear thinks to make him cease by a severe and passionate prohibition-Kent, on thy life no more. Kent still persists, and urges his own inflexible loyalty as a reason for his being heard: Lear then first bids him out of my sight; Kent further intreats, Lear swears, Kent returns the oath, and at last urges his reproaches with such vehemence, that Lear, despairing of silencing bim any other way, pronounces the final sentence of banishment upon him. This is the natural, not the designed gradation of Lear's anger. It rises by degrees to its height, and at last falls with its full weight. These steps by which it advances shew a reluctance in the king to be so severe upon one for whom he had the greatest regard: whereas the imaginary breach of filial love and duty, which he foolishly fancied he found in Cordelia, had already extinguished all sparks of his imaginary love to her. The contradiction to his declared intention is the natural effect of his rage, which vented itself in sudden and contrary starts of passion. The whole scene, in this view, I take to be one of the most beautiful in all Shakespear .---. Neither qu's nor fo's have any direction in this place.

9

O The qu's read dower.

P So the qu's; all the rest read the for this.

The qu's read is for with.

The and all after him omit we fill; the fo's and R. instead thereof read we feall.



KINGLEA 40

The name and all th' additions to a king; The fway, revenue, execution t of the rest, Beloved fons, be yours; which to confirm, This coronet part between you. [" Giving the crown.

Kent. Royal Lear,

Whom I have ever honour'd as " my king. Lov'd as my father, as my master follow'd,

As my z great patron thought on in my prayers-

Lear. The bow is bent and drawn, make from the shaft.

Kent. Let it fall rather, though the fork invade The region of my heart; be Kent unmannerly,

When Lear is 7 mad. What 2 would'st thou do, old man?

Think'st thou that duty shall have dread to speak

When power to flattery bows? To plainness honour's bound. When

P. omits of the rest, which is in all the editions before him; and is followed by T. and H. - W. says this reading is evidently corrupt, and the editors not knowing what to make of-of the reft, left it out (but he does not tell us that it was his friend P. who first omitted it) - The true reading without doubt was of th' best, &c. Hest is an old word for regal command. W.

Heft or beheft is any command as well as regal. Refusing her grand bests, i. e. the witch Sycorax's. Temp. act i. scene iii. If we imagine Shakespear did not write of the reft, it is most likely he wrote all the reft. Heath conjectureş interest.

- " Not in any edition before Pope's.
- The 4th f. R. and P. read a for my.
- The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's had omitted great; to supply the deficiency thereof in the measure R. puts in and, reading And as my patron, &c. followed by all but J.
 - I The ist q. reads man for mad.
 - Z The qu's read wilt thou.
 - P. reads and divides in this manner,

– to plainness henour Is bound, when majefty to folly falls.

Reserve

So the qu's: all the rest addition.

When majefty befalls to folly. Reverse thy doom,
And in thy best consideration check
This hideous rashness; answer my life my judgment,
Thy youngest daughter does not love thee least;
Nor are those empty hearted, whose low downd
Reverbs no hollowness.

Lear. Kent, on * thy life no more.

Kent. My life I never held but as a pawn

To wage against thine e enemies, f nor fear to lose it,

Thy safety being 5 the motive.

Lear. Out of my fight!

Kent. See better, Lear, and let me still remain. The true blank of hine eye.

Lear. Now by Apollo-

Kent. Now by Apollo, king,

Thou swear'st thy gods in vain.

Lear. i O vassal, k miscreant!— [Laying his hand on his fword.

Alb. Corn. Dear fir, forbear.

Referve thy flate; with better judgment check
This hideous rafiness; with my life I auswer, &c.,
and is followed by all but J.

- b The qu's read floops.
- So the qu'e; all the rest read Referve thy state.
- 4 The fo's and R. read founds reverb.
- The 3d and 4th fo's read my for thy.
- P. alters enemies to fees; followed by all but J.
- I The fo's and R. read ne'er for ner. And
- 6 Omit the.
- In The blank is the white or exact mark at which the arrow is shot. See better, says Kent, and keep me always in your view. J.
 - 1 The qu's omit O.
 - F The qu's read recreant.
 - I This speech is omitted in the qu'e.

Kent.



Kent. m Do, kill thy physician, and thy fee bestow Upon the foul disease. Revoke n thy o doom, Or whilst I can vent clamour from my throat, I'll tell thee thou dost evil.

Lear. Hear me, precreant! I en thine allegiance hear me! Since thou hast fought to make us break our vow, Which we durst never yet; and with thrain'd pride, To come between our w sentence and our pow'r, Which nor our nature nor our place can bear, Our potency made good, take thy reward.

- m So the qu's; the rest omit Do.
- n The 3d and 4th fo's and R. read the for thy.
- O The fo's and R. read gift for doom.
- P The gu's omit recreant.
- These words in italic are in all the editions before P. who omits them; and so do the after-editors.
 - The fo's and R. read That for Since. And
 - s vews for vow.
 - The qu's read ftraied.
 - " So the qu's; the rest bet wixt.
 - The ist f. reads fentences.
 - * P. alters made to make; followed by W. who has the following note.

Mr. Theobald by putting the first line (i. e. the line before this) into a parenthesis, and altering make to made in the second line (i. e. this line) had destroyed the sense of the whole; which, as it stood before he corrupted the words, was this: "You have endeavoured, says Lear, to make me break my oath, you have presumed to stop the execution of my sentence: the latter of these attempts neither my temper nor high station will suffer me to bear; and the other, had I yielded to it, my power could not make good or excuse."—Which, in the first line, referring to both attempts: but the ambiguity of it, as it might refer only to the latter, has occasioned all the obscurity of the passage. W.

It is not true that T. altered make to made (unless by this he means that T. has altered P.'s copy, which is in truth only restoring); one of the qu's, and all the f. editions read made.—Which we durst never yet, &c. relating to the former attempt, Which nor our nature, &c. can relate only to the latter. Nor is there any obscurity in this equal to what W. has introduced.

Four days we do allot thee for provision, To shield thee from z diseases of the world; And on the fifth, to turn thy hated back Upon our kingdom; if b on the tenth day following. Thy banish'd trunk be found in our dominions, The moment is thy death. Away! By Jupiter, This shall not be revok'd.

Kent. " Why, fare thee well, king, " since " thus thou wilt appear,

Friendship lives hence, and banishment is here. The gods to their 8 dear shelter take hethee, maid, That i rightly think'st, and hast most i justly said. TTo Cor. And your large speeches may your deeds approve, That good effects may spring from words of love. [70 Reg.

and Gon.

I So the qu's; all the rest Five, and fixth.

² So the qu's; all the rest disafters for diseases. But though the word discuses in the common sense of the word signifies sicknesses; here it is used in the uncommon and literal sense, and means, a want of tie ease and conveniences of life, i. e. hardships. See Hurd's note on the Callida junttura of Hor. Ars Poet. L 47.

b So the qu's, and 1st f. the rest omit on.

So the qu's; the rest omit wby to make the measure of the verse more exact; but it feems to express Kent's blunt humour the more strongly; and the nicety of the measure is not worth infisting on, especially when it robs the passage of a word of such significancy.

⁴ Southe qu's; all the rest fith.

e The 2d q. omits thus.

f So the qu's; the rest freedom; but friendsbip seems more properly opposed to banishment; for what is banishment, but the being driven away from our friends and countrymen? Freedom may with greater propriety be opposed. to flavery.

⁵ The qu's read protestion; but dear shelter is more like Shakespear.

b The qu's read the maid, that rightly thinks, and hath most, &c. bating that the 1st reads haft for hath.

i So the qu's; the rest make rightly and justly change places.



Thus Kent, O princes, bids you all adieu; He'll shape his old courfe in a country new.

[Exit.

SCENE III.

Enter Glo'ster, with France and Burgundy, and attendants.

¹Glo. Here's France and Burgundy, my noble lord.

Lear. My lord of Burgundy,

We first address tow'rd you, who with m this king Have rivall'd for our daughter; what " in the least Will you require in present dower with her, Or cease your quest of love?

Bur. • Most royal majesty,

I crave no more than what your highness offer'd, Nor will you tender less.

Lear. Right noble Burgundy,

When she was dear to us, P we held her so; But now her price is fall'n. Sir, there she stands, If aught within that little seeming substance, Or all of it with our displeasure a piec'd,

• And nothing r more, may fitly like your grace, She's there, and she is yours.

Bur. I know no answer.

- 1 So the qu's; the fo's, R. and P. give this speech to Cordelia; and T. first discovers this error.
 - m The qu's read a for this.
 - P. alters this to at least; followed by all but J.
 - O The qu's omit moft.
 - P The qu's and aft f. read we did bold, &c.
 - Q P. reads pierc'd.
 - F The qu's read else for more.

Lear.

Lear. Will you with those infirmities she owes, Unfriended, new adopted to our hate, Dower'd with our curse, and stranger'd with our oath, Take her, or leave her?

Bur. Pardon " me, royal fir; Election makes not up on fuch conditions.

Lear. Then leave her, fir; for by the pow'r that made me, I tell you all her wealth.—For you, great king, [To France. I would not from your love make fuch a stray, To match you where I hate; therefore beseech you, T'avert your liking a more worthier way Than on a wretch whom nature is asham'd Almost t'acknowledge hers.

France. This is most strange!

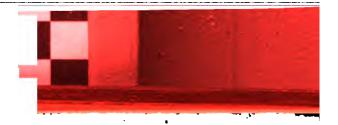
That she, * who even but now was your 7 best object,

The argument of your praise, balm of your age,

Most best, most dearest, should in this trice of time

Commit a thing so monstrous, to dismantle

- Before will the qu's infert fir.
- The qu's read cover'd for dower'd.
- P. and all after, omit me.
- who so read all the editions before P. who alters it to worthy, followed by those after him. But the double comparative is very common in Shakefpear; and was, no doubt, the language of that age. It is not the part of an editage to modernise his author.
 - The qu's read that for who; the 1st f. whom.
 - The aft f. omits beft.
- P. alters this, Your praise's argument, &c. this is modernising again, for the fake of measure: followed by all but J.
- So the qu's; the fo's, R. and J. the best, the dearest. P. first, and then all the rest, dearest and best.
- b Best (quoth J.) is added from the first copy. Why, Dr. J. there is no copy without it.



So many folds of favour! c fure, her offence Must be of such unnatural degree

- d That monsters it; (e or you for vouch'd affections
- Sall'n into taint:) which to believe of her
- Must be a faith that reason without miracle Could never f plant in me.

Cor. I yet beseech your majesty—

If—s for I want that glib and oily art,

- c P. and H. read fure th' offence, &c.
- d R. and P. read as monstrous is.
- So the qu's; the fo's read Or your fore-voucht affection fall into taint, &c. R. P. and H. read Or your forc-voucht affection could not fall into taint, &c. T. and W. Or your fore-vouch'd affection fall'n into taint, &c. J. reads as the fo's, but interprets or before, because or ever signifies before ever; but does he remember where or had at any time this fignification unless joined with ever? R. seems to make the best sense of all these readings, but then he is obliged to interpolate. But let us now try the old reading; and to make sense of it, the best way perhaps will be to consider what was the real cause of the estrangement of Lear's love from Cordelia; it was the wouch'd affections of his three daughters: the two eldest vouch'd such affection to him as was beyond all nature and possibility to a father; but Cordelia wouched only such an affection as was natural and reasonable for a daughter to feel for her father. Now Lear was fallen into taint, i. e. his judgment was corrupted, in preferring the extravagant and lying protestations of his eldest daughters, to the sincere and just ones of his youngest. And if we ruminate a little, this is the only second reason for Lear's rejecting Cordelia that can with any probability be supposed to be guessed at by France: for it would be rude in France to charge Lear with vouching the dearest affections to one he did not really love; and it is abfurd to suppose that so great a love should change to hate, without she had committed some very great crime, and which France could not be brought to believe; therefore this fecond guess becomes the only one, and the true one, viz. that Regan and Gonerill had, by their superior art in coaxing, won all Lear's love from Cordelia.
 - f The 2d q. reads plaint; so Steevens, and gives no other reading.
- Shakespear deligned this as an interruption. See p. 17, note 1.



ACT I. SCENE III.

קנ

To speak and purpose not, since what I h well intend,
I'll do't before I speak——I that you may know [To France.
It is no vicious blot, murder, or foulness,
No h unchaste action, or dishonour'd step——
That hath depriv'd me of your grace and favour. [To Lear.
But ev'n 1 for want of that, for which I'm m richer,
A still soliciting eye, and such a tongue,
As I am glad o I have not; though, not to have it,
Hath lost me in your liking.

Lear. PGo to, go to! better thou hadst not been born Than not to have pleas'd me better.

France. Is it 'no more but this? a tardiness in nature,
That often leaves the history unspoke,
That it intends to do? My lord of Burgundy,
What say you to the lady? Love is not love,
When it is mingled with regards: that thands

- h The fo's and R. read will for well.
- I The fo's (followed by all the rest) read that you make known, to make it grammar with I yet beseech your majesty: but I am apt to think Shakespear intended this as a broken speech, which should express the modest fear and bashful distidence of Cordelia, heightened by her concern under her present pitiable circumstances. She begins speaking to the king in a broken intersupted manner; then to France, that you may know, &c. then, without making a period, to the king again.
 - E The qu's read unclean for unchafte.
 - 1 H. reads the for for.
 - The qu's read rich.
 - So the qu's; all the rest read that for as.
 - P. alters I bave not to I've not; followed by the rel.
 - P So the qu's; all the rest omit go to, go to!
 - The fo's and R. read t' bave; but P. and all after, intirely omit to.
 - So the qu's; all the rest omit no more.
 - . So the qu's; all the rest read which for that.
- 'So the qu's, fo's, and R. where flands refers to love; Love is not love, when, &c. love is not love, that flands, &c. all the rest read fland.



Aloof from the u entire point. Say, will you have her? we She is, herfelf, and dower.

Bur. [To Lear.] * Royal Lear, Give but that portion which yourself propos'd,

And here I take Cordelia by the hand,

Dutchess of Burgundy.

Lear. Nothing:—I have sworn y.

Bur. I am forry then you have so lost a father, [70 Cor. That you must lose a husband.

Cor. Peace be with Burgundy,
Since that * respects of fortune are his love,
I shall not be his wife.

France. Fairest Cordelia, that art most rich, being poor, Most choice, forsaken; and most lov'd, despis'd. Thee and thy virtues here I * seize upon; Be it lawful, I take up what's cast away. Gods! Gods! 'tis strange, that from their * cold'st neglect My love should kindle to instam'd respect.

" So the qu's; all the rest read th' intire.

 ${\it W}.$ explains intire, right, true; ${\it J}.$ fingle, unmixed with other confiderations. But

W She is, herfelf, and dower (which is the reading of the qu's) explains the meaning of intire, whole. "That is not love which is mingled with "regards; that cannot be love that stands aloof from the whole point (the perfon and the dower) for in Cordelia you have both herself and her dower." Shakespear, I suppose, means, that the super-plus of perfections and good qualities she possessed above the generality of her sex, were to her in lieu of a dower. The rest read she is herself a dowry.

x So the qu's; all the rest read royal king, i. e. kingly king. Is it not strange that none of the editors should consult the qu's in this place? for if they had, they would certainly have restored the old reading.

- After sworn, the fo's and R. read I am firm.
- 2 The fo's, R. and P. read respect and fortunes.
- a The 1st q. reads ceaze for seize.
- . The 1st q. reads couldft.

Thy dowerless daughter, king, thrown to b my chance, Is queen of us, of ours, and our fair France;

Not all the dukes c in wat'rish Burgundy

d Shall buy this unpriz'd, precious maid of me.

Bid them farewell, Cordelia, though unkind;

Thou losest c here, a better where to find.

Lear. Thou hast her, France; let her be thine, for we

Have no such daughter; nor shall ever see

That face of her's again; therefore be gone

Have no such daughter; nor shall ever see

That face of her's again; therefore be gone
Without our grace, four love, our benizon.

Come, noble Burgundy.

[Flourish. Exeunt Lear and Burgundy.

SCENE IV.

France. Bid farewel to your fifters.

Cor. * The jewels of our father, with wash'd eyes

Cordelia leaves you; I know h you what you are,

And, like a fifter, am most loth to call

Your faults as they are nam'd. Love well our father;

To your professed bosoms I commit him;

But yet, alas! stood I within his grace,

I would prefer him to a better place.

b The qu's read thy for my.

So farewel to you both.

- c So the qu's; all the rest read of for in.
- d So the qu's; all the rest read can for shall.
- Here and where are converted into nouns in this place;
- 1 J. inserts without again before our love.
- \$ So the qu's, fo's, and R.'s octavo; all the rest read ge for the.
- h All before R.'s duodecimo have you, all the rest omit it, except Steevens:
- i So all before P. who alters professed to professing, followed by all the reft.



k Reg. Prescribe not us our 1 duties:

Gon. Let your study

20,

Be to content your lord, who hath receiv'd you At fortune's alms; you have obedience scanted, And well are worth the " want that you have " wanted.

Cor. Time shall unfold what o plaited cunning hides, Who P cover faults, at last I shame them derides.

Well may you prosper!

France. Come, 'my fair Cordelia.

[Exeunt France and Cordelia,

C ENE v.

Gon. Sister, it is not a little ! I have to say. Of what most nearly appertains to us both. I think our father ' will hence to-night.

- The qu's give this speech to Gonerill, and the next to Regen.
- 1 So the qu's; all the rest read duty.
- m The qu's read worth for want. H. reads And well are worthy to want, &c. :
 - " W. alters this to vaunted, and gives the following note; -wanted] This nonsense must be corrected thus, And well are worth the want that you have vaunted.
- i. e. that disherison, which you so much glory in, you deserve. W.

But did she not rather glory in her modesty and sincerity, which occasioned that disherison? The old reading is not elegant indeed, but it is intelligible: it is a kind of Hebraism, like feeding feed, Gen. i. 29.

- O The qu's read pleated; the fo's, R. and P.'s q. plighted; all the rest
 - P H. reads cover'd; all other editions covers.
 - 'A So the qu's; all the rest read with shame for shame them.
 - The qu's omit my.
 - . P. alters I bave to I've; followed by the rest.
 - R. and all after read will go bence.

Reg. That's " most certain, and with you; next month with us.

Gon. You fee how full of changes his age is, the observation we have made of it hath w not been little; he always lov'd our fifter most, and with what poor judgment he hath now cast her off, appears too y grossy.

Reg. 'Tis the infirmity of his age; yet he hath ever but flenderly known himself.

Gon. The best and soundest of his time hath been but rash; then must we look, a from his age to receive not alone the impersections of long ingrasted condition, but therewithis the unruly waywardness, that infirm and choleric years bring with them.

Reg. Such unconstant cstarts are we like to have from him, as this of Kent's banishment.

Gon. There is further compliment of leave-taking between d France and him. Pray you, let us f hit together. If our father carry authority, with such 8 dispositions as he bears, this last surrender of his will but offend us.

Reg. We shall further think hon't.

Gon. We must do something, and i'th' heat. [Exeunt.

- In all the editions till P. who, with all after him, omits mest.
- " The fo's and R. omit not.
- The ad, 3d, and 4th fo's, and R. read appears too too grossy.
- 7 The qu's read groffe.
- The qu's read to receive from his age.
- The qu's read imperfection.
- b The qu's omit the.
- The ad q. reads flars.
- d Hanmer reads Burgundy for France.
- The qu's read pray let's bit, &c.
- f Fo's, R. P. and H. read fit for bit.
- So the qu's; all the rest disposition.
- so the qu's; all the rest of it for on't.



S C E N E VI.

i A castle belonging to the earl of Gloucester. Enter Bastard with a letter.

Baft. Thou, Nature, art my goddess; to thy law My services are bound; wherefore should I Stand in the plague of custom, and permit The courtesy of nations to deprive me, For that I am some twelve or sourteen moonshines Lag of a brother? "Why bastard? wherefore base? When my dimensions are as well compact, My mind as generous, and my shape as true, As honest madam's issue? Why brand they us "with base, base bastardy? Who, in the lusty stealth of nature, take More composition and sierce quality; "Than doth within pa dull, stale tired bed

- 1 The scene is not described in either qu's, fo's, or R. This is called scena secunda in so's.
- * W. remarks, that to fland in the plague of custom, is an absurd expression. We should read plage, i. e. the place, the country, the boundary of custom. Why should I, when I profess to follow the freedom of nature, be confined within the narrow limits of custom? Plage is a word in common use amongst the old English writers. So Chaucer, The plagis of the north by land and sea.—From plaga. W.
 - 1 The qu's, fo's, and R. curiosity; P. nicety; T. and the rest courtesy.
 - m H. reads and why baftard? bafe?
- n So the qu's; all the rest with base, with baseness, bastardy, base, base; but then they make why brand they us, a part of the foregoing line. But in this reading there seems to be too much repetition.
 - O R.'s oft. that.

22

P The qu's, a ftale, dull, lyed (2d q. lied) bed.

ACT I. SCENE VII.

Go to 9 the creating 'of a whole tribe of fops,
Got 'tween 'asleep and wake? Well then, '
Legitimate Edgar, I must have your land;
Our father's love is to the bastard Edmund,
As to th'legitimate; 'u fine word—legitimate!—
Well, my legitimate, if this letter speed,
And my invention thrive, Edmund the base
Shall w top th' legitimate. I grow, I prosper;
Now, gods, stand up for bastards.

S C E N E VII.

To bim enter Glo'ster.

Gio. Kent banish'd thus! and France in choler parted!

And the king gone to-night! * subscrib'd his power!

Consin'd to exhibition! 7 all this done

Upon the gad!——Edmund, how now? what news?

- The fo's and R. read th'; all the rest omit the.
- F So the qu's; the rest omit of.
- The 2d q. omits a.
- ⁶ H. adds after then, good brother, to fill up the measure; the qu's read
 - " The qu's omit fine word-legitimate!-
- W The qu's read tooth'; the fo's, R. and P.'s q. to'th'; H. toe th'; which he interprets, being upon even ground with him, as the treading on another's heels fignifies the being not far behind him: but if toe be read, J. would have it fignify, to kick out, or supplant. P.'s duodecimo reads be 'th; followed by T. W. and J. But perhaps Shakespear wrote top th' legitimate. i.e. get above him; the corruption of this, by writing an e infread of a p, was very easy. If a conjecture be made without any regard to the traces of the letters, out, or rout, are better than be.
 - * The fo's and R. read prescrib'd.
- 7 So the qu's, 1st f. and J. the three last fo's and R. read all this gone, which P. alters all is gone.

B 4

Edm.

23



Edm. So please your lordship, none. [Putting up the letter.

Glo. Why so earnestly seek you to put up that letter?

Edm. I know no news, my lord.

Glo. What paper were you reading?

Edm. Nothing, my lord.

Glo. No! what z needed then that s terrible dispatch of it into your pocket? the quality of nothing b hath not such need to c hide itself. Let's see; come: if it be nothing, I shall not need spectacles.

Edn. I befeech you, fir, pardon me, it is a letter from my brother, that I have not all o'er-read; d and for fo much as I have perus'd, I find it not fit for your overlooking.

Glo. Give me the letter, sir.

Edm. I shall offend, either to detain, or give it. The contents, as in part I understand them, are to blame.

Glo. Let's see, let's see.

Edm. I hope, for my brother's justification, he wrote this but as an essay, or f taste of my virtue.

Glo. reads.] This policy 8 and reverence of h age makes the world

- The qu's read needs.
- * The ist q. reads terribe.
- b St. reads bad for batb.
- c R. reads bid.
- d The qu's omit and.
- c The qu's read liking for over-looking.
- f J. proposes teft for tafte.
- The qu's omit and reverence.
- h So the qu's, fo's, R. P.'s q. H. and J., P.'s duodecimo (by mistake of the press, I suppose) reads ages; followed by T. and W. and the last gives the following note.

Ages fignifies former times. So that the sense of the words is this, what between the policy of some, and the superstitious reverence of others to old customs,

world bitter to 'the best of our times; keeps our fortunes from us, till our oldness cannot relish them. I begin to find an idle and fond bondage in the oppression of aged tyranny; k who sways, not as it bath power, but as it is suffered. Come to me, that of this I may speak more. If our father would sleep till I wak'd him, you should enjoy half his revenue for ever, and live the beloved of your brother EDGAR.

Hum—Conspiracy!——1 steep till I * wak'd him——you should enjoy half his revenue.——My son Edgar! had he a hand to write this! a heart and "brain to breed it in!—— "When came this to you? who brought it?

Edst. It was not brought me, my lord; there's the cusning of it. I found it thrown in at the casement of my closet.

Glo. You know the character to be your brother's?

Edm. If the matter were good, my lord, I durit swear it were his; but in respect of that, I would fain think, it were not.

Glo. It is his.

Edm. It is his hand, my lord; but I hope his heart is not in the contents.

customs, it is now become an established rule, that fathers shall keep all they have till they die. W.

By this W. seems to think ages an emendation of P.'s, or not to have consulted the editions before.

- i The three last fo's omit the.
- 2 So all before R. who alters it to which; followed by all after.
- I The qu's read flept.
- . So the qu's ; the rest wake.
- m F. P.'s q. and H. before brain insert a.
- The 1st and 2d fo's read when came you to this?
- Do the qu's, and the fall the rest omit but.



Glo. P Hath he never heretofore founded you in this buff-ness?

Edm. Never, my lord. But I have q often heard him maintain it to be fit, that fons at perfect age; and fathers declining, * the father should be as s ward to the son, and the son manage this revenue.

Glo. O villain, villain! his very opinion in the letter. Abhorred villain! unnatural, detested, brutish villain! worse than brutish! Go, "sirrah, seek him; " I'll apprehend him. Abominable villain! where is he?

Edm. I do not well know, my lord. If it shall please you to suspend your indignation against my brother, till you can derive from him better testimony of x his intent, you should run a certain course; where, if you violently proceed against him, mistaking his purpose, it would make a great gap in your yown honour, and shake in pieces the heart of his obedience. I dare pawn down my life for him, that he hath writ this to seel my affection to your honour, and to no other pretence of danger.

Glo. Think you so?

Edm. If your honour judge it meet, I will place you where you shall hear us confer of this, and by an auricular assurance

- P So the qu's; all the rest has he never before founded, &c.
- I So the qu's ; the rest beard him oft maintain it, &c.
- The fo's and R. read declin'd.
- The qu's read bis father, &c.
- P. and all after, infert a before ward.
- The qu's read the revenue.
- The qu's read fir for firrab.
- The qu's read I apprehend, &c.
- The qu's read this for his.
- The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. omit own.

have

have your fatisfaction, and that without any further delay than this very evening.

Gh. He cannot be such a monster.

* Edm. Nor is not, fure.

Glo. To bis father, that so tenderly and entirely loves him— Heav'n and earth! Edmund, seek him out; wind me into him, I pray you. Frame the business after your own wisdom; I would unstate myself, to be in a due resolution.

Edm. I will feek him, fir, presently, convey the business as I shall b see means, and acquaint you withal.

Glo. These late eclipses in the sun and moon portend no good to us; though the wisdom of nature can reason c it thus and thus, yet nature finds itself scourged by the sequent effects. Love cools, friendship falls off, brothers divide. In cities, mutinies; in countries, c discords; sin palaces, treason; and the bond cracked 8 twixt son and father. This willain of mine comes under the prediction, there's son against father; the king falls from biass of nature, there's father against child. We have seen the best of our time. Machinations, bollowness, treachery, and all ruinous disorders follow us disquietly to our graves!——Find out this villain, Edmund; it shall lose thee nothing, do it carefully—and the noble and

² What is in italic, viz. from the word ser to earth inclusively, are omitted in the fo's, R. P. and H.

^{*} The qu's read your for the.

b So the qu's; the rest read find for fee.

The qu's omit it.

d T.'s octavo reads frequent for fequent.

So the qu's; all the rest discord.

f The qu's omit in.

⁸ The qu's read between for 'twixt.

b What is in italic is not in the qu'e.



true-hearted Kent banish'd! i his offence, honesty. The strange.

S C E N E VIII.

Manet Edmund.

Edm. This is the excellent foppery of the world, that, when we are fick in fortune (often the furfeit of our own behaviour) we make guilty of our disafters, the sun, the moon, and the stars; as if we were villains my necessity; sools, by heavenly compulsion; knaves, thieves, and n treachers, by o spherical predominance; drunkards, lyars, and adulterers, by an inforced obedience of planetary influence; and all that we are evil in, by a divine thrusting on. An admirable evasion of whore-master man, to lay his goatish disposition to the scharge of stars! My father compounded with my mother under the dragon's tail, and my nativity was under Ursa major; so that it follows, I am rough and leacherous.

Tut, I should have been that I am, had the maidenliest star in the firmament twinkled on my bastardizing.

- i The qu's read his offence boneft, firange firange!
- So the qu's; all the rest surfeits.
- I All but the qu's omit the.
- so the qu's; all the rest on for by.
- n The qu's read treacherers; P. and all after, treacherous. Chancer has, the false treacher, Rom. of the Rose, 7168, p. 265. Ur.
 - · The qu's read spiritual for spherical.
- . P So the qu's; all the rest on for to.
 - W. reads change for charge.
 - F So the qu's ; the rest of a ftar.
- * The qu's read fut, the t being changed into an f; all the rest omit it. Tut is an expression of contempt. Jul. Cef. act s. Ant. Tut! I am in their bosoms.
 - alters that to what; followed by the reft.
 - The qu's read baftardy.

SCENE

ACT I. SCENE IX

SCENE IX.

To him enter Edgar.

"Edgar!—and " pat, he comes like the catastrophe of the old comedy; I my cue is villainous melancholy, with a fightlike " Tom o' Bedlam—O, these eclipses a do portend these divisions."

Edg. How now, brother Edmund, what serious contemplation are you in?

Edm. I am thinking, brother, of a prediction I read this other day, what should follow these eclipses.

Edg. Do you bufy yourfelf cabout that?

Edm. I promise d you, the effects, he d writ of, succeed unhappily; f as of unnaturalness between the child and the parent, death, dearth, dissolutions of ancient & amities, divisions in state, menaces and maledictions against king and nobles, needless diffidences, banishment of friends, dissipation of h comforts, nuptial breaches, and I know not what.

- So the qu's; the rest omit Edgar!—and.
- The qu's read out for pat.
- The qu's read mine for my cue.
- The qu's read them of Bedlam.
- * De is omitted by P. and all after him.
- After divisions, all but the qu's read fa, fol, la, me.
- So the qu's; the rest read with for about.
- d The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's omit 70n.
- e So the qu's; the rest writes for writ.
- I What is in italic is omitted by all but the qu's; J. indeed puts part of it among his notes, and fays he thinks it ought to be inferted in the text, but neglects doing it.
 - 8 The 2d q. reads armies for amities.
 - The qu's read coborts; J. reads courts.



i Edg. How long have you been a sectary astronomical?

Edm. Come, come; when faw you my father last?

Edg. k Why, the night gone by.

Edm. Spake you with him?

Edg. 1 Ay, two hours together.

Edm. Parted you in good terms? found you no displeasure in him, by word, m or countenance?

Edg. None at all.

20

Edm. Bethink yourself wherein you may have offended him: and, at my intreaty, forbear his presence, until some little time hath qualified the heat of his displeasure, which at this instant so rageth in him, that with the mischief of your person it would a scarcely allay.

Edg. Some villain hath done me wrong.

Edm. That's my fear. I pray you have a continent forbearance till the speed of his rage goes slower: and, as I say, retire with me to my lodging, from whence I will sitly bring you to hear my lord speak. Pray you go, there's my key. If you do stir abroad, go arm'd.

Edg. Arm'd, brother?

Edm. Brother, I advise you to the best, *go arm'd: I am no honest man, if there be any good meaning toward you:

- i J. takes no notice of the rest from hence.
- All but the qu's omit wby.
- I The qu's omit ay.
- m The fo's and R. read nor.
- n The 3d and 4th fo's, and all after, omit mey.
- O The qu's read till for until.
- D The ist q. reads parfon.
- The qu's read fcarce.
- What is in italic is omitted in the qu's.
- . All but the qu's omit go arm'&

I have

ACT I. SCENES X, XI.

31

I have told you what I have feen and heard but faintly; nothing like the image and horror of it. Pray you, away. Edg. Shall I hear from you anon?

SCENE X.

Edm. It do ferve you in this business. [Exit Edgar. A credulous father, and a brother noble, Whose nature is so far from doing harms, That he suspects none; on whose foolish honesty My practices ride easy; I see the business. Let me, if not by birth, have lands by wit; All with me's meet, that I can fashion sit. [Exit.

SCENE XI.

The duke of Albany's palace.

Enter Goneril, * and Steward.

Gon. Did my father strike my gentleman for chiding of his fool?

Stew. * Yes, madam.

Gon. By day and night he wrongs me: every hour He slashes into one gross crime or other, That sets us all at odds; I'll not endure it.

^c P. and H. omit do. Heath would read I'll ferve you, &c. to make it a proper answer to Edgar's question: but I am apt to think it is a proper answer already; by I do ferve you, &c. is meant I am your servant in this basiness.

[&]quot; The fo's call this scena tertia.

The 1st q. reads and gentleman; the 2d and a gentleman.

^{*} So the qu's : all the rest ay for yes.



His knights grow riotous, and himself upbraids us. On every trifle. When he returns from hunting, I will not speak with him; say, I am sick. If you come slack of former services, You shall do well; the sault of it I'll answer.

Stew. He's coming, madam, I hear him.

Gon. Put on what weary negligence you please,
You and your I fellows; I'd have it come z to question.

If he a distaste it, let him to my sister,
Whose mind and mine, I know, in that are one,

Not to be over-rul'd. Idle old man,
That still would manage those authorities,
That he hath giv'n away.—Now, by my life,
Old folks are babes again; and must be us'd
With checks, d by statteries when they're seen abus'd.

Remember what I tell you.

Stew. f Very well, madam.

Gon. And let his knights have colder look among you; what grows of it, no matter; 8 advise your fellows so.

- The qu's read fellow-fervants.
- 2 The qu's read in for to.
- . The qu's read diflike for diftafte.
- b These sines in italic were first restored from the old qu's by Theobald, and inserted by W. and J. But J. says, that Shakespear perhaps threw these lines away, nor would thank the officiousness of his editors in restoring the patings. So this passage, that J. thinks Sould not stand in the text, he has put there; as, a while ago, he neglected to insert a passage which he thought should stand in the text. A very reasonable way of proceeding!
 - " This is W.'s emendation; the rest read fools for folks.
- d The qu's read as for by; to J.; W. reads not; T. reads like flatt'rers when they're feen i' abuse us.
 - e So the qu's; the rest read I bave faid for I tell you.
 - f The fo's, R. and P. omit very.
 - Before advife H. inferts and,

L'Il write straight to my sister to hold my very course.

Go, prepare for dinner.

[Exeunt.

SCENE XII.

Changes to an open place before the palace.

Enter Kent disguised.

Kent. If but as well I other accents borrow;

That can my speech n diffuse, my good intent
May carry thro' itself to that full issue
For which I raz'd my likeness. Now, banish'd Kent;
If thou canst serve where thou dost stand condemn'd,
So may it come, thy master whom thou lov'st
Shall find thee full of p labours.

Horns within. Enter Lear, knights, and attendants.

Lear. Let me not stay a jot for dinner. Go, get it ready:

—How now? what art thou?

Kent. A man, sir.

- h The qu's add I would breed from bence occasions; and I shall-that I may speak.
 - I So the qu's ; all the rest omit very.
- * All but the qu's and H. omit go; H. reads go and, not that he had feen the qu's, but to eke out the verse.
 - 1 Before prepare H. reads and.
 - m R. and all after him, read and for that.
- The qu's and 3 fo's read defuse; the 4th s. disfuse; R. P. and J. distuse. To disfuse here signifies to distract; to put out of a regular course. It is used in other places in this author; disfused attire, disfused founds. H. Let them forth from a saw pit rush at once with some dissured song, i. e. wild song. Merry Wives of Windsor. Though perhaps Shakespear might here write dispusse.
 - O The qu's omit fo may it come.
 - P The qu's read labour.



Lear. What dost thou profes? what would'st thou with us? Kent. I do profess to be no less than I seem; to serve him truly, that will put me in trust; to love him that is honest; to converse with him that is 9 wise, and says little; to sear judgment; to sight when I cannot choose, and to eat no sish.

Lear. What art thou?

Kent. A very honest-hearted fellow, and as poor as the king.

Lear. If thou ' be as poor for a subject, as he is for a king, thou art poor enough. What would'st thou?

Kent. Service.

Lear. ' Whom would'st thou serve?

Kent. You.

Lear. Dost thou know me, fellow?

Kent. No, fir; but you have that in your countenance which I would fain call mafter.

Lear. What's that?

Kent. Authority.

9 H. and W. read-wife; to fay little, &c.

with good reason, enemies to the government. Hence the proverbial phrase of he's anhoness man, and eats no sish; to signify he's a friend to the government, and a protestant. The eating sish on a religious account, being then esteemed such a badge of popery, that when it was enjoined for a season by an act of parliament, for the encouragement of the sish-towns, it was thought necessary to declare the reason; hence it was called Cecil's sast. To this disgraceful badge of popery Fletcher alludes in his Woman-hater, who makes the courtezan say, when Lazarillo in search of the umbrano's head, was seized at her house by the intelligencers for a traitor—Gentlemen, I am glad you have discovered him. He should not have eaten under my roof for twenty pounds. And sure I did not like him when he called for sish. And Marston's Dutch courtezan, I trust I am none of the wicked that eat sish a Friday. W.

* All but the qu's read be'ft for be.

The qu's and ift f. read who for whom.

Lear. What services canst " thou do?"

Kent. I can keep honest we counsel, ride, run, mar a curious tale in telling it, and deliver a plain message bluntly. That which ordinary men are fit for, I am qualified in; and the best of me is diligence.

Lear. How old art thou?

Kent. Not so young, * fir, to love a woman for singing; nor so old, to doat on her for any thing. I have years on my back forty-eight.

Lear. 7 Follow me, thou shalt serve me, if I like thee no worse after dinner. I will not part from thee yet. Dinner ho, dinner—Where's my knave? my sool?

Enter steward.

Go you, and call my fool hither. 2 You, you, firrah, where's my daughter?

Stew. So please you-

 $\Gamma Exit.$

Lear. What fays the fellow there? Call the a clot-pole back.
——Where's my fool? ho!——I think the world's afleep.
How now? where's that mungrel?

* Knight. He says, my lord, your c daughter is not well.

Lear. Why came not the flave back to me when I call'd him?

- " The rit q. omits thou.
- So the qu's and rit f. the rest counsels.
- The qu's omit fir.
- 7 The qu's and fo's have no points but commas till after jet. R. P. T. W. and J. put a semicolon after serve me, a comma after sinner, and a period after jet; which makes it nonsense. H. points in the same manner, baiting that, to make sense of it, he puts the period after from thee; and reads thus—from thee. Yet no dinner, &c.
 - I The qu's read you but once.
 - R.'s octavo reads coltpole; J. clod-pell; the qu's clat-pole.
 - I The qu's gives this speech to Kent.
 - " The 1st and 2d to's read daughters.

Knight.



d Knight. Sir, he answer'd e me in the roundest manner, he would not.

Lear. He would not!

d Knight. My lord, I know not what the matter is; but, to my judgment, your highness is not entertain'd with that ceremonious affection as you were wont; there's a great abatement f of kindness appears as well in the general dependants, as in the duke himself also, and your daughter.

Lear. Ha! fay'st thou so?

* Knight. I beseech you, pardon me, my lord, if I be mistaken; for my duty cannot be silent, when I think; your highness 8 is wrong'd.

Lear. Thou but rememberest me of my own conception: I have perceived a most faint neglect of late, which I have rather blamed as my own jealous curiosity, than as a very pretence and h purpose of unkindness; I will look further into't. But where's i my fool? I have not seen him k these two days.

^d Knight. Since my young lady's going into France, fir, the fool hath much pin'd away.

Lear. No more of that; I have noted it * well. Go you and tell my daughter, I would speak with her. Go you, call hither my fool. O you sir, you sir, come you hither; who am I, sir?

Enter

- d The qu's give these speeches to a servant.
- The 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. omit me.
- The qu's omit of kind :efs.
- & The rst q. and the rst and 2d fo's, omit is.
- h The qu's read purport.
- i The qu's read this for my.
- All before P. read this for thefe.
- * The qu's omit well.
- 1 So the qu's; the 1st and 2d qu's read Ob you fir, you, come you bither,
 fir,

Enter steward.

6tew. My lady's father.

Lear. My lady's father? my lord's knave!—you whorefon dog, you flave, you cur.

Stew. I am none of "these, my lord; "I beseech your pardon.

Lear. Do you bandy looks with me, you rascal? [Striking him.

Stew. I'll not be oftruck, my lord.

Kent. Nor tripp'd neither, you base foot-ball player!

[Tripping up his heels.

Lear. I thank thee, fellow. Thou ferv'st me, and I'll love thee.

Kent. Come, fir, P arife, away. I'll teach you differences.

Away, away. If you will measure your lubber's length again,

tarry; but away, 'go to, 'have you wisdom?' 'so-----

[Pushes the steward out.

¿ Lear. Now, "my friendly knave, I thank thee. There's earnest of thy service. [Giving money.

for, who am I fir? and fo all the reft, bating that they omit the second

- The qu's read this for thefe.
- " The qu's read I beseech you parden me.
- The fo's and R. read strucken.
- The qu's omit arise, away.
- 4 T.'s duodecimo, W. and J. read sarry again; but, &c.
- The qu's omit go to.
- . The qu's read you bave wifdom.
- The qu's omit fo.
- P The qu's conit my.



S C E N E XIII.

To them enter Fool.

Fool. Let me hire him too. Here's my w coxcomb.

[Giving Kent his cap.

Lear. How now, my pretty knave? how dost thou? Fool. Sirrah, you were best take my coxcomb.

Kent. Why, * fool?

Fool. Why? for taking one's part, that's out of favour. Nay, an thou canst not smile as the wind sits, thou'lt catch cold shortly. There, take my coxcomb. Why, this fellow has banish'd two yon's daughters, and did the third a blessing against his will; if thou follow him, thou must needs wear my coxcomb. How now, nuncle? Would I had two coxcombs and two daughters.

Lear. Why, my boy?

Fool. If I 2 gave them a all my living, b I'd keep my coxcombs myself. There's mine, beg another of thy daughters.

- Coxcomb.] Meaning his cap, called so because on the top of the fool or jefter's cap was sewed a piece of red cloth, resembling the comb of a cock.

 W.
- Is So the qu's; the rest for fool read my boy, which appellation is what Lear gives the sool, and not so natural in the mouth of Kent. This mistake seems to have happened from the next speech but one, which was taken in-seed of this in the so's.
- Y So all till Pi who alters on's to of his; so careful is he that even a fool shall speak exact grammar. Follow'd by the rest.
 - F So the qu's, and 1st and 2d fo's; the rest read give for gave.
 - I The qu's read any for all my.
- b The qu's read i'de; the fo's I'ld; both contractions of I would: all the reft read I'll.
 - So the qu's and ift f. all the rest coxcomb.

Lear. Take heed, firrah, the whip-

Fool. Truth's a dog d that must to kennel; he must be whipt out, c when the lady f brach may stand by th' fire and slink.

Lear. A pestilent & gall to me.

Fool. Sirrah, I'll teach thee a speech.

[To. Kent,

Lear. Do.

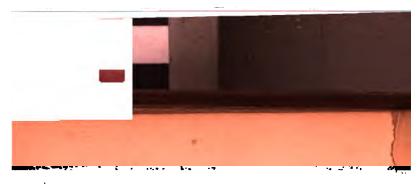
Fool. Mark it, hauncle.

Have more than thou showest, Speak less than thou knowest, Lend more than thou owest, Ride more than thou goest, Learn more than thou trowest, Set less than thou throwest, Leave thy drink and thy whore, And keep i in a door, And thou shalt have more Than two tens to a score.

k Kent. This is nothing, fool.

Fool. Then I 'tis like the breath of an unfee'd lawyer, you m gave me nothing for't. Can you make no use of nothing, a nuncle?

- 4 All but the qu's omit that.
- " The qu's read, when lady o'the brach, &c.
- f Nos quidem bodie brach dicimus de cane famined, qua leporem ex odore perfequitur. Spelm. Gloss. in voce Bracco.
 - # The qu's read gull for gall.
 - The qu's read unckle.
- 4 So the qu's and two first so's: the two last so's and R. read in door; P. and all after within door.
 - 1 The qu's give this speech to Lear.
 - 1 The qu's omit 'tis.
 - The two last fo's, R. and P. read give for gave.
 - F The qu's read uncle.



49 KING LEAR,

Lear. Why, no, boy; nothing can be made out of nothing, Fool. Pr'ythee, tell him, so much the rent of his land comes to: he will not believe a fool.

[70 Kent.

º Lear. A bitter fool!-

Fool. Dost thou know the difference, my boy, between a hitter fool and a sweet P fool?

Lear. No, lad, teach me.

- " Fool. That lord that counsel'd thee to give away thy land,
- " Come place him here by me! 9 or do thou for him stand;
- "The sweet and bitter fool will presently appear,
- "The one, in motley here; the other, found out there.
 - " Lear. Dost thou call me fool, r boy?
- " Fool. All thy other titles thou hast given away; that thou wast born with.
 - " Kent. This is not altogether fool, my lord.
 - " Fool. No, faith; lords and great men will not let me;
- " if I had a monopoly s out, they would have part an't;
- " and " ladies too, " they will not let me have all
- O What is in italic is omitted, or degraded to the margin, by P. and H. and what has the commas prefixed is omitted in the fo's and R. By which we fee that P. by omitting from the fo's, and reftoring (and that but in part) from the qu's, has made the passage incoherent; for the speech which gave occasion to Lear's, Dost thou call me fool, boy? as this does to the three speeches following, is left out in P. and H.
 - P So the qu's; the rest read one for fool.
- Or is here added; both the fense and measure point out that there is a word lost in this place; and the sense shows it to be or.
 - r P. and H. omit boy.
- So the qu's; a monopoly out, i. e. a patent out of court for being fole fool. The rest read on't for out.
- t So the rift q. an't is a clown th way of pronouncing on't; the ad q. and the reft read on't.
 - " For and, P. and all after read nay the.
 - W The 2d q. reads lodes for ladies.
 - All but the qu's read they'll for they will.

" the fool to myself, they'll be fnatching."—— Give me an egg, nuncle, and I'll give thee two crowns.

Lear. What two crowns shall they be?

Fool. Why, after I have cut the egg i'th' middle and eat up the meat, the two crowns of the egg. When thou clovest thy a crown i'th' middle and gav'st away both parts, thou bor'st thine as on thy back o'er the dirt. Thou hadst little wit in thy bald crown, when thou gav'st thy golden b one away. If I speak like myself in this, let him be whipp'd that first finds it c so.

Fools & had ne'er less e grace in a year,

[Singing.

For wife men are grown foppifb;

And know not how their wits to wear,

Their manners are so apish.

Lear. When were you wout to be so full of songs, sirrah?

Fool. I have us'd it, nuncle, e'er since thou mad'st thy daughters thy 8 mothers; for when thou gav'st them the

rod, and put'st down thy own breeches,

[Singing.

Then they for sudden joy did weep,

And I for sorrow sung,

That fuch a king should play bo-peep,

And go the h fools among.

Pr'ythee, nuncle, keep a schoolmaster that can teach thy fool to lye; I would fain learn to lye.

- y So the sit q. the ad q. and the rest omit the.
- ² The fo's and R. read, Nuncle, give me an egg, and, &c.
- * The ist f. reads crowns.
- b 7. reads crown for one.
- W. reads footh, i. e. truth, for fo.
- & P. and all after read ne'er had lefs, &ce.
- The qu's read wit for grace.
- I The qu's read do for to.
- 8 The qu's read mother.
- > The ift and 2d fo's read foole.

Lear. If you lye, k firrah, we'll have you whipp'd.

Fool. I marvel what kin thou and thy daughters are: they'll have me whipt for speaking true; thou wilt have me whip for lying; and sometimes I am whipt for holding my peace. I had rather be any kind of thing than a fool, and yet I would not be thee, nuncle; thou hast pared thy wit o' both sides, and left nothing i'th' middle; here comes one o'th' parings.

S C E N E XIV.

To them enter Gonerill.

Lear. How now, daughter? what makes that frontlet on? You are too much of late; th' frown.

Fool. Thou wast a pretty sellow, when thou hadst no need to care for her 1 frown; "now thou art an O without a figure: I am better than thou art now; I am a fool, thou art nothing.—Yes, forsooth, I will hold my tongue; [to Gonerill] so your face bids me, tho' you say nothing.

Mum, mum, he that keeps a neither crust nor crumb,

Weary of all, shall want some.

[Singing•

o That's a sheal'd peascod.

Gon. Not only, fir, P this your all-licens'd fool, But 9 other of your infolent retinue,

- 1 The rst q. the fo's, and R. read and for if.
- The qu's omit firrab.
- 1 So the qu's; the rest frowning.
- m The ad q. reads thou for now.
- " So the qu's; all the rest nor.
- P W. reads thou'rt for that's.
- P 7. reads thus.
- 9 7. reads others.

ACT I. SCENE XIV.

Do hourly carp and quarrel, breaking forthIn rank, and not to be endured riots, r fir.

I had thought, by making this well-known unto you,
To have found a fafe redress; but now grow fearful,
By what yourself too late have spoke and done,
That you protect this course, and put w it on
By your allowance; if you should, the fault
Would not scape censure, nor the w redresses sleep,
Which, in the tender of a wholesome weal,
Might in their working do you that offence,
Which else were shame, that then necessity
Will call discreet proceeding.

Fool. For you know, nuncle,

The bedge sparrow fed the cuckow so long,

That a it had b its head bit off by its young.

So out went the candle, and we were left darkling.

Lear. Are you our daughter?

Gon. d Come, fir;

I would you would make use of that good wisdom,

- T. W. and J. omit fir.
- So all before P. who omits bad; followed by the reft.
- So all before P. who alters it, t' bave; followed by the reft.
- " The qu's omit it.
- The qu's read redresse.
- The qu's read that for which.
- The qu's read must for will.
- 3 The qu's read proceedings.
- The 1st f. reads its.
- b The qu's read it.
- " The qu's read be it for by its.
- d All but the qu's omit come, fir.
- * So the qu's; all the rest your for that. If we read your, we make the sent clause of the sentence, whereof I know you are fraught, unnecessary.

Whereof



f Whereof I know you are fraught, and put away These dispositions, which of late h transform you From what you rightly are.

Fool. May not an ass know when the cart draws the horse? Whoop, Jug, I love thee.

Lear. Does any here know me? i Why this is not Lear. Does Lear walk thus? speak thus? where are his eyes? Either his notion k weakens, l or his discernings Are lethargy'd—— n Ha! waking? 'Tis not so. Who is it that can tell me who I am? Lear's shadow? I would learn P that; for by the marks a Of substantiality, knowledge, and reason, I should be fast persuaded I had daughters.

Fool,

- f Perhaps this is a mistake of the printer, for wherewith. To be fraught of, is hardly English.
 - 8 The qu's read that for which.
 - h So the qu's; the rest transport.
 - 1 All but the qu's omit wby.
 - The ist q. reads weaknes; the ad q. weaknefs.
 - I All but the qu's omit or,
 - m The qu's read lethergy.
 - The qu's read fleeping or waking; ba! fure 'tis not fo.
 - . The fo's, R. and J. read

- who I am.

Fool. Lear's fbadow.

Lear. Your name, fair gentlewoman, &c.

- All but the qu's omit that.
- 9 The qu's read (bating that they have not the two of's between the crotchets which are put in by P. and read by T. H. and W.)

Of sovercignty, [of] knowledge, and [of] reason,

I should be false persuaded I had daughters.

Now it is plain that knowledge and reason are not the marks of sovereignty, for then every man would be a king: therefore Shakespear could never write sovereignty, as it stands in the qu's. Again if we admit of P.'s of's (but it is unlikely that two omissions of the same word should happen so near toge-

ther)

Fool. Which of thee will make an obedient father. Lear. Your name, fair gentlewoman?

Gon. Come, fir;

This admiration is much of the favour
Of other your new pranks. I do befeech you
To understand my purposes aright.

As you are old and reverend, wyou should be wise.
Here do you keep a hundred knights and squires,
Men so disorder'd, so debosh'd and bold,
That this our court infected with their manners,
Shews like a riotous inn; epicurism and lust
Make it more like a tavern or a brothel,
Than a grac'd palace. The shame itself doth speak

ther) then by W.'s explanation of it, the force ignty of knowledge is the understanding. So we shall have this sense, For by the marks of understanding and of reason I should be false persuaded I had daughters. Who sees not how hald this is? The plain case is this; Lear says he would learn whether he is a shadow or no: for by knowledge and reason, the conscious ses of which prove him to be a substance, he should be fully persuaded he had daughters; though the behaviour of this is enough to make him doubt it. So that the sense seems naturally to lead us to alter sovereignty to substantiality, and salse to sast, full, or seem.

- This speech is omitted in all but the qu's.
- ⁸ The qu's read which they will make, &c. So that of thee is fet down conjecturally.
 - ^c So the qu's; the rest omit come, and read sir after admiration.
 - " R. and all after read, you, as you're old, &c.
 - " All but the qu's omit you.
 - " The sft q. reads a hundred; the ad one hundred.
- The qu's read deboyf; the fo's and R.'s oft, detoft'd; all the rest de-
 - The fo's read makes.
 - The qu's omit it.
 - b The qu's read great for grac'd.
 - P. omits the; followed by all but J.



LEAR. 46 . KING

For instant remedy. Be d then desir'd By her, that else will take the thing she begs, • Of fifty to disquantity your train; And the f remainder that shall still depend,

To be such men as may befort your age,

And know themselves and you.

Lear. Darkness and devils! Saddle my horses, call my train together .-Degenerate bastard! I'll not trouble thee; Yet have I left a daughter.

Gon. You strike my people, and your disorder'd rabble Make fervants of their betters.

\mathbf{E} N E

To them Enter Albany.

Lear. h Fool! that too late repent'st-i O, sir, are you come? Is it your will? speak, sir. [To Alb.] - k Prepare my horses .--[To his fervants. Ingratitude,

- d The qu's read thou for then.
- All before P. read a little for of fifty.

A little is the common reading; but it appears from what Lear fays in the next scene, that this number fifty was required to be out off, (which as the edition stood) is no where specified by Gonerill. P.

- f So the qu's; all the rest remainders.
- 8 So the ad q. the ist reads that for and; the fo's and R. which.
- h The ist q. reads we that too late repent's; the 2d we that too late repent's us: the rest woe! that too late repents. But what sense can be made of any of these readings? The above is not an unlikely conjecture.
 - 1 The fo's, R. and P. omit O, fir, are you come?
- k R. and all after direct this whole verse to be spoken to Albany; but the Inter part of it is certainly spoke to his servants. He was going to ask whe-

ther

Ingratitude, thou marble-hearted fiend, More hideous, when thou shew'st thee in a child, 1 Than the sea-monster.

Alb. m Pray, fir, be patient.

Lear. Detested kite! thou n lieft. [70 Gonerill. My train o are men of choice and rarest parts, That all particulars of duty know, And in the most exact regard support The worships of their P name. O most small fault! How ugly didft thou in Cordelia shew! Which, like an engine, wrencht my frame of nature From the fixt place, drew from my heart all love, And added to the gall. O Lear, Lear! Beat at this gate that let thy folly in, [Striking his head. And thy dear judgment out. --- Go, go, my people.

Alb. My lord, I am guiltless, as I am ignorant, Of what hath moved you *.

Lear. It may be so, my lord-"Hear, nature, hear; dear goddess, thear!" Suspend thy purpose, if thou didst intend

ther it was Albany's will that he should be used thus; but his rage and impatience make him start from the point, and order his horses a second time. The qu's read is it your will that we prepare any horses?

- 1 Upton (on Shakespear p. 203) conjectures, than i'th' sea monster.
- . H. reads pray you, fir, be patient. The qu's omit this speech.
- The aft q. reads lift for lieft; the ad leffen.
- o The qu's read and for are.
- . P So the qu's and fo's; all the rest read names.
 - The qu's read that for which.
 - So the qu's and H. the rest read O Lear, Lear! Lear!
 - . The qu's omit of what bath moved you.
 - 1 The qu's read herke for hear.
 - This bear is omitted in the qu's.
 - After bear, P. and all after him but J. road a father.



48 RING LEAK,

To make this creature fruitful: Into her womb convey sterility, Dry up in her the organs of increase. And from her derogate body never spring A babe to honour her! If she must teem, Create her child of spleen, that it may live, And be a " thwart difnatur'd torment to her: Let it stamp wrinkles in her brow of youth, With x cadent tears fret channels in her cheeks; Turn all her mother's pains and benefits To laughter and contempt; that she may feel How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is, To have a thankless child.——, Away, away. [Exit. Alb. Now, gods, that we adore, whereof comes this? Gon. Never afflict yourself to know a the cause, But let his disposition have that scope,

Re-enter Lear.

Lear. What, fifty of my followers at a clap? Within a fortnight?——

Alb. What's the matter, sir?

- The qu's read thou'rt difuctur'd for thwart difnatur'd.
- * The qu's read accent tears; W. and T. read candent tears.
- Y The qu's read go, go, my people. But away, away, feems better than a repetition of the words he had used at the end of the speech before. At the same time (for the so's and R. direct Exit, which is omitted by P. and all after) he slings out in a rage; but returns presently to vent more reproaches and curses, which his rage suggested.
 - . J. reads wherefore.

b That dotage gives it.

- a So the qu's; the rst f. reads for the cause, more of it; the rest of it, omitting more.
 - b The fo's, P. P. and H. read as for that.

Lears

ear. I'll tell thee—Life and death! I am asham'd That thou hast power to shake my manhood thus; [To Gon. That these hot tears, 'which break from me perforce, 'Should make thee worth them.—Blasts and fogs upon thee! Th' untented woundings of a father's curse 'Pierce every's sense about thee! Old fond eyes, 'Beweep this cause again, I'll pluck ye out, And cast you, with the waters that you make, To temper clay. "Ha! is it come to this? 'Let it be so: I have another daughter, Who, I am sure is kind and comfortable; When she shall hear this of thee with her nails She'll shall hear this of thee with thou dost think I have cast off for ever. Thou shalt I warrant thee.

[Exeunt Lear and attendants.

- "The qu's read that for which.
- 4 The qu's read Showld make the worst blasts and sogs upon the untented (2d q. natender, so P.) woundings, &c.
 - E The 2d q. read peruse for pierce.
 - f W. reads feace.
 - I The qu's read the old fond eyes, &c.
- b So the qu's, Ift f. T. W. and J. the other fo's beweep thee once again; R. P. and H. beweep her once again.
 - I The qu's read you for ye.
 - k The qu's read you cast for cast you.
 - So the qu'es the aft and ad fo's loofe for make; the rest lofe.
 - The qu's read yea for ba!
 - " The sit q. reads is't for is it. The fo's and R. omit is it come a this?
 - D The qu's omit let it be fo.
 - P The qu's read yet have I left a daughter.
 - I The qu's read flay; all the rest flea.
 - So T. W. and J. the rest wolvish.
- . All but the qu's omit thou falt I warrant thee.



S C E N E XVI.

Gon. Do you mark that, ' my lord?

Alb. I cannot be so partial, Gonerill,

To the great love I bear you,—

Gon. " Pray you, " be content. " What, Ofwald, ho!—You, y fir, more knave than fool, after your mafter. [To the fool.

Fool. Nuncle Lear, nuncle Lear, tarry, 2 and take the fool with 2 thee.

A fox, when one has caught her, And such a daughter, Should sure to the saughter, If my cap would buy a halter; So the fool follows after.

TExit.

Gon. This man hath had good counsel.—A hundred knights!

"Tis politic, and safe, to let him keep
At point a hundred knights; yes, that on ev'ry dream,
Each buz, each fancy, each complaint, dislike,
He may enguard his dotage with their powers,
And hold our lives at mercy. Oswald, I say.

Alb. Well, you may fear too far.

All but the qu's omit my lord.

- " The qu's read come, fir, no more, for pray you, be content.
- W Be is not in the fo's; R. first puts it in.
- * The qu's omit what, Ofwald, ho!
- y The qu's omit sir.
- Z All but the qu's omit and.
- * The qu's omit thee.
- b What is in italic is omitted in the qu's.
- C H. reads is't for 'tis.
- 4 The fo's and R. read in for at.

Gon. Safer than trust too far.

Let me still take away the harms I sear,

Not sear still to be a taken. I know his heart!

What he bath utter'd, I have writ my sister;

If f she sustain him and his hundred knights,

When I have shew'd th' unsitness—

Enter Steward.

8 How now, Ofwald?
What, have you writ that letter to my fifter?
Stew. h Yes, madam.

Gon. Take you some company, 'and away to horse; Inform her sull of my particular 's fears,

And thereto add such reasons of your own,

As may compact it more. 'Go, get you gone,

And m hasten your return.

[Exit Steward.

- ^a No, no, my lord,
- * This milky, gentle, easy course of yours,
 - e P. and all after but J. read barm'd for taken.
 - f So the ist and ad fo's: the rest she'll.
 - The qu's read what Ofwald, ho!
 Ofw. Here, madam.

Gon. What have you writ this letter, &c.

- a So the qu's, the fo's, J. the rest ay.
- i P. and H. omit and.
- * The fo's, R. and J. read fear.
- I There is no word in the place of go in either qu's, fo's, or R.; P. puts fo; followed by the rest.
 - Tor baften the 2d q. reads after.
 - " The qu's read now, my lord, &c.
- o All the editions read this milhy (ad q. mildie) gentleness and course, &c., So that the alteration in the text is conjectural.



Though I p condemn q not, yet under p your pardon,.

⁵ You are much more ^t at talk for want of wildom,

Than w prais'd for w harmless mildness.

Alb. How far your eyes may pierce, I cannot tell;

7 Striving to better, oft we mar what's well.

Gon. Nay, then-

Alb. Well, well, th' event.

[Excunt.

S C E N E XVII.

2 A court-yard belonging to the Duke of Albany's palace.

Enter, Lear, Kent, & Gentleman, and Fool.

Lear. [to a Gentleman.] Go you before to Glo'fter with these letters.'——You with this to my daughter Regan. [to Kent.] Acquaint my daughter no further with any thing you know, than comes from her demand out of the letter; if your diligence be not speedy, I shall be there before you.

- P The qu's read dislike for condemn.
- 4 After condemn, P. and all after read it.
- Tour is conjectural, being in none of the editions.
- * The Ift f. reads your are, &c.
- t For at task the 1st q. reads attaskt; which perhaps Shakespear might have written, meaning thereby call'd to task. The ad q. reads alapt for at task.
 - W The qu's read praise.
- So R. P. and H. the rest read barmful.
 - The qu's read firiting to better ought, we mar, &c.
 - ² This description of the scene first given by T. followed by W. and J.
- The qu's omit, the rest add Gentleman after Kent: and rightly: for it ig plain the letter to Regan was sent by Kent; those to Glo'fler by another: the order to Kent is left out; I have therefore supplied it.
 - b So the qu's; all the rest afore.

Kent.

Kent. I will not sleep, my lord, till I have delivered your letter.

Fool. If a man's c brains d were in his heels, wer't not in danger of kibes?

Lear. Ay, boy.

Fool. Then I pr'ythee, be merry, thy wit shall e not go slipshod.

Lear. H2, ha, ha.

Fool. Shalt see, thy other daughter will use thee kindly; for though she's as like this as a crab's like an apple, yet 'I can tell what I can tell.

Lear. 5 Why what can'st thou tell, my boy?

Fool. She will taste as like this, as a crab does to a crab.

Thou can'st not tell why one's nose stands i'th' middle i of one's face?

Lear. No.

Faol. Why to keep one's eyes of either lide one's nose, that what a man cannot smell out, he may spy into.

Lear. I did her wrong-

Fool. Can'st tell how an oyster makes his shell?

Lear. No.

Fool. Nor I neither; but I can tell why a fnail has a house. Lear. Why?

- · P. alters this to brain; followed by all after.
- d The rit q. reads where.
- e The qu's read nere for not.
- f The qu's read I con what I can tell.
- So the qu's; the rest what can'ft tell, boy?
- h So the qu's; the 1st and 2d fo's thou can'ft tell, &c. the 3d f. and all after can'ft thou tell, &c.
 - i The qu's read of bis face; the fo's and R. on's face.
 - * The qu's read keep bis eyes on either side bis nose, &c.
 - 1 The fo's read side's nose, &c.



Fool. Why, to put's head in, not to give it away m to his a daughters, and leave his horns without a case.

Lear. I will forget my nature.—So kind a father!——Be my horses ready?

Fool. Thy affes are gone about them. The reason, why the seven stars are no more than seven, is a pretty reason.

Lear. Because they are not eight.

Fool. Yes o indeed; thou would'st make a good fool.

Lear. To take't again perforce-Monster ingratitude!

Fool. If P thou wert my fool, nuncle, I'd have thee beaten for being old before thy time.

Lear. How's that?

Faol. Thou shouldst not have been old, 9 before thou hadst been wise.

Lear. 1 O, let me not be mad, not mad, sweet heav'n! Keep me in temper; I would not be mad.

Enter Gentleman.

• How now, are the horses ready?

Gent. Ready, my lord.

Lear. Come, boy.

Fool. She that's 'a maid now, and laughs at my departure, Shall not be a maid long, u unless things be cut shorter.

[Exeunt.

- m The 2d q. reads unto for to.
- n The qu's read daughter.
- O The qu's omit indeed.
- P So the qu's, and two 1st fo's; the rest you were.
- 9 So the qu's; the rest till for before.
- The qu's read O let me not be mad, fueet beeven! I would not be mad, keep me, &c.
 - . The qu's omit how now.
 - t The qu's cmit a.
 - u 🕋 qu's read except for unlefs:

A C T II.

S C E N E L

A castle belonging to the Earl of Glo'ster.

Enter Edmund and Curan, feverally.

Edmund.

SAVE thee, Curan.

Curan. And you, fir. I have been with your father, and given him notice that the Duke of Cornwall, and Regan his Dutches, will be here with him b this night.

Edm. How comes that?

Curan. Nay, I know not; you have heard of the news abroad; I mean the whilper'd ones; for they are yet but dear-kiffing arguments.

Edm. Not I; pray you, what are they?

* Cnr. Have you heard of no likely wars towards 'twixt the two Dukes of Cornwall and Albany.

Edm. Not a word.

Cur. You may 8 then in time. Fare you well, fir. [Exit.

- * The qu's omit Regas.
- b The qu's omit to-night.
- The qu's read there for they.
- d The qu's read ear-buffing.
- e The two speeches in italic are omitted in the ad q.
- f All but the q. omit two.
- & After may all but the qu's insert do.



56 KING LEAR,

S C E N E II.

Edm. The duke be here to-night? the better! best! This weaves itself perforce into my business;
My father hath set guard to take my brother,
And I have one thing of a h queazy question
i Which I must act. Briefness, and fortune work!
Brother, a word. Descend. Brother, I say;——

Enter Edgar.

My father watches; O k sir, fly this place,
Intelligence is given where you are hid;
You have now the good advantage of the night—
Have you not spoken 'gainst the Duke of Cornwall' aught?
He's coming hither now i'th' night, " i'th' haste,
And Regan with him; have you nothing said
"Upon his party 'gainst the Duke of Albany?
"Advise yourself.

Edg. I'm fure on't, not a word.

Edm. I hear my father coming. Pardon me——

In cunning, I must draw my sword upon you——

Draw; seem to defend yourself.

- h The qu's read quesie.
- i The qu's read which must afke breefnesse and fortune help,
- k The qu's omit fir.
- 1 All but the qu's omit aught.
- m P. omits i'th'. H. reads in for i'th'.
- n J. would read against his party for the Duke of Albany.
- o The qu's read advise your-
- P The qu's read in craving, &c.
- I The qu's omit draw.

his arm.

Now, quit you well—

Yield——Come before my father—— 'Light ho, here!

Fly, brother—— 'Torches, torches!——So farewell,

[Exit Edgar.

Some blood, drawn on me, would beget opinion [Wounds

Of my more fierce endeavour. I have feen drunkards
Do more than this in fport. Father! father!
Stop, stop. No help?

S C E N E III.

To bim enter Glo'ster and servants with torches.

Glo. Now, Edmund, where's the villain?

Edm. Here stood he in the dark, his sharp sword out,

Mumbling of wicked charms, conj'ring the moon

To stand w his auspicious mistress.

Glo. But where is he?

Edm. Look, fir, I bleed.

Glo. Where is the villain, Edmund?

Edm. Fled this way, fir, when by no means he could-

Glo. Pursue him, * ho! Go after. By no means, what?

Edm. Persuade me to the murther of your lordship:

But that, I told him, the revenging gods

Gainst

I The qu's read light beere, beere.

[.] The qu's read flie, brother, flie.

s So the qu's and 1st f. the rest have torches but once.

The qu's read warbling for mumbling.

[&]quot; The 1st and 2d fo's omit his.

The qu's omit bo!

⁷ The qu's read revergive,



'Gainst parricides did all ² their ² thunders bend,
Spoke with how manifold and strong a bond
The child was bound to th' father.—Sir, ^b in fine,
Seeing how lothly opposite I stood
To his unnatural purpose, ^c in fell motion
With his prepared sword he charges home
My unprovided body, ^d lanc'd my arm;
^e But when he saw my best ^f alarum'd spirits
Bold in the quarrels 8 right, rouz'd to th' encounter,
Or whether ^h 'ghasted by the noise I made,
ⁱ Full suddenly he sled.

Glo. Let him fly far;

Not in this land shall he remain uncaught;

k And found—Dispatch—The noble Duke my master,

My m worthy arch and patron comes to-night;

By his authority I will proclaim it,

That he m which finds him shall deserve our thanks,

- 2 So the qu's and J. all the rest read the for their.
- 2 So the qu's; all the rest read thunder.
- b The qu's read in a fine.
- The qu's read with for in.
- 4 The 1st q. reads lanebt; the 2d launcht; so R. P. and H. the so's latch'd.
- e So the qu's; all the rest read and for but.
- f So the qu's, and 1st, 2d, and 3d fo's; the 4th f. alarm'd; all the rest
 - E The 1st q. reads rights.
- " Gbasted, contraction of agbasted, i. e. affrighted. All editions read gasted.
 - i The qu's read but for full.
 - k W. reads and found, difpatch'd.
 - T. reads my worthy and arch-patron, &c.
 - m The 4th f. reads worth.
 - n T.'s duodecimo reads who for which; followed by W. and J.

Bringing

Bringing the murderous ° caitiff to the stake; He that conceals him, death.

Edm. When I distuaded him from his intent,
And found him pight to do it, with curst speech
I threaten'd to discover him. He replied,
Thou unpossessing bastard! dost thou think
If I would stand against thee, p could the q repossure
Of any trust, virtue, or worth in thee
Make thy words faith'd? no; r what I should deny
(As this I would, ay, though thou didst produce
My very character) t I'd turn it all
To thy suggestion, plot, and damned practice;
And thou must make a dullard of the world,
If they not thought the profits of my death
Were very pregnant and potential spurs
To make thee seek it.

[Trumpets within.

Glo. * Strong and fasten'd villain!

- . So the qu's; the rest coward for caitiff.
- P So the qu's; all the rest would for could, except H. who omits it here, and inserts would in the next line but one, would make thy words, &c.
 - Q So the qu's; all the rest reposal.
- The fo's read what should I deny; R. and P. by what I should deny; H. what I'd deny. W. says, the sense and grammar requires we should read and point—no, when I should deny; followed by J. but the sense is plash without alteration; what I should deny myself to be guilty of, I would lay to thy charge.
- So the qu's; the fo's and R. had left out ay; P. to complete the meafure reads although for ay, though; followed by all the rest.
 - The three first so's read I'ld; the 4th I'll; H. read would for I'd.
 - " The qu's read pretence for prastice.
 - " S. omits very, which is in all the editions besides.
 - * The fo's and R. read spirits for spurs.
- * So the qu's; the fo's and R: O firange and fasten'd villain! P. and all after, O strange, fasten'd villain.

Would



Would he deny his letter?— 7 I never got him.—
Hark, the duke's trumpets! I know not why he comes.—
All ports I'll bar; the villain shall not 'scape;
The duke must grant me that; besides, his picture
I will send far and near, that all the kingdom
May have due note of him. And of my land,
Loyal and natural boy, I'll work the means
To make thee capable.

S C E N E IV.

Enter Cornwall, Regan, and attendants.

Corn. How now, my noble friend? Since I came hither, Which I can call but now, I have heard b strange news.

Reg. If it be true, all vengeance comes too short,
Which can pursue th' offender. How c does my lord?

Glo. 4 O madam, my old heart is crack'd, c'it's crack'd.

Reg. What, did my father's godson seek your life?

He whom my father nam'd? Your Edgar?

Glo. 5 O lady, lady, shame would have it hid.

Reg. Was he not companion with the riotous knights,

- For wby, the ist f. reads wher; the other fo's where.
- a The qu's omit due.
- b The fo's and R. read strangeness for strange news.
- e The qu's and 1st f. read dost for does.
- d The qu's omit O.
- e The qu's read is for it's.
- f After Edgar H. puts be? to complete the measure.
- For 0 the qu's read I, . e. ay.

Y After letter, faid be? is inferted, and I never got him omitted, by the fo's, R. P. and H.——H. puts bark! at the end of this line to make up the measure, reading bark! twice.

That is tend upon my father?

Glo. I know not, madam. 'Tis too bad, too bad. Edm. Yes, madam, he was i of that confort.

Reg. No marvel then, though he were ill-affected;
Tis they have put him on the old man's death,
To have k the waste and spoil of 1 his revenues.
I have this present evening from my sister
Been well inform'd of them; and with such cautions,
That if they come to sojourn at my house,

Corn. Mor I, assure thee, Regan.

Edmund, I hear that you have shewn your father

A child-like office.

Edm. "Twas my duty, fir.

Glo. He did P bewray his practice, and receiv'd This hurt you see, striving to apprehend him-

Corn. Is he purfued?

I'll not be there.

Glo. Ay, my good lord 9.

Corn. If he be taken, he shall never more Be fear'd of doing harm. Make your own purpose,

^{· •} The qu's read tends; the fo's, R. and P. tended; H. tended on for tend upon.

¹ The qu's omit of that confort.

^{*} So the rst q. the 2d for the waste and spoil reads these-and waste; all the rest th' expence and waste.

Before his the ad q. reads this; the three last fo's, R. P. and H. omit his.

⁼ T.'s duodecimo reads nor I, I affare thee, &c. which W. and J. follow.

a The qu's read beard.

[•] So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the 1st and 2d fo's it was; the 2d, 3d, and R. it is; P. and H. it's.

P The qu's read betray,

After lord, H. adds be is.



δ₂ KING LEAR.

How in my strength you please. As for you, Edmund, Whose virtue and obedience doth in this instance. So much commend itself, you shall be ours; Natures of such deep trust we shall much need: You we first seize on.

Edm. I shall ferve you truly, However else.

Glo. " For him I thank your grace.

Corn. You know not why we came to visit you-

Reg. * Thus out of feason * threading dark-ey'd night:
Occasions, noble Glo'ster, of some y posse,
Wherein we must have use of your advice.—
Our father he hath writ, so hath our sister,
Of * differences, which I * best thought it sit
To answer from our b home: the sev'ral messengers
From hence attend dispatch. Our good old friend,
Lay comforts to your bosom; and bestow
Your needful counsel to our business,

- The qu's and rst f. omit as.
- This is Heath's conjecture, from W.'s alteration (followed by J.) where and obedience in this inflance for much commends, &c. The editions fore read—dath this inflant, &c.
 - After you, all but the qu's read fir.
 - u P. and all after omit for him.
- W R.'s duodecimo, P. and H. give this first line of Regan's speech Cornwall; but without necessity; for Regan may be here supposed officiou to complete Carnwall's sentence.
 - x The qu's read threatning; T. contectures treading.
 - Y So the 1st q. and W.; all the rest prize for poife.
 - Z The ad q. reads defences.
 - The rit q. reads left for beft.
 - b The 2d q. reads band for home.
 - c So the qu's; the rest businesses.

Which & craves the inftant use.

Glo. I ferte you, madama:

Your graces are right welcome.

. [Excunt.

SCENE V.

Enter Kent and Steward, severally.

Stew. Good even to thee, friend. Art of f the house?

Kent. Ay.

Stew. Where may we fet our horses?

Kent. I'th' mire.

Stew. Pr'ythee, if thou g lov'st me tell me.

Kent. I love thee not.

Stew. Why then I care not for thee.

Kent. If I had thee in h Lipsbury pinfold, I would make thee care for me.

Stew. Why dost thou use me thus? I know thee not.

Kent. Fellow, I know thee.

Stew. What dost thou know me for?

Kent. A knave, a rascal, an eater of broken meats, a base, proud, shallow, beggarly, i three-suited, hundred-pound, slithy, worsted-stocking knave; a lily-liver'd, action-taking knave; i a whoreson, glass-gazing, m super-serviceable,

d So the qu's and fo's; the rest crave. .

e So the qu's; P. and T. evening; W. downing; the rest dawning.

f So the qu's; the rest this for the.

g The qu's read love for lov'ft.

h Perhaps Ledbury.

¹ The qu's read three-shewted.

k The fo's, R. P. and H. omit kneve.

I The fo's, R. P. and H. omit a.

The qu's omit super-serviceable.



a finical rogue; one-trunk-inheriting slave; one that wouldst be a bawd in way of good service; and art nothing but the composition of a knave, beggar, pander, and the son and heir of a mungril bitch; one whom I will beat into p clamorous whining, if thou q deny'st the least syllable of thy addition.

Stew. Why, what a monstrous fellow art thou, thus to rail on one, that is neither known of thee, nor knows thee!

Kent. What a brazen-fac'd variet art thou, to deny thou knowest me! Is it two days t ago, since I tript up thy heels, and beat thee before the king? Draw, you rogue; for, tho it be night, yet the moon shines; I'll make a sop o'th' moonshine of you. Traw, you whoreson, cullionly barbermonger, draw.

[Drawing his sword.

Stew. Away, I have nothing to do with thee.

Kent. Draw, you rascal. *You come with letters against the king; and take Vanity the puppet's part, against the royalty of her father. Draw, you rogue, or I'll so carbonado your shanks—Draw, you rascal; come your ways.

Stew. Help, ho! murther! help!-

Kent. Strike, you slave; stand, rogue, stand; you neat slave, strike.

[Beating him.

Stew. Help, ho! 7 murther! murther!

- n The qu's read super-finical.
- o The qu's omit one.
- P The Ist and ad fo's read clamours.
- 9 The qu's read deny.
- The qu's read the for thy.
- · * The qu's omit why.
 - t The fo's, R. P. and H. omit ago.
 - " The qu's read beat thee and tript up thy heels.
 - " All but the qu's omit draw.

The qu's read you bring letters, &c.

The qu's read murther! help!

SCENE VI.

Enter Edmund 2, Cornwall, Regan, Glo'ster, and servants.

Edm. How now, what's the matter? * Part----

Kent. With you, goodman boy, b if you please; come I'll shesh you; come on, young master.

Glo. Weapons? arms? what's the matter here?

Corn. Keep peace, upon your lives; he dies, that strikes again. What's the matter?

Reg. The mellengers from our fifter and the king.

Corn. What is your difference? speak.

Stew. I am scarce in breath, my lord.

Kent. No marvel, you have so bestirr'd your valour, you cowardly rascal. Nature disclaims all share in thee: a tay-lor made thee.

Corn. Thou art a strange fellow. A taylor make a man?

Kent. d Ay, a taylor, sir; a stone-cutter, or a painter
could not have made him so ill, tho' they had been but

two hours 8 at the trade.

Coin. Speak h you, how grew your quarrel?

Stew. This ancient ruffian, fir, whole life I have spar'd at suit of his grey beard——

- I The qu's read after Edmund, with his rapier drewn.
- a The qu's omit pari-
- The qu's read and for if.
- The qu's and fo's omit all fare; these words are first supplied by 2.
- d The fo's, R. P. and H. omit sy.
- . The qu's read be for they.
- f Fo's and R. read two years.
- \$ So the qu's ; the rest o'th' trade
- I All but P. and H. read yet for you.



Kent. Thou whorson zed! thou unnecessary letter! My lord, if you will give me leave, I will tread this unbolted villain into mortar, and daub the! wall of a jakes with him. Spare my grey beard? you wagtail!

Corn. Peace, k firrah!

You beaftly knave, I know you no reverence?

Kent. Yes, fir, but anger hath a priviledge.

Corn. Why art thou angry?

Kent. That fuch a flave as this should wear a sword,

- th Who wears no honesty. Such smiling rogues as these, Like rats, oft bite n those o holy cords p a-twain
- 9 Which are too ' intricate 's t'unloose; ' smooth ev'ry passion. That in the " natures of their lords " rebel;
- * Bring oil to y fire, fnow to z their colder moods,
- * Renege, affirm, and turn their halcyon beaks
 - I The qu's read walls.
 - * The qu's read fir for firtab.
 - I The qu's read you have no reverence.
 - The qu's read that for who.
 - " So the qu's and P.; the rest the for those.
 - O The qu's and P. omit holy.
 - P So the qu's, fo's, and R. P. alters this to in twain; followed by the rest.
 - 9 So the qu's, fo's, and R. P. omits which are; followed by the rest.
- From intricate the qu's read intrench; the fo's and R. intrince; H. intrin-fick; T. W. and J. intrinsicate; intricate is P.'s conjecture.
 - * The qu's read to inio fe.
 - * So all before P. who alters it to footh; followed by the rest.
 - u So all before P.; he and all after nature.
- w So all before P.; he and all after releas; but perhaps ev'ry paffore (i.e. all the paffions) will admit of a plural verb, as well as a fingular.
 - * The fo's and R. read being for bring.
 - The qu's read stir for fire.
 - The fo's read the for their.
 - * The qu's read reneag; the 1st f. repenge.

It pleas'd the king, his mafter very a late
To strike at me upon his misconstruction,
When he conjunct, and stattering his displeasure,
Tript me behind; being down, insulted, rail'd,
And put upon him such a deal of man, a that
That worthied him; got praises of the king,
For him attempting who was self-subdued;
And, in the description of this dread exploit,
Drew on me here again.

Kent. None of these rogues and cowards, But Ajax is their e fool.

Corn. f Bring forth the stocks, s ho!

You stubborn h ancient knave, you i rev'rend braggart,

We'll teach you——

Kent. Sir, I am too old to learn.

Call not your stocks for me: I serve the king;

On whose k imployment I was sent to you,

You I shall do small m respect, shew too bold malice
Against the grace and person of my master,

Stocking his messenger.

- 4 So the qu's and fo's; the rest lately.
- The fo's and L. send compact for conjunct.
- . So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the rest omit this first that.
- The qu's read flechment.
- " W. conjectures feel, but puts it not in his text.
- I So the qu's ; the rest fetch for bring.
- & All but the qu's emit be!
- h The qu's send miscreant for angient.
- I The ad q. sends unreverent.
- k The qu's read imployments.
- 1 The qu's read fould for fall.
- m The fo's and R. rand respetts.
- Thequ's read flopping for flocking,

Corn.



70 R I N G L E A R.

As I have life and honour, there shall he fit sall noon. Reg. Tall noon? till night, my lord, and all night too. Kent. Why, madam, if I were your father's dog, You p could not use me so. 11. Reg. Sir, being his knave, I will. [Stocks brought ont. Corn. This is a fellow of the 4 felf fame, nature Our fifter s speaks of. Come, bring away the floors. ne His fault is much, and the good king his maker : ... Will check him for't. Your purpos'd low correction Is fuch, as basest and contemned it wretches For pilf rings and most common wespilles, Are punish'd with; * the king must take it ill. That y he, so slightly valued in his messenger, Should have him thus restrain'd. 7 (36). Corn. I'll answer that. Reg. My fifter may receive it * much more worle. O H. omits and bonour. الم المنظمة ال P The fo's and R. read should not. 11 to 11 to 12 The 2d q. omits feif. The fo's and R. read colour for materie: The rst q. reads speake. t P. and H. omit come. " What is in italic is omitted in the fo's and Re control of the W The qu's read temnest; P. and the fest the meanift: but the particle the does not read to well before meaneft, unless it had been placed before bafeft too; and which Shakespeare would have dotte in this case, metrithsandingra foot of three syllables would have occurred. Besides, safast and measuft are fynonymous terms: contemnedst is the consequence of basests. The fo's and R. read the king his master weeds must take it ill, dec.

il. reads yet much worfe.

71

To have her a gentleman abus'd, assaulted,

For following her affairs. Put in his legs — [Kent is put in the flocks.

Come, my good lord, away. [Exeunt Reg. and Corn.

4S C E N E VII.

Glo. I am forry for thee, friend; 'tis the duke's pleasure, Whose disposition, all the world well knows, Will not be rubb'd nor stopt. I'll intreat for thee.

Kent. Pray, do not, sir. I've watch'd and travell'd hard; Sometime I shall sleep c out, the rest I'll whistle.

A good man's fortune may grow out at heels. Give you good morrow.

Glo. The duke's to blame in this, 'twill be ill f taken, [Exit.

Kent. Good king, that must approve the common 8 saw,

h Thou out of heav'n's benediction com'st

To the warm fun!

i Approach, thou beacon to this under globe, [Looking up to the moon.

ί

[&]quot; The 1st q. reads genelemen.

b The fo's and R. omit this line.

So the 1st q. all the rest omit good.

d This is called Scene VI. in P. and H. they also call the foregoing Scene the VIth, miscounting to the end of this act.

[&]quot; The ift q. reads ont for out.

f The qu's read tooke for taken.

S An old proverbial faying, applied to those who are turned out of house and home, deprived of all the comforts of life excepting the common benefits of the air and fun. H.

b For then J. reads that, in no edition before.

[&]quot;I These lines from approach to reme les ere omitted in 11. 's tent, as not Statespeare's.



That by thy comfortable beams I may
Peruse this letter. Nothing almost sees k miracles,
But misery, I know.—'Tis from Cordelia, [Opening the letter.
Who hath most fortunately been informed
Of my obscured course— and shall find time [Reading parts of the letter.

From this enormous state— n seeking to give

Losses their remedies.—All weary and o'er-watch'd,

Take 'vantage, heavy eyes, not to behold

This shameful lodging.

Fortune, good night; smile once more; turn thy wheel.

[He sleeps.

SCENE VIII.

Changes to part of a heath.

Enter Edgar.

Edg. ° I heard myself proclaim'd; And, by the happy hollow of a tree, Escap'd the hunt. No port is free, no place, That guard and most unusual vigilance P Does not attend my taking. Whiles I may 'scape, I will preserve myself, and am bethought

- * The qu's read my wracke for miracles.
- In the qu's there is a comma after mifery, and no stop after I know; in all the rest there is a period after misery.
- m R. and all after but J. read I for and. This in italic is supposed by all the editors to be a continuation of Kent's speech, except J. who puzzles, and does not know what to make on't.
 - n R. and all after but J. read and feek for feeking.
- O The qu's read I bear; the 4th f. and R. I have heard; all the rest I've heard.
 - P The qu's read doft.

To take the basest and a most poorest shape, That ever penury in contempt of man Brought near to beaft. My face I'll grime with filth, Blanket my loins, 'elfe all my hair in knots: And with presented nakedness out-face The " winds and perfecutions of the fky. The country gives me proof and precedent Of Bedlam beggars, who, with roaring voices, Strike in their numb'd and mortify'd bare arms Pins, wooden pricks, nails, sprigs of rolemary, And with this harrible object, from low w farms. Poor * pelting villages, sheep-coats and mills, Sometimes with lunatic bans, sometimes with prayers, Inforce their charity. Poor 7 Turlygod, poor Tom! That's fomething yet. Edgar I nothing am. TExit.

To all before P. he and all after the for most.

- . The three first fo's read bairs.
- the qu's for in read with; which feerns to be taken from the foregoing line, with fith.
 - " The qu's read wind and perfecution.
 - W The qu's read service for farms.
- * Perhaps pedling; or it may lignify cottages thinly feattered. This was my first idea of pelting, till Warburton drove it out of my hand: but I resume it again, believing it to be Shakespeare's own idea.
- J So the qu's, fo's, R. and P.'s quarto; H. Turlurit; all the rest Turlyged; W. thinks it should be Turlupis, a new species of gypties in the 14th
 contury.

i So the 1st f.; the qu's and ad f. read else for else; the 3d and 4th fo's pet; followed by R. and P. See T. in loc. and H.'s Glossary, to else, i.g. to intangle in so intricate a manner that it is not to be unravelled; like else-locks, supposed the work of fairies.



KING LEAK

S C E N E IX.

² Changes again to the earl of Glo'ster's castle.

Enter Lear, Fool, and Gentleman.

Lear. 'Tis strange, that they should so depart from home,' And not send back my b messenger.

Gent. As I learn'd

The night before there was no purpose c in them. Of d this remove.

Kent. Hail to thee, noble master! . . .

Lear. • How? mak'st thou this shame thy passime? 8 Kent. No, my lord.

ty'd by the i heads, dogs and bears by the neck, monkeys by th' loins

- This description of the scene is first inserted by P. J. says, it is not very clearly discovered why Lear comes hither. In the foregoing part he sent letters to Glo'fler, but no hint is given of their contents. He seems to have gone to visit Glo'fler, while Cornwall and Regan might prepare to entertain him. J.——Possibly Glo'fler's castle might be in the way to Regan's; though their name and situation are forgot to be mentioned. See Act i. Sc. xvii.
 - * The qu's read bence for bome.
 - 'b The 1st and 2d fo's read messengers. `
 - c The qu's omit in them.
 - d The on's read his for this.
 - e So the qu's ; the rest ha for how.
- f So the qu's, fo's, and R.; P. and H. omit this; T. W. and J. read thy for this.
 - g This speech is not in the qu's.
- h So the qu's; all the rest omit look; and qu's read crewel garters; so 3d and 4th fo's, and R.'s 8vo.
- The qu's fead beels for beads: horfes are tied by the heels when they are fattened to feed in a corn-field; but leads feems preferable. The fool makes

th' loins, and men by th' legs. When a man's over-lufty at legs, then he wears wooden nether k stocks.

Lear. What's he, ithat hath so much thy place mistook, To set thee here?

Kent. It is both he and she, Your son and daughter.

Lear. No.

Kent. Yes.

Lear. No, I fay.

Kent. 1 I ay, yea.

Lear. No, no, they would not.

Kent, Yes, they have.

Lear. By Jupiter, I swear, no.

n Kent. By Juno, I swear, ay.

Lear. They durst not do't:

They would not, could not do't; 'tis worse than murder,'
To do upon respect such violent outrage.

Refolve me with all modest haste, which way

Thou P might'st deserve, or they A impose this usage,

Coming from us?

Kent. My lord, when at their home I did commend your highness' letters to them, 'Ere I was risen from the place, that shew'd

makes a progreffion downwards, from the head to the neck, the neck to the loins, and the loins to the legs.

- k Heath is of opinion we should read focks.
- 1 H. reads but If w, yea.
- These two speeches in italic are omitted by all but qu's.
- " This speech is omitted in the qu's.
- . So the qu's; all the rest could not, would not.
- P The qu's read may'ft for might'ft.
- I The qu's read purpose for impose.



My duty kneeling, ' there came a recking post, Stew'd in his haste, half-breathless, panting forth. From Gonerill his mistress, salutations; Deliver'd letters spight of intermission, Which presently they read; t on whose contents They summon'd up their u men, strait took horse, Commanded me to follow, and attend The leifure of their answer; gave me cold looks; *I, meeting here the other messenger, Whose welcome, I perceiv'd, had poison'd mine, (Being the very fellow, x which of late Display'd so fawcily against your highness) Having more man than wit about me, I drew; He rais'd the house with loud and coward cries. Your fon and daughter found this trespass worth The shame which here it suffers.

Fool. Winter's not gone yet, if the wild geefe fly that way, Fathers that wear rags
Do make their children blind;
But fathers that bear bags
Shall fee their children kind.

- * So all before P.; he and all after omit there.
- . So the qu's and rst f.; all the rest falutation.
- E So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the rest those for whose.
- " So the qu's; the rest meiney, which P. interprets people.
- w All the editions read and for I; which cannot be right, as it makes Cornwall and Regan meet the messenger; but Kent's intention is to tell Lear that he met the messenger.
 - The qu's read that for which.
- 7 Before drew R. inferts I, (followed by the rest) which is necessary, but more proper above. See Note w.
 - 3 This speech of the fool is omitted in the qu's.

Fortune,

The images of revolt and flying off.

* Fetch me a better answer.

Glo. My dear lord,

You know the fiery quality of the duke, How unremoveable and fixt he is

In his own course.

Lear. Vengeance! y plague! death! confusion!-

2 What fiery quality? Why, Glo'ster, 2 Glo'ster,

I'd speak with the duke of Cornwall, and his wife.

• Glo. Well, my good lord, I have inform'd them fo.

Lear. Inform'd them? Dost thou understand me, man? Glo. Ay, my good lord.

Lear. The king would fpeak with Cornwall; the dear father

Would with his daughter speak, commands her fervice;

- Are they inform'd of this?—My breath and blood!—
- * Fiery? the fiery duke? tell the hot duke, that-f

No, but not yet; may be, he is not well;

Infirmity doth still neglect all office,

Whereto our health is bound; we're not ourselves,

When nature, being opprest, 8 commands the mind

^{*} So all before P.; he and all after bring for fetch.

The qu's place death before plague.

² So the qu's; the fo's and R. read fiery? what quality? P. and all after fiery? what fiery quality?

[•] So all before P.; he and all after read Glo'fler only once.

b These two speeches in italic are not in the qu's.

E The fo's read commands, tends, service; R. command tends service,

d The qu's omit this line.

The qu's read fiery duke, tell the hot duke that Lear.

f Here J. puts a direction, [Glo'ster offers to go.] So that he makes Glo'ster going, not with balf his errand, but without any of it.

⁸ The ift q. reads command.



NO KINGLEAR

To fusfer with the body. I'll forbear;
And am fallen out with my more h headier will,
To take the indispos'd and fickly fit
For the sound man.—Death on my state! Looking on Kent.
Wherefore should he sit here? this act k persuades me,
That this remotion of the duke and her
Is practice only. Give me my servant forth.
¹ Go, tell the duke and 's wife, m I'd speak with them.
Now! presently! bid them come forth and hear me,
Or at their chamber-door I'll beat the drum,
Till it cry, sleep to death.

Glo. I would have all well betwirt you. [Exit.

Lear. Doh me, my heart, my rising heart! but down.

Fool. Cry to it, nuncle, as the cockney did to the eels, when of the p put them i'th' q paste alive; if the rapt 'em o'th' coxcombs with a stick, and cry'd, down wantons, down. Twas her brother that in pure kindness to his horse butter'd his hay.

- h P. and H. read beady for beadier.
- 1 After flate P. reads but; followed by all after; but then wherefore is, by them, made a part of this line, as in the folio's.
 - k H. reads persuadeth.
 - 1 The qu's omit go.
 - m The qu's read Ile for I'd.
 - " This speech in the qu's is only O my heart! my heart.
 - The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. read be for she.
 - P The 2d q. reads put um up i'th', &c.
- I The 1st q. paft; the 2d, the fo's, and R. pafte; P. and all after pafty, But who ever heard of an eel-pafty?
 - r R. P. and H. read be for she.
 - . The fo's and R. knapt for rapt.
 - The 3d and 4th qu's, R. P. and H. read bis for ber.
 - " The 2d and 3d fo's bey for bay.

S C E N E XI.

Enter Cornwall, Regan, Glo'ster, and servants.

Lear. Good morrow to you both.

Corn. Hail to your grace. [Kent is fet at liberty.

Reg. I am glad to fee your highness.

Lear.. Regan, I think you are; I know what reason
I have to think so; if thou w shouldst not be glad,
I would divorce me from thy mother's tomb,
Sepulchring an adultress. * O, are you free?
Some other time for that. Beloved Regan,
Thy sister's naught: oh Regan, she hath tied
Sharp-tooth'd unkindness, like a vulture here; [Points to his heart.

I can scarce speak to thee; thou'lt not believe,

Of how a deprav'd a quality—Oh Regan!

Reg. I pray you, fir, take patience; I have hope,

You less know how to value her desert,

Than she to a scan her duty.

Lear. Say? How is that?—— Reg. I cannot think, my fifter in the leaft

w So all before P.; he and all after read wert not for shoulds not be,

^{*} The qu's read yea for O.

[&]quot; So the qu's; the rest with for of.

² The qu's read depriv'd for deprav'd.

a The qu's read flacke ber duty; the fo's, R. P. T. W. and J. fcant ber duty; H. fcan ber duty; J. proposes this emendation, without telling us that H. has made it.

b These two speeches in italic are not in the qu's.

c So all before P.; he and II. omit fay.

Lear. My curies on her!-

Reg. O sir, you are old;

Nature e in you stands on the very verge Of f her confine; you should be rul'd at By some discretion, that discerns your st Better than you yourself: therefore I pro That to our fifter you do make return;

Say you have wrong'd her, h fir. Lear. Ask her forgiveness?

Do you 1 but mark, how this becomes k Dear daughter, I confess that I am old; Age is unnecessary; on my knees I beg, That you'll vouchsafe me raiment, bed, :

Reg. Good sir, no more: these are un Return you to my fifter.

- 4 So all before P.; he and all after omit fit. The qu's read on for in.
- f The rst q. bis for ber.
- . The qu's omit you.
 - h The fo's and R. omit fit.
 - i The qu's omit but.
- k For me now, the qu's, fo's, R. P. W. and J W. interprets, the order of families, the duties of re daloufly disturbed by the father's submission to the d

Lear. ¹ Never, Regan:

She hath abated me of half my train;

Look'd ^m black upon me; struck me with her tongue,

Most serpent-like, upon the very heart.

All the stor'd vengeances of heaven fall

On her ingrateful ⁿ top! Strike her young bones,

* You taking airs, with lamenes!

Lear. You nimble lightnings, dart your blinding flames
Into her fcornful eyes! infect her beauty,
Ye fen-fuck'd fogs, drawn by the pow'rful fun
To fall, and a blaft her pride!

Reg. O the bleft Gods!

Corn. P Fie, fir, fie.

So will you wish on me, when the rash mood s is on.

Lear. No, Regan, thou shalt never have my curse:

Thy tender-hefted nature shall not give
Thee o'er to 'harshness; her eyes are sierce, but thine

Do comfort, and not burn. 'Tis not in thee To grudge my pleasures, to cut off my train, To bandy hasty words, to scant my sizes,

¹ The qu's read no, Regan!

[&]quot; The ad q. reads back; T. blank.

P. and H. read bead for top.

[•] For you taking, P. reads infelling. Is not this an unwarrantable licence to alter at this rate, when the word was intelligible enough, and, no doubt, agreeable to the language of that time. This alteration is the more furprizing, because P. has retained the same word afterwards in the same sense, Act iii. Sc. vi. "Bless thee from whirlwinds—and taking, &c."

P The qu's read fie, fie, fir.

Tor blaft ber pride the fo's and R. read blifter.

The qu's omit is on; and have a dash signifying interruption after mood.

[.] The qu's read the tender-befted, &c. R.'s 12mo and P. tender-hearted.

so all but J.



And, in conclusion, to oppose the bolt
Against my coming in. Thou better know'st
The offices of nature, bond of childhood,
Effects of courtesy, dues of gratitude:
Thy half o'th' kingdom u thou hast not forgot,
Wherein I thee endow'd.

Reg. Good sir, to th' purpose. [Trumpet within. Lear. Who put my man i'th' stocks?

Enter Steward.

Corn. What trumpet's that?

Reg. I know't, my fister's. This approves her w letter,

That she would soon be here. Is your lady come?

Lear. This is a slave, whose easy-borrow'd pride

Dwells in the * fickle grace of her he follows.

Out, varlet, from my sight.

Corn. What means your grace?

S C E N E XII.

Enter Gonerill.

Lear. Who y stockt my servant? Regan, I have good hope, Thou didst not know on't.——Who comes here? O heav'ns, If you do love old men, if your sweet sway Allow obedience, if yourselves are old, Make it your cause; send down and take my part.

[&]quot; The qu's, fo's, and R.'s 8vo hast theu.

W The qu's read letters.

^{*} The rit and 2d fo's read fickly; the 3d and 4th, and R. fickly.

y The qu's read struck for flockt.

² T. IV. and H. read hallow for allow.

Art not asham'd to look upon this beard?

[To Gon.

O Regan, wilt thou take her by the hand?

Gon. Why not by th' hand, fir? How have I-offended?

All's not offence, that indifcretion b finds,

And dotage terms fo.

Lear. O sides, you are too tough!

Will you yet hold? ——How came my man i'th' stocks?

Corn. I fet him there, fir; but his own disorders

Deserv'd d much less advancement.

Lear. You? did you?

Reg. I pray you, father, e being 'wake, feem fo.
If, till the expiration of your month,
You will return and fojourn with my fifter,
Dismissing half your train, come then to me:
I am now from home, and out of that provision
Which shall be needful for your entertainment.

Lear. Return to her, and fifty men dismis'd?

No, rather I abjure all roofs, and chuse

f To wage against the enmity o'th' air,

To be a comrade with the wolf and owl,

Necessity's sharp pinch——Return with her?

Why,

So the qu's; the rest will you.

b W. proposes fines, i. e. censures.

F The 2d q. omits fir.

⁴ J. proposes reading much more advancement, used ironically for more conspicuousness of punishment.

This is H.'s emendation; the rest read being weak; W. reads being weak, deem's fo; i e. believe that my husband tells you true, that Kent's diforders deserved a more ignominious punishment.

f. T. and H. read the next line before this: and so make necessity's sharp pinch the accusative to wage, without which T. says there is no syntax or grammatical coherence. But why not? Suppose to be a comrade, &c. should be taken substantively, and necessity's sharp pinch to be put in apposition to it;

Why, the 8 hot-blooded France, that dow'rless took Our youngest born, I could as well be brought To knee his throne, and 'squire-like pension h beg, To keep base life a-foot——Return with her? Persuade me rather to be slave, and sumpter, To this detested groom.

Gon. At your choice, Sir.

Lear. i Now I pr'ythee, daughter, do not make me mad; I will not trouble thee, my child. Farewell; We'll no more meet, no more see one another; But yet thou art my siesh, my blood, my daughter,—Or rather a disease k that's in my siesh, Which I must needs call mine; thou art a bile, A plague-sore, 1 an imbossed carbuncle, In my corrupted blood. But I'll not chide thee: Let shame come when it will, I do not call it; I do not bid the m thunder bearer shoot, Nor tell tales of thee to high judging Jove. Mend when thou canst, be better at thy leisure. I can be patient, I can stay with Regan; I and my hundred knights.

fure this is grammar.—To wage necessity's sharp pinch is nonsense; (though T. says it makes the sense sine and easy) it is that pinch which forces a man to wage; war is understood, or might be the very word (instead of wage); greater corruptions have happened in the editions of Shakespeare.

" The qu's read bot blood in France, &c. the fo's and R. hot-bloodied France, &c.

- h The ift q. reads bag for beg.
- I So the qu's; the rest omit now.
- The qu's read that hes within my flesh.
- I So the qu's; the rest or for an.
- P W. reads thunder-beater.

Reg. Not altogether a fo, fir:

I a look'd not for you yet, nor am provided

For your fit welcome; give ear, p fir, to my fifter;

For those that mingle reason with your passion

Must be content to think you old, and so——

But she knows what she does.

Lear. Is this well spoken a now?

Reg. I dare avouch it, fir. What, fifty followers? Is it not well? what should you need of more? Yea or so many, r sith that both charge and danger Speak 'gainst so great a number? How in one house Should many people under two commands Hold amity? 'Tis hard, almost impossible.

Gen. Why might not you, my lord, receive attendance From those that she calls servants, or from mine?

Reg. Why not, my lord? if then they chanc'd to flack ye, We could control them. If ' you will come to me, For now I fpy a danger, I entreat you

To bring but five and twenty; to no more

Will I give place or notice.

Lear. I gave you all-

Reg. And in good time you gave it.

Lear. Made you my guardians, my depositaties;
But week a reservation to be followed

B So the qu's; P. and H. omit fo, fir; and all the rest omit fir.

The qu's read look.

Describe the q. the fo's, and R.; the rest omit fir.

I So the qu's; the rest omit now.

[&]quot; So all before P.; he and all after read fince both, &c

[&]quot; The qu's read speakes.

F So the qu's, fo's, and R.; the rest you'll.

The 3d and 4th fo's omit but.

[&]quot; The 3d and 4th fo's, and R.'s 8vo, read keep.

With such a number; * what, must I come to you With sive and twenty? Regan, said you so?

Reg. And fpeak't again, my lord, no more with me.

Lear. Those * wicked creatures yet do ' seem well-favour'd, When others are more * wicked. Not being z the worst, Stands in some rank of praise. I'll go with thee; [70 Gon. Thy fifty yet doth double five and twenty; And thou a art twice her love.

Gon. Hear me, my lord;
What need you five and twenty, ten, or five,
To follow in a house, where twice so many
Have a command to tend you?

Reg. What b needs one?

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Lear. O, reason not the c need: our basest beggars
Are in the poorest thing superfluous.
Allow not nature more than nature needs,
Man's d life's as cheap as beast's. Thou are a lady;
If only to go warm were gorgeous,
Why, nature needs not what thou gorgeous wear'st,
Which scarcely keeps thee warm; but for true need,—
You heavens, e give me that: patience, patience I need.
You see me here, you Gods, a poor f old man,

- x So all before P. who omits wbat; followed by the rest.
- . W. reads wrinkled for wicked.
- y So the qu's; all after lock for feem.
- 2 So all before P. who omits the; followed by the rest.
- 2 P. and H. read baff for art.
- b The fo's and R. read need.
- c The qu's read deed for need.
- d So the 2d q.; the 1st life as, &c. all the rest life is cheap, &c.
- The qu's, fo's, and R. give me that patience, patience I need. P. and all after give me that patience which I need.
 - f The qu's read old fellow.

As full of grief as age; wretched in both!

If it be you, that ⁵ ftir these daughters' hearts

Against their father, fool me not ^h so much

To bear it ⁱ tamely; touch me with noble anger;

^k O let not womens' weapons, water-drops,

Stain my man's cheeks. No, you unnatural hage,

I will have such revenges on you both,

That all the world shall——I will do such things——

What they are, yet I know not; but they shall be

The terrors of the earth. You think, I'll weep;

No, I'll not weep.——

¹ I have full cause of weeping; ^m but this heart

Shall break into a ⁿ hundred thousand ^o slaws

Or ere ^p I weep. O fool, I shall go mad.

[Exeunt Lear, Glo'ster, Kent, and Fool.

S C E N E XIII.

Corn. Let us withdraw, 'twill be a storm. [Storm and tempest.

Reg. This house is little; the old man and his people Cannot be well bestow'd.

- 8 The qu's and fo's read flirs.
- h The rit q. reads to; the 2d too for fo.
- i The qu's read lamely.
- The fo's and R. read and for O.
- 1 H. reads though before I have, to make up the omission of hut in this line, in w ich he had followed R.
 - so all before P. who, with all after, omits but.
 - B So all before P. he and all after omit bundred.
 - The qu's read flowes for flaws.
 - P The qu's and 1st f. read Ile for I.

Gon.



Gon. 'Tis his own blame; 'he 'ath put himself from rest, And needs must taste his folly.

Reg. For his particular, I'll receive him gladly; But not one follower.

Gen. So am I purpos'd.
Where is my lord of Glo'fter?

Enter Glo'ster.

Corn. Follow'd the old man forth. He is return'd.

Glo. The king is in high rage.

* Corn. Whither is he going?

Glo. He calls to horse; s but will I know not whither.

Corn. 'Tis t best to give him way, he leads himself.

Gon. My lord, intreat him by no means to stay.

Glo. Alack, the night comes on, and the u bleak winds Do forely w russle, for many miles about There's x not a bush.

Reg. O fir, to wilful men,
The injuries, that they themselves procure,
Must be their schoolmasters. Shut up your doors:
He is attended with a desperate train,
And what they may incense him to, being apt
To have his ear abus'd, wisdom bids fear.

Corn. Shut up your doors, my lord; 'tis a wild night.

My Regan counsels well: come out o'th' from. [Exeunt.

- 9 So H. for be bath; all other editions bath.
- What is in italic is not in the qu's, P. T. W. and J.
- The qu's, P. T. W. and J. read and for but.
- The qu's read good for beft.
- So the qu's; the rest bigh for bleak.
 - The fo's, R. T. W. and J. read ruffle for rufile.
 - " So the qu's; the rest read scarce for mot.

A C T III.

SCENE I, A Heath.

A florm is beard, with thunder and lightning. Enter Kent, and a Gentleman, severally.

Kent.

HAT's here, beside foul weather?

Gent. One minded like the weather, most unquietly.

Kent. I know you. Where's the king?

Gent. Contending with the fretful belements;

Bids the wind blow the earth into the sea;

Or swell the curled waters 'bove the " moon,

- a So the qu's; the rest read who's there, besides, &c.
- The qu's read element.
- Though all the editions have main, it is very likely Shahefpeare wrote mean, which is much better, because it more strongly expresses (according to Shahefpeare's custom) the confusion which Lear in his rage would have introduced into nature; besides main is ambiguous, applicable to sea or land: it is used of land only by seamen that I know of: the poets always undershood by this word the main sea. The effect of overslowing the land is not so great nor so certain confusion: the sea often does that and returns to his passal bounds: whereas the swelling of the waters above the moon is sutirely practernatural, and best answers the madness of bidding the wind blow the earth into the sea. There is a strong resemblance between this passage in Shahespeare and the following of Eschylas in his Prometheus vinitus; who talks of swelling the sea, not above the moon, but above the very stars.

*Autale jikaje graijia ngadalra,
Kijia dd mirtu tpagel jobio
Zuygdonios, tilo t' dyarian
*Ageput dibbue



That things might charge or ccase; dears his white hair, Which the impetuous blasts with eyeless rage Catch in their fury, and make nothing of; Strives in his little world of man tout-scorn. The to-and-fro conflicting wind and rain.

This night, twherein the cub-drawn bear would couch, The lion, and the belly-pinched wolf. Keep their fur dry; unbonneted he runs, And bids what will, take all.

Kent. But who is with him?

Gent. None but the Fool, who labours to out-jest His heart-struck injuries.

Kent. Sir, I do know you,
And dare upon the warrant of my * note,
Commend a dear thing to you. There is division,
(Although as yet the face of it h be cover'd
With mutual 1 cunning) 'twixt Albany and Cornwall,
* Who have (as who bave not, 1 that their great stars
m Thron'd and set high?) servants, who seem no less;
Which are to France the spies and speculations
Intelligent of our state: what he been seen,
Either in souffs and packings of the dukes;

- d What is in italic is omitted by the fo's and R.
- P. and H. omit the two following lines.
- f P. and H. read in which for wherein.
- I The qu's read art for note.
- h So the qu's; the rest is for be.
- i P. and H. read craft for cunning.
- What is in italic is omitted in the qu's.
- 1 So the fo's, and R.'s 8vo; the rest whom for that.
- m T.'s 12mo, W. and J. read thronc.
- P.'s 12mo reads bave for bath.



ACT III. SCENE I.

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Or the hard rein, which both of them o bave born
Against the old kind king; or something deeper,
Whereos, perchance, these are but surnishings——

- "" But true it is, from France there comes a power
- "Into this I scatter'd kingdom, who already
- "Wife in our negligence, hath secret r fee
- "In some of our best ports, and are at point
- "To shew their open banner. ---- Now to you,
- " If on my credit you dare build so far
- "To make your speed to Dover, you shall find
- "Some that will thank you, making just report,
- " Of how unnatural and bemadding forrow
- "The king hath cause to plain.
- "I am a gentleman of blood, and breeding,
- " And from some knowledge and assurance offer
- "This office to you."

Gent. I will talk further with you.

Kent. No, do not.

For confirmation that I am much more
Than my out-wall, open this purse and take
What it contains. If you shall see Cordelia,
(As, fear not but you shall) shew her w this ring,
And she will tell you who x that fellow is

- . The ift f. reads bath for bave.
- These lines with commas prefixed are not in the so's.
- 4 For scatter'd, H. reads shatter'd, W. scathed.
- So the 2d q. and J.; the 1st feet for fee; P. T. and H. fea; W. feize.
- P. and H. madding for bemadding.
- 5 So the qu's; P. and all the rest read

-and affurance of you,

Offer this office.

- P. and all after read I'll.
- " So the qu's and fo's; the rest that for this.
- So the fo's. For that the qu's read your; R. and all after this.

That

That yet you do not know. Fie on this storm? I will go seek the king.

Gent. Give me your hand: have you no more to fay?

Kent. Few words, but, to effect, more than all yet;

That, when we have found the king,

* (I'll this way, you that) he that first lights on him, holising the other.

• [Exeunt severally.]

SCENE H.

Storm continues. Enter Lear and Fool.

Lear. Blow wind, and crack your cheeks; rage, blow-!

*You cataracts, and b hurricanoes, spout

Till you have drencht e the steeples, d drown'd the cocks.

You fulph'rous and thought-executing fires,

Vaunt-couriers f to oak-cleaving thunder-bolts,
Singe my white head: and thou all-shaking thunder,
Strike flat the thick rotundity o'th' world,
Crack nature's mould, all h germins spill at once,

- Y So the qu's; the fo's and R. in which your pain that way, I'll this, be that first, &c. P. and all after, in (H. for) which you take that way, &c.
 - 2 So the qu's; all the rest winds.
 - * The qu's read your for you.
 - b The qu's read bircanios.
 - So the qu's; the rest our for the. .
 - d The fo's and R. read drown.
- E Vaunt couriers, i. e. fore-runners. P. The qu's read vaunt-currers; the fo's and R. vaunt-curriers.
 - f So the qu's; the rest of for to.
 - The fo's and R. read moulds.
- he All before T. read germains; which P. explains, all relations or kindred elements that compose man. T. explains germins, the seeds of matter, from germen.

That

That i make ingrateful man.

Fool. O nuncle, court holy-water in a dry house is better than this rain-water out o' door. Good nuncle, in, m and afk thy daughter's bleffing, here's a night n pities neither wise man nor fool.

Lear. Rumble thy belly full, spit fire, spout rain;
Nor rain, wind, thunder, fire, are my daughters.

I' tax not you, you elements, with unkindness,
I never gave you a kingdom, call'd you children;
You owe me no 'subscription; why then let fall
Your horrible pleasure: here I stand, your 'slave;
A poor, infirm, weak, and despis'd old man:
But yet I call you service ministers,
That have with two pernicious daughters join'd
Your high-engender'd w battles 'gainst a head
So old and white as this. Oh! oh! 'tis foul.
Fool. He that has a house to put's head in, has a good

- 1 The fo's and R. read makes.
- So the qu's, and Ist and ad fo's; the rest the for this.
- 1 P.'s samo and all after read rain-waters.

head-piece.

- = So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the rest omit and.
- Before pities P. inserts that; followed by the rest.
- So the qu's; the rest wife men nor fools.
- P The qu's read taske for tax.
- J. reads kingdoms, as no other edition.
- F P. and H. read submission.
- so the qu's; the rest omit why.
- E W. reads brave for flave.
- The fo's and R. read that will with two pernicious daughters join.
- The qu's read battell.
- The qu's read O'tis foule; the fo's, R. P. and H. O, ho! 'tis foul.



The cod-piece that will house,
Before the head has any,
The head and he shall lowse;
So beggars marry many.

The man that makes his toe,
What he his heart should make,
Shall have a corn cry, wee!

And turn his sleep to wake.

For there was never yet fair woman, but she made mouths in a glass.

S C E N E III.

To them enter Kent.

Lear. No, I will be the pattern of all patience,
I will fay nothing.

[Sitting down.

Kent. Who's there?

Fool. Marry, here's grace and a cod-piece, that's a wife man and a fool.

Kent. Alas, fir, a fit you here? Things that love night Love not fuch nights as these; the wrathful skies b Gally the very wanderers of the dark,

- y So the qu's; the rest that for the.
- Z So the qu's; the rest of for bave.
- * So the qu's; the rest are you here? This seems to be an alteration made for the ease of the actors, that he who acted Lear might not have the trouble of sitting down on the ground, and rising again: but if propriety of action take place, what can be more proper than Lear's seating himself, after his last speech?
- b All the editions read gallow; but the right word is gally, and fignifies to feare or frighten, used by the west-country people, according to Lye (v. add. to Jun.) where he explains it terrere; vex Anglis occid. ustatissima.

"The qu's read wanderer.

And

And d make them keep their caves. Since I was man, Such sheets of fire, such bursts of horrid thunder, Such groans of roaring wind and rain, I f never Remember to have heard. Man's nature cannot carry Th'affliction, nor the fear.

Lear. Let the great gods,

That keep this dreadful h pother o'er our heads,

Find out their enemies now. Tremble, thou wretch,

That haft within thee undivulged crimes,

Unwhipt of justice. Hide thee, thou bloody hand,

Thou i perjur'd, and thou simular h man of virtue,

That art incestuous. Caitiff, to pieces shake,

That under covert and convenient seeming,

Hast practis'd on man's life. Close pent-up guilts,

Rive your h concealing continents, and o cry

These dreadful summoners grace.—I am a man

More sinn'd against, p than sinning.

- d The qu's and 3d and 4th fo's read makes.
- Benzia d' iz d mapapunātai

Βροτίζ, Ίλικε δ' ἐκλάμπωσ: Στιροκίζ (. πυρο: Æschyl. Prom. vinctus, v. 1081.

- The qu's read nere for never.
- B The qu's, P. T. H. and W. read force for fear.
- h The reft q. reads powther; the 2d q. P. and H. thundering; the fo's and all the rest pudder, except J. who reads pother.
 - 1 So all before T. he and all after read perjure.
 - E So the qu's and P. the fo's and all the rest omit man.
 - 1 P. and all after read fbake to pieces; the qu's read in for to.
 - W. rather thinks the poet wrote, that under cover of convivial ferming,
- i.e. under cover of a frank, open, focial convertation.
 - The qu's read concealed centers.
 - So all before P. who, with all after, reads afk for cry.
 - P The qu's read their for than.



Kent. Alack, bare-headed?
Gracious, my lord, hard by here is a hovel,
Some friendship will it lend you 'gainst the tempest;
Repose you there, while I to this hard house,
(4 More hard than is the stone whereof 'tis rais'd,
Which even but now, demanding after r you,
Deny'd me to come in) return, and force
Their scanted courtesy.

Lear. My wits begin to turn.

Come on my boy. How dost, my boy? art cold?

I'm cold myself. Where is this straw, my fellow?

The art of our necessities is strange,

That can make wilde things precious. Come, your hovel:

Poor fool and knave, I've one w part wof my heart,

That's forry yet for thee.

Fool. He that has a little tyny wit,

With heigh-ho, the wind and the rain;

Must make content with his fortunes sit,

Though the rain it raineth every day.

- The fo's and R. read more barder than the flones, &c.
- The qu's read me for you.
- . The qu's read my wit begins, &c.
- T. W. and J. read the for this.
- " So all before P, he and all after vile.
- W P. alters part to thing; which gives occasion to H. and W. to read string.
 - * So the qu's; the rest in for of.
 - The qu's read that forrowes yet for thee.
 - Bo the qu's; the rest put and or an before a.
- After rain J. proposes to read in bis way, to make this second line rhime with the fourth.
 - The qu's read for for though.

Lear. c True, my good boy. Come, bring us to this hovel.

4 Fool. e This is a brave night to cool a curtezan.

I'll speak a prophecy f ere I go.

When priests are more in s word than matter,

When brewers marr their malt with water;

When nobles are their tailors' tutors h;

No hereticks i burn'd, but wenches' fuitors;

h Then comes the time who lives to see't

That going shall be us'd with feet.

When every case in law is right,
No squire in debt, 1 nor no poor knight;

When flanders do not live in tongues:

Nor cut-purses come not to throngs;

When usurers tell their gold i'th' field;

And bawds and whores do churches build:

Then shall the realm of Albion

Come to great confusion.

This prophecy Merlin shall make, for I " live before his time."

So the qu's; the rest true by, &c.

d This speech is not in the qu's.

e So all before P. who reads 'tis for this is; followed by the rest.

f Before ere P. inserts or; followed by T. and H. Here W. takes occation to say or ere I go is not English, and should be helped thus, I'll speak a prophety or two ere I go, &c.

E So the sit and ad fo's; the rest read words.

i.e. invent fashions for them. W.

¹ The disease to which wenches suitors are particularly expected, was called in Shakespeare's time the brenning or burning. J.

k In all editions before H, these two lines are not inserted till after confufon below; but being placed so, the sense is lost.

¹ W. and Jan read and for nor.

m So all before P. he and all after read and for nor.

[&]quot; So the 1st and 2d fo's; the rest infert do before live.



·S C E N E IV.

An apartment in Glo'ster's castle.

Enter Glo'ster and Edmund.

Glo. Alack, alack, Edmund, I like not this unnatural dealing; when I defired their leave that I might pity him, they took from me the use of mine own house; charg'd me on pain of p their q perpetual displeasure, neither to speak of him, entreat for him, r nor any way sustain him.

Edm. Most savage and unnatural!

Glo. Go to; fay you nothing. * There's a division we between the dukes, and a worse matter than that. I have receiv'd a letter this night—'tis dangerous to be spoken—I have lock'd the letter in my closet. These injuries the king now bears will be revenged home; there is part of a power already w footed; we must incline to the king; I will * seek him, and privily relieve him; go you, and maintain talk with the duke, that my charity be not of him perceived; if he ask for me, I am ill, and gone to bed. If I die for it, as no less is threaten'd me, the king my old master must be re-

- O In the fo's this is called fcena tertia; in R. Sc. IL.
- P So the qu's; the rest omit their.
- q The qu's omit perpetual.
- r So the qu'as the rest or for nor.
- R. omits and.
- So the qu's ; the rest there is division, &c.
- " The qu's read betwixt.
- The qu's read landed for foeted. .
- " So the qu's; the fo's and R. look bim; P. and the rest look for bim-

lieved.



ACT III. SCENE V.

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Keved. There 7 are strange things toward, Edmund; pray you, be careful. [Exit.

Edm. This courtefy, forbid thee, shall the duke Instantly know, and of that letter too.

This seems a fair deserving, and must 2 draw me.

This seems a fair deserving, and must z draw me That which my father loses; no less than all.

The younger rises, when the old b doth fall.

SCENE V.

Part of the heath, with a hovel.

Enter Lear, Kent, and Fool.

Kent. Here is the place, my lord; good my lord, enter.

The tyranny of 4 the open night's too rough

For nature to endure.

[Storm continuing.

- e Lear. Let me alone.
- Kent. Good my lord, enter f here.
- Lear. * Wilt break my heart?
- Kent. I'd rather break my own; good my lord, enter.
- Lear. Thou think'st 'tis much, that this h contentious storm
- The qu's read is some strange thing, &c. the fo's and R. is strange things.
- 3 The 2d q. reads draw to me,
- * The qu's read then for the.
- b The qu's read do for doth.
- The fo's call this scena quarta; R. Sc. III.
- P. omits the,
- e J. has these two following speeches twice over.
- f The qu's omit bere.
- 8 So all before T.'s duodecimo; who reads will't, i. e. will it; but wilt, where thou is understood, seems to be the true reading by the next speech. W. and J. follow T.
 - h The qu's read crulentions ftorme, &c.

G3

Invades



Invades us to the i skin; so 'tis to thee: But where the greater malady is fixt, The lesser is scarce felt. k Thou'dst shun a bear; But if thy flight lay toward the m raging sea, Thou'dst meet the bear i'th' mouth. When the mind's free The body's delicate; the tempest in my mind Doth from my fenses take all feeling else, . ⁿ Save what beats there. Filial ingratitude! Is it not, as this mouth should tear o this hand For lifting food to't? But I will punish phome-No. I will weep no more—— In fuch a night To sbut me out? --- Pour on, I will endure-In fuch a night as this? O Regan, Gonerill, Your old kind father, whose frank heart gave you all-O, that way, madness lies; let me shun that; No more of that.-

Kent. Good my lord, enter here.

Lear. Pr'ythee, go in thyself; seek thine own ease; This tempest will not give me leave to ponder On things would hurt me more—But I'll go in.

In boy, go first. [To the Fool.] You bouseless poverty—Nay, get thee in; I'll pray, and then I'll sleep—

[Fool goes,

¹ To the skin so: tis-fo's and R.'s 8vo.

The 2d q. reads thou wouldst, &c.

I The 4th f. R. and P. read light for lay.

m So the qu's; the rest roaring for raging.

[&]quot; The qu's read fave what bears their filial ingratitude, &c.

P The 3d and 4th fo's and R.'s 8vo read his for this.

P The qu's read fure for home.

This in italic is not in the qu's.

I All but the qu's omit yes.

F The qu's omit bere.

These two lines are not in the qu'e.

Poor naked wretches, wherefoe'er you are,
That bide the pelting of this pitiless a night!
How shall your houseless heads, and unsed sides,
Your loop'd and window'd raggedness desend you
From seasons such as these? O, I have ta'en
Too little care of this. Take physic, pomp;
Expose thyself to seel what wretches seel;
That thou may'st shake the superflux to them,
And shew the heavens more just.

* Edg. [within.] Fathom and half, fathom and half! Poor Tom.

Fool. Come not in here, nuncle, here's a spirit. Help me, help me.

[The Fool runs out from the hovel.

Kent. Give me thy hand: who's there?

Fool. 7 A spirit, a spirit; he says his name's poor Tom.

Kent. What art thou that dost grumble there i'th' straw? Come forth.

S C E N E VI.

Enter Edgar, disguised as a madman.

Edg. Away! the foul fiend follows me. Through the sharp hawthorn 2 blows the cold wind. 2 Humph, go to thy b cold bed and warm thee.

- So the qu's; the rest frorm for night.
- The fo's and R. read iop'd.
- This speech of Edgar is omitted in the qu's.
- The qu's have a spirit but once,
- The fo's and R. read blow the winds.
- The qu's omit bumph.
- h Ail but the qu's omit cold.



Lear. c Hast thou given all to thy d two daughters? and art thou come to this?

Edg. Who gives any thing to poor Tom? whom the foul fiend hath led through fire and o through flame, through f ford and whirlpool, o'er bog and quagmire; that hath laid knives under his pillow, and halters in his pew; fet ratsbane by his h pottage; made him proud of heart, to ride on a bay trotting horse over four inch'd bridges, to course his own shadow for a traitor.— i Bless thy five wits—Tom's a-cold—k O do, de, do, de, do, de—Bless thee from whirlwinds, I star-blasting, and taking; do poor Tom some charity, whom the foul fiend vexes. There could I have him now—and there—and m there again—n and there.

[Storm continues.

Lear. † What, o have his daughters brought him to this pass?——

Couldst thou fave nothing? q didst thou give 'em all?

- So the qu's; the rest did thou give, &c.
- d All but the qu's omit two.
- e The qu's omit through flame.
- f The fo's and R. read sword for ford.
- The qu's read whirli-poole. J. inserts through before whirlpool,
- h So the qu's; the rest porridge.
- The three last fo's and R. read arch'd for inch'd.
- 1 The fo's read bliffe for blefs.
- k The qu's omit O do, de, do, de, do, de.
- 1 The qu's read ftar-blufting.
- m The 4th f. and all after read bere for there.
- n The qu's omit and there.
- + The fo's, R. and P. omit what.
- The qu's omit have; the 1st, 2d, and 3d fo's has for have,
- P The 4th f. reads affe for pass.
- 9 The fo's and R. read wouldst for didst.

Fool.

Fool. Nay, he referv'd a blanket, else we had all been shatned.

Lear. Now all the plagues that in the pendulous air Hang fated o'er men's faults, ' light on thy daughters!

Kent. He hath no daughters, fir.

Lear. Death! traitor. Nothing could have subdued nature To such a lowness, but his unkind daughters.

Is it the fashion that discarded fathers Should have thus little mercy on their sless? Judicious punishment! 'twas this sless begot Those pelican daughters.

Edg. Pillicock fat on Pillicock hill, Halloo, halloo, loo, loo!

Fool. This cold night will turn us all to fools and madmen.

Edg. Take heed o'th' foul fiend. Obey thy parents. Keep thy word justly, Swear not. Commit not with man's fworn spouse. Set not thy weet heart on proud array. Tom's a-cold.

Lear. What hast thou been?

Edg. A ferving-man, proud in heart and mind; that curl'd my hair, w wore gloves in my cap, ferved the lust of my mistress' heart, and did the act of darkness with her; swore as many oaths as I spake words, and broke them in the sweet face

The qu's read fall for light.

The qu's read Pilicock fat on Pelicock's bill, a lo lo lo.

For word the qu's read words. The 1st f. word's justice; the other fo's word, justice; R. word, do justice.

[&]quot; The fo's, R. P. and T.'s 8vo read fweet-heart.

It was a custom to wear gloves in the hat, upon three different motives; either as the favour of a mistress; in honour of some other respected friend; or as a mark to be challenged by an adversary where a duel was depending.



face of heaven. 'One that slept in the contriving of lust, and wak'd to do it. Wine lov'd I 'deeply; dice dearly, and in woman out-paramour'd the Turk. False of heart, light of ear, bloody of hand; hog in sloth, fox in stealth, wolf in greediness, dog in madness, lion in prey. Let not the creaking of shoes, nor the ruslings of silks, betray thy poor heart to b women. Keep thy foot out of c brothel, thy hand out of c placket, thy pen from lender's c book, and defy the foul siend. Still through the hawthorn blows the cold wind: fays sum, mun, nonny, dolphin my boy, boy Sessey: let him trot by.

[Storm continues.

pending. And to this custom in all these three cases, has our author at disferent times alluded.

King RICHARD II.

His answer was he would unto the stews, And from the common'st creature pluck a glove And wear it as a savour.

King HENRY V.

Here, uncle Exeter, fill this glove with crownt, And give it to this fellow. Keep it, fellow, And wear it for an honour in thy cap.

And, again, in the same play.

K. Hen. Give me any gage of thine, and I will wear it in my bonnet; then if ever thou dar'ft acknowledge it, I will make it my quarrel.

Will. Here's my glove. ____ T.

- * So the qu's and fo's; the rest omit of.
- The fo's and R. read dearly for deeply.
- The 2d f. reads bloody band; the 3d and 4th and R. bloody banded.
- a So the qu's; which echoes the sense better than ruffling, the reading of all the rest.
 - b So the qu's; the rest woman.
 - So the qu's; the rest brotbels, plackets, books, for brotbel, placket, book.
 - ♣ The 3d and 4th fo's read thy for the.
 - e The qu's read bay no on uy, dolphin, my boy, my boy, cease, let him trot by.
 - f The 3d and 4th fo's read ay for by.

Lear.

Lear. ⁸ Why, thou wert better in ^h thy grave, than to answer with thy uncover'd body this extremity of the skies. Is man no more ⁱ but this? Consider him well. Thou ow'st the worm no silk, the beast no hide, the sheep no wool, the cat no persume. ^h Ha! here's three ¹ on's are sophisticated, thou art the thing itself; unaccommodated man is no more but such a poor, bare, forked animal as thou art. ^m Oss, off, you lendings; come, unbutton here.

[Tearing off his cloaths.

Fool. Pr'ythee, nuncle, be n content; o this is a naughty night to fwim in. Now a little fire in a p wide field were like an old lecher's heart, a small spark, and all the rest on's body cold. Look, here comes a walking fire.

Edg. This is the foul fiend Flibbertigibbet; he begins at curfew, and walks till the first cock. He gives the web and the pin, squints the eye, and makes the hair lip; mildews the white wheat, and hurts the poor creature of w the earth.

- s All but the qu's omit wby.
- h The fo's, R. P. and H. read a for thy, .
- 1 So the qu's; the rest than for but.
- F The qu's omit ba.
- I So the qu's, fo's, and R.; P. and the rest read of us for on's.
- The qu's read off, of you leadings, come on be true.
- B So the qu's ; the rest contented.
- . So the qu's; the rest 'tis for this is.
- P All editions read wild; but wide is better opposed to little.
- I The qu's read in body.
- F All but the qu's omit fiend,
- \$ The qu's read Siberdegibit.
- The fo's and R. read at first cock.
- " The qu's read be gins the web, the pinquenes (ad pinquener) the eye, and makes the bart lip.
 - The qu's and aft & omit the.

Saint



* Saint Withold footed thrice the " wold,
He met the night-mare, and her " name told,
Bid her alight, and her troth plight,
And arount thee, witch, " arount thee ".

Kent. How fares your grace?

S C E N E VII.

Enter Glo'ster with a torch.

Lear. What's he?

Kent. Who's there? what is't you feek?

Glo. What are you there? your names?

Edg. Poor Tom, that eats the swimming frog, the toad, the c tadpole; the d wall-newt, and the water-newt; that in the fury of his heart, when the foul fiend rages, eats cow-dung for sallads; swallows the old rat, and the ditch-

- * The qu's read Swithald footed thrice the olde anelthu night moore and ber wine fold hid her, O light and her troth plight and arint thee, with arint thee.
 - * The fo's, R. and P. read Switbold.
 - The fo's, R. and P. read old.
- 2 Ali the editions before W. real ni.e-fold, who alters it to name told, and gives the following explanation of this passage.

Saint Withold traverling the wold, or downs, met the night mare; who having told her name, he obliged her to alight from those persons whom she rides, and plight her troth to do no more mischies. This is taken from a story of him in his legend. Hence he was invoked as the patron skint against that distemper. And these verses were no other than a popular charm, or might stell against the Epialtes. W.

- 2 Arcynt thee, i. e. avaunt, be gone. Gloss.
- b After thee W. reads right.
- c The qu's read toade pold.
- d The qu's read wall-wort.
- The qu's and fo's omit newt; first supplied by R.
- 1 The 2d q. reads fruite for fury.

dog; drinks the green mantle of the standing pool; who is whipt from tything to tything, and stock-punish'd, and imprison'd: who hath shad three suits to his back, six shirts to his body;

Horse to ride, and weapon to wear;

But mice and rats, and such small he deer

Have been Tom's food for seven long year.

Beware my follower. Peace, i Smulkin, peace, thou siend.

Glo. What, hath your grace no better company?

Edg. The prince of darkness is a gentleman, k Modo he's call'd and k Mahu.

Glo. Our flesh and blood, my lord, is grown so vile, That it doth hate what gets it.

Edg. 1 Poor Tom's a-cold.

Glo. Go in with me; my duty cannot fuffer T' obey in all your daughters' hard commands; Though m their injunction be to bar my doors, And let this tyrannous night take hold upon you, Yet have I ventur'd to come feek you out, And bring you where both fire and food a is ready.

Lear. First, let me talk with this philosopher.——

What is the cause of thunder?

Kent. My good lord, take his offer: Go into th' house.

The fo's, R. and P. omit had.

h H. reads geer, and is followed by W. But deer in old language is a great word for wild animals. J.

i The qu's read Smulbug; T. W. and J. Smolkin.

³ J. reads Mobu for Mode, and Abu for Maku.

I So # before P. who omits poor; followed by the rest.

Before their the 3d and 4th fo's infert all.

[.] H. seads are for is.



Lear. I'll o talk a word with this p most learned Theban.

What is your study?

Edg. How to prevent the fiend, and to kill vermin.

Lear. Let 9 me ask you one word in private.

Kent. Importune him r to go, my lord; his wits begin to unfettle.

Glo. Canst thou blame him? [Storm continues. His daughters seek his death. Ah, that good Kent!—
He said it would be thus—poor banish'd man!
Thou say'st, the king grows mad; I'll tell thee, friend,
I am almost mad myself; I had a son,
Now out-law'd from my blood; he sought my life,
But lately, very late; I lov'd him, friend,
No father his son dearer. * True to tell thee,
The grief hath craz'd my wits. What a night's this!
I do beseech your grace.

Lear. O cry you mercy, ' fir.——Noble philosopher, your company.

Edg. Tom's a-cold.

Glo. In, fellow, " there, into th' hovel, keep thee warm.

Lear. Come let's in all.

Kent. This way, my lord.

Lear. With him;

I will keep still with my philosopher.

Kent. Good my lord, footh him; let him take the fellow.

- The 3d and 4th fo's read take for talk.
- P So the qu's; the rest fame for most.
- q So the qu's and 1st and 2d fo's; the rest us for me.
- so the qu's and H.; the rest insert once more before to.
- . The 2d q. reads truth for true.
- t The qu's omit fir.
- " So all before P. who omits there; followed by the reft.

Glo. Take him you on.

Kent. Sirrah, come " on; go along with us.

Lear. Come, good Athenian.

Clo. No words, no words, hush.

Edg. * Child Rowland to the dark I tower came.

His word was still, fy, fob, and fum, I fmell the blood of a British man.

[Excunt.

* The fables of such a turn as that from which these lines are quoted being originally taken from books of Spanish chivalry, it is probable the word from the Corlando, for which the translator ignorantly put Child Rowland: whereas Infante means a prince, one of the king's sons. H.

In the old times of chivalry, the noble youth who were candidates for knighthood, during the season of their probation were called Infans, Variets, Damaysels, Bacheliers. The most noble of the youth particularly Infans. Here a story is told, in some old ballad, of the samous hero and giant-killer Roland, before he was knighted, who is therefore called Infans; which the ballad-maker translated Child Roland. W.

This word is in some of our ballads. There is a song of Child Walter, and a lady. I.

By these notes it should seem that neither H. W. or J. had ever read Spencer, who in his Fairy Queen frequently makes use of child to signify a prince or young knight; and I hope he is not to be ranked among your ignoramus's or your ballad-makers. See Fairy Queen, Book V. Cant. xl. Stanza 8.

-But the fad fteele feiz'd not where it was hight

Nought fear'd the thilde his looks

I The qu's read towne for tower.

[₩] So all before P. who omits on; followed by the rest:



S C E N E VIII.

Gloster's castle.

z Enter Cornwall and Edmund.

Corn. I will have a my revenge, ere I depart bhis house.

Edm. How, my lord, I may be censur'd that nature thus gives way to loyalty, something sears me to think of.

Corn. I now perceive, it was not altogether your brother's evil disposition made him seek his death; but a e provoked spirit, set a-work by a reproveable badness in d himself.

Edm. How malicious is my fortune, that I must repent to be just. This is the letter e which he spoke of; which approves him an intelligent party to the advantages of France. Oh heavens! that this treason were f not, or not I the detector!

Corn. Go with me to the dutchefs.

Edm. If the matter of this paper be certain, you have mighty business in hand.

Corn. True or falle, it hath made thee earl of Glo'ster. Seek out where thy father is, that he may be ready for our apprehension.

- 2 Omitted by J. who makes nobody enter in this scene.
- * So the qu's, and oft and ad fo's; the rest omit my.
- b The qu's read the for his.
- This is H.'s emendation; all the editions befide read provoking merit;
 which B'. explains, a merit which being neglected by the father, was proposed to an extravegant act.
 - d H. reads him.
 - e The qu's omit which.
 - f The qu's omit not.

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ti3

Edm. If I find him comforting the king, it will stuff his sufficient more fully. [aside.]——I will persevere in my loyalty, though the conslict be fore between that and my blood.

Corn. I will lay trust upon thee; and thou shalt find a dearer father in my love.

[Exeunt.

LS CENE IX.

A chamber in a farm-house.

Enter Kent and Glo'ster:

Glo. Here is better than the open air; take it thankfully. I will piece out the comfort with what addition I can; I will not be long from you.

[Exit.

Kent. All the power of his wits i have given way to k his impatience. The gods 1 reward your kindness.

Enter Lear, Edgar, and Fool.

Edg. Trateretto calls me, and tells me, Nero is an angler in the lake of darkness. Pray, innocent, and beware the foul fiend.

- E The fo's and R. read dear for dearer:
- h This is called Scena Sexta in the fo's; in R. Sc. V.
- i So all before P. who alters it to bas; followed by the rest: but power may be taken here as a noun of multitude (all the power of his wits, signifying no more than all his wits) and consequently may be joined with a plural week.
 - k The qu's omit bis.
 - 1 The qu's read deserve for reward.
 - m So the three first fo's; the qu's Fretereto; the rest Fraterieto.
- n Upton is of opinion Shakespeare wrote Trajan instead of Nero. Critical Observations, p. 234.
 - The qu's omit and.

IIA KING LEAR.

Fool. Pr'ythee, nuncle, tell me, whether a mad-man P be a gentleman or a yeoman?

Lear. A king, a king.

9 Fool. No, he's a yeoman, that has a gentleman to his fon: for he's a r mad yeoman, that fees his fon a gentleman before him.

Lear. To have a thousand with red burning spits come hissing in upon them—

Edg. The foul fiend bites my back.

Fool. He's mad that trusts in the tameness of a wolf, " a horse's " health, a boy's love, or a whore's oath.

Lear. It shall be done, I will arraign them strait.

Come, sit thou here, most learned * justice;

Thou sapient sir, sit here-now, ye she foxes-

Edg. Y Look where she stands and glares. Wanton'st thou eyes,

At trial, madam.

Come o'er the 2 brook, Bessy, to me.

- P The 2d q. reads may be, &c.
- This speech is not in the qu's.
- The 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. omit mad.
- · So the id q.; the ist biszing; the rest bizzing.
- What follows in italic is not in the fo's or R.
- u P. alters this, the health of a horse, the love of a boy, or the oath of a whore; followed by the rest. But Shakespeare was not such a nice observer of uniformity of expression; the Fool's character does not require it; neither indeed does that of the most sensible, serious man, or the most accurate author.
 - W. fays, without doubt we should read heels, i. e. to stand behind him.
 - x T. alters this to justicer; followed by the after-editors.
- The qu's read Look where he stands and glares wantst thou, eyes at trial (1st q. trall) madam. T. who is the first that restored this speech from the qu's, altered be to she; and wanton's for wantest is a conjecture of Seyward. These two speeches of Edgar and the Fool are omitted by P. and H.
 - 2 All the editions read broom for brook. J. conjectures brook.

Fool.

Fool. Her boat hath a leak, and she must not speak, Why she dares not come over to thee.

Edg. The foul fiend haunts poor Tom in the voice of a nightingale. Hopdance cries in Tom's belly for two white berrings. Groak not, black angel, I have no food for thee.

b Kent. How do you, fir? Stand you not fo amaz'd.

Will you lie down and rest upon the cusbions?

Lear. I'll fee their trial 'first, bring a in 'the evidence's
Thou robed man of justice, take thy place;
And thou his yoke-fellow of equity,
Bench by his side. You are o'th' commission, sit you too,
'Edg. Let us deal justly.

Sleepeft, or wakest thou, jolly sheepherd?

Thy sheep be in the corn;

And for one blast of thy minikin mouth,

Thy sheep shall take no harm.

Purre, the cat, is grey.

Lear. Arraign her first; 'tis Gonerill. 8 I here take my oath before this honourable assembly, he she kick'd the poor king ber father.

Fool. Come hither, mistress; is your name Gonerill?

Lear. She cannot deny it.

Fool. Cry you mercy, I took you for a i joint-stool.

- " The qu's read berring.
- This speech is omitted by Pi and H.
- F. and H. omit firft.
- 4 So the qu's ; P. and the rest insert me before in.
- The qu's read their for the.
- f This speech is omitted by P. and H.
- & The remaining part of this speech is omitted by P. and H.
- h The rst q. omits fee.
- 1 The 1st q. reads joyne stoole.

N G

* Lear. And here's another, whose warpt looks proclaim
What I store her heart is made m of. Stop her there;
Arms, arms, sword, fire! —— * Corruption in the place?
False justicer, why hast thou let her scape?
Edg. Bless thy five wits.

LE

Kent. O pity! fir, where is the patience now That you so oft have boasted to n retain?

Edg. My tears begin to take his part so much,

They'll mar my counterfeiting.

Lear. The little dogs and all,

Tray, Blanch, and sweet-heart, see, they bark at me.

Edg. Tom will throw his head at them. Avaunt, you curs!

Be thy mouth or black or white,

Tooth that poisons if it bite;

Mastiff, grey-hound, mongril grim,

Hound or spaniel, brache or plym;

Pom will make thim weep and wail:

For, with throwing thus my head,

Dogs leap the hatch, and all are fled.

- * The two first lines in this speech are omitted in P. and H.
- I Perhaps Shakespeare wrote stuff instead of store.
- m The qu's read an.

.

- . H. reads corruption's.
- n The 3d and 4th fo's and R. read remain.
- O So the qu's; the rest they mar, &c.
- P So H. who explains it to be a lime-hound: quasi line-bound, says Min-shew, i. e. led always in a line, which woodmen, forresters, and huntsmen call, a lime for a hound. All other editions read hym for lym.
 - 9 So the qu's; the rest insert or before bobtail.
 - The three first fo's read tight for tike.
 - . The fo's read troudle for trundle.
- The qu's read them for him.

[Aside.

Do, de, de, w Seffey, come, march to wakes and fairs,

And market towns. Poor Tom, thy horn is dry.

Lear. Then let them anatomize Regan. See what breeds about her heart. Is there any cause in nature that x makes y these hard hearts?—You, sir, I entertain z for one of my hundred; only, I do not like the fashion of your a garments. You'll say, they are Persian b attire; but let them be chang'd.

Re-enter Glo'ster.

Kent. Now, good my lord, lie here c and rest awhile.

Lear. Make no noise, make no noise, draw the curtains.

So, so, so; we'll go to supper i'th' morning; • so, so, so, fo, fo.

f Fool. And I'll go to bed at noon.

Glo. Come hither, friend. Where is the king, my master? Kent. Here, sir; but trouble him not; his wits are gone. Glo. Good friend, I pr'ythee, take him in thy arms.

I have o'erheard a plot of death upon him.

There is a litter ready, lay him in't,

And drive toward Dover, friend, where thou shalt meet Both welcome and protection. Take up thy master.

- The qu's read loudla, doodla, come march, &c.
- The fo's and R. read fefe for Seffey.
- The fo's and R. read make.
- Y The qu's read this bardnefs.
- " The qu's read you again after entertains
- * The ad q. reads garment.
- Do the qu's; all the rest omit attire.
- E The qu's omit and rest.
- 4 So the qu's; the rest repeat fo but twice.
- These jo's are omitted in all but the qu's.
- f This speech is omitted in the qu's.
- 5 The qu's read towards.



If thou h should'st dally half an hour, his life, With thine, and all that offer to defend him, Stand in assured loss. Take up, take up, And follow me, that will to some provision Give thee quick conduct.

Kent. * Oppressed nature sleeps.

This rest might yet have balm'd thy broken 1 senses,

Which, if ** convenience will not allow,

Stand in hard cure. Come help to bear thy master;

Thou must not stay behind.

Glo. Come, come away.

[Execut, bearing off the king.

Manet Edgar.

Edg. When we our betters see bearing our woes, We scarcely think our miseries our soes.
Who alone suffers, " suffers most i'th' mind;
Leaving free things, and happy shows behind:
But then the mind much sufferance odoth o'erskip,
When grief hath mates, and bearing, fellowship.
How light and portable my pain seems now,
When that which makes me bend, makes the king bow;

- h J. reads should.
- i The qu's read take up to keep and follow, &c.
- What is in italic is omitted in the fo's, R. P. and H.

The qu's read oppressed, whereby the accent falls right to complete the verse, the hemistich before consisting of a trochee and an amphibrach; but T. W. and J. read oppress, whereby the verse is spoiled.

- 1 The qu's read finews. Senses is a conjecture of T.
- m So the qu's; T. reads conveniency to complete the verse, but convenience is a word of four syllables; so that the verse was complete before. Followed by W. and J.
 - " The ad q. has fuffers but once.
 - So the qu's; T. W. and J. does:

ì

He childed, as I father'd!—Tom, away;

Mark the high noises, and thyself bewray,

When salse opinion, whose wrong thoughts defile thee,

In thy just proof repeals, and reconciles thee.

What will, hap more to night; safe 'scape the king!

Lurk, hurk.——[Exit Edg.

SCENE X.

Glo'ster's castle.

Enter Cornwall, Regan, Gonerill, Edmund, and Servants.

Corn. Post speedily to my lord your husband, shew him this letter. The army of France is landed. Seek out the traitor Glo'ster.

Reg. Hang him instantly.

Gon. Pluck out his eyes.

Corn. Leave him to my displeasure. Edmund, keep you our sister company; the q revenges we are bound to take upon your traiterous father, are not sit for your beholding. Advise the duke, where you are going, to a most r sestinate preparation; we are bound to the like. Our posts shall be swift and s intelligent betwixt us. Farewel, dear sister. Farewel, my lord of Glosser.

P So the qu's; T. alters this to whose wrong thought defiles thee, I suppose to make it rhyme exactly with reconciles thee: followed by W. and J.

q The qu's read revenge.

The qu's read festmant; the Ist f, festivate.

³ The qu's read intelligence.



· Enter Steward.

- How now? where's the king?

Stew. My lord of Glo'fter hath convey'd him hence, Some five or fix and thirty of his knights, Hot 'questrists after him, met him at gate, Who with some other of the lord's dependants, Are gone with him u toward Dover, where they boast To have well-armed friends.

Corn. Get horses for your mistress.

Gon. Farewel, sweet lord, and sister. [Exeunt Gon and Edm.

Corn. Edmund, farewel. —— Go feek the traitor Glo'fter,

[To the fervants,

Pinion him like a thief, bring him before us; Though w well we may not pass upon his life Without the form of justice; yet our power Shall do a courtesy to our wrath, which men May blame, but not controul.

S C E N E XI.

Enter Glo'ster prisoner, and servants,

Who's there? the traitor?

Reg. Ingrateful fox! 'tis he.

Corn. Bind fast his corky arms.

Glo. What mean your graces? Good my friends, confider, You are my guests: do me no foul play, friends.

[!] The qu's read questrits; P. and H. questers.

[&]quot; The qu's read towards.

The qu's omit well.

Corn. Bind him, I fay.

[They bind him.

Reg. Hard, hard. O filthy traitor!

Clo. Unmerciful lady as you are! x I'm none.

Corn. To this chair bind him. Villain, thou shalt find— [Regan plucks his beard.

Glo. I By the kind Gods 'tis most ignobly done To pluck me by the beard.

Reg. So white, and fuch a traitor?

Glo. Naughty lady,

These hairs which thou dost ravish from my chin Will quicken and accuse thee; I am your host; With robbers' hands, my hospitable 2 favours You should not russe thus. What will you do?

Corn. Come, fir, what letters had you late from France?

Reg. Be 2 simple-answer'd, for we know the truth.

Corn. And what confederacy have you with the traitors

b Late footed in the kingdom?

Reg. To whose hands

F Have you fent the lunatick king? speak.

Glo. I have a letter guesfingly set down,

Which

^{*} The qu's read I'm true.

⁷ By the kind Gods is not here meant a general title given to all the gods, but this is intended as a particular appeal to those which were distinguished by the name of the Dii hospitales. H.

² H. W. and J. read favour. W. has the following note.

Favours.] It is nonsense to understand it of gifts, kindnesses, &c. We should reed favour, i. e. visinge. For they pluck'd him by the heard. W. Who understood it of kindnesses, &c.? Yet favours may stand for the silver hairs, the honours of old age, the ornament of that visinge.

^{*} The qu's, P. and T. read simple-answerer.

The ad q. reads lately. .

F The 1st q. the to's, and R. read you have, &c;



Which came from one that's of a neutral heart, And not from one oppos'd.

Corn. Cunning-

Reg. And false.

Corn. Where hast thou sent the king?

Glo. To Dover.

Reg. Wherefore to Dover?

Wast thou not charg'd, at peril-

Corn. Wherefore to Dover? Let him & first answer that.

Glo. I am ty'd to th' stake, and I must stand the course.

Reg. Wherefore to Dover, e fir?

Gb. Because I would not see thy cruel nails

Pluck out his poor old eyes; nor thy sierce sister

In his f anointed siesh stick boarish phangs.

The sea, with such a storm h as his bare head

In hell-black night endur'd, would have i buoy'd up,

And quench'd the k stellar sires;

Yet poor old heart he holpt the heav'ns to m rain.

If wolves had at thy gate n howl'd that stern time,

Thou shoulds have said, "" good porter, turn the key."

d So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the rest omit first.

So the qu's; all the rest omit sir.

f The 2d q. reads aurynted.

I The qu's read rash for slick.

h The 1st q. reads on his lowd head; the 2d of his lou'd head.

i For buoy'd the 1st q. reads bod; the 2d laid; W. boil'd.

^{*} So fl. the 2d q. 1st f. R. and P. read feeled; the rest fielled.

³ So the qu's; the fo's and R. bolpe; the rest belp'd.

m The qu's read rage for rain.

The qu's read beard that dearne time.

o T.'s duedccimo, W. and J. read go for good.

All cruels else P subscribe; but I shall see The winged vengeance overtake such children.

Corn. See't thou shalt never. Fellows, hold the chair, Upon I those eyes of thine I'll set my foot.

[Glo'ster is held down while Cornwall treads out one of his eyes.

Glo. He that will think to live 'till he be old, Give me fome help.——O cruel! O' ye Godsi

Reg. One fide will mock another; t'other too.

Corn. If you see vengeance-

Serv. Hold your hand, my lord.

I have ferv'd * you ever fince I was a child, But better fervice have I never done you, Than now to bid you hold.

Reg. How now, you dog?

Serv. If you did wear a beard upon your chin, [70 Corn. I'd shake it on this quarrel. What do you mean?

Corn. My villain! * [Draws.

Serv. Why then come on, and take the chance of anger.

w [Fight, in the scuffle Cornwall is wounded.

Reg. [to another fervant.] Give me thy fword. A peafant stand up thus?

* [She takes a fword and runs at him behind.

P The qu's, T. W. and J. read subscribed.

⁴ So the qu's ; the rest thefe for those.

[&]quot; So the qu's; the rest you for ye.

^{*} The sit q. omits you.

The qu's read draw and fight.

[&]quot; So the qu's; the rest nay for why.

This direction first put in by R.

³ So the qu's; J. comes behind and kills him; the rest only kills him.



Serv. Oh, I am slain-----My lord, I yet have you one eye left,

To fee fome mischief on him. Oh—— [Dies.

Corn. Lest it see more, prevent it. Out z vilde gelly:

Where is thy lustre now? [Treads out the other eye.

Glo. All dark and comfortles—Where's my son Edmund?

Edmund, a enkindle all the sparks of nature

To quit this horrid act.

Reg. Out! b treacherous villain,
Thou call'st on him that hates thee; it was he
That made the overture of thy treasons to us,
Who is too good to pity thee.

Glo. O my follies!

Then Edgar was abus'd. Kind Gods, forgive Me that, and prosper him!

Reg. Go thrust him out

At gates, and let him fmell his way to Dover. [Ex. with Glo.

How is't, my lord? how do you?

Corn., I have receiv'd a hurt. Follow me, lady—
Turn out that eyeles villain. Throw this slave

J So the qu's; the rest read you have, &c. omitting yet.

- 2 So all editions before P. who alters it to vile; followed by the reft; but vilde was a method of spelling the word in Shakespeare's time, as may be seen by the contemporary writers. The editors of Spencer have been exact in preserving the words as he spelt them; why should not the same exactness be observed in treating Shakespeare?
 - * The qu's read unbridle for enkindle.
 - b The qu's omit treacherous.
 - · H. reads at th' gates.
- d All the editions read look for do: but the could never ask how he look'd; the faw that.

Upon

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Upon the dunghill.—Regan, I bleed apace.
Untimely comes this hurt. Give me your arm.

[Exit Cornwall led by Regan.

* 1st Serv. I'll never care what wickedness I do, If this man come to good.

2d Serv. If she live long,
And in the end meet the old course of death,
Women will all turn monsters.

Ist Serv. Let's follow the old earl, and get the hedlam. To lead him where he would; his f roguifb madness.

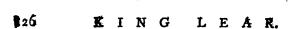
Allows itself to any thing.

2d Serv. Go thou; I'll fetch some flax and whites of eggs T'apply to's bleeding face. Now, heaven help him.

[Exeunt severally.

What follows in italic is only in the qu's, T. W. and J.

The ist q. omits reguish.



A C T IV.

S C E N E I. An open Country.

Enter Edgar.

Edgar.

YET better thus, and known to be contemn'd,
Than still contemn'd and flatter'd. To be worst,
The lowest, a and most b dejected thing of fortune,
Stands still in cesperance; lives not in sear.
The lamentable change is from the best;
The worst returns to laughter. d Welcome then,
Thou unsubstantial air, that I embrace!
The wretch, that thou hast blown unto the worst,
Owes nothing to thy blasts.

Enter Glo'ster led by an old man.

- But who comes here?
 My father f poorly led? World, world, O world!
 But that thy strange mutations make us s hate thee,
 Life would not yield to age.
 - a So all before P. who omits and; followed by the rest.
 - b The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's, and R. read dejett for dejetted.
 - c The qu's read experience for esperance.
- 4 What is in italic is omitted in the qu's.
 - e The qu's read who's here, &c.
 - f The rst q. reads parti, eyd for poorly led.
- The fense of this passage is, These changes, make us sick of life; else we should be loth to die; to resign life to the weight of years. All copies read hate but T. who has altered it to wait.

Old

Old Man. O my good lord,

I have been your tenant, and your father's tenant, These fourscore h years.

Glo. Away, get thee away. Good friend, be gone; Thy comforts can do me no good at all, Thee they may hurt.

Old Man. i Alack, fir, you cannot see your way.

Glo. I have no way, and therefore want no eyes:

I stumbled when I saw. Full oft 'tis seen,

Our k means secure us; and our mere defects

Prove our commodities. —— 1 Ah, dear fon Edgar,

The food of thy abused father's wrath;

Might I but live to see thee in my touch,

I'd say I had eyes again!

Old Man. How now? who's there?

Edg. [afide.] O Gods! who is't can fay, I am at the worst? I am worse than e'er I was.

Old Man. 'Tis poor mad Tom.

Edg. [aside.] And worse I may be yet; the worst is not, so long as we can say, this is the worst.

Old Man. Fellow, where go'ft?

Glo. Is it a beggar-man?

h The qu's omit years, and put a dash after fourscore.

i All but the qu's omit alack, fir.

k So all before P. If this reading be right, by means may perhaps be understood, mean things, (using the adjective substantively) i. e. adversa res. H. reads meanness for our means; P. and the rest, our mean secures us; which W. interprets, moderate, mediocre condition. J. proposes two readings, our means seduce us, i. e. our powers of body or fortune draw us into crils: or, our maims secure us, i. e. that hurt or deprivation which makes us desenceless, proves our safety.

I So the qu's; the rest ob.

m The qu's read as for fee



Old Man. Madman, and beggar too.

Glo. He has fome reason, else he could not beg.

I'th' last night storm I such a fellow saw;

Which made me think a man, a worm. My fon Came then into my mind; and yet my mind

Was then scarce friends with him. I have heard more since.

As flies n to o wanton boys, are we to th' Gods; They p kill us for their sport.

Edg. How should 9 this be?

Bad is the trade r that must play the fool to forrow,

• Ang'ring itself and others. [aside] — Bless thee, master. Glo. Is that the naked fellow?

Old Man. Ay, my lord.

Glo. 'Then pr'ythee get thee gone. If, for my fake, Thou wilt o'ertake us 'hence a mile or twain I'th way 'w toward Dover, do it for ancient love; And bring some covering for this naked soul,

x Whom I'll entreat to lead me.

Old Man, Alack, fir, he is mad.

Glo. 'Tis the time's plague, when madmen lead the blind.

Do as I bid, thee, or rather do thy pleasure;

Above the rest, be gone.

- n Before to the qu's read aré.
- o The qu's, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read th' before wanton.
- P The qu's read bit for kill.
- 9 The 2d f. read their for this.
- T So all before P. who omits that; followed by the rest.
- . H. and W. read anguishing for ang'ring.
- So the qu's; all the rest get thee away. If & &c.
- " The qu's read bere for bence.
- W The 2d q. reads to for toward.
- * The qu's read who; the fo's and R. which.
- " So all before P. who omits thee; followed by the rest.

Old Man. I'll bring him the best 'parrel that I have, Come on't what will.

Glo. 2 Sirrah, naked fellow.

Edg. Poor Tom's a-cold.—I cannot a daub it further.

[Aside.

Glo. Come hither, fellow.

Edg. [afide.] b And yet I must.——Bless thy sweet eyes, they bleed.

Gh. Know'st thou the way to Dover?

Edg. Both stile and gate, horse way and soot path. Poor Tom hath been scar'd out of his good wits. Bless thee, good man, from the soul siend. I Five fiends have been in poor

- H. reads firrab, you, naked fellow.
- * For daub (which W. interprets difguise) the qu's and P. read dance; H. dally, omitting it.
 - b The qu's omit and yet I must.
 - * The fo's and R. read good man's fon, from, &c.
 - What is in italic is omitted in the fo's and R.

Shakespeare has made Edgar, in his seigned distraction, frequently allude to a vile imposture of some English Jesuits, at that time much the subject of conversation; the history of it having been just then composed with great art and vigour of stile and composition by Dr. S. Harfenet, afterwards Archbishop of York, by order of the privy-council, in a work entitled, A declaration of egregious popish impostures, to withdraw his majesty's subjects from their allegiance, &c. under pretence of casting out devils, prastifed by Edmunds, alias Weston, a Jesuit, and divers Romish priests his wicked associates. Printed 1603. The imposture was in substance this, while the Spaniards were preparing their armada against England, the Jesuits were here busy to promote it, by making converts; one method they employed was to dispos-Sels pretended demoniacs, by which artifice they made several hundred converts amongst the common people. The principal scene of this farce was hid in the family of one Mr. Edmund Peckham, a Roman Catholic, where Marwood, a fervant of Anthony Babington's, (who was afterwards executed for treason) Trayford, an attendant upon Mr. Peckham, and Sarab and Prifused Williams, and Anne Smith, three chambermaids in that family were supposed



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poor Tom at once; • of lust, as Obidicut; f Hobbididence prince of dumbness; Mahu, of stealing; & Modo, of murder; Flibbertigibbet of i mobbing and k mowing; who since possesses chamber-maids and waiting-women. So, bless thee, master.

Glò. Here, take this purse, thou whom the heaven's plagues. Have humbled to all strokes. That I am wretched, Makes thee the happier. Heavens deal so still!

Let the superstuous, m and lust-dieted man,
That braves your ordinance, that will not see

Because he does not feel, seel your power quickly:

fupposed to be possessed with devils, and came into the priest's hands for cure. But the discipline of the patients was so long and severe, and the priests so elate and careless with their success, that the plot was discovered on the confession of the parties concerned, and the contrivers of it deservedly punished. The sive devils here mentioned, are the names of sive of those who were to ast in this farce upon the chambermaids and waiting-women; and they are generally so ridiculously nick-named, that Harsenet has one chapter on the strange names of their devils; lest, says he, meeting them otherwise by chance, you mistake them for the names of tapsters and jugglers. W. The substance of this note is in T.'s edition.

- P. omits of luft, as Obidicut.
- f So the qu's; the rest Hobbididen.
- 8 So the qu's ; the rest Moba.
- h The qu's read Stiberdigebit.
- 1 The qu's read mobin; P. moping; the rest mopping.
- It The qu's read Mobing, printed as a proper name of one of the fiends, and retained as such by P. (and spelt Mowing) on account of which he excluded Obidicut, as the number five is complete without it. But onobbing seems to allude to the mobs which gathered to see the possesse people; and mowing, i. e. making mouths, to the distortions of their faces when the pretended sit was upon them.
 - 1 All but the qu's omit fo, bless thee, good master.
 - m R. reads and the luft-dieted, &c.
 - De So H. and W.; the qu's read flands; the fo's flaves.

So distribution should oundo excess,

And each man have enough. Do'st thou know Dover?

Edg. Ay, master.

Glo. There is a cliff whose high and bending head Looks p fearfully q on the confined deep;
Bring me but to the very brim of it,
And I'll repair the misery thou dost bear,
With something rich about me. From that place
I shall no r leading need.

Edg. Give me thy arm, Poor Tom shall lead thee.

[Excunt.

SCENE II.

The duke of Albany' palace.

Enter Goneril and Edmund.

Gon. Welcome, my lord; I marvel, our mild husband Not met us on the way.

Enter Steward.

Now, where's your master?

Stew. Madam, within; but never man so chang'd. I told him of the army that was landed; He smil'd at it. I told him, you were coming, His answer was, the worse. Of Glo'ster's treachery, And of the loyal service of his son,

[•] The qu's read under for undo.

P The qu's read firmly for fearfully.

The qu's and fo's read in for on.

The two last fo's and R. and T.'s 8vo read lending for leading.



When I inform'd him, then he call'd me sot; And told me, I had turn'd the wrong side out.

• What most he should dislike, seems pleasant to him; What like, offensive.

Gon. Then thou shalt go no further. [To Edmund. It is the cowish 'terror of his spirit,
That dares not undertake; he'll not feel wrongs,
Which tie him to an answer. "Our wishes on the way
May prove effects. Back, "Edmund, to my brother;
Hasten his musters, and conduct his powers.

I must change "arms at home, and give the distaff'
Into my husband's hands. This trusty servant
Shall pass between us; "Y ere long you are like to hear,
If you dare venture in your own behalf,

A mistress's 2 command. Wear this; [2 gives him a ring] spare speech;

Decline your head. This kifs, if it durst speak, Would stretch thy spirits up into the air.

Conceive, and b fare thee well.

Edm. Yours in the ranks of death.

Gon. My most dear Glo'fter!

[Exit Edmund.

- The qu's read what be foould most desire.
- t The 2d q. reads curre for terror.
- " H. reads that our wishes on th' way may prove effects, back to my brother, &c.
 - W The 1st q. reads Edgar for Edmund.
 - The fo's and R. read names for arms.
 - y So all before P. who reads you ere long shall bear; followed by the est.
 - 2 The 2d q. reads coward for command.
 - This direction added by H.
 - The ist q. reads far you well; the ad faryewell.

Oh, the d difference of man, and man!
 To thee a woman's fervices are due;
 My fool usurps my body.

Stew. Madam, here comes my lord. [8 Exit Steward.

Enter Albany.

Gon. I have been worth the h whistle. Alb. Oh, Gonerill,

You are not worth the dust, which the i rude wind Blows in your face.—k I fear your disposition: That nature, which contemns i its origin, Cannot be border'd certain in itself; She that herself will m silver, and dis-branch, From her material sap, perforce must wither, And come to deadly use.

- This line is not in the qu's.
- 4 So all before P. who inferts frange after the; followed by the rest.
- The 2d q. omits a.
- f The 1st q. reads a fool usurps my bed; the ad my foot usurps my bead.
- So the qu's; the rest omit this direction.
- h The 1st q. reads whiftling.
- The 1d q. omits rude.
- What follows in italic is omitted in the fo's and R.
- I The ist q. reads itb; the ad it for its.
- P. reads shiver.
- * T. H. and J. read maternal for material; to support which latter reading, in the usual sense of the word, W. has a long note; but after all confesses that material may signify maternal; and quotes the title of an old Eaglish book to prove that material has been used in that sense; the title is as follows, Syr John Froissart's chronicle translated out of the Frenche into our material English tongue by John Bouchier, printed 1525. But a few words will determine the reading to be material in the usual sense; for the force of Albany's argument to prove that a branch torn from a tree must infallibly wither and die, lies in this, that it is separated from a communication with that which supplies it with the very identical matter by which it (the branch) lives, and of which it is composed.



Gon. No more, o the text is foolish.

Alb. Wisdom and goodness to the vile seem vile,

Filths savour but themselves. What have you done?

Tygers, not daughters, what have you perform'd?

A father, and a gracious aged man,

Whose reverence even the head-lugg'd bear would lick,
Most barbarous, most degenerate have you madded.

Could my good brother suffer you to do it,

A man, a prince by him so benefited?

If that the heav'ns do not their visible spirits

Send quickly down to tame these vile offences,

"Twill come, " humanity must perforce prey on Itself, like monsters of the deep.

Gon. Milk-liver'd man!

That bear'st a cheek for blows, a head for wrongs; Who hast not in thy brows an eye * discerning Thine honour from the suffering; ' that not know'st, Fools do * those villains pity, who are punish'd Ere they have done their mischief, Where's thy drum? France spreads his banners in our noiseless land,

- O So the qu's; P. and the editors after him, omitting the text, read oning this foolife.
 - P P. and H. omit this line.
 - 4 All but the qu's omit this line.
 - The 2d q. omits even.
 - . The 2d q. reads benefisted.
 - ! For these the 1st q. reads this; the rest the.
 - " In the qu's it will come; omitted by the rest.
 - W The 2d q reads bumanly.
 - The qu's read deserving.
 - 7 The following in italic is omitted in the fo's, R. and P.
 - ? So the qu's and H.; the rest these for those.

With plumed below thy a state begins to threat; Whilft thou, a moral fool, sit'st still, and cry'st, Alack! why does be so?

Alb. See thyself, devil:

Proper deformity b feems not in the fiend so horrid as in woman.

Gon. O vain fool!

* Alb. Thou changed, and * felf-cover'd thing, for shame,
Be-monster not thy feature. Were't my sitness
To let these hands obey a my blood,
They are ast enough to dislocate and tear
Thy sless and bones.——Howe'er thou art a siend,
A woman's shape doth shield thee.——
Gon. Marry, your manbood f now.——

Enter a Messenger.

8 Alb. What news?

Mess. Oh, my good lord, the duke of Cornwall's dead, Slain by his servant, going to put out The other eye of Glo'ster.

Alb. Glo'fter's eyes?

Mess. A servant, that he bred, hthrill'd with remorse, Oppos'd against the act, bending his sword

- The 1st q. reads thy flate begins thereat; the 2d thy flater begins threats; T. and all after, thy (H. the) flayer begins his threats.
 - b The ist q. reads shews for seems.
 - The fo's, R. P. and H. omit what is in italic.
 - * So the qu's and J.; T. and W. read felf-converted.
 - 4 T. and W. read my [boiling] blood.
 - * The qu's read diflecate.
 - f The ist q. reads mew for now.
 - # All but the qu's omit this speech.
 - h The qu's read thrald for thrill'd.



To his great master; who, i thereat enraged, Flew on him, and amongst them fell'd him dead, But not without that harmful stroke, which since Hath pluck'd him after.

Alb. This shews you are above, k You! justices, that these our nether crimes So speedily can 'venge. But O poor Glo'ster! Lost he his other eye?

Mess. Both, both, my lord.——
This letter, madam, craves a speedy answer;
'Tis from your sister.

Gon. [afide.] One way, I like this well; But being widow, and my Glosfer with her, May all the building m in my fancy pluck Upon my hateful life. Another way,

The news is not for tart. I'll read, and answer. [Exit

Alb. Where was his fon, when they did take his eyes?

Mess. Come with my lady hither. Alb. He is not here.

Meff. No, my good lord, I met him back again.

Alb. Knows he the wickedness?

Meff. Ay, my good lord, 'twas he inform'd against him, And quit the house on purpose that their punishment Might have the freer course.

¹ The 1st f. reads threat-enrag'd.

k The 2d q. reads your.

I The 1st q. reads justifers.

m The qu's read on for in.

The qu's read tooke for tart.

P So the qu's and two first fo's; the rest of for on.

Alb. P Glo'fter, I live

[Aside.

To thank thee for the love thou shew'dst the king, And to revenge thine eyes. Come hither, friend, Tell me what more thou knowest.

[Exeunt.

ISCENE III. Dover.

Enter Kent and a Gentleman.

Kent. 2 Why the king of France is so suddenly gone back. Know you the reason?

* Gent. Something he left imperfect in the state,
Which since his coming forth is thought of, which
Imports to the kingdom so much fear and danger,
That his personal return was most required and necessary.

Kent. " Who hath he left behind him general?

Gent. The " mareschal of France, monsieur * le Far.

Kent. Did your letter pierce the queen to any demonstration of grief?

Gent. Ay, fir, she z took them, read them in my prefence,

- J. marks this speech to be spoken aside; but gives not the reason, which is because it was not proper the messenger should know his intention of revenging the ill usage of Glo'ster.
 - This whole scene is omitted in the fo's and R.
- so the qu's and J.; P. and the rest read the king of France so suddenly gone back, &c.
 - . This speech is printed prose-wise in the qu's.
 - P. omits to and personal; followed by the rest, except J.
- " T.'s duodecimo, W. and J. read whom for who; but who is frequently used as the accusative case, as well as whom.
 - The qu's read marfhal.
 - * The qu's read la Far.
 - y The qu's and P. read I fay; T. H. and W. I, fir.
 - 3 So the qu's; P. and all after took 'em, read 'em.



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And now and then an ample tear trill'd down Her delicate cheek; it feem'd, she was a queen Over her passion, a who, most rebel-like, Sought to be king o'er her.

Kent. O, then it mov'd her.

Gent. b Not to a rage. Patience and forrow c stroved Who should express her goodliest; you have seen Sun shine and rain at once; — ber smiles and tears Were like a structure May. Those shappy h smilets, That play'd on her ripe lip, seem'd not to know What guests were in her eyes; which parted thence As pearls from diamonds dropt. — In brief, Sorrow would be a rarity most belov'd, If all could so become it.

Kent. Made the no verbal i question?

Gent. k Faith, once or twice the heav'd the name of father

Pantingly forth, as if it prest her heart.

- a So the qu's; P. alters who to which; followed by all after: but here passion is personised as a rebel; and who more strongly marks the personistication. Altering in this manner is in effect turning poetry into prose.
 - b So the qu's and J.; the rest but not to rage, &c.
 - c The qu's read streme for strove.
 - d P. alters who to which; followed by all after. See above, note a.
 - e P. and H. omit what is in italic.
 - f The qu's read better way. The emendation is W.'s.
 - 8 P.'s duodecimo reads bappiest; which error is followed by all but H.
- h So the qu's, a diminutive of Shakespeare's coining, which not only serves to vary the expression from smiles, in the verse before, but is in this place a great beauty; for as the smiles are to play, he personifies them by infants, calling them smilets, or young smi'es, that they might seem the better adapted to the office he engages them in: and the idea that was formed in the poet's mind, might put him in the humour of playing with the word, and producing from it that pretty one, smilets. P. and all after read smiles.
 - 1 For question, H. reads quests; W. quest, i.e. complaint, from questus.
 - k So the qu's; P. omits faith; the rest yes for faith,

Cry'd, fisters! fisters!——1 shame of ladies! sisters!

Keut! father! sisters! What "i'th' storm? i'th' night?

Let pity " not " believe it!—— " There she shook

The holy water from her heavenly eyes;

And clamour moisten'd her; then away she started

To deal with grief alone.

Kent. —— It is the stars,
The stars above us govern our conditions:
Else one I felf mate and mate could not beget
Such different issues. I You spoke not with her since?

Gent. No.

Kent. Was this before the king return'd?

Gent. No. fince.

Kent. * Well, fir; the poor distressed Lear's * i'th' town, Who sometimes, in his better tune, remembers What we are come about, and by no means Will yield to see his daughter.

Gent. Why, good sir?

Kent. A fovereign shame so 2 elbows him: his 2 own unkindness,

- ! This in italic is omitted by P. and H.
- P. and H. read i'th' ftorm of night?
- " So the qu's, which P. alters to ne'er; followed by the rest.
- The 1st q. reads not be beleeft, &c.; the ad not be beleev'd, &c.
- P. reads then for there.
- Q P. and H. omit and clamour moisten'd ber.
- " So the qu's and J.; the rest clameur-motion'd, omitting her.
- P. and H. read and then retir'd to deal, &c.
- * P. and H. omit it is the stars.
- The 1st q. reads felf mate and make.
- So the qu's; P. and all after spoke you with her since?
- F P. and H. omit well, fir.
- Y So the qu's; P. and all after in town.
- So the qu's; P. alters elbows to bows; followed by the rest.
- 2 So the qu's; P. omits own; followed by the rest.

That



That stript her from his benediction, turn'd her
To foreign casualties, gave her dear rights
To his dog-hearted daughters: these things sting
• His mind so venemously, that burning shame
Detains him from cordelia.

Gent. Alack, poor gentleman!

1

Kent. Of Albany's and Cornwall's pow'rs you heard not?

Gent. 'Tis fo, they are a foot.

Kent. Well, fir: I'll bring you to our master Lear,
And leave you to attend him. Some dear cause
Will in concealment wrap me up awhile:
When I am known aright, you shall not grieve
Lending me this acquaintance. d I pray you go
Along with me.

S C E N E IV. A Camp.

Enter Cordelia, Physician, and Soldiers.

Cor. Alack, 'tis he; why, he was met even now As mad as the e vext sea, singing aloud, Crown'd with rank f fumiterr, and furrow weeds,

- b So the qu's and J.; instead of his mind, P. and the rest read him.
- c So the qu's and J.; P. and the rest insert bis before Cordelia.
- 4 So the qu's; P. and the rest pray, along with me.
- e The qu's read vent for vext.
- f The qu's read femiter; the fo's, R. and P. femitar; H. fumitory, which is only another name for fumiterr; Chaucer has femeterre to lignify the fame weed, (see the glossary in Urry's Chaucer) which very nearly agrees with the spelling of the qu's. Lat. fumaria. Miller.

With burdocks, hemlock, hemlock, hemlock, hemlock, hemlock, hemlock, hemlock, cuckow flowers, Darnel, and all the idle weeds that grow In our fuffaining corn. A century fend forth; Search every acre in the high-grown field, And bring him to our eye. What can man's wisdom In the restoring his bereaved sense? He that helps him, take all my outward worth.

Phy. There m are means, madam.
Our foster nurse of nature is repose,
The which he lacks; that to provoke in him,
Are many simples operative; whose power
Will close the eye of anguish.

Cor. All blest secrets,
All you unpublish'd virtues of the earth,
Spring with my tears; be aidant and n remediate
In the good man's o distress! Seek, seek for him,
Lest his ungovern'd rage dissolve the life,
That wants the means to lead it.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. News, madam:
The British pow'rs are marching hitherward.

- 8 The qu's read bor-docks; the fo's, R. P. T. and W. bardocks; but Heath says he never heard of such a plant. It is not to be found in Miller. Burdock frequently grows among corn, and is most likely to be what Shake-speare means.
 - h J. reads nettle.
- I The qu's read a century is fent forth; P. T. H. and W. fend forth a sent'ry. J. spells the word fent'ry.
 - k After wisdom the 2d q. reads do.
 - I The qu's read can belp bim.
 - The fo's and qu's read is for are.
 - a J. reads remediant, as no other edition.
 - Tor diftress, the three first fo's read defires; the 4th and R. defire.



Cor. 'Tis known before. Our preparation stands In expectation of them. O dear father, It is thy business that I go about; Therefore great France

My mourning and p important tears hath pitied.

No blown ambition doth our arms q incite,
But love, dear love, and our ag'd father's r right:

Soon may I hear, and see him.

• S C E N E V. Regan's Palace.

Enter Regan and Steward.

Reg. But are my brother's powers set forth? Stew. Ay, madam.

Reg. Himself in person there?

Stew. 1 Madam, with much ado.

Your fister is the better foldier.

Reg. Lord Edmund spake not with your u lord at home? Stew. No, madam.

Reg. What might import my fifter's letter to him? Stew. I know not, lady.

Reg. Faith, he is posted hence on serious matter.

- P Important, as in other places in this author, for importunate. J. The fo's and R. read importun'd.
 - 9 The 1st q. reads in fight; the 2d insite.
 - The 1st and 2d fo's read rite.
 - . The fo's call this feena quarta.
 - * So all before P. who omits madam; followed by the rest.
- " So the fo's and R.; the qu's and the rest read lady; and J. says lady is the better reading: but why? The second scene of this ast, to which this passage most probably refers, will clear this matter up.

It was great ignorance, Glo'sler's eyes being out,
To let him live; where he arrives, he moves
All hearts against us. w Edmund, I think, is gone,
In pity of his misery, to dispatch
His nighted life; moreover, to descry
The strength * o'th' enemy.

Stew. I must needs after him, madam, with my r letter.

Reg. Our troops set forth to morrow; stay with us;

The ways are dangerous.

Stew. I may not, madam;

My lady charg'd my duty in this business.

Reg. Why should she write to Edmund? might not you Transport her purposes by word? 2 Belike,

Something—I know not what—I'll love thee much— Let me unfeal the letter.

Stew. Madam, I had rather-

Reg. I know your lady does not love her husband; I'm sure of that; and at her late being here,
She gave b strange coeiliads, and most speaking looks
To noble Edmund. I know you are of her bosom.

Stew. I, madam?

Reg. I speak in understanding; 4 y'are; I know't:

Therefore,

The qu's read and now I think is gone.

The ist q. reads at'b army; the ad of the army.

The qu's read letters.

² P. omits belike; H. reads by word of mouth.

[&]quot; The fo's and R. read some things.

W. omits firange.

The qu's read aliads; the rift f. Eliads; the other fo's Iliads. Ocliads, glances; Fr. oillades. The emendation is R.'s.

⁴ So the fo's; R.'s octavo ym're; all after you are; the qu's read for I barn's.



Therefore, I do advise you, take this e note.

My lord is dead; Edmund and I have talk'd;

And more convenient is he for my hand,

Than for your lady's. You may gather more.

If you do find him, pray you, give him this;

And when your mistress hears thus much from you,

I pray, desire her call her wisdom to her. f So farewel.

If you do chance to hear of that blind traitor,

Preferment falls on him that cuts him off.

Stew. Would I could meet 5 him, madam, I h would shew What 1 party I do follow.

Reg. Fare thee well.

LSCENE VI.

The country round Dover.

Enter Glo'ster, and Edgar as a peasant.

Glo. When shall I we come to th' top of that same hill?

Edg. You do climb m up it now. Look, how we labour.

Glo. Methinks, the ground is even.

Edg. Horrible steep. Hark, do you hear the sea? Glo. No, truly a.

- of J. fays that note means in this place not a letter but a remark: but the words give bim this a little below explain it to be a letter.
 - f H. omits so farewell; the fo's and R. read so fare you well.
 - I The rft f. omits bim.
 - h So the qu's; the rest should for would.
 - I The qu's read hady for party.
 - * The fo's call this scena quinta.
 - 1 So the qu's; the rest I for we.
 - = The qu's read it up.
 - After truly H. reads not.



ACT IV. SCENE VI.

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Edg. Why then your other senses grow imperfect By your eyes anguish.

Glo. So may it be, indeed.

Methinks, thy voice is alter'd; and thou speak's

• With better phrase and matter than thou didst.

Edg. You're much deceiv'd: in nothing am I chang'd, But in my garments.

Glo. P Methinks, you're better spoken.

Edg. Come on, fir; here's the place. Stand still.—How fearful

And dizzy 'tis to cast one's eyes so low!

The crows and choughs, that wing the midway air,
Shew scarce so gross as beetles. Half way down
Hangs one that gathers samphire; dreadful trade!

Methinks, he seems no bigger than his head.

The sisher-men, that walk upon the 9 beach,
Appear like mice; and yond tall anchoring bark,
Diminish'd to her cock; her cock, r a buoy
Almost too small for sight. The murmuring surge,
That on the unnumbred idle pebbles chases,
Cannot be heard fo high. I'll look no more,
Lest my brain turn, and the desicient sight
Topple down headlong.

Gb. Set me where you stand.

Edg. Give me your hand. You are now within a foot

o So the qu's; the rest in for with.

P So all before P. who reads fure for methinks; followed by the rest.

The 2d q. reads beake.

The ist q. reads a boui; the 2d above.

The 1st q. reads peeble; the 2d peebles; the fo's and R. pebble.

The 2d q reads chafe.

B The qu's read it is fo high I'll look, &c.



Of th'extreme verge; for all w beneath the moon Would I not léap x upright.

Glo. Let go my hand.

Here, friend, 's another purfe, in it a jewel Well worth a poor man's taking. Fairies and Gods Profper it with thee! Go thou further off; Bid me farewel, and let me hear thee going.

Edg. Now fare y you well, good fir.

[Seems to go.

Glo. With all my heart.

Edg. 2 Why I do trifle thus with his 4 despair 4 Is done to cure it.

Glo. O you mighty Gods!

b He kneels.

This world I do renounce; and in your fights
Shake patiently my great affliction off:

If I could bear it longer, and not fall
To quarrel with your great opposeless wills,
My 's fnuff and loathed part of nature should
Burn itself out. If Edgar live, O bless d him!

Now, fellow, fare thee well.

[He leaps and falls along.

Edg. Gone, fir?—farewel.—

And

w So all before P. who reads below for beneath; followed by the rest.

^{*} H. W. and J. read outright. See Heath in loc.

y So the qu's; the rest ye for you.

² So the qu's, 1st and 2d fo's, and H.; the rest do I.

a So the 1st q. and 1st and 2d fo's, and H.; the rest despair? 'Tis, &c. but the 2d q. has no mark of interrogation after despair, nor the 3d and 4th fo's.

b So the qu's.

c The Ist q. reads fourff.

d The qu's omit lim.

e So the qu's and 1ft f. but without an interrogation; the rest good fir, furewel.



ACT IV. SCENE VI.

147

And yet I know not how conceit f may rob
The treasury of life, when life itself
Yields to the thest. Had he been where he thought,
By this, had thought been past.—Alive or dead?

Hoa, you, sir! friend! hear you, sir? speak!
Thus might he pass indeed—yet he revives.—
What are you, sir?

Glo. Away, and let me die.

Edg. Hadst thou been aught but i goss'mer, feathers]

So many fathom down precipitating,

Thou'dst shiver'd like an egg; but thou dost breathe,

Hast heavy substance. Bleed'st not? speak; art sound?

Ten masts mat each make not the altitude,

Which thou hast perpendicularly fell.

Thy life's a miracle; speak yet again.

Glo. But have I fall'n or no?

f The 1st q. reads my for may.

⁸ The three last fo's and R. read treasure.

b So the fo's, R. P. and H. except that all of these beside the rst s. read bere for bear: the qu's read ho you sir, heare you sir, speak: T. and the rest boa, you, hear you, friend! sir! speak!

¹ The white and cobweb-like exhalations that fly about in hot funny weather. See Grey in loc. But these are not exhalations, but spun by a small spider.

Before air the three last fo's and R. insert and.

I The qu's and 1st and 2d f. and J. read bleed'ft not, speak'ft, art found.

m So all before R. who reads at least; P. H. and W. read attacht; J. conjectures on end; and we might offer another conjecture, a-firetch; but the old reading is intelligible enough, and means, each mast placed at the end of the other.

A So all before R. he and all after read fall n.



Edg. From the dread o summit of this chalky p borne. Look up a-height; the q shrill-gorg'd lark so far Cannot be seen or heard. Do but look up.

Glo. Alack, I have no eyes.

Is wretchedness deprived that benefit,
To end itself by death? 'Twas yet some comfort,
When misery could beguile the tyrant's rage,
And frustrate his proud will.

Edg. Give me your arm.

"Up, so-how is't? feel you your legs? you stand.

Glo. Too well, too well.

Edg. This is above all strangeness.

Upon the crown o'th' cliff, what thing was that,
Which parted from you?

Glo. A poor unfortunate beggar.

Edg. As I stood here below, 'methought his eyes' Were two full moons; he had a thousand noses, Horns "welk'd and wav'd like the "enridged sea: It was some siend. Therefore, thou happy father, Think that the "clearest Gods, who "make them honours Of men's impossibilities, have preserv'd thee.

- O The qu's read fummons; the 1st f. fomnet.
- P So the qu's and H; the rest bourn, which signifies a brook; but borne is a limit, or boundary.
 - The three last fo's and R. read shrill-gor'd.
 - The qu's read up, fo, bow feel you your legs? &c.
 - * The ift q. reads bagger.
 - t The ist q. reads methoughts.
- " i. e. twifted. W. The 1st and 2d fo's read wealk'd; the 3d and 4th, and R. walk'd; H. whelk'd. See Jun. in voce Welken.
 - W The fo's and R. read enraged fea.
- * P. reads dearest, as in no other edition. Clearest, i. e. most righteous. T.
 - 'y The qu's read made their bonours.



· ACT IV. SCENE VII.

149

Glo. I do remember now. Henceforth I'll bear Affliction, till it do cry out itself,

Enough, enough, and die. That thing you speak of,

I took it for a man; z often would it say,

The siend, the siend. He led me to that place.

Edg. Bear free and patient thoughts.

S C E N E VII.

Enter Lear, drest madly with flowers.

But who comes here?

The a fafer fense will ne'er accommodate

His master thus.

Lear. No, they cannot touch me for b coining; I am the king himself.

Edg. O thou side-piercing sight!

Lear. Nature's above art in that respect. There's your press-money. That sellow handles his bow like a c crow-keeper. Draw me a clothier's yard. Look, look, a mouse! Peace, peace;—this d piece of toasted cheese will do't.—There's my gauntlet, I'll prove it on a giant. Bring up the

- So the aft q.; the ad often would be fay; all the rest often 'twould fay.
- . * W. alters f. ifer to fober; and J. proposes faner; but I choose to read, with all the copies before, faser: Nor do I think the man of sase discretion, that does affest to alter it. See Measure for Measure, Sc. I.
 - b The fo's read crying for coining.
- ^c R. and P. read cow-keeper. All before and after, crow-keeper; and T. fays this must be the reading, meaning the same as scare-crow, viz. a stuff'd figure representing a man armed with a bow and arrow, set up to fright the crows from the fruit and corn.
 - 4 The qu's omit piece of.
 - c The qu's read do it.

brown bills. O, well-flown, f bird! i'th' clout, i'th' clout: hewgh.——Give the word.

Edg. Sweet marjoram.

Lear. Pass.

Glo. I know that voice.

Lear. 8 Ha! Generill! Ha! Regan!—They flatter'd me like a dog, and told me, I had h white hairs in my beard, ere the black ones were there. To fay ay and no to i every thing k that I faid—Ay and no too, was no good divinity. When the rain came to wet me once, and the wind to make me chatter; when the thunder would not peace at my bidding; there I found 1 'em, there I fmelt 1 'em out. Go to, they are not men o' their words; they told me I was every thing; 'tis a lye; I am not m ague-proof.

f So all before T. who reads barb, by W.'s conjecture; followed also by H.—W. has the following note,

Lear is here raving of archery, and shooting at buts, as is plain by the words i'th' cleut, that is, the white mark they set up and aim at: hence the phrase to hit the white. So that we must read O well-flown, harb! i. e. the barbed or bearded arrow. W.

But why might not *Lear*, by a metaphor, call his arrow bird, especially as he cries well-flown to it, which is certainly a metaphor taken from the flying of a bird? See *Heath*.

The qu's read O well flowne lird in the ayre, hagh, give the word. Here, perhaps, the editor, not knowing what to make of a bird's being flow'n in the clout, put, initead thereof, in the air: which feems to prove that the true reading was bird.

- B The fo's, R. and J. read Ha! Gonerill with a white beard? They flatter'd, &c.
 - h Before white the fo's insert the.
 - I The 2d q. reads all for every thing,
 - k The qu's omit that.
 - 1 The qu's read them for 'em.
 - m The qu's read argue-proofe,



ACT IV. SCENE VII.

151

Glo. The trick of that voice I do well remember: Is't not the king?

Lear. Ay, every inch a king.

When I do stare, see how the subject quakes.

I pardon that man's life. What was n thy cause?

Adultery?

Thou shalt o not die: die for adultery? No. The wren goes to't, and the small gilded fly Poes lecher in my sight.

Let copulation thrive, for Glo'fter's bastard son Was kinder to his father, than my daughters Got 'tween the lawful sheets.

To't, luxury, pell-mell; for I lack foldiers.

Behold q you simpering dame,

Whose face ' between her forks ' presages snow;

That minces virtue, and t does shake the head

To hear of pleasure's name.

The fitchew, nor the foyled horse, goes to't

With a more riotous appetite;

Down from the waist they are centaurs, tho' women all above;

But to the girdle do the gods inherit, Beneath is all the fiends; there's hell, there's darkness,

n T.'s duodecimo, W. and J. read the for thy,

[•] The qu's read not aie for adultery, &c.

P The qu's read do.

I The two first fo's and J. read gond.

R.'s duodecimo, P. T. H. and W. read 'tween.

[•] The qu's read presageth.

The qu's read do shake the head bear of pleasure's name to sichew, &c.

Lear. Y Let me wipe it first, it smells of Clo. O ruin'd piece of nature! This

* Shall fo wear out to nought. * Do you Lear. I remember b thine eyes well

fquiny * at me? No, do thy worst, 1 love. Read thou this challenge, mark

e on't. Glo. Were all f the letters funs, I could

Edg. I would not take this from report

And my heart breaks at it. Lear. Read.

Glo. What with h the case of eyes? Lear. Oh, ho, are you there with me

" The qu's read fulphury. W The ift q. reads consumation; 2d consummation.

. * The fo's and R.'s oftavo omit to.

The qu's read here wipe it first, &c. The qu's read fhould for fhall. So the qu's; the rest dost thou,

b The qu's read thy.

c P. and H. read fquint,

. The qu's read on.

head, nor i no money in your purse? Your eyes are in k a heavy case, your purse in a light; yet you see how this world goes.

Glo. I fee it feelingly.

Lear. What, art mad? a man may see how this world goes, with no eyes. Look with 1 thine ears: see, how myond justice rails upon yond simple thies. Hark in thine ear: change places, and handy dandy, which is the justice, which is the thies? Thou hast seen a farmer's dog bark at a beggar?

Glo. 9 Ay, fir.

Lear. And the creature run from the cur. There thou might'st behold the great image of authority; r a dog's obey'd in office.——

Thou rascal beadle, hold thy bloody hand:

Why dost thou lash that whore? Strip thine own back;

Thou hotly lust'st to use her in that kind,

For which thou whip'st her. The usurer hangs, the "co-zener.

¹ The 2d q. P. and H. omit no.

The 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. omit a.

¹ The qu's read thy.

m The qu's read yon.

[·] The qu's omit change places, and.

P The qu's read which is thief, which is the juffice.

The 3d and 4th fo's omit ay.

I The 1st q. reads a dogge, so bade in office; the 2d a dogge, so bad is fice.

s So the qu's; the rest thy.

t The qu's read thy blood bothy lufts, &c.

F The 1st q. reads cosioner,

Through w tatter'd x rags y small vices do. appear; Robes and furr'd gowns 2 hide all. 2 Plate 5 fin with gold, And the strong lance of justice hurtless breaks: Arm it with rags, c a pigmy's straw doth pierce it. None does offend, a none, I say none; I'll able 'em; Take that of me, my friend, who have the pow'r To seal th' accuser's lips. Get thee glass eyes, And, like a scurvy politician, seem To fee the things thou dost not. Now, now, now, now. Pull off my boots. Harder,

harder. So.

Edg. O matter and impertinency mixt! Reason in madness!

Lear. If thou wilt weep my fortunes, take my eyes. I know thee well enough, thy name is Glo'ster, Thou must be patient; we came crying hither; Thou know'st, the first time that we smell the air,

- The 1st q. reads tottered. Before tatter'd the 3d and 4th fo's infert and.
 - x So the qu's; all the rest cloatbs.
 - I The fo's and R. read great for small.
 - z The qu's read hides.
- What is in italic is omitted in the qu's. The fo's and R. read place fins for plate fin. So plate is P.'s emendation; followed by the rest; but P. reads fins; T.'s duodecimo fin.
 - b So T.'s duodecimo, W. and J.; the rest fins.
 - c R: reads and for a.
 - d H. omits none.
- able] An old phrase, signifying to qualify, or uphold them. So Scogan, contemporary with Chaucer, fays,

Set all my life after thyne ordinance,

And able me to mercie or thou deme, -

H. reads abfolve.

f The qu's read no, now, pull off, &c.



ACT IV. SCENE VIII.

155

Lear. When we are born, we cry, that we are come. To this great stage of scols.—This a good i block? It were a delicate stratagem to k shoe. A troop of horse with 1 felt; m I'll put't in proof; . And when I have 's stol'n upon these 's sons-in-law, Then kill, kill, kill, kill, kill, kill.

S C E N E VIII.

Enter a Gentleman with attendants.

Gent. O, here he is, lay P hands q upon him.——Sir, Your most dear * daughter——

Lear. No rescue? What, a prisoner? I am ' even The natural fool of fortune. Use me well,

- \$ The 1st q. reads wayle; the 2d wail.
- b So the qu's; the rest omit me.
- i J. proposes reading flock for block, as a more easy transition to feit, in the next sentence, where Lear talks of shoeing horses therewith.
 - k The qu's read floot for floe.
 - 1 .The qu's read fell for felt.
 - The qu's omit I'll put't in proof.
 - " The qu's read fole,
- O The 1st q. 1st f. and R. read fou-in-laws; the three last fo's fons-in-laws.
 - P So the qu's; the rest band.
 - I The qu's read upon bim, sirs.
 - The 2d q. omits your most dear daughter,
 - . The ist q. omits daughter.
 - I The qu's read cene,



You shall have " ransom. Let me have w a surgeon, I am cut to th' brains.

Gent. You shall have any thing,

Lear. No seconds? all myself?

Why this would make a man, a man of falt;

To use his eyes for garden-water-pots,

* Ay, and laying autumn's dust.

y Gent. Good fir.

Lear. I will die bravely like a z bridegroom, what?

I will be jovial; come, come, I am a king,

My masters, know you that?

Gent. You are a royal one, and we obey you.

Lear. Then there's life in it. b Nay, c come, d an you get it, you shall get it with running. Sa, sa, sa, sa, sa.

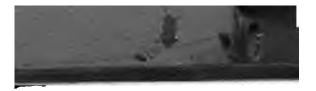
[8 Exit king running.

Gent. A fight most pitiful in the meanest wretch,
Past speaking of in a king. Thou hast h one daughter,
Who redeems nature from the general curse
Which twain have brought her to.

Edg. Hail, gentle sir.

Gent. Sir, speed you. What's your will?

- The 2d q. reads a ranfom.
- The 1st q reads a churgiou; the 2d a chirurgeon; all the rest furgeons.
- All but the qu's omit ay. The fo's and R. omit the whole hemistick.
- J All but the 2d q, omit this speech.
- 7 All but the qu's read a smug bridegroom.
- The fo's and R. omit my.
- b So the qu's; the rest omit nag.
- c The qu's omit come.
- d The 2d q. reads if for an,
- So the qu's; the rest by for with.
- The qu's omit sa, sa, sa, sa.
- 8 So the direction in the qu's; the rest only Exit.
- Is So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the rest a for one.



ACT IV. SCENE VIII.

Edg. Do you hear aught, i sir, of a battle toward?

Gent. Most sure and vulgar, every one hears that,
Which can distinguish! found.

Edg. But by your favour,

How near's the other army?

Gent. Near, and m on speedy foot. The main m descry

• Stands on the hourly P thought.

Edg. I thank you, fir. 9 That's all.

Gent. Though that the queen on special cause is here,

Her army is mov'd on.

* Edg. I thank you, sir.

Gb. You ever gentle gods, take my breath from me; Let not my worfer spirit tempt me again

To die before you please!

Edg. Well pray you, father.

Glo. Now, good fir, what are you?

Edg. A most poor man, 'made tame to fortune's blows, Who, by the art of "known and feeling forrows, Am pregnant to good pity. Give me your hand, I'll lead you to some biding.

- i The qu's omit sir.
- The 2d q. omits which; the 1st reads that for which.
- 1 The qu's read sense for sound.
- m The qu's read on speed for't.
- " The qu's read descries.
- · The 1st q. reads standst.
- P The qu's read thoughts.
- The 2d q. P. and H. omit that's all.
- The 1st q. reads bir; the 2d bis.
- P. and H. omit this speech.
- The qu's read made lame by fortune's blows.
- H. reads knowing.



Glo. Hearty thanks,

The bounty and the benizon of heaven * to boot.

S C E N E IX.

Enter Steward.

Stew. A proclaim'd prize! I most happy!

That eyeles head of thine was * first fram'd flesh,

To raise my fortunes. * Thou b old unhappy traitor,

Briefly thyself remember. The sword is out,

That must destroy thee.

Gio. d Now let thy friendly hand Put strength enough to't.

[Edgar interposes.

Stew. Wherefore, bold peafant,

- e Dar'st thou support a publish'd traitor? Hence,
- Lest that th' infection of his fortune take

Like hold on thee. Let go his arm.

Edg. Chill not let go, & zir, without further 'casion. Stew. Let go, slave, or thou dy'st.

- The 1st q. reads the bornet and the beniz of heaven to fave thee.
- * So P. and H. and the 2d q. feems to confirm this reading, for there we read to boot, to boot; where the words were doubled, very likely by the mistake of either the writer or printer. The rest to boot, and boot.
 - Y H. reads this is most bappy!
 - Z The ist q. omits firft.
 - 2 P. and all after omit thou.
 - b The qu's read most for old.
- c i. c. quickly recollect the past offences of thy life, and recommend thyfelf to heaven. IV.
 - 4 So all before P. who omits now; followed by the rest.
 - e The 1st q. reads durst.
 - The qu's read least the infection, &c.; the sff. least that the, &c.
 - I The qu's fir without cagion, omitting vurther.

Edg. Good gentleman, go your gate, h and let poor volk pals. And 'chud ha' been zwagger'd out of my life, 'twould not ha' been zo long i as 'tis by a vortnight. Nay, come not near th' old man; keep out, k che vor'ye, or ice bry whether your coftard or my l bat be the harder; chill be plain with you.

Stew. Out, dunghill!

[" They fight.

Edg. Chill pick your teeth, zir. Come no matter vor your foins. [Edgar knocks him down.

Stew. Slave, thou hast slain me. Villain, take my purse: If ever thou wilt thrive, bury my body,

And give the letters, which thou find'st about me,

To Edmund earl of Gloster; seek him out

"Upon the "British party. Oh, untimely death!— P death!

[Dies.

Edg. I know thee well, a ferviceable villain; As duteous to the vices of thy mistress, As badness would defire.

Glo. What, is he dead?

Edg. Sit you down, father, rest you: let's sce his pockets,

- h The qu's omit and.
- I The qu's omit as 'tis.
- k I warn you. Edgar counterfeits the western dialest. J. The qu's read ebevore 7e.
- I So the ad q.; the 1st battero; the fo's and R. ballow. Though bat, the reading of the ad q. be good, and not to be altered, yet probably there might be such a word in use as ballow at that time. P. and all after read with the ad q. but omit giving the other reading.
 - m This direction is in the qu's; but omitted by the rest.
 - H. reads on th' English party, &c.
 - · So the qu's; the rest English for British.
 - P All before P. read death twice; he and the rest but once.
 - So the qu's; the rest thefe for bis.

Thefe

These letters, that he speaks of, may be my friends.

He's dead; I'm only sorry he had no other death's man.

Let us see— leave gentle wax; and manners blame us not;

To know our enemies' minds t we rip their hearts;

Their papers is more lawful.

▼ Reads a letter.

Let * our reciprocal vows be remembered. You have many opportunities to cut him off: if your will want not, time and place will be fruitfully offered. There is nothing done if he return the conqueror. Then am I the prisoner, and his bed my goal; from the loathed warmth whereof deliver me, and supply the place I for your labour.

*Your (wife, fo I would fay) affectionate fervant,
GONERILL.

*Oh, undistinguish'd space of woman's b will!

A plot upon her virtuous husband's life,

And the exchange my brother. Here, i'th' sands

Thee I'll rake up, the post unsanctified

- so the qu's; the rest the for thefc.
- * So all before R. he and all the rest read by your leave, &c.
- t The qu's read wec'd.
- u So the qu's and 1st f. i. c. to rip their papers is more lawful; the rest read are for his.
- w No direction in the 1st q.; in the 2d a letter; in the rest reads the letter.
 - I The qu's read your wife.
 - Y The 3d and 4th fo's and R. read of our labour.
- The 1st qureads your wife (so I would say) your affelionate servant, and for you ber own for Venter, Gonorill. The 2d your wife (so I would say) and your affelionate servant, Gonorill.
- The three first fo's read of indiaguis'd; the 1st q. and 4th f. indistinguis'd; the 1st ob, the three last of.
 - b The qu's and P. read wit for will.



ACT IV. SCENE X.

161

Of murtherous lechers; and in c the mature time With this ungracious paper strike the sight Of the death-practis'd duke; for him 'tis well, That of d thy death and business I can tell.

Gb. The king is mad; how stiff is my vile sense,
That I stand up, and have ingenious feeling
Of my huge forrows; better I were distract,
So should my thoughts be e fenced from my griefs,
And was, by wrong i imaginations, lose

afar off.
The knowledge of themselves.

Edg. Give me your hand.

Far off, methinks, I hear the beaten drum. Come, 8 father, I'll bestow you with a friend.

[Exeunt.

SCENE X.

A chamber.

Enter Cordelia, Kent, and i Physician.

Cor. O thou good Kent, how shall I live and work To match thy goodness? k My life will be too short, And every measure fail me.

Kent. To be acknowledg'd, madam, is o'er-paid.

c P. and H. omit the.

⁴ The 2d q. reads his for thy.

e So the qu's; the rest fever'd for fenced.

TJ. reads imagination.

⁸ So all but J. who reads further for father.

h This is called scena septima in the fo's; in R. Sc. VI.

In the qu's doller; in the fo's and R. gentleman.

^{*} So all before P. who omits my; followed by the rest.

tog KING LEAR.

All my reports go with the modest truth, Nor more, nor clipt, but so.

Cor. Be better fuited;

These weeds are memories of those worser hours; I pr'ythee, put them off.

Kent. Pardon i me, dear madam;
Yet to be known, shortens my made intent;
My boon I make it, that you know me not,
Till time and I think meet.

Cor. Then m be't fo, my good lord.

How does the king?

[To the Physician.

Phys. Madam, sleeps still.

Cor. O you kind Gods!

Cure this great breach in his abused nature, Th'untun'd and o jarring senses, O, wind up Of this child-changed father.

Phys. P So please your majesty,

That we may wake the king? he hath slept long.

Cor. Be govern'd by your knowledge, and proceed 'I'th' fway of your own will: is he array'd?

Ester Lear in a chair, carried by fervants.

Phys. Ay, madam, in the heaviness of his sleep, We put fresh garments on him.

- I All but the qu's omit me.
- . W. reads laid intent. See Heath in loc.
- m So all before P. he and all after read be it.
- n So the qu's, fo's, R. and J.—P. and the rest omit good.
- The qu's read hurrying for jarring.
- P P. and all after omit fo.
- I The 2d q. omits that.
- F So the qu's; the rest omit his.

Be by, good madam, when we do awake him; I doubt toot of his temperance.

" Cor. Very well.

Phys. Please you draw near: louder the music there.

Cor. O my dear father! - W Restauration, hang

* Thy medicine on my lips; and let this kiss Repair those violent harms, that my two sisters Have in thy reverence made!

Kent. Kind and 7 dear princess!

Cor. Had you not been their father, these white flakes

- Had challeng'd pity of them. Was this face To be expos'd against the warring winds?
- e To stand against the deep, dread-bolted thunder? In the most terrible and nimble stroke Of quick cross lightning? To watch, poor e Perdu,
- s In the 1st q. Gent. in the 2d Kent is made to speak the two following lines. The qu's read good madam, be by, when, &c.
 - t The 1st and 2d fo's omit not.
 - " The two following speeches are omitted in all but the qu's.
- This is fine. She invokes the godders of health, Hygeia, under the name of Restauration, to make her the minister of her rites, in this holy office of recovering her father's lost senses. W.
 - * H. reads ber for thy.
 - 7 So all before T. who alters it to deareft; sollowed by W. and J.
 - 3 So the qu's; all the rest did challenge.
 - " The fo's and R. read oppos'd for expos'd.
 - The fo's and R. read jarring for warring.
 - What is in italic is omitted by the fo's, R. P. and H.
- d The allusion is to the forlorn-hope in an army, which are put upon desperate adventures, and called in French, enfans perdus; she therefore calls her father poor Perdu; perdue, which is the common reading, being the seminine. These enfans perdus being always slightly and badly armed is the reason she adds with this thin belm——i. e. bare-headed. W.

But W. calls perdue the common reading, which is only the reading of T.
The qu's read perdu.



With this thin helm? (° Mine f enemy's dog,
Though he had bit me, should have stood that night
Against my fire. And was thou fain, poor father,
To hovel thee with swine and rogues forlorn,
In short and musty straw? salack, alack!
'Tis wonder, that thy life and wits, at once,
Had not concluded hall——He wakes; speak to him.

Phys. Madam, do you i, 'tis sittest.

Cor. How does my royal lord? how fares your majesty?

Lear. You do me wrong to take me out o'th' grave,

Thou art a foul in blifs, but I am bound Upon a wheel of fire; that mine own tears Do scald like molten lead.

Cor. k Sir, do you know me?

Lear. 1 You are a spirit I know: m when did you die?

Cor. Still, still, far wide-

Phys. He's scarce awake; let him alone awhile.

Lear. Where have I been? where am I? fair day-light? I'm a mightily abus'd. I should e'en die with pity, To see another thus. I know not what to say; I will not swear these are my hands. Let's see, I feel this pin prick: 'would I were assur'd Of my condition.

e T. W. and J. read my very enemy's, &c.

f The qu's read injurious for enemy's.

[#] H. reads alack! but once.

h W. reads ab! for all. See Heath in loc,

¹ After you H. adds speak.

The sit q. reads fir know me; the ad fir, know ye me?

[!] The ift q. reads yar; the 2d y'are.

The rit q. and rit and 2d fo's read where for when.

[#] H. reads much abus'd,

Cor. O look o upon me, fir.

And hold your p hands in benediction o'er me.

No, fir, you must not kneel.

Lear. Pray, do not mock r me?

I am a very foolish, fond, old man,

Fourscore and upward s; and, to deal plainly,

I fear I am not in my perfect mind.

Methinks, I should know you, and know this man;

Yet I am doubtful; for I'm mainly ignorant,

What place this is; and all the skill I have,

Remembers not these garments; w nor I know not

Where I did lodge last night. Do not laugh at me,

For, as I am a man, I think this lady

To be my child Cordelia.

Cor. And fo = I am; I am.

Lear. Be your tears wet? Yes, 'faith. I pray ? you, weep not.

If you have poison for me, I will drink it; I know, you do not love me; for your sisters Have, as I do remember, done me wrong. You have some cause, they have not.

- · H. reads on me.
- P So the qu's; the rest band.
- The fo's and R. omit no, fir.
- The Ist q. omits me.
- After upward, the fo's and R. add not an hour more, nor less.
- After plainly, H. adds with you.
- " The qu's read not perfett in my mind.
- " So all before P. who alters nor to nay; followed by the rest.
- * The qu's read I am but once.
- 7 R. firth inferts you; followed by all after.



Cor. No cause, no cause.

Lear. Am I in France?

Kent. In your own kingdom, fir.

Lear. Do not abuse me.

Phys. Be comforted, good madam; the great rage,

You see is z cur'd in him: and yet b'tis danger

c To make him even o'er the time he has loft.

Desire him to go in; d trouble him no more Till further settling.

Cor. Will't please your highness walk?

Lear. You must bear with me;

Pray e you now, forget and forgive,

I am old and foolish. [Exeunt Lear, Cordelia, Physician, and attendants.

f Manent Kent and Gentleman.

Gent. Holds it true, fir, that the duke of Cornwall was for flain?

Kent. Most certain, sir.

Gent. Who is conductor of his people?

Kent. As 'tis faid, the bastard son of Glo'ster.

Gent. They say, Edgar, his banisht son is with the earl of Kent in Germany.

- 4 The fo's and R. read kill'd for cur'd.
- * What is in italic is omitted in the fo's, R. P. and H.
- b The qu's read it is; T. W. and J. 'twere.
- To make him even, &c.] i. e. to reconcile it to his apprehension. W.
- d Before trouble, P. and H. infert and.
- e The qu's omit you.
- f This remaining part of the scene is omitted in the fo's, R. P. and H.

Kent.



ACT IV. SCENE X.

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Kent. Report is changeable. 'Tis time to look about; the powers of the kingdom approach apace.

Gent. The arbitrement is like to be bloody.—Fare you well, fir. [Exit Gentleman.

Kent. My point and period will be throughly wrought, Or well, or ill, as this day's battle's fought. [Exit Kent.

ACT



A C T V.

S C E N E I. A Camp.

Enter Edmund, Regan, and their powers.

Edmund.

NOW of the duke, if his last purpose hold;
Or whether since he is advis'd by aught,
To change the course? He's full of b alteration,
c And self-reproving. Bring d his constant pleasure.

Reg. Our sister's man is certainly miscarried.

Edm. 'Tis to be doubted, madam.

Reg. Now, sweet lord,

You know the goodness I intend upon you; Tell me—but truly—but then speak the truth, Do you not love my sister?

Edm. In honour'd love.

- Reg. But have you never found my brother's way. To the fore-fended place?
 - f Edm. That thought abuses you.
- a So the qu's, which seems sufficient, as no particular gentleman appears.

 W. and J. read gentleman and foldiers; the rest gentlemen and foldiers for and
 sheir powers.
 - b The ist q. reads abdication.
 - c. P. reads and felf-reproving brings bis conflant pleasure.
 - 4 i. e. his settled resolution. 7.
 - 4 J. omits the four following speeches, without giving notice.
 - f The two following speeches are omitted by all but the qu's.



ACT V. SCENE I.

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Reg. I am doubtful that you have been conjunct, And bosom'd with her as far as we call her's.

Edm. No, by mine honour, 8 madam.

Reg. I never shall endure her. Dear my lord, Be not familiar with her.

Edm. Fear h me not. She and the duke her husband-

Enter Albany, Goneril!, and foldiers.

Gon. I had rather lose the battle, than that fister Should loosen him and me.——

Alb. Our very loving fister, well be met.

Sir, this I hear, the king is come to his daughter,
With others, whom the rigour of our state
Forc'd to cry out. Where I could not be honest,
I never yet was valiant: m for this business,
It toucheth us, as France invades our land,
Not holds the king, with others, whom, I fear,
Most just and heavy causes make oppose.

* Edm. Sir, you Speak nobly.

Reg. Why is this reason'd?

Gon. Combine together 'gainst the enemy: For these of domestick and particular broils. Are not the question here,

- 8 P. and W. omit madam.
- All but the qu's omit me.
- 1 This speech is omitted in the fo's, R. P. and H.
- The qu's read for for sir; the fo's, R. P. and H. sir, this I beard.
- What is in italic is omitted in the fo's and R.
- m T. reads 'fore for for.
- P. and H. omit this speech.
- The qu's read domestick done (2d q. doore) particulars are not to question bere.



Alb. Let us then determine with the ancient of war on our proceedings.

4 Edm. I shall attend you presently at your tent.

Reg. Sister, you'll go with us?

Gon. No.

Reg. 'Tis most convenient. Pray 'you, go with us. Gon. [afide.] Oh, ho, I know the riddle. I will go.

SCENE II.

As they are going out, enter Edgar disguised.

Edg. If e'er your grace had speech with man so poor, Hear me one word.

Alb. I'll overtake you. Speak.

[Exeunt Edm. Reg. Gon. and attendants:

Edg. Before you fight the battle, ope this letter.

If you have victory, let the trumpet found

For him that brought it: Wretched though I feem,

I can produce a champion, that will prove

What is avouched there. If you miscarry,

Your business of the world hath so an end,

And machination ceases. Fortune " love you!

Alb. Stay till I've read the letter.

P So the qu's; the rest proceeding.

The fo's, R. P. and H. omit you.

The fo's, R. P. and H. othit this speech. T. and W. insert it before the last, contrary to the qu's.

The three last fo's read wretch for wretched.

t These words in italic are omitted in the qu's,

The fo's and R. read loves.

Edg. I was forbid it.

When time shall serve, let but the herald cry,

And I'll appear again.

[Exit.

Alb. Why, fare thee well. I will "o'erlook " thy paper.

Enter Edmund.

Edm. The enemy's in view; draw up your powers. 7 Here is the "guess of their " great strength and forces, By diligent discovery; [giving a paper] but your haste Is now urg'd on you.

Alb. We will greet the time.

[Exit.

S C E N E III.

Edm. To both these sisters have I sworn my love: Each jealous of the other, as the b stung
Are of the adder. Which of them shall I take?
Both? one? or neither? Neither can be enjoy'd,
If both remain alive. To take the widow,
Exasperates, makes mad her sister Gonerill;
And hardly shall I carry out my side,
Her husband being alive. Now then, we'll use
His countenance for the battle; which being done,
Let her, who would be rid of him, devise

The 2d q. reads looke ore.

The qu's read the for thy.

I So the fo's and R. the rest read bard for bere. But the words by different discovery, seem to require the reading, berg. I have therefore put in the direction [giving a paper.]

^{*} The ift q. reads gueffe for guess.

So the qu's; the rest true for great.

The qu's read sting for stung.



t72 KING LEAR

His speedy taking off. As for the mercy Which he d intends to Lear and to Gordelia, The battle done, and they, within our power, Shall never see his pardon. For my state Stands on me to defend, not to debate.

f S C E N E IV. A Field.

Alarm within. Enter with drum and colours, Lear, Cordelia, and foldiers over the stage, and exeunt.

Enter Edgar and Gloster.

Edg. Here, father, take the shadow of this bush For your good host; pray that the right may thrive. If ever I return to you again,
I'll bring you comfort.

Glo. Grace b go with you, fir! [Exit Edgar.

[Alarm, and retreat, within.

Re-enter Edgar.

Edg. Away, old man; give me thy hand, away. King Lear hath lost, he and his daughter ta'en. Give me thy hand; come on.

Glo. No further, sir; a man may rot even here. Edg. What in ill thoughts again? men must endure

- "The qu's read his for the.
- 4 The 2d q. reads extends.
- . H. reads they ne'er fall fee, &c.
- f In the fo's and R. this is Scene II.
- So the qu's; the rest tree for bush.
- h So the qu's, and 1st and 2d fo's; the rest be for go.

Their

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Their going hence, even as their coming hither. Ripeness is all. Come on.

i Glo. And that's true too.

[Excunt.

* S C E N E 'V.

Enter in conquest, with drum and colours, Edmund: Lear and Cordelia, as prisoners: soldiers, captain.

Edm. Some officers take them away. Good guard, Until their greater pleasures 1 first be known, That are to censure them.

Cor. We're not the first,

Who with best meaning have incurr'd the worst.

For thee, oppressed king, m am I cast down;

Myself could else out-frown false fortune's frown.

Shall we not see these daughters and these sisters?

Lear. And, no, no, no! come, let's away to prison; We two alone will sing, like birds i'th' cage.

When thou dost ask me blessing, I'll kneel down,

And ask of thee forgiveness. So we'll live,

And pray, and sing, and tell old tales, and laugh

At gilded butterslies; and hear poor rogues

Talk of court-news, and we'll talk with them too,

Who loses and who wins; who's in, who's out;

And take upon's the mystery of things,

As if we were God's spies. And we'll wear out,

I This speech is omitted in the qu's.

^{*} This in the fo's and R. is Scene III.

I The qu's read best for first.

⁼ So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the rest I am.

In the qu's so is but twice repeated.

[?] The 2d q. omits and fing.



In a wall'd prison, packs and sects of great ones, That ebb and flow by th' moon.

Edm. Take them away.

Lear. Upon such facrifices, my Cordelia,

The Gods themselves throw incense. Have I caught thee?

He that parts us, shall bring a brand from heaven,

And fire us hence, like foxes. Wipe thine? eyes,

The q goujeres shall devour them, sheeth and fell,

Ere they shall make us weep; we'll see 'em' starve first.

Come. [Exeunt Lear and Cordelia guarded.

Edm. Come hither, captain, hark .

Take thou this note; go, follow them to prison.

W One step I have advanc'd thee; if thou dost
As this instructs thee, thou dost make thy way
To noble fortunes. Know thou this, that men
Are as the time is; to be tender minded
Does not become a sword. Thy great employment
Will not bear question; either say thou'lt do't,
Or thrive by other means.

Capt. I'll do't, my lord.

- P So the qu's and ist f.; the rest eye.
- The qu's read good for goujeres; the fo's, R. and P. good years; T. good-yers.
 - i. e. flesh and skin. J. Tre qu's read fleach and fell.
 - . So the qu's ; the rest flarv'd.
 - t The 2d q. omits come.
- u Here H. gives a direction for Edmund to whisper; but how is this? Is he to whisper his speech? how then shall the audience hear it? Besides, he had no need to whisper when none, but the captain to whom he speaks, was within hearing. But I apprehend there were many soldiers remaining, who were not to be trusted with the secret.
 - " The 1st q. reads and for one.
 - 3 T. and H. read my for thy. See Heath in loc.

Edm.

Edm. About it, and write happy, when thou'st done. Mark, I say, instantly; and carry it so, As I have set it down.

y Capt. I cannot draw a cart, nor eat dry'd oats,

If it be man's work I'll do't.

[Exig.

S C E N E VI.

Enter Albany, Gonerill, Regan, and foldiers.

Alb. Sir, you have z show'd to day your valiant strain, And fortune led you well; you have the captives, Who were the opposites of this day's strife:

* We do require b them of you, so to use them,
As we shall find their merits and our safety
May equally determine.

Edm. c Sir, I thought c it fit

To d fend the old and miserable king

To some retention, c and appointed guard,

Whose age has charms in it, whose title more,

To pluck the s common 8 bosom h on his side;

And turn our imprest lances in our eyes,

- y All but the qu's omit this speech.
- 2 The 2d q. reads sewne.
- a So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the rest I for we.
- The qu's and P. read then for them.
- P. and H. omit fir and it.
- d The 1st q. reads fave for fend.
- . The 1st q. the fo's, and R. omit and appointed guard.
- The ist q. reads coren for common.
- \$ The 1st q. reads bossom; ad q. blossomes; P. and all after besoms.
- The qu's read of for on.

Which

And the best quarrels, in the heat, are cu By those that feel their " Sharpness .-The question of Cordelia and her father, Requires a fitter place,

Alb. Sir, by your patience, I hold you but a subject of this war, Not as a brother.

Reg. That's as we list to grace him. Methinks, our pleasure n might have been Ere you had spoke so far. He led our pow Bore the commission of my place and person The which o immediacy may well stand up, And call itself your brother.

Gen. Not so hot;

In his own grace he doth exalt himself, More than in your p advancement.

Reg. In my 9 right, By me invested, he compeers the best.

i All but the 2d q. omit a.

k All editions but H. read you and your for we and our

Alb. That were the most if he should husband you.

Reg. Jesters do oft prove prophets.

Gon. Holla, holla!

That eye that told you so look'd but a-squint.

Reg. Lady, I am not well, else I should answer From a full-flowing stomach. General, Take thou my soldiers, prisoners, patrimony, Dispose of them, of me; thy will is mine: Witness the world, that I create thee here My lord and master.

Gon. Mean you to enjoy him?

Alb. The let alone lies not in your good will.

Edm. Nor in thine, lord.

Alb. Half-blooded fellow, yes.

Reg. Let the drum strike, and prove my title thine.

" [To Edmund: they offer to go out.

Alb. Stay yet; hear reason. Edmund, I arrest thee
On capital treason; and in w thine attaint, [Pointing to
Gon.

This gilded serpent. For your claim, fair * sister, I y bar it in the interest of my wife;

- This line is not in the qu's.
- The rst s. reads the walls are thine; the other so's and the rest the walls are mine; except H. who reads they all are thine; but the reading most agreeable to the context and to the traces of the letters in the rst s. seems to be this, thy will is mine. W. says, the walls are thine, is a metaphorical expression taken from the camp, and signifying, to surrender at discretion.
- The qu's and P. give this speech to Edmund, and instead of the last word thine read good.
 - This direction is H.'s.
 - w So the qu's; the rest thy arrest.
 - The fo's read fifters.
 - I The qu's and fo's read bare.

*Tis she is sub-contracted to z this lord; And I, her husband, contradict z your banes. If you will marry, make your b love to me, My lady is bespoke.

c Gon. 'An enterlude!

Alb. Thou art arm'd, Glo'fter; det the trumpet found: If none appear to prove upon thy head
Thy heinous, manifest, and many treasons,
There is my pledge, I'll f prove it on thy heart
Ere I taste bread, thou art in nothing less,
Than I have here proclaim'd thee.

Reg. Sick, O fick-

Gon. If not I'll ne'er trust poison.

Edm. There's my exchange. What in the world he is, That calls me traitor, villain like, he lies.

Call by h thy trumpet: he that dares approach,

On him, on you, (1 who not?) I will maintain

My truth and honour firmly.

Alb. A herald, ho!

- k Edm. A herald ho, a herald!
- The 2d q. reads ber for this.
- The qu's read the for your.
- b So the qu's; and right; for it is spoken to Regan only: the rest read leves.
 - This speech is omitted in the qu's.
 - 4 The qu's omit let the trumpet found.
 - So the qu's; the rest person for head.
 - f The fo's and R. read make for prove.
 - 8 The fo's, R. and J. read medicine for poison.
 - h So the qu's, T. W. and J.; the rest the for thy.
- 1 H. reads whom not?
 - h This speech is omitted by all but the qu's.

Enter

Enter a Herald.

Alb. Trust to thy single 1 virtue; for thy soldiers, All levied in my name, have in my name Took their discharge.

Reg. This fickness grows upon me.

Alb. She is not well; convey her to my tent. [Exit Reg.

S C E N E VII.

Come hither, herald. Let the trumpet found, And read out this.

= Cap. Sound trumpet.

[A trumpet founds.

Herald reads.

If any man of quality or degree, a within the lists of the army, will maintain upon Edmund supposed earl of Glo'ster; that he is a manifold traitor, let him appear at the third sound of the trumpet. He is bold in his desence.

Sound.

[I trumpet.

9 Again.

[2 trumpet.

Again.

[3 trumpet.

Trumpet answers him within.

- I The two last fo's, R. P. and H. read virtues.
- This speech of the Captain is omitted by all but the qu's.
- The qu's read in the boaft of the army, &c. .
- So the qu's; the rest by for at.
- P All but the qu's omit found; and they give it to the Bastard; but this seems to be a mistake, for I suppose it was the Herald's business to bid the trumpet sound.
 - 4 The qu's have again but once, and this is also given to the Bastard.
 - This direction is omitted in the qu's.

M 2 ·

Enter .

* Enter Edgar, armed, with a trumpet before him.

Alb. Ask him his purposes, why he appears Upon this call o'th' trumper.

Her. What are you?

Your name and quality, and why you answer This present summons?

Edg. O know my name is lost,

By treason's tooth bare-gnawn, and canker-bit;

" Yet am I noble " as the adversary

I come to cope * withal.

Alb. Which is that adversary?

Edg. What's he that speaks for Edmund earl of Glo'fter?

Edm. Himself: what say'st thou to him?

Edg. Draw thy fword,

That if my speech offend a noble heart,

Thy arm may do thee justice; here is mine;

Behold, it is the privilege of mine 2 honours 2,

My oath and my profession. I protest,

Maugre

- The qu's read Eater Edgar, at the third found, a trumpet before him. The fo's and the rest Enter Edgar, armed.
 - so the qu's; the rest omit O.
- The 2d q. omits yet am I noble; for which the 1st q, reads yet are I mou't, i. e. (I suppose) yet ere I move it.
 - " The qu's read where is the adversary, &c.
 - E So the qu's; the rest omit withal.
- I The fo's, R. P. and J. read behold, it is my privilege, the privilege of mine bonours, &c.
 - The qu's read tongue for bonours.
- The charge he is here going to bring against the Bastard, he calls the privilege, &c. to understand which phraseology, we must consider the old rites of knightstood are here alluded to; whose oath and profession required him to discover all treasons, and whose privilege was to have his challenge accepted,

Maugre thy b strength, youth, place, and eminence, c Despight thy victor-sword, and fire-new d fortune, Thy valour, and thy heart, thou art a traitor; False to thy Gods, thy brother, and thy father, c Conspirant 'gainst this high illustrious prince, And from th' extremest upward of thy head, To the descent and dust f beneath thy seet, A most toad-spotted traitor. Say thou, no; This sword, this arm, and my best spirits 8 are bent To prove upon thy heart whereto I speak, Thou liest,

Edm. In wisdom I should ask thy name,
But since thy out-side looks so fair and warlike,
And that thy b tongue some i 'say of breeding breathes;

accepted, or otherwise to have his charge taken pro confesso. For if one who was no knight accused another who was, that other was under no obligation to accept the challenge. On this account it was necessary, as Edgar came disguised, to tell the Bastard he was a knight. W.

But I should rather think privilege refers to his sword; he says, Draw thy sword, &c. here is mine, it is the privilege, &c. i. e. I don't wear my sword in the common way, merely as my defence, but as a privilege, granted at my being knighted, for the vindicating betrayed innocence, and punishing the traitor. For by the words here is mine, he cannot well refer to my speech in the foregoing line: had he intended to refer to his following speech, then the grammar would have required to be here it is, and not here is mine.

- b So the qu's; the rest firength, place, youth, &c.
- So the qu's and R.; the fo's read despise for despight; P. and the ref.
 - d The qu's read fortun'd.
 - E The qu's read conspicuate.
 - f So the qu's ; the rest below thy foot.
 - 8 For are the 1st q. reads as; the 2d is.
 - h The qu's read being for tongue.
- I gay for effay, some thew or probability. P. But perhaps fay may here be the verb changed into a noun, and may fignify discourse.

The fo's read and fince thy tongue (fome fay) of breeding breather.

What

What fafe and nicely I might well delay

By 1 rule of knighthood, I disdain and spurn.

m Back do I toss n these treasons to thy head,

With the o hell-hated lye p o'erwhelm thy heart;

Which (for they yet glance by, and scarcely bruise)

This sword of mine shall give them instant way,

Where they shall rest for ever. Trumpets, speak.

[Alarm. Fight. Edmund falls,

Gon. *Save him, fave him; this is t mere practice, Glo'ster. By th' law of u arms, thou w wast not bound to *answer An unknown opposite; thou art not vanquish'd, But cozen'd and beguil'd.

Alb. ' Shut your mouth, dame, Or with this paper shall I ' stop it———

Gon. & Hold, fir-

- * The qu's omit this line.
- 1 The qu's have right for rule.
- m This line is omitted in the 2d q.; the 1st reads beer for back.
- " The 1st q. reads those for these.
- · The qu's read bell-batedly.
- P The qu's read oreturn'd for o'erwhelm.
- A H. reads to which (for they yet glance by, scarcely bruising).
- T. W. and J. read thou shalt rest.
- * So all before T. who reads O fave him, &c. followed by W. and J.

 H. reads fave him, O fave him, &c.—Save him, fave him, is made Albany's fpeech by all before T. who puts it to General's; followed by all after but T.
 - t All but the qu's omit mere.
 - u So the qu's; the rest war for arms.
 - w The qu's read art for waft.
 - * The 2d q. reads offer for answer.
 - The qu's read ftop for fout.
 - " The 1st q. reads stople.
- The fo's, R. and J. read bold, fir, after flop it, making it a part of Albany's speech; but this seems to be a mistake; for if it be read at all, it should be Gonerill's speech. All the rest omit it.



ACT V. SCENE VIII.

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Alb. Thou worse than any b name, read thine own evil.

Nay, no tearing, lady; I perceive you know it d.

Gon. Say, if I do; the laws are mine, not thine;

Who e shall arraign me for't?

Alb. f Monster, know'ft thou this paper?

Gon. Ask me not what I know—— [Exit Gonerill.

Alb. Go after her. She's desperate; govern her.

S C E N E VIII.

Edm. What you have charg'd me with, that s have I done, And more, much more; the time will bring it out. 'Tis past, and so am I. But what art thou, That hast this fortune on me? h If thou'rt noble, I do forgive thee.

Edg. Let us exchange charity.

I am not less in blood than thou art, Edmund;
If more, the more thou hast wrong'd me.

My name is Edgar, and thy father's son.

The Gods are just, and of our pleasant i vices

b So the fo's, R. and J.; the rest thing for name.

c So the qu's; all the rest omit nay.

d Here J. puts this direction, [gives the letter to Edmund.] But why so? Does it not appear that he had given it to Gonerill, for he bids her read, and not tear it: and afterwards having taken it from her, says, Monster, know'st thou this paper? which shews the paper to be then in Albany's hand.

e So the qu's; the rest can for shall.

I So the adq.; the ist most monstrous know it is too this paper? The fo's and R. most monstrous! O, know it thou this paper? the rest follow the adq.

² So all before T. who alters have I to I have; followed by the rest.

h The qu's read if thou bee'ft noble.

I The qu's read vertues for vices.

Make instruments to k scourge us:

The dark and vicious place, where thee he got,
Cost him his eyes.

Edm. 1 Thou hast spoken right, 'tis true; The wheel is come full m circle; I am here.

Alb. Methought thy very gait did prophefy

A royal nobleness. I must embrace thee:

Let forrow split my heart, n if ever I

Did hate thee or thy father!

Edg. Worthy prince, o I know't.

Alb. Where have you hid yourself?

How have you known the miseries of your father?

Edg. By nursing them, my lord. List a brief tale, And when 'tis told, O that my heart would burst! The bloody proclamation to escape
That follow'd me so near (O our lives' sweetness!
That p with the pain of death, q we'd hourly die, Rather than die at once!) taught me to shift Into a madman's rags, t'assume a semblance
That very dogs disdain'd; and in this habit Met I my father with his bleeding rings,
Their precious shones new lost; became his guide,

k So the qu's, W. and J.; the rest plague for scourge; H. reads plague and punish us, to complete the verse.

¹ The qu's read thou baft spoken truth, the wheel, Go.

m The qu's read circled.

n The qu's read if I did ever bate, &c.

[.] H. reads I know it well.

P So the qu's; all the rest we for with.

All editions read would for we'd: but this feems to be a necessary emendation, if we read with for we, with the qu's.

All before P. who alters die to bear; followed by the rest.

[•] So all before P. who alters that to the; followed by the rest.

So all before P. who alters flonds to gems; followed by the rest.

Led him, begg'd for him, fav'd him from defpair; Never ("O fault!) reveal'd myfelf unto him, Until some half hour past, when I was arm'd, Not sure, though hoping, of this good success, I ask'd his blessing, and from first to last Told him " my pilgrimage: but " his slaw'd heart, Alack, too weak the conslict to support, 'Twixt two extremes of passion, joy, and grief, Burst smilingly.

Edm. This speech of yours hath mov'd me, And shall perchance do good; but speak you on, You look as you had something more to say.

1Alb. If there be more, more woful, hold it in, For I am almost ready to dissolve, Hearing of this.

To fuch as love not forrow: but another
To amplify too much, would make much, more,
And top extremity.

Whilst I was big in clamour, came there a in a man, Who having seen me in my b worst estate,

This would have seem'd a period. But such,
As love to amplify another's sorrow,
To much, would make much more, and top extremity.
See Heath in loc.

Shunn'd

[&]quot; The qu's read (0 father.)

[&]quot; The fo's and R. read our for my.

The 4th f. reads this for bis.

y The remaining part of this scene is omitted in all but the qu's, T. W. and 7.

² W. reads

[.] So the qu's; the rest omit in.

De So the qu's; the rest worfer flate.



Shunn'd my abhorr'd fociety; but c then finding Who 'twas d that fo endur'd, with his strong arms He fasten'd on my neck; and bellow'd out,

As he'd burst heaven; threw him on my father;

Told the most piteous tale of Lear and him

That ever ear receiv'd; which in recounting,

His grief grew puissant, and the strings of life

Began to crack. Twice then the s trumpet sounded,

And there I lest him tranc'd.

Alb. But who was this?

Edg. Kent, fir, the banish'd Kent, who in disguise Follow'd his enemy king, and did him service Improper for a slave.

SCENE IX.

b Enter a Gentleman, with a bloody knife.

Gent. Help, help, i O help!

k Alb. What kind of help? I fpeak, man.

What means m that bloody knife?

- c So the qu's; the rest now for then.
- d So the qu's; the rest bad for that.
- e The qu's read me for him.
- I The 2d q. reads and told the piteous tale, &c.
- 8 All but J. read trumpets.
- h The qu's read enter one with a bloody knife; the fo's and all after only enter a Gentleman.
 - i So the fo's and R.; the rest omit O help.
 - & So the qu's; all the rest divide this speech thus,

Edg. What kind of belp?

Alb. Speak, man.

Edg. What means this bloody knife?

- I The qu's omit Speak, man.
- . . So the qu's; the rest this for that.

Genti

ACT V. SCENE IX.

Gent. Tis hot, it smoaks; it came even from the heart Of--- O! she's dead.

Alb. " Who dead? speak man.

Gent. Your lady, fir, your lady; and her fister By her is poisoned; I she r hath confest it.

Edm. I was contracted to them both: all three Now marry in an instant.

Alb. Produce their bodies, be they alive or dead, The justice of the heavens that makes us tremble, Touches us not with pity.

Edg. Here comes Kent, sir.

- n The qu's omit O! she's dead.
- The 4th f. and all after read who's for who; the qu's read who man, fpeak.
 - P So the rst q.; the rest poison'd.
 - So the qu's; the rest se confesses it.
 - I The ad q. reads has for hath.
 - * So the qu's : the fo's and the rest read

-instant.

Edg. Here somes Kent.

Enter Kent.

Alb. Produce the bodies be they alive or dead.

[Gonerill and Regan's bodies brought out.

The judgment of the beavens that makes us tremble,

Touches us not with pity.-

O! is this be? [the 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's, R. and P. he for be] the time will not allow

The compliment which very manners urge.

Kent. I am come

To bid my king and master age good night.

Is be not bere?

Alb. Great thing of us forgot!

Speak, Edmund, where's the King? and where's Gordelia?

Seeft thou this object, Kent ?

Kent. Alack, why thus? &c. &c.

Enter

Enter Kent,

Alb. O, is this he? The time will not allow The compliment which very manners wurge.

Kent. I am come to bid my king and master ay good night. Is he not here?

Alb. Great * thing of us forgot!

Speak, Edmund, where's the King? and where's Cordelia?

See'st thou this object, Kent?

The bodies of Gonerill and Regan are brought in.

Kent. Alack, why thus?

Edm. Yet Edmund was belov'd:

The one the other poison'd for my sake, And after slew herself.

Alb. Even so. Cover their faces.

Edm. I pant for life; some good I mean to do, Despight of mine own nature. Quickly send,

* (Be brief—) into the castle; for my writ

Is on the life of Lear and a Cordelia: Nay, fend in time.

Alb. Run, run, O run b-

Edg. To whom, my lord? Who has the office? Send Thy token of reprieve.

- t The qu's read O'tis be.
- " The qu's read that for which.
- The qu's and three first fo's read urges.
- * The 2d q. reads things.
- 7 Here H. (who, with all but the qu's, brings in the bodies before) has this direction, Pointing to the dead bodies.
 - The fo's and R. read (be brief in it) to th' caftle, &c.
 - After and, all but H. insert on.
 - After run, H. inserts make kafte.

Edm. Well thought on. Take my fword,

^e The captain—give it the captain.

Edg. Haste thee for thy life.

[Exit Meffenger.

Edm. He hath commission from thy wife and me

To hang Gordelia in the prison, and

To lay the blame upon her own despair,

⁴ That she foredid herself.

Alb. The Gods defend her! Bear him hence awhile.

[Edmund is borne off.

SCENE X.

Enter Lear, with Cordelia dead in his arms.

Lear. e Howl, howl, howl, howl, —O, f you are then of s stone;

Had I your tongues and eyes, I'd use them so,

That heaven's vault should crack. h O she is gone for ever.

I know when one is dead, and when one lives;

She's dead as earth! Lend me a looking-glass,

If that her breath will mist i and stain the stone,

Why then she lives.

Kent. Is this the promis'd end?

- So the Ift q.; the rest omit the captain.
- 4 So the 1st q. the fo's, R. and J.; the ad q. P. and the rest omit that he foredid berfelf.
 - t The fo's and R. repeat bowl but three times.
 - f The 1st and ad fo's read your for you.
 - 8 All before P. read flones.
 - b So the ad q.; the rest fee's gone for ever.
 - I So the 2d q.; the rest or for and.

90 KING LEAR

k Edg. O image of true honour!

Alb. Fair and chaste!

Lear. This feather stirs, she lives; if it be so, It is a chance 1 that does redeem all sorrows, That ever I have selt.

Kent. " Ah! my good master.

[Kneelings

Lear. Pr'ythee, away-

Edg. Tis noble Kent, your friend.

Lear. A plague upon you "murd'rous traytors all! I might have fav'd her; now she's gone for ever! Cordelia, Cordelia, stay a little. "Ha!——What is't thou say'st? Her voice was ever soft, Gentle, and low; an excellent thing in P women. I kill'd the slave that was a hanging thee.

Gent. 'Tis true, my lords, he did.

Lear. Did I not, fellow?

I have feen the day, with my good biting faulchion

* The qu's, fo's, R. and J. read, Edg. Or image of that borror.

Alb. Fall and ceafe.

P. not being able to amend these two speeches, leaves them out, and the rest of the editors after him (besides J.): as they have done other passages. But this is undoubtedly a corruption of something which Sbakespeare wrote; and it had been but fair to print it, that every reader might try to restore the original reading. Till a better emendation is proposed, read as in the text,

Edg. O image of true bonour! Alb. Fair and chaste.

Which is a very natural exclamation on the murder of so amiable a creature.

- 1 So the qu's; the rest which for that.
- m The qu's read a for ah; the rest O.
- n The fo's, R. P. and H. read murth'rers, traytors, &c.
- O The 2d q. omits ba!
- P So the qu's; the rest woman.
- I The ad q. reads I ba feen the day, that with my biting falchion, &c.

I would

I would have made ' them skip: I am old now,
And these same crosses spoil me. Who are you?

Mine eyes are ' none o'th' best.—I'll tell you straight.

Kent. If fortune ' brag of two she lov'd " and hated,

One of them wyou behold.

Lear. w This is a dull r light. Are wyou not Kent?

Kent. The same; your servant Kent.

Where is your servant Caius?

Lear. * 'Twas a good fellow, I can tell you that, He'd strike, and quickly too. He's dead and rotten.

Kent. No, my good lord, I am the very man-

Lear. I'll see that straight.

Kent. That from your b first of difference and decay, Have follow'd your sad steps——

Lear. You are welcome hither.

Kent. Nor no man else. All's chearless, dark, and deadly.

- The fo's and R. read bim for them.
- The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's omit not; the 2d q, reads none; followed by the after-editors.
 - The qu's read bragd.
 - The qu's read or for and.
- Though all the editions read we behold; it is evident we should read you behold.
 - The qu's, P. T. H. and W. omit this is a dull light.
- 7 Though all the editions that have this passage read fight for light; the context seems to require we should read light.
 - " The qu's read not you.
 - * All before T. read,

He's a good fellow, I can tell you [the qu's omit you] that, He'll firike, and quickly too: he's dead and rotten.

- b The qu's and P. read life for first.
- e P. reads 'twas for nor; followed by H.
- 4 T. reads dead (as no edition before) followed by W. and J.

Your

KING LEAR

Your eldest daughters have e fore-done themselves, And desperately are dead.

Lear. f Ay, fo I think.

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Alh. He knows not what he * fees; and vain h it is; That we present us to him.

Edg. Very bootlefs.

i Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Edmund is dead, my lord.

Alb. 'That's but a trifle k here.

You lords and noble friends, know our intent;

What comfort to this 1 great decay may come,

Shall be applied. For us, we will resign,

During the life of this old Majesty,

To him our absolute power; m to you, your rights, [To Edg. With boot, and such addition as your n honours.

Have more than merited. All friends shall taste

The wages of their virtue, and all soes

The cup of their deservings. O see, see—

Lear. And my poor sool is hang'd. P No, no, no life.

Why should a dog, a horse, a rat have life,

- e The 1st q. reads foredcome; the 2d fore-doom'd.
- f The rft q. reads fo think I to; the ad fo I think too.
- 8 So the qu's; all the rest fays for fees. But the sense is, he won's know us when he sees us, therefore 'tis in vain to present ourselves to him?'
 - h So the qu's; the rest is it.
 - i The qu's read Enter Captaine.
 - k P. T. H. and W. omit bere.
 - 1 The qu's omit great.
 - m All before P. read you to your rights.
 - n The Ist q. reads bonor.
 - . H. gives O fee, fee, to Lear.
 - P The qu's have no but once.
 - The sit q. reads of for bave.

And thou no breath at ail? O thou wilt come no more,

Never, never, never-

Pray you, undo this button. 1 Thank you, sir.

Do you see this? Look on her-look-u her lips-

Look there, look there-

w [He dies.

Edg. He faints; * my lord, my lord.-

7 Kent. Break, heart, I pr'ythee, break!

Edg. Look 2 up, my lord.

Kent. Vex not his ghost. O let him pass. He hates him a, That would upon the rack of this b tough world Stretch him out longer.

Edg. 'O he is gone indeed.

Kent. The wonder is he hath endur'd so long; He but usurp'd his life.

Alb. Bear them from hence; our present business Is d general woe. Friends of my soul, you twain

[To Kent and Edgar.

Rule in this * realm, and the f gor'd state sustain s.

- " So the qu's; the rest thou'll come no more, omitting O.
- . So the qu's; the rest repeat never five times.
- The qu's conclude this speech, thank you, fir. O, o, o, o, o mitting to you fee this, &c.
 - So the aft f.; all after infert on before ber lips.
 - This direction not in the qu's.
 - The 4th f. and all after have my lord but once.
 - The qu's give this speech to Lear.
 - The three last fo's, R. and P. read to for up.
 - 2 The 2d q. reads much after bim.
 - So all before P. who alters tough to rough; followed by the rest.
 - All but the qu's omit O.
 - d The qu's insert to after is.
 - The qu's read kingdom for realm.
 - f The ad q. reads good for gor'd; the 1st goard.
 - I The play would end best here.



192 KING LEAR.

Kent. I have a journey, fir, shortly to go; My master h calls, and I must not say, no i.

Let Alb. The weight of this fad time we must obey, Speak what we feel, not what we ought to say.

The oldest m hath born most; we that are young, Shall never see so much, nor live so long.

n [Exeunt with a dead march.

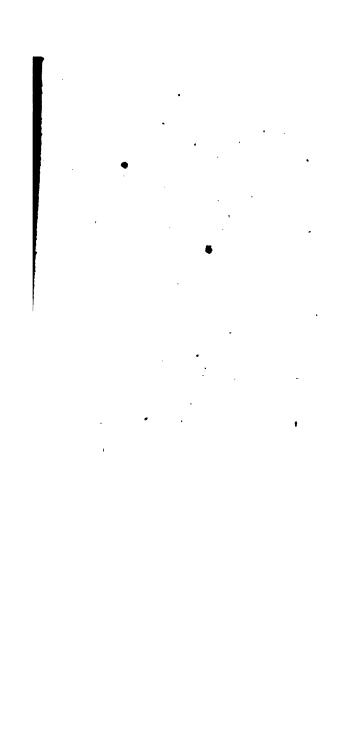
- b So the qu's; the rest calls me, I must not, &c.
- I Here all but the qu's and H. make Kent die. But this direction is justly lest out; for Kent only declines the share in the government offered him by Albany, on account of his age: how unexpectedly and aukwardly would he die, after saying only, he had a journey shortly to go, and without bidding farewel, or discovering any symptoms of death.
 - * The fo's and R. give this speech to Edgar.
 - 1 The two last lines, as they stand, are silly and false; and are only inferted that any one may alter them for the better if he can. H. has not
 made them a jot better by the following alteration,

The oldest bath born most; we that are young Shall never see so much, live e'er so long.

- The qu's read bave for bath.
- P This direction is not in the qu's.

FINIS.

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M A C. B E T H.

A

T R A G E D Y.



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M A C B E T H.

A TRAGEDY.

BY WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

COLLATED WITH

THE OLD AND MODERN EDITIONS.



LONDON,

PRINTED BY W. BOWYER AND J. NICHOLS:

AND SOLD BY W. OWEN, BETWEEN THE TEMPLE-GATES, FLEET-STREET.

MDCCLXXIII.

. . . .

M A C B E T H,

A. TRAGEDY.

EDITIONS COLLATED?

The *Folio's, and Modern Editions.

A The 1st folio appears to be the oldest edition of this Play.



DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Duncan, King of Scotland.	Appears Act I. Sc. 2, 6, 8.
Malcolm, Donalbain, Sons to the King,	A& I. Sc. 2, 6, 8. A& I. Sc. 5. A& IV. Sc. 4, 6, 6. A& V. Sc. 4, 6, 7. A& II. Sc. 2, 6, 8. A& II. Sc. 5,
Macbeth, Banque, Generals of the King's Army.	Act I. Sc. 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10. Act II. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Act III. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 5. Act IV. Sc. 2. Act V. Sc. 3, 5, 6. Act I. Sc. 4, 5, 6, 8. Act II. Sc. 1, 5. Act III. Sc. 1, 4.
Lenox, Macduff, Rosse, Menteth, Angus, Cathness,	Act I. Sc. 2, 6. 8. Act II. Sc. 4, 5. Act III. Sc. 1, 5, 7. Act IV. Sc. 2. Act IV. Sc. 2. Act IV. Sc. 2. Act IV. Sc. 4, 5, 6. Act III. Sc. 2, 5, 6, 8. Act III. Sc. 5, 6. Act III. Sc. 1, 5, Act IV. Sc. 3, 6. Act V. Sc. 7. Act V. Sc. 2, 4. Act I. Sc. 2, 6, 5, 8. Act V. Sc. 2, 4. Act I. Sc. 2, 6, 5, 8. Act V. Sc. 2, 4. Act V. Sc. 2, 4.
Fleance, Son to Banque,	{ A& II. Sc. 1. A& III. Sc. 4.
* Seyward, General of the English Forces,	{ Act V. Sc. 4, 6, 7.
Young Seward, his Son,	{ A& V. Sc. 4, 6.
Seyton, an Officer, attending on Macheth,	S (A& V. Sc. 3, 5.
Son to Macduff,	AA IV. Sc. 5.
A wounded Captain,	Act I. Sc. II.
A Doctor,	Act IV. Sc. 5.
Another Doctor,	Act V. Sc. 1, 3.
A Porter,	{ A& II. Sc. 4.
An old Man,	Act II. Sc. 6.

b The fo's fometimes spell this name Fleans.

[.] T. and all after, except G. Siward.



1st Murtherer,	₹ A& III. Sc. 2, 4, 5.
2d Murtherer,	{ A& IV. Sc. 3.
3d Murtherer,	{ Act III. Sc. 2, 4.
Other Murtherers	AR IV. Sc. 3.
Lady Macheth,	S Act I. Sc. 7, 8, 10. Act II. Sc. 3, 5 Act III. Sc. 1, 3, 5. Act V. Sc. 1.
Lady Macduff,	{ A& IV. Sc. 3.
Gentlewoman, attending on Lady Macheth,	A& V. Sc. 1.
Hecate,	A& III. Sc. 6. A& IV. Sc. 2, 2.
Three Witches,	SA&I. Sc. 1, 3, 4. A&III. Sc. 6. A&IV. Sc. 1, 2.
Three other Witches,	AA IV. Sc. 1, 2.

Lords, Gentlemen, Officers, Soldiers, and Attendants.

The Ghoft of Banque, {Act III. Sc. 5. Act IV. Sc. 2. Several other Apparitions, {Act IV. Sc. 2.

S C E N E,

In the End of the fourth Act, lies in England; through the rest of the Play, in Scotland, and chiefly at Macbeth's Castle.

S K E T C H

O F

THE PLAY.

ACT I.

- Sc. I. A N open place. Thunder and lightning. Enter three witches, Their intention to meet Macbeth. They rife, and fly away.
- Sc. II. The palace at Foris. Alarum within. Enter king, Malc. Donalb. Len. with Attendants, meeting a bleeding Captain, who brings an account of Mach.'s having gained the victory over the rebels; but that the Norweyans had begun a fresh assault. Exit Captain. Enter Rosse and Ang. with the news that the Thane of Cawdor had assisted the Norweyans, but that the victory declared against them. The king passes sentence of death upon the thane of Cawdor, and invests Mach. with his title.
- Sc. III. An heath. Thunder. Enter the three witches. Their mischievous conjurations against a Sailor, whose wife had resused to give one of them some of her chesauts. They make a charm for Mach. and Bang.

Sc. 1V.



- Sc. IV. To the Witches enter Mach. and Banq. The Witches falute Mach. as Thane of Glamis and Cawdor, and as one who shall be king. They foretel that Banquo's children shall be kings. The Witches vanish.
- Sc. V. To Mach. and Banq. enter Rosse and Ang. who bring the king's thanks to Mach. for his exploits, and inform him that he is made Thane of Cawdor.
- Sc. VI. The palace. Enter king, Malcolm, Dohalb. Len. and attendants. Mal. informs the king that the traitrous Thane of Cawdor is executed. Enter Macb. Banq. Rosse and Ang. The king expresses his gratitude to Macb. and Banq. for their services; declares his eldest son Malcolm his heir and prince of Cumberland; and invites himself to Macb.'s castle at Inverness. Exit Macb. to make preparations for the reception of the king. Flourish, and execut the rest.
- Sc. VII. An apartment in Mach.'s castle at Inverness. Enter lady Mach. alone, reading a letter from Mach. which informs her of what passed between him and the Witches. Her respections thereon. Enter messenger with tidings that the king is coming to be her guest. Exit messenger. Lady Mach. in a soliloguy discovers her murtherous intentions against the king; and, Mach. entering, persuades him to engage therein. Excunt.
- Sc. VIII. Before Mach.'s castle. Enter king, Mal. Donalb.

 Banq. Len. Macd. Rosse, Ang. and attendants.

 The king and Banq. praise the seat for it's pleafantness. Enter lady Macheth. After mutual compliments between the king and her, exeunt.

Sc. IX.

- Sc. IX. An apartment in the castle. Enter a Sewer and fervants, with dishes and service over the stage. Enter Macb. His soliloquy on the intended murther. Reslecting on the doubtfulness of success, and the heinousness of the crime, he is staggered in his resolution.
- Sc. X. To him enter lady *Mach*. who by specious arguments confirms him in the horrid design. Execunt.

ACT II.

- Sc. I. Mach.'s castle. Enter Banq. and Fle. with a torch before him. Talk of the darkness of the night. Enter Mach. and a servant with a torch. Banq. presents Mach. with a diamond for lady Mach. from the king. Talk of the Witches, &c. Ex-Banq. and Fle.
- Sc. Manet Mach. Soliloquy on a bloody dagger, which feems to appear to him leading him on to the murther. A bell rings. Exit, as to kill the king.
- Sc. III. Enter lady Mach. Her foliloquy while Mach. is about the murther. Enter Mach. who informs her he has done the deed. Exeunt.
- Sc. IV. Enter a porter. Knocking within. The porter's humorous speech as in the character of a porter of hell-gate. The porter opens. Enter Macd. and Len. Humorous talk about drink and its effects. Enter Macb. Macd. enquires of him, if the king be ftirring, and tells him that he (Macd.) had orders to call the king early. Macb. shews Macd.



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the room where the king lies. Exit Macd. as to call the king. After a short space re-enter Macd. shocked with the sight of the murthered king. Exeunt Macb. and Len. to the king's chamber. Macd. orders the alarum-bell to be rung, and cries out, Murther and treason!

- Sc. V. Bell rings. To Macd. enter lady Macb. pretending to enquire into the cause of the clamour. Enter Banq. whom Macd. acquaints with the king's murther. Enter Macb. Len. and Rosse. Soon after enter Malc. and Donalb. They are informed of their father's murther. It appears from a speech of Macb. that he, as judging the king's guards guilty of the murther, had killed them when he went with Len. into the king's chamber, in Sc. IV. Lady Macb. counterseiting a swoon, is carried out. Exeunt all but Malc. and Donalb. They, whing themselves in danger, are determined to fly; and agree that Malc. shall go to England, Donalb to Ireland. Exeunt, taking leave.
- Sc. VI. The outfide of Mach.'s castle. Enter Ross with an old man, and soon after enter Macd. Talk of the omens that preceded the king's murther; of the king's two sons, Malc. and Donalb. being sled, which lays them under the suspicion of having suborned the guards to murther their father; and of the likelihood of Mach.'s being invested with the sovereignty. Execunt.

ACT III.

- Sc. I. An apartment in the palace. Enter Banq. He suspects that Mach. has played south for the crown which he has gained. Trumpets sound. Enter Much. as king, lady Macheth, Len. Rosse, lords and attendants. Mach. invites Banq. to a solemn supper to be held at night. Banq. promises (after a ride he and Fle. are to take for the afternoon) to return to the supper. Exit Banq. Exeunt lady Mach. and lords, &c.
- Sc. II. Manent Mach. and a fervant. Mach. bids the ferwant call two men that are waiting without. Exit fervant. A foliloquy of Mach. He fears Banq. on account of his wifdom and valour. Enter two Murtherers, whom Mach. employs to murther Banq. and Pleance as they return from their ride. Exeunt murtherers. Exit Mach.
- Sc. III. Another apartment in the palace. Enter lady Mach. and a fervant, whom she fends to call Mach. Enter Mach. Talk of their dangerous situation while Bang. and Fle. live, &c. Exeunt.
- Sc. IV. A park, the castle at a distance. Enter three murtherers, as waiting for Banq. and Fle. Enter Banq. and Fle. Banq. is murthered, but Fle. makes his escape. Exeunt murtherers.
- Enter Mach. lady Mach. Rosse, Len. lords and attendants. Mach. and his lady welcome the guests.

 Enter all murtherer, acquaints Mach. with the death



death of Banq and escape of Fle. Exit murtherer. The ghost of Banq rises and sits in Mach's place, which he had left to speak with the murtherer. Mach starts, and falls into a sit of terror, which his lady excuses to the guests as a disorder he is troubled with. The ghost vanishes. Mach drinks to the health of his guests, and of the absent Banq wishing him present. The ghost rises again. Mach falls into another sit of terror. Excunt all but Mach and lady. Mach having stept so far in blood, determines to continue his course. Execunt.

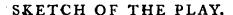
- Sc. VI. The heath. Thunder. Enter three witches, meeting Hecate. Hecate is angry with them, that they did not confult with her in their charms on Mach.'s account. She appoints them to meet her in the morning at the pit of Acheron, whither she says Mach. will come to know his destiny. Exeunt.
- Sc. VII. A chamber. Enter Len. and another lord. Len. ironically infinuates that Mach. is the author of the late murthers, and is informed by this lord that Mach. is gone to England to folicit affistance of king Edward against the tyrant Mach. Execut.

A C T IV.

Sc. I. A dark cave. In the middle, a great cauldron boiling. Thunder. Enter the three Witches. They march round the cauldron, and throw in the feveral ingredients as for the preparation of their charm. Enter

Enter *Hecate* and three other Witches. Music and a fong.

- Sc. II. To them enter Mach. He conjures them to answer fome questions which he shall ask: They conjure up an apparition of an armed head, which bids him beware of Macduff. A second apparition of a bloody child tells him that None of woman born shall harm Macbeth. A third apparition of a child crowned, with a tree in his hand, tells him, he shall never be vanquished till Birnham wood shall come to Dunsinane hill against him. Mach. conjures the Witches farther to tell him, whether Bang.'s iffue shall ever reign in Scotland. As an answer to this question they cause eight kings (supposed Bang.'s issue) to appear and pass by in order; and Bang. after them, with a glass in his hand, wherein appear many more. Music. The Witches dance. and vanish. Enter Len. who tells Mach. that Macd. is fled to England. Macb. determines to feize upon the castle of Macd, and to murder his wife and family. Excunt.
- Sc. III. Macd. castle at Fife. Enter lady Macd. her son, and Rosse. Lady Macd. complains of her husband's stying to England: Rosse endeavours to comfort her. Exit Rosse. Talk between lady Macd. and her son. Enter Messenger, who being apprehensive of danger to her and hers, advises their slight. Exit. Messenger. Soon after enter Murtherers, who kill the son. Exit lady Macd. crying Murther! and the Murtherers pursuing her.
- Sc. IV. The king of England's palace. Enter Mal. and Macd. They be wail the kingdom of Scotland, as deprived



deprived of its lawful king, and oppreft by an usurper. Malc. suspecting treachery in Macd. pretends to relinquish all thoughts of recovering his birth-right, viz. the crown of Scotland, and urges his own (feigned) vicious dispositions as the reason: but at length, discovering Macd.'s sidelity by his ingenuous behaviour, he acknowledges that he has unjustly accused himself, and accepts the proferred affistance of his friends to set him on the throne.

- Sc. V. To them enter a Doctor, who gives them notice that king *Edward* is coming forth from his palace, and that a number of persons afflicted by the *Evil* are waiting for his touch. Exit Doctor.
- Sc. VI. Enter Rosse, who brings news that Macd.'s castle is furprized, and his wife and children slaughtered.

 'Macd.'s grief thereon, and determination to be revenged on the tyrant. Exeunt.

ACT V.

- Sc. I. An anti-chamber in Mach.'s castle. Enter a Doctor of physic and a waiting Gentlewoman. Discourse of lady Mach. who walks and talks in her sleep. Enter lady Mach. in her sleep with her taper in her hand, discovers her guilty conscience by her talk. Exeunt.
- Sc. II. A field with a wood at a distance. Drum and colours. Enter Ment. Cath. Ang. Len. and soldiers. From this scene we are informed that an army of the English led by Malc. Seyw. and Macd. is mov-

ing towards Dunfmane, where Mach. is fortifying himself. Exeunt.

- Sc. III. The castle of Dunssmane. Enter Mach. Doctor and attendants. A Servant informs Mach. that an army of ten thousand English are approaching. Enter Septon, who confirms the news. Talk between Mach. and the Doctor about lady Mach.'s illness. Exeunt.
- Sc. IV. Birnam wood. Drum and colours. Enter Malc. Seyw. Macd. Seyw.'s fon, Ment. Cath. Ang. and foldiers marching. Malc. orders every foldier to hew down a bough and carry it before him to conceal the number of the army as they advance towards Dunfinane. Exeunt marching.
- Sc. V. The castle of Dunsinane. Enter Mach. Septon, and foldiers, with drums and colours. A cry within of women; the cause whereof Mach. enquiring, is informed lady Mach. is dead. Enter a Messenger; who tells Mach. that as he looked towards Birnam, the wood seemed to move. Mach. orders the alarum-bell to be rung. Exeunt.
- Sc. VI. Before Dunsinane. Drum and colours. Enter Male. Seyw. Macd. and their army with boughs. Male. bids them throw down their boughs. Alarum. Execunt. Enter Macb. and soon after young Seyw. They sight, and the latter is slain. Exit Macb. Alarums. Enter Macd. seeking Macb. to engage with him. Exit. Enter Male. and Seyw. Seyw. tells Male. that the castle is rendered up, and the battle almost won. Exeunt. Alarum. Enter Macb. and, after him, Macd. They sight. Macb. boasts his security, for that he bears a charmed life which

J. A C B E H.

Witch. I come, Grimalkin.

20

2 Witch. Padocke calls - anon.

All. Fair is foul, and foul is fair.

Hover through \$ the fog and filthy air.

h [They rife from the stage, and sty away.

N

i The Palace of Forts.

Enter King, Malcolme, Donalbaine, Le-L Alarum within. nox, with attendants, meeting a bleeding Captain.

King. What bloody man is that? he can report, As feemeth by his plight, of the revolt The newest state.

Mal. This is the ferjeant, Who like a good and hardy foldier fought 'Gainst my captivity. 1 Hail, hail, brave friend! Say to the King, the knowledge of the broil, As thou didst leave it.

Cap. m Doubtful it flood,

except C. repeat I come twice. . .

" The fo's and R. Gray-Malkin.

. f All before P. give this speech to All: So does C.

.. E P. and H. omit the

. A This direction was first put in by once. R; the fo's read only, [Execut.

i This description of the Scene is first except G. Doubtful long it flood, &c.

d So all before P; he and all after, put in by T; the fo's have no description; R. and P. only, A Palace; C. A camp near Foris.

k So the fo's; all after, except C, omit Alarum within.

I The 1st f. and J. read beil but

m So all before P; he and all after,

A۶

As two expert fwimmers that do cling together, And chook their art. The merciless of Macdonald. (Worthy to be a rebel; for to that The multiplying p villanies of nature Do swarm upon him) from the western isles • Of Kernes and Gallowglasses, is supply'd; And fortune on his dammed quarry fmiling, Shew'd like "a rebel's whore: " But all 's too weak. For brave Macheth (well he deserves that name) Disdaining fortune, with his brandisht steel, Which smoak'd with bloody execution, Like valours minion carved out his passage, * Till he fac'd the flave; Which ne'er shook hands nor y bad farewel to him, 'Till he unseam'd him from the 2 nave to th' chops, And fix'd his head upon our battlements.

a All the editions read (pent : But 'tis probable Shakespeare wrote 'spert, Matdonnel. cutting off the e to make it measure, which the editors (not knowing what to make of it) changed into fpene, the traces of the letters being mear. Spent can here have no meaning; for the fimile de drawn from two persons swim-' ming for a trial of their skill, who can ry, See Heath in loc. form fafteft; and as they approach near the goal, they are supposed to cling together, and strive to hinder each other in their progress; an operation inconfiftent with their being tired and fpent, but well agreeing with their being expert in their art.

- . The rit f. Macdonwald; the rett,
- P The 2d and 3d fo's, willmines.
- " A H. With for Off. in and
- r The 12 f. Gallowgraffer.
- ³ So all before P; he and the reft, except C. was for is.
- "1 H. W. J. and C. quarrel for quar
 - u H. the for a.
- w So all before P; he and the reft, except C. all for all's,
- * So all before P; he and all after, except J. read, "Till be had fac'd, &c.
- y The 4th f. and all after, but G. bid for bad.
- 2 H. and W. nape for nave.

No fooner justice had, with valour : Compell'd these skipping & Kernes &

But the *Norweyan* lord, furveying 'w With furbisht arms and new supplie Began a fresh assault.

King. Difmay'd not this

Our captains, * Matheth and Banque
Cap. Yes,
As sparrows, eagles; or the hare, t

As sparrows, eagles; or the hare, t If I say sooth, I must report, they As cannons overcharg'd with double So they f doubly redoubled strokes t Except they meant to bathe in recki Or memorize another Golgotha,

I cannot tell—
But I am faint, my gashes cry for

King: So well thy words become

They finack of honour both. Go.

Enter Rosse and Angus.

Who comes here?

Mal. The worthy Thane of Resse.

Len. 3 What haste looks through his eyes?

So should he look, that I seems to speak things strange.

Rosse. God fave the King!

King. Whence cam'ft thou, worthy Thane?

Roffe. From Fife, great king,

Where the Norweyan banners flout the fky,

And fan our people cold.

Norway himself, with * terrible numbers,

Affished by that most disloyal traytor,

The Thane of Cawder, began a dismal conflict,

Till that Bellena's bridegroom, lapt in proof,

Confronted him with felf-comparisons,

Point against point rebellious m, arm 'gainst arm,

Curbing his lavish spirit. And to conclude,

The victory fell on us.

King. Great happiness!

Roffe. o That now

Swene, o the Nerway's king, craves composition:

E First f. What a bofte, &c.

h Upcon thinks this line should be except C. 'gan. given to Malcolme.

. i. Jopeopoles, teems for feems. . .

R P. alters this to, numbers terrible; which gives occasion to T. to stop in the And. following manner, Norway, bingelf with . . P. and all after, omit That an-

P. and all after, read But before numbers terrible, affified, &cc. followed by . all after,

. . . ! So all before P; he and all after,

m In all editions before T. the com-

ma is placed after point. " P. and all after, except C. om;



MACBETH.

Nor would we deign him burial of his men, Till he disbursed, at Saint P Colmkil-isse, Ten thousand dollars, to our general use.

King. No more that Thane of Cawdor shall deceive Our bosom interest. Go, pronounce his q present death; And with his former title q greet Macheth.

Rosse. I'll see it done.

24

King. What he hath loft, noble Macbeth hath won.

Exeunt.

S C E N E III.

Changes to the Heath.

Thunder. Enter the three Witches.

- 1 Witch. Where hast thou been, sister?
- 2 Witch. Killing swine.
- 3 Witch. Sister, where thou?
- I Witch. A failor's wife had chesnuts in her lap,
 And mouncht, and mouncht, and mouncht. Give me,
 quoth I.

Aroynt thee, witch, the rump-fed ronyon cries. Her husband is to Aleppo gone, master o' th' Tiger:

- P The 1st s. C. lines ynch; the other of P. fo's, R. and C. Cohnes bill; the rest, prefere.

 Colmes-kill-ifle, except H. who reads as in The collection of the text, and gives the following note:

 The collection of the collection
- " Climbil is one of the Western isles of Aroyne, " Scotland, otherwise call'd Jana,"
- 9 P. and all after, except C. emit
 - The three last fo's, great.
- The 3d and 4th fq's, Augus for Arryst,

But in a fieve I'll thither fail, And like a rat without a tail, I'll do, I'll do, and I'll do.

- 2 Witch. I'll give thee a wind.
- 1 Witch, 1 Thou 'rt kind.
- 3 Witch. And I another.
- 1 Witeb. I myself have all the other.

And the very points they blow;
All the quarters that they know,
I' th' ship-man's card.

2 Pll drain him dry as hay, Sleep shall neither night nor day

Hang upon his pent-house lid; He shall live a man forbid;

Weary sev'n-nights nine times nine,

Shall he dwindle, peak, and pine;

Though his bark cannot be loft, Yet it shall be tempest-tost.

Look, what I have.

2 Witch. Shew me, shew me.

1 Witch. Here, I have a pilot's thumb,

Wrackt as homeward he did come.

g Witch. A drum, a drum!

Macheth doth come!

[Drum within.

So the fo's, R. and C; the reft, These art for These'rs.

^{*} J. propoles, verious for very.

W All before P, read parts for points,

[×] So all before P; he and all after, except C. I will for I'll.

y i. e. interdified. As the Pope's legate told K. John, "He (the Pope) "hath wholly interdiffed and curfed you, for the wrongs you have done "unto the holy church." Fax, Vol. I. p 285. Upton's Crit. Ob.

All. The 2 weird fifters, hand in hand, Posters of the sea and land,
Thus do go about, about,
Thrice to thine, and thrice to mine,
And thrice again to make up nine.
Peace, the charm's wound up.

SCENE IV.

Enter Macbethi and Banquo .

Mac. So foul and fair a day I have not feen.

Ban. How far is 't call'd to 'Foris? — What are thefe,
So wither'd and so wild in their attire?

That look not like th' inhabitants o' th' earth,
And yet are on 't? Live you, or are you aught

That man may question? You feem to understand me,
By each at once her choppy finger laying

Upon her skinny lips, — You should be women,

E So T. H. and C; the rest, veryward.

Be overture Makbeth and Banquho were passant to be for the tyme, and met be regain three women alothic in clospe and passants would. They was jugit be the period to be sweired afteris. The old Scatistichron, fol. c. LXXIII. From the Anglo-San. Impth, fatum, comes, weired sisters, parca. So Douglass in his translation of Vingil, An. III. Probibent name catters parcae scire. The weired sisteric de-

. 1

So T. H. and C; the rest, weyward. Fendhitbat fall be win And Bance domes Be oventure Makbeth and Banquho mizarn. Openy Crisische.

- a R. and all after add, with foldiers and other attendants, (except C. who directs, Enter Mach. and Banq. journeying; foldiers, and others, at a diffance). But, as it does not appear that there is any need of them in the scene, so it is likewise improper there should be any witnesses to what passed in it.
- b All before P. Seris for Foris.

ACT I. 3 SCEME IV.

And yet your beards forbid me to interpret That you are fo.

Mac. Speak; if you can; what are you?

- 1 Witch. All-hail, Macheth! Hail to thee, Thank of Glamis!
- 2 Witch. All-hail, Macbeth! Hail to thee, Thane of Cawder!

3 Wilch. All-hail, Muchth! that shalt be king hereafter. Ban. Good fir, why do you start, and seem to sear Things that do found to fair? - I' th' name of truth, Are ye fantastical, or that indeed Which outwardly ye show? My noble partner You greet with present grace, and great prediction Of noble Having, and of royal hope, That he feems " rape withal; to me you speak not. If you can look into the feeds of time, And fay which grain will grow and which will not; Speak then to me, who neither beg, nor fear, ់ទៅ "ស្គីម Your favours, nor your hate. w. II ..

- 1 Witch. Hail! "
- 2 Witch. Hail!
- 3 Witch. Hail!
- 1 Witch. Lesser than Macheth, and greater.
- 2 Witch. Not so happy, yet much happiet.
- 3 Witch. Thou shalt get kings, though thou be none;
- So, all hail, Macheth and Banque!
 - 1 Witch. Banque and Macbeth, all hail! Mac. Stay, you imperfect speakers, tell me more;

s All before P. wrapt.

d P. and H. omit Se.

MACBETH.

By "Sinel's death, I know I am Theme of Glamis;
But how of Cawder? the Thans of Cawder lives,
A prosperous gentleman; and, to be king,
Stands not within the prospect of belief,
No more than to be Cawder. Say from whence
You owe this strange intelligence, or why
Upon this blasted heath you stop our way,
With such prophetic Greeting?—Speak, I charge you.

[Witches vanish.

Ban. The earth hath bubbles, as the water has;
And these are of them. Whither are they vanish'd?

Mac. Into the air; and what seem'd corporal

Melted, as breath, into the wind.—

Would they had staid!

Ban. Were such things here, as we do speak about? Or have we eaten f of the insane root,
That takes the Reason prisoner?

Mac. Your children shall be kings.

Ban. You shall be king.

\$8

Mac. And Thane of Cawder too; went it not so?

Ban. To th' felf-fame tune, and words. Who's here?

The father of Macheth. P. 8 H. reads, but who is here? for who's is The 3 first fo's, on for of. bern?

SCENE

Enter Rosse and Angus.

Rosse. The king hath happily receiv'd, Macheth, The news of thy fuccess; and when he reads Thy personal b venture in the rebels' fight, His wonders and his praises do contend, Which should be thine, or his. Silenc'd with that, In viewing o'er the rest o' th' self-same day, He finds thee in the flout Norweyan ranks, Nothing i afeard of what thyfelf didft make Strange images of death. k As thick as hail, Came post on post, and every one did bear Thy praises in his kingdom's great defence; And pour'd them down before him.

Ang. We are sent, To give thee, from our royal master, thanks: Only to 1 herald thee into his fight, Not pay thee.

Roffe. And for an earnest of a greater honour, He bad me, from him, call thee Thane of Cawder: In which addition, hail, most worthy Thane! For it is thine.

"I The th f. berrold. ofroid.

h W. reads 'conture, i. e. adventure; k The fe's read, As thick as tale followed by 7. Can post with post, &cc. i So the 3 first fo's and C; the rest,

Ban. What, can the devil speak true!

Mac. The Thane of Cawdor lives;

Why do you dress me in m his borrow'd robes?

Ang. Who was the Thane, lives yet;
But under heavy judgment bears that life,
Which he deserves to lose. Whether he was combin'd
With n those of Norway, or did line the rebel
With hidden help and 'vantage; or o that with both
He labour'd in his country's wreck, I know not;
But treasons capital, confess'd, and prov'd,
Have overthrown him,

Mac. Glamis and Thane of Cawdor! [Aside. The greatest is behind—Thanks for your pains. [To Angus. Do you not hope your children shall be kings? [To Banquo. When those that gave the Thane of Cawdor to me, Promis'd no less to them?

Ban. That trusted home,
Might yet enkindle you unto the crown,
Besides the Thane of Cawdor. But 'tis strange;
And oftentimes, to win us to our harm,
The instruments of darkness tell us truths,
Win us with honest tristes, to p betray us
In deepest consequence.—Cousins, a word, I pray you.

[To Rosse and Angus,
Mac. Two truths are told,

As happy prologues to the swelling act
Of the imperial theme.—I thank you, gentlemen—

.....

The 1st f. and C. omit bis.

n So all before P. i. he and all after omit those of.

P. and H. omit that,
 The fole and R.: ofteres; betrey's for being us.

This supernatural solliciting
Cannot be ill; cannot be good—If ill,
Why both it given me earnest of success,
Commencing in a truth? I am Thane of George.
If good, why do I yield to that suggestion,
Whose horrid image doth a unsix my hair,
And make my seated heart knock at my rike,
Against the use of nature? Present sears
Are less than horrible imaginings.
My thought, whose murther yet is but fantastical,
Shakes so my single state of man, that sunction
Is smother'd in surmise; and nothing is,
But what is not.

Ban. Look how our partner 's rapt.

Mac. If chance will have me king, why, chance may crown me,

Without my ftir.

[Afide.

Ban. New honours, come upon him,
Like our strange garments, cleave not to their mould
But with the aid of use.

Mac. Come what come may,

Africa

Time and the hour runs through the roughest day. • Ban. Worthy Madieth, we stay upon your leisure.

Mac. Give me your favour. My dull brain was wrought With things of forgotten. Kind gentlemen, your pains.

To Roffe and Angus.

W. spine for siefes.

2 The fo's, deire for buir.

3 T. and all after, except G, read finits the beir, &c.

2 This is W's emendation.

3 H. reads unbeforementar's yet but fein
cyclpt C. forger for for garding.

* Are registred where every day I turn The leaf to read them. - Let us toward the king. Think upon what hath chanc'd; and at more time, [To Ban. The interim having weigh'd it, let us speak Our free hearts each to other.

Ban. Véry gladly.

Mac. 'Till then enough. Come, friends.'

[Exeunts

SCENE VI.

* The Palace.

Flourish. Enter King, Malcolm, Donalbain, Lenox, and Attendants.

King. Is execution done on Cawder? * Are not those in commission yet return'd? Mal. My liege,

They are not yet come back. But I have spoke With one that saw him die; who did report, That very frankly he confess'd his treasons, Implor'd your Highness' pardon, and set forth -A deep repentance; nothing in his life

2 De ma autem, quantas debeo grá-tias patemas banignitati vefiræ, scriben-2 R. first de do son fufficio reddete. Sed cas in charta cordis mei scriptes lego essidue. Anschm. by all but C. Pafchali Pontif, ap. Red. p. 93.

y In the fair, R. and C. this is made Are.

2 R. first describes the scene.

a After Camdor P. adds yet, followed

b The 1st f. T. W. and J. Or for

Became

Became him like the leaving it. He dy'd, As one that had been studied in his death, ! To throw away the dearest thing he cow'd, As 'twere a careless trifle.

King. There's no art, To find the mind's construction in the face! He was a gentleman, on whom I built An absolute trust.

Enter Macbeth, Banquo, Rosse, and Angus. O worthieft cousin! The fin of my ingratitude even how Was heavy on me. Thou art so far before; The swiftest wing of recompence is slow, To overtake thee. Would, thou hadft less deserv'd, That the proportion both of thanks and payment Might have been mine! Only I have left to fay, More is thy due, than more than all can pay.

Mac. The service and the loyalty I owe, In doing it pays itself. Your Highness' part Is to receive our duties; and our duties Are to your throne and state, children and servants; Which do but what they should, by doing every thing, Safe toward your s love and honour.

King. Welcome hither:

I have begun to plant thee, and will labour

W. own'd for ow'd; but Shakefloure wies them both in the fame fenie. for Safe; W. Fief'd; T. peopoles, Fiefi;

[.] H. teads; Mire it thy due, ou'n more fave terward your love, &c.

abin all can pay,

f So all before H. who reads Shop'd 4 H. reads, O my most tworthy consine. Heath, Server; J. — in doing houblands

[#] W. life fot leve.

.) t To make thee full of growing. Noble Banque, Thou hast no less deserved, h nor must be known No less to have done so. Let me enfold thee, And hold thee to my heart.

Ban. There if I grow, The harvest is your own,

King. My plenteous joys, Wanton in fulncis, feek to hide themselves In drops of forrow. Sons, kinfmen, 1 Thomes, And you whose places are the nearest, know, We will establish our estate upon Our eldest Malcolm, whom we name hereafter The Prince of Cumberland; which honour must, Not k unaccompanied, invest him only, But figns of nobleness, like stars, shall shine On all deservers. , 1 From hence to Inverness, And bind us further to you,

Mac. The rest is labour, which is not us'd for you: I'll be myself the harbinger, and make joyful The hearing of my wife with your approach; So humbly take my leave.

King. My worthy Cawdor,!

Mac. The prince of Cumberland!—That is a step [Aside On which I must fall down, or else o'er-leap,

. It So all before R; he and all after, (ay) be known to have deferved. except C. and for non. But perhaps there was no need of an emendation: for we have here only the double negative, which the prefs, followed by J. Shakespeare sometimes makes use of; Thou hast no less deserv'd than Macbeth, From. mor must thou no less (any I fs, we should

Before Thous H. inferts and.

k W. reads accompanied, an error of

1 P- and all after, except C. omit

For in my way it lies. State, hide your fires! Let " not " light fee my black and deep defires; The eye wink at the hand; yet let that be, ... Which the eye fears, when it is done, to see.

1.1.20

Exit.

Thur. True, worthy Bayers; ? he is full so valiant, And in his commendations I am fed; It is a banquest to me. ? Let 's after him. Whose care is gone before to bid us welcome: It is a peerless kinsman.

[Flourisb. Excunt.

in in the contract of the second

S.C., E.N. E. VII.

An apartment in Macbeth's Caffle of Invernels. the Community of States of the States of the

Rater Lady. Machath alme, with a lette.

Lady. They met me in the day of success; and I have learned . by " the perfecteft report, they have more in them than mertal knowledge. When I burnt in defire to question them further, they made themselves our, into which they wanish'd. " While

- M H. no for sec.
- . W. Might for light.
 - . H. be is fell of wither, bet.
 - P. bei ditfer, Se et for Bels.
- Phorjó.
- * This is the 5th Some, in the fe't,
 - * There is no deletiption of the feene

ja the fo's; R. first gives the above, encept the woods, or hindreds, which are added by P.

- the file, Boolen's wife.
- 9 The 32th A's, P. H. and C. omit . W. the perfected ripers, De. the prediction fulfilled.
 - " P. and all-after, except G. while for while.

I stood rapt in the wonder of it; came missives from the kings who " all-hail'd me, Thane of Cawdon; by which title, bet fore, these weird listers saluted vio, and referr'd me to the coming on of time, with Hail king that shall be! This have I thought good to Melsver thee, my Marest partner of greatues, that thou might'st not I lose the dues of rejaising, by being must rant of what greatness is promised thee. Lay is to the beart, and farewel. : -. .

11 6 . . . Glamis thou art, and Cawdor—and shalt be What thou art promis'd. Yet " do I fear thy nature: It is too full o' th' milk of human kindness, To catch the nearest way. Thou would'st be great: Art not without ambition; but without The illess should attend it. What thou would'st highly, That would'st thou holily; would'st not play false, And yet would'st wrongly win; thou'dst have, great Glamis, That whiteries, Thus thou mast do, is thoushave a it; And that which rather thou dost fear to do, Than willien mould be undone. " Hie thee hither," That I may pour my spirits in thine ear, And chaitile with the valour of my tongue All that a impeder thee from the golden round, it is son the

. कारी हा ता रोट के रण्या है है " selle 3 fak fels and R. all bail'd. That which, if thou any life have it, for all-bail'd. y The sun sit to William for left. 2 2 MI and M. dust des the late found ; ... The three of fe's, High for Mis. ... (2) R. I do for do I. "f. 2-J. logu.is inesteorifory to tendeme forgingedes there. . . . 2 12 for it: Not at all necessary, Dr. 34 en led best op the authorities

cries " Thue then muff fog", i H

. S. And they's perfect perfect, acc.

d The 3 last fo's and R. the hinders

Which fate and metaphysical aid doth freem - To have thee crown'd withal.

Enter Messenger.

What is your tidings?

Meff. The king comes here to-night.

Lady. Thou'rt mad to say it.

Is not thy master with him? who, were 't so, Would have inform'd for preparation.

Mef. So please you, it is true: our Thane is coming, One of my fellows had the speed of him; Who almost dead for breath, had scarcely more Than would make up his message.

Lady. Give him tending;

He brings great news. The raven i himself is hoarse,

. [Exit Meffenger.

That croaks the fatal entrance of Duncan
Under my battlements: Come, k you spirits
That tend on mortal thoughts, unsex me here,
And fill me from the crown to the tee, top-full
Of direct cruelty; inske thick my blood,
Stop up, th' access and passage to remorte,
That no compunctious visitings of nature
Shake my fell purpose, nor keep m peace between
Th' meffect, and it. Come to my woman's breasts,

[·] H. metopbyfic.

T. propules, fick for from. See Heath in loc.

t. W. crown'd thee for thee crowp'd.

h The three til fo'e, Then.

i W. himfolf's not beerfe, htt. Sep. Neath.

k P. and all after, infert all before

W. and J. direct for direct.

m J. propofes, pace for peace,

n The 2d f. effett.

[•] The ER and ad fo's, bit for it.

And take my milk for gall, you murth'ring ministers, Where-ever in your fightless substances. You wait on nature's mischief. Come, thick night! And pall thee in the dunnest smoak of hell, That my keen knife see not the wound it makes; Nor heaven peep through the blanket of the dark, To cry, Hold, hold!

Bater Macbeth.

Great Glamis! worthy Cawdor! [Embracing him. Greater than both, by the all-hail hereafter! Thy letters have transported me beyond This ignorant present , and I feel now The future in the instant.

Mac. My dearest love, Duncan comes here to-night.

Lady. And when goes hence?

Mac. To-morrow, as he purposes.

Lady. O never

Shall fun that morrow fee.
Your face, my There, is as a book where then
May read firange matters. To beguile the time,
Look like the time; bear welcome in your eye,
Your hand, your tongue; look like the innocent flower,
But he the ferpent under 't. He, that's coming,
Must be provided for; and you shall put
This night's great business into my dispatch,

P This direction first given by R.

9 After profess P. and all after, except G. unit

1 After profess P. and all after, except G. unit

2 The period is placed at the end of
this line, in the Kin, R. and P.

Which

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ACT I. SCENE VIII.

Which shall to all our nights and days to come Give folely fovereign fway and mafterdom.

Mac. We will speak further. Lady. Only look up clear: To alter favour ever is to fear: Leave all the rest to me.

Excunt.

SCENE VIII.

* Before Macbeth's Caftle-Gate.

Hautbeys and Terches. Enter King, Malcolm, Donalbain, Banquo, Lenox, Macduff, Rosse, Angus, and Aumdants.

King. This castle hath a pleasant seat; the air Nimbly and sweetly recommends itself Unto our 'gentle fenses.

Ban. This guest of summer. The temple-haunting " martlet, does approve By his lov'd " manfionry that " the heaven's breath Smells wooingly here. No z jutty frieze, Buttrice, nor coigne of 'vantage, but this bird Hath made his pendant hed, and procreant cradle;

- " This is Scene VI. in the fo's, R. eni G
 - " The forme not deferited in the fo's.
 - t W. general fenfe. '
 - E C. feufe. .
 - " The feig bertlet.
- E The fo's, R. and P.'s quarte, monform; P.'s duodecimo and H. meferry.
- T. P. and all after, encept G. dwit
 - = P. and all after, except J. jut-

Where

C 4

MACBETH.

Where they a must breed and haunt, I have observed, The air is delicate.

Euter Lady Macbeth.

King. See, fee! our honour'd hostess!

The love that follows us, b formetimes is our trouble,
Which still we thank as love. Herein I teach you
How you c shall bid God-eyld us for your pains,
And thank us for your trouble.

Lady. All our service,

In every point twice done, and then done double, Were poor and fingle business to contend Against those honours deep and broad, wherewith Your Majesty loads our house. For those of old, And the late dignitles heap'd up to them, We rest your 4 hermits.

King. Where's the Thane of Cawdor?

We cours'd him at the heels, and had a purpose
To be his purveyor; but he rides well,
And his great love, sharp as his spur, hath holp him
To his home before us. Fair and noble hostess,
We are your guest to-night.

Lady. Your fervants ever Have theirs, themselves, and what is theirs in compt, To make their audit at your Highness' pleasure, Still to return your own.

King, Give me your hand,

j

^{*} So the fo's; the reft, mif for mift. . . . So the fo's, R.'s oftavo, H. and G;

Conduct me to mine hoft, we love him highly; And shall continue our graces towards him. By your leave, hostess,

Exeunt.

·S C E N E. IX.

An Apartment in Macbeth's Castle.

Hauthoys. Torches. Enter a 5 Sower, and divers Servents with dishes and service over the stage. Then enter Macbeth.

Mac. If it were done, when 'tis done, then 'twere well It were done quickly; if th' assaffination Could trammel up the confequence, and catch, With his furcease, success; that but this blow

- * In the fo's, R. and C. Scene VII.

- except G. read its for bis; whereby the feared bere, in this life, afterwards; pellege is obscured, and J. has been led we'd jump the life to come; I would to propose an emendation, viz. With its skip over those thoughts that regard a fuccefe, furcasfe, &c. i. e. with success state beyond the grave, I would venture in the affaffination, a furcease of farther the future judgment. But in these cases feer and anxiety. This I suppose is J.'s of murther, we still have judgment bere. meaning. But had the modern editors And this is agreeable to the common retained the old reading bis, they would opinion, that moreor will out, some have met with no difficulty herein: for time or other, and receive its punishhis refers to Durces; and the meaning ment in this world. is this, if the affaffination of Dunces

would facure me the confequence I sim f No description of the scene in the at, win, the quiet polletion of his crown, and procure me with his furcease, or 5 None but the fo's and G. mention death, success to my ambitious designs; that but this one blow might be all I h So all before P; he and all after, had to do, and that nothing was to be

Might be the Be-all and the End-all here, But here, upon this bank and k school of time, We'd jump the life to come. — But in these cases, We still have judgment here, that we but teach Bloody instructions, which, being taught, return ¹ To plague th' inventor; ^m this even-handed justice a Commends o the ingredients of our poison'd chalice To our own lips. He's here in double trust: First, as I am his kinsman and his subject, Strong both against the deed; then, as his host, Who should against his murderer shut the door, Not bear the knife myself. Besides, this Duncan Hath borne p his q faculties so meek, hath been So clear in his great office, that his virgues Will plead, like angels, trumpet-tongu'd, ' against The deep damnation of his taking off; And Pity, like a naked, new-born bahe, Striding the blaft, or heaven's cherubim, hors'd Upon the fightless couriers of the air, Shall blow the horrid deed in every eye, That tears shall drown the wind. - I have no spor To prick the fides of my intent, but only Vaulting ambition, which o'erleaps itself, And falls on th' other-

R. End of all, &c.

X T. H. J. and C. food; W. felve.

The three last fo's and R. emit this line.

P. T. H. and W. agait chis.

A So the 1st L. J. and G; the other fo's and R. To playing for Commends; P. and the raft, Returns for Commends.

The fo's, R. and C. th' ingradience.

The three left fo's this for his

P The three last fo's, this for his.

The two last fo's, R, and P. fa-

I J. again.

The fo's, currier; T. H. and Fr.

X. SCENE

Enter Lady Macbeth.

How now? what news?

Lady. 'He has almost supp'd; why have you lest the chamber?

Mac. Hath he ask'd for me?

Lady. Know you not he has?

Mac. We will proceed no further in this bufiness. He hath honour'd me of late; and I have bought Golden opinions from all " forts of people, Which would be worn now in their newest gloss, Not cast aside so soon.

Lady. Was the hope drunk, Wherein you drest yourself? hath it slept since? And wakes it now, to look so green and pale At what it did so freely? From this time, Such I account thy love. Art thou z afcard To be the same in thine own act and valour, As thou art in defire? Woulds thou have that, Which they eftern's the ornament of life, 7 And live a coward in thine own effects,

" So the fo's, R. and G. H. Me deed; what need of this electrone ? the feafe is plain enough; Wouldst thou (deft thou defire to) have that, which thou efterm'ft the ornament of life, and (yet, 2 So the three 1st fo's and C; the or at the same time) live a coward in thine own efform, (by) fetting I dere

Letting

the set, Be's for He bas.

[&]quot; T. W. and J. fort.

W H. pull for world,

rell, efraid.

I J. wordt reed do for And. But ant weit open I would, bec.

M A C'B E T H.

Letting I dare not wait upon I would,
Like the poor cat i'th' adage?

Mac. Pr'ythee peace!
I dare do all that may become a man;
Who dares a do more, is none.

Lady. What beaft was 't then,
That made you break this enterprize to me?
When you durft do it, then you were a man;
And to be more than what you were, you would
Be so much more the man. Nor time, nor place,
Did then a adhere, and yet you would make both;
They have made themselves, and that their fitness now
Does unmake you. I have given suck, and know
How tender 'tis to love the babe that milks me;
I would, while it was smiling in my sace,
Have pluckt my nipple from his boneless gums,
And dash'd the brains out, had I but so sworn
As you have done to this.

But screw your courage to the sticking place,
And we'll not sail. When Duncan is asleep,
(Whereto the rather shall; his day's hard journey
Soundly invite him) his two chamberlains.
Will I with wine and wassel so convince,
That memory, the warder of the brain,
Shall be a sume; and the receipt of reason
A limbeck only. When in swinish sleep

The fo's, no for do.

The rst f. omits but.

^{*} So all before P; he sad all after, . S. P, and H. shit for his. except C. co-bore for adhere.

Their drenched natures a lie as in a death, What cannot you and I perform upon Th' unguarded *Duncan?* what not put upon His spungy officers, who shall bear the guilt Of our great quell?

Mac. Bring forth men-children only:
For thy undaunted e metal should compose
Nothing but males. Will it not be receiv'd
When we have mark'd with blood those sleepy two
Of his own chamber, and us'd these very daggers,
That they have done 't?

Lady. Who dares receive it other,
As we shall make our griefs and clamour roar,
Upon his death?

Mac. Lam settled, and bend up

Each corporal agent to this terrible feat.

Away, and mock the time with fairest show.

False face must hide what the false heart doth know.

The three Seft for and C. Manile.

at I is head for ...

Association of the second of the second

M A C BETR

A C IT

SCENIE I.

Machetie, Cafile.

Enter Bangno, and Fleance with a Torch before him.

Fig. The moon is down; I have not heard the

Ben. And the goes down at twelve.

Their candles are all out.—Take thee that too.

A heavy furning lies like lead upon me,

And yet I would not fleep. Merciful powers!

Reftrain in me the curfed thoughts that nature

Gives way to in repose.

Enter Macbeth, and a fervant with a terch.

Give me my fword. Who's there?

Mac. A friend.

Ban. What, fir, not yet at rest? The king 's a-bed.

f The scene not described in the fo's; all the rest till J. call it a ball. C. Cours within the Gastle.

ACTIL SCENE I.

He hath * been in unufual pleafure, and Sent a forth great largels to your officers. Phis diamond he greets your wife withal, . " By the name of most kind hosters, and sit shut up d In measureless content. 10 1 19 h De 14.

Mac. Being unprepar'd, Our will became the fervant to defect;" Which elfe should free have wrought.

Ban. = All 's well.

I dreamt last night of the three a weird fisters; To you they have shew'd, some truth.

Mac. I think not of them;

Yet, when we can intreat an hour to serve, · Welsould spend it in some words upon that business. If you would grant the time. ت: :: ت

Ban. At your & kind'st leifurc.

Miles. If you shall cleave to my confent, while the

g Here P. Inserts to-night, Sollowed by all after.

à P. and all after omit fibib.

I The three laft fo's and By lafert a offer, Bland. before greet.

عالم

I The three left for and R. Jak it up,

= H. and C. All's very well

See A& L Sc. 3, Note 3.

· P. and all after, except C. omit

P R. omits is in.

4 So the two 1ft fo's and C; the help, hind for hind'fl.

. / . That is, if you shall cleave to that party which consents to my advan ment, when ever the opportunity and

in Trackl

But I hould rether think foughills h So H. and C; the reft, and for is loft here, of the following purposes Ban. At your kind'ft leifure .-

"Those lookers into fate, that half's you, Giadri

Did also hait yee, king I and I do thek, Most worthy These, you would emfire to accept

What your deferts would grace, when offer'd you."

Mar. If you shall cleave, Sec.

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It shall make honour for you.

Ban. So I lose none
In seeking to augment it, but still keep
Mr. before franchisted and allerings of

My bosom franchis'd, and allegiance clear,

I shall be counsell'd.

Mac. Good repose the while!

Ban. Thanks, fir; the like to you.

[Encunt Ban. and Fle.

SCENE II.

Mee. Go, bid thy miftsels, when my drink is ready,

She strike upon the bell. Get thee to bed. [Sim ferent.]
Is this a dagger which I see before me,

The handle soward my hand? Come, let me clutch thee.
I have thee not, and yet I see thee still.

Art thou not, fatal vision, sensible

To feeling as to sight? or art thou but

A dagger of the mind, a salse creation

Proceeding from the heat-oppressed brain?
I see thee as yet, in form as palpable

As this which now I draw.—

Thou marshall'st me the way that I was going;

And such an instrument I was to use.

Mine eyes are made the fools o' th' other senses,

Or else worth all the rest—I see thee still;

... All before T. omit and Fleance.

' And on thy blade and dudgeon, gouts of blood, Which was not so before. — There 's' no such thing. — It is the bloody business, which informs Thus to mine eyes. — Now o'er the one half world Nature feems dead, and wicked dreams abuse The curtain'd fleep; now witchcraft celebrates Pale Hecate's offerings: and wither'd Murther, Alarum'd by his centinel, the wolf, Whose howl's his watch, thus with his stealthy pace, With Tarquin's ravishing a strides, towards his design Mores like a ghoft. - Thou b found and firm-fet earth, Hear not my steps, 'which way they walk, for fear Thy very stones prate d of my where-about, And take the present horror from the time, Which now finits with it. — Whiles I threat, he lives -Words to the heat of deeds too cold breath gives.

c Certainly, if on the blade, then on the dadgeon; for dadgeon fignifies a small danger. We should read therefore, And on the blade of th' dudgeon, &c. W.

A dudgeon fignifies a haft as well as as a dagger. See Lye's Etymologicon. Hearb.

- " Gouttes, drope; Fr. P.
- W R. P. and H. This for Thus,
- " So all before P; he and all after, except C, Now o'er one helf the world,
 - 7 All before R, omit see.
- 4.

- All before P. read fides for Brides J. proposes, Wib Tarquin ravistoing, flides towards, &c. Vide Heath in
- b This is P.'s emendation. The fo'e and R. read fowers, fower, four. C.
- All before R. read, which they may walk, kc.
 - d H. of that we're about, &c.
- e So the fo's; C. while; the reft, wbilf for wbiks.
- f This line is omitted by P. and H. 2 A lady propoles, with her for wi- in the text, but preferred in the margin.

MACBETH.

I go, and it is done; the bell invites me; Hear it not, Duncan; for it is a knell That fummons thee to heaven, or to hell.

[A bell rings.

[Exit.

'S C E N E III.

Enter Lady 5 Macbeth.

Lady. That which hath made them drunk, hath made me bold;

What hath quench'd them, hath given me fire. Hark!

peace!

It was the owl that shriek'd, the fatal bell-man,
Which gives the stern'st good-night—He is about it—
The doors are open; and the surfeited grooms
Do mock their charge with snores. I have drugg'd their possets,

That death and nature do contend about them, Whether they live or die.

Enter Macbeth.

Mac. Who's there? what ho?-

Lady. Alack! I am afraid, they have awak'd; And 'tis not done. Th' attempt and not the deed, Confounds us—hark!—I laid their daggers ready, He could not mifs 'em.—Had he not resembled My father as he slept, I had done 't—My husband?

f This is Sc. II. in the fo's and g The fo's, R. P. T. and W. emile G. Macbeth,

Mac. I have done the deed—Didst thou not hear a noise?

Lady. I heard the owl scream, and the crickets cry.

Did not you speak?

Mac. When?

Lady. Now.

Mac. As I descended?

Lady. Ay.

Mac. Hark !- who lies i' th' fecond chamber ?

Lady. Donalbain.

Mac. This is a forry fight.

[Looks on bis bands.

Lady. A foolish thought, to say a sorry fight.

Mac. There's one did laugh in's sleep, and one cry'd murther!

That they did wake each other; I stood and heard them; But they did say their prayers, and address them.

Again to sleep.

Lady. There are two lodg'd together.

Mac. One cry'd, God bless us, and, Amen, the other; As they had seen me with these hangman's hands; Listning their fear, I could not say, Amen,

When they did fay, God bless us.

Lady. Confider it not so deeply.

Mac. But wherefore could not I pronounce, Amen?
I had most need of blessing, and Amen

Stuck in my throat.

Lady. These deeds must not be shought a After these ways; so, it will make us mad.

h P. and all after, except C. after this board them.

Line as follows,

A. T. W. and J. address for address.

They would each other; and I food and

M. H. and C. add on after thought.

MACBETH.

Mac. Methought I heard a voice cry, "Sleep no more; Macbeth does murther fleep; the innocent fleep; Sleep, that knits up the ravell'd m fleave of care, The death of each day's life, fore labour's bath, Balm of hurt minds, great nature's fecond course, Chief nourisher in life's feast. -"

Lady. What do you mean?

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Mac. Still At cry'd, "Sleep no more, to all the house; Glamis hath murther'd fleep: And therefore, Cawder Shall fleep no more; Macbeth shall fleep no more!" Lady. Who was it that thus cry'd? Why, worthy Thane, You do unbend your noble strength, to think So brain-fickly of things. Go, get some water, And wash this filthy witness from your hand. Why did you bring these daggers from the place? They must lie there: Go carry them, and smear The fleepy grooms with blood.

Mac. I'll go no more. I am afraid to think what I have done; Look on 't again, I dare not.

Lady. Infirm of purpose! Give me the daggers. The fleeping and the dead Are but as pictures; 'tis the eye of childhood, .

i P. and H. omit this line in their duce to order all that confusion and vexatext.

m All the copies spell this word fleque. had involved our waking thoughts. Sleave fignifies the ravell'd knotty gouty Heath. parts of the filk, which gives great trouble and embarrassment to the knitter or ife, &cc. Perhaps Shakespeare wrete. weaver. So that fleep is faid, by a very The dee b of each day's grief, &co. expressive metaphor, to knit up andere-

tion in which our cares and folicitudes

" W. reads, The birth of each day's

That fears a painted devil. If he odo bleed, I'll gild the faces of the grooms withal, For it must seem their guilt.

[Exit.

Knock within.

Mac. Whence is that knocking? How is 't with me, P when every noise appals me? What hands are here! hah! they pluck out mine eyes. Will all great Neptune's ocean wash this blood Clean from my hand? no, this my hand will rather The multitudinous sea r incarnadine,

Making the green one red.

Enter Lady.

Lady. My hands are of your colour; but I shame To wear a heart so white; I hear a knocking At the fouth entry. Retire we to our chamber; A little water clears us of this deed. How easy is it then! Your constancy Hath left you unattended - Hark, more knocking! [Knock. Get on your night-gown, lest occasion call us, And shew us to be watchers. Be not lost So poorly in your thoughts.

Mac. 'To know my deed, 'twere best not know myself. Wake, Duncan, with "thy knocking. "I would thou could'ft!

[Excunt.

P. and H. omit do.

P Hav pa porizio ri wecoizno. Æfebyl. red. ed. Stanl. p. 18.

4 P. and H. omit this line in their

* All but R. T. and C. incornardise.

P. and H. Make the green ocean

t H. reads, Tunknow, &cc.

" All but fo's, R. and C. omit this direction here.

w So the fo's; the rest, this for thy.

* P. and all after, omit I.

SCENE D_3

M ACBET

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y S C E N E IV.

Enter a Porter.

Knocking within.

Porter. Here 's a knocking indeed; if a man were porter of hell-gate, he should have old turning the key. [Knock,] Knock, knock, knock. Who 's there, i' th' name of Belzebub? here 's a farmer that hang'd himself * on th' expectation of plenty: come in time, have napkins enough about you, here you'll sweat for 't. [Knock.] 'knock. Who 's there in th' other devil's name? Faith, here's an equivocator, that could swear in both the scales against either scale, who committed treason enough for God's fake, yet could not equivocate to heaven': Oh, come in, equivocator. [Knock.] Knock, knock, knock. Who's there? Faith, here's an 'English taylor come hither for stealing out of a French hose: come in, taylor, here you may roaft your goose. [Knock.] Knock, knock. Never at quiet! what are you? but this place is too cold for hell.

- y This is called the 3d scene in the fo's and C.
- This comic part is omitted in the text of P, and H. but inserted in the margin.
 - * P. and H. in for en. 1
- blesome to the fiate in Queen Elizabeth thence. W,
- and King James the First's times. The inventors of the execrable doctrine of equivocation. W.
- c The archness of he joke confifts in this, that a French hole being very short and straight, a taylor must be master of b Meaning a Jesuit; an order so trou- his trade who could figal any thing from

I'll devil-porter it no further: I had thought to have let in some of all professions, that go the primrose way to th' everlasting bonsire. [Knock.] Anon, anon, I pray you, remember the porter.

Enter Macduff, and Lenox.

Macd. Was it so late, friend, ere you went to bed, that you do lie so late?

Porter. Faith, fir, we were carousing 'till the second cock; and drink, fir, is a great provoker of three things.

Macd. What three things does drink especially provoke?

Porter. Marry, fir, nose-painting, sleep, and urine. Lechery, fir, it provokes, and unprovokes; it provokes the desire, but it takes away the performance. Therefore much drink may be said to be an equivocator with lechery; it makes him, and it mars him; it sets him on, and it takes him off; it persuades him, and disheartens him; makes him stand 4 to, and not stand 4 to; in conclusion, equivocates him 6 in a sleep, and, giving him the lie, leaves him.

Macd. I believe drink gave thee the lie last night.

Port. That it did, fir, i' the very throat on me; but I requited him for his lie; and, I think, being too ftrong for him, though he took ' up my legs sometime, yet I made a shift to cast him.

Macd. Is thy mafter ftirring?
Our knocking has awak'd him; here he comes.

f W. and Y. omit sp.

d The 1st f. too,

e R. and all after, except G. into for in.

S6 MACBETH.

Enter Macbeth.

Len. Good morrow, noble fir.

Mach. Good morrow, both.

Macd. Is the king stirring, worthy Thane?

Mach. Not yet.

Macd. He did command me to call timely on him;

I have almost slipt the hour.

Mach. I'll bring you to him.

Macd. I know this is a joyful trouble to you: But yet 'tis one.

Mach. The labour we delight in, physicks pain. This is the door.

Macd. I'll make so bold to call, for 'tis my limited service.

[Exit Macdust.

Len. Goes the king hence to-day?

Mach. 4 He does: he did appoint so.

Len. The night has been unruly; where we lay,
Our chimneys were blown down; and, as they fay,
Lamentings heard i' th' air, strange streams of death,
h And prophesying, with accents terrible,
Of dire i combustion and confus'd events,
New hatch'd to th' woeful time: the obscure bird
Clamour'd the live-long night. Some say, the earth
Was severous, and did shake.

Macb. 'Twas a rough night.

Len. My young remembrance cannot parallel A fellow to it.

g P. and all after, except C. omit He Matrons, old women.

i So the 1st f. T. W. and J; the

h W. proposes, for And, Aunts, is e. rest, combustions.

Enter Macduff.

Macd. O horror! horror! horror!

Tongue nor heart cannot conceive, nor name thee—

Mach. and Lenox. What 's the matter?

Macd. Confusion now hath made his master-piece;

Most facrilegious murther hath broke ope

The Lord's anointed temple, and stole thence

Macb. What is 't you say? the life?— Len. Mean you his Majesty?

The life o' th' building.

Macd. Approach the chamber, and deftroy your fight With a new Gorgon. Do not bid me speak; See, and then speak yourselves. Awake! awake!

[Execute Macbeth and Lenox.

Ring the alarum-bell—murther! and treason!

Banque, and Donalbain, Malcolm, awake!

Shake off this downy sleep, death's counterfeit,

And look on death itself—Up, up, and see

The great doom's image—Malcolm! Banque!

As from your graves rise up, and walk like sprights,

To countenance this horror.— Ring the bell.

R. P. and H. Or tengue or heart, ite.

1. H. reads Donalbain for Banque.

T. W. and J. Mor tengue nor heart,

m. T. and all after emit Ring the ball.

Sec.



S MACBETH

SCENE V.

Bell rings. Enter Lady * Macbeth.

Lady. What 's the business,

That such a hideous trumpet calls to parley
The sleepers of the house? Speak, speak.

Macd. PO gentle lady,

'Tis not for you to hear what I can speak:
The repetition in a woman's ear

Would murther as it fell.

Enter Banquo.

O Banque, Banque!
Our royal master 's murther'd.
Lady. Woe, alas!
What in our house?—

Ban. Too cruel, any where.

⁴ Dear Duff, I pr'ythee, r contradio thyself, And say, it is not so.

Enter Macbeth, Lenox, and Rosse.

Macb. Had I but dy'd an hour before this chance,
I had liv'd a blessed time; for from this instant,

[&]quot; The fo's emit Macheth.

⁹ So all before P; he and all after,

P. and all after, except C. read except C. Macduff for Dear Duff.

from but once.

The three last fo's, contrast for con-

P P. and all after, except C. omit tradict.

[.] C. omits and Rosse.

There's nothing serious in mortality; All is but toys; renown, and grace, 'is dead; The wine of life is drawn, and the mere lees Is left this vault to brag of.

Enter Malcolm, and Donalbain.

Don. What is amis?

Mach. You are, and do not know 't.:
The fpring, the head, the fountain of your blood Is flopt; the very fource of it is flopt.

Macd. Your royal father's murther'd.

Mal. Oh, by whom?

Len. Those of his chamber, as it seem'd, had done 't; Their hands and faces were all badg'd with blood, So were their daggers, which unwip'd we found Upon their pillows; they star'd, and were distracted; As no man's life was to be trusted with them.

Macb. O, yet do I repent me of my fury, That I did kill them.

Macd. Wherefore did you fo?

Macb. Who can be wife, amaz'd, temp'rate, and furious, Loyal, and neutral, in a moment? No man.

The expedition of my violent love

Out-run the paufer, Reason. Here lay Duncan,

His filver skin lac'd with his w golden blood,

And his gash'd stabs look'd like a breach in nature

For ruin's wasteful entrance; there the murtherers

Steep'd in the colours of their trade, their daggers

" As is here added by H. and C. which is in no other edition; but this emen-

W P. and H. read goary for golden.

¹ H. are for it.

dation feems necessary.

CBET

* Unmannerly breech'd with gore. Who could refrain, That had a heart to love, and in that heart Courage, to make 's love known?

Lady. Help me hence, ho!-[Y Seeming to faint. Macd. Look to the lady 2.

Mal. Why do we hold our tongues, That most may claim this argument for ours? Don. What should be spoken here, Where our fate, hid * within an augre-hole, May rush, and seize us? Let's away, our tears Are not yet brew'd.

: Mal. Nor our strong forrow b Upon the foot of motion.

Ban. CLook to the lady. [4 Lady Macbeth is carried out. And when we have our naked frailties hid, That fuffer in exposure; let us meet, And question, this most bloody piece of work, To know it further. Fears and scruples shake us. In the great hand of God' I stand; and thence, . Against the undivulg'd pretence I fight Of treasonous malice.

W. reads, Unmany resch'd, &c. the word breeches, the covering of na-Heath, In a manner lay dreneb'd, &c. turns the daggers into men. But I would defend the old reading, by this interpretation, their naked daggers were covered with gore: This might be Shakespeare's first thought; but, his poetic genius not fuffering him to deliver upon. it in plain profe, Nakedness suggested to him the word unmannerly, and covered,

. proposes, Unmanly drench'd, &c. kedness; and so by a bold figure, he

- 7 This direction put in by R.
- 2 Here C. directs, [gather about her.
- First f. in for within.
- b P. and all after, except C. on for
 - c H. Look there to, &c.
 - d This direction put in by R.

Mach. And . fo do I.

All. So, all.

Mach. Let's briefly put on manly readiness, And meet i' th' hall together.

All. Well contented. [Excunt all but Mal. and Don.

Mal. What will you do? Let's not confort with them. To shew an unfelt forrow, is an office Which the false man does easy. I'll to England.

Den. To Ireland I: our separated fortune
Shall keep us both the safer; where we are,
There's daggers in men's smiles; the near in blood,
The nearer bloody.

Mal. This murtherous shaft that 's shot, Hath not yet lighted; and our safest way Is to avoid the aim. Therefore to 'horse; And let us not be dainty of leave-taking, But shift away; there 's warrant in that these, Which steals itself when there 's no mercy left.

Excunt.

e P. and all after, except C. omit And. The three last fo's, being for Borfa.

g, MACBETH

SCENE VI.

The Outside of Macbeth's Castle.

Enter Rosse with an old Man.

Old M. Threescore and ten I can remember well; Within the volume of which time, I have seen Hours dreadful, and things strange: but this sore night Hath trisled former knowings.

Rosse. 1 Ha, good father,

Thou feeft, the heavens, as troubled with man's act, a Threaten his bloody stage. By th' clock, 'tis day; And yet dark night strangles the travelling lamp:

Is 't night's predominance, or the day's shame,

That darkness does the face of earth intomb,

When living light m should kiss it?

Old M. 'Tis unnatural, Even like the deed that 's done. On Tuefday last, A sauken, tow'ting in her pride of place, Was by a mousing owl bawkt at and kill'd.

Ross. And Duncan's horses (a thing most strange and certain!)

g. This is called the fourth scene in the fo's and C; and the 2d in R. . h'T. fifth describes the scene.

i So the fo's; the rest, Ab for Ha.

k The fo's, Threatens.

1 So all before T. who reads this for bis; followed by W. and J.

m The 2d f. fall for foould.

Beauteous

Beauteous and swift, the minions of "their race, Turn'd wild in nature, broke their stalls, "flung out, Contending gainst obedience, as they would Make war with "mankind.

Old M. 'Tis faid, they eat each other.

Rosse. They did so, to th' amazement of mine eyes, That look'd upon 't. Here comes the good Macduss.

Enter Macduss.

How goes the world, Sir, now?

Macd. Why, see you not?

Ruffe. Is 't known, who did this more than bloody deed?

Macd. Those that Macdeth hath slain.

Resse. Alas the day!

What good could they pretend?

Macd. They were fuborn'd;

Malcolm, and Donalbain, the King's two fons, Are stol'n away and fled; which puts upon them Suspicion of the deed.

Rosse. 'Gainst nature still; —
Thristless ambition! that will 'raven upon
Thine own 'life's means.—" Then 'tis most like,
The sovereignty will fall upon Macheth.

Maid. He is already nam'd, and gone to Scene To be invested.

Rosse. Where is Duncan's body?

T. reads the for their, with great probability.

o The two first fo's, fong for flung.

P. and all after, men for mankind.

¹ T.'s oftavo, are for were.

^{*} T. and all after, revis for reven.

The first f. T. and all after him, ap for upon.

Fo's and R. Bees.

^{*} EL. Wby then it is most like, &c.

MACBETH.

Macd. Carried to " Golmkil,

The facred storehouse of his predecessors,

And guardian of their bones.

. 64

Roffe. Will you to Scone?

Macd. No, cousin, I'll to Fife.

Rosse. Well, I will thither.

Macd. Well, may you see things well done there (adieu!)

Left our old robes fit eafier than our new.

Rosse. Farewel, Father.

Old M. God's benison go with you *, and with those That would make good of bad, and friends of foes!

Excunt.

W. R. P. T. and W. Colmes-bill; J. After you the three last fo's, R. and Colmes-kill.

C. reid Sir.

[65]

A C T III.

SCENE L

T An Apartment in the Palaces

Enter Banquo.

Ban. THOU hast it now; King, Cawder, Glamis, all,

"As the "weird "women promis'd; and I fear
Thou playd'ft most foully for 't: yet it was said,
It should not stand in thy posterity;
But that myself should be the root and father
Of many kings. If there come truth from them,
(As upon thee, Macbeth, their speeches shine)
Why, by the verities on thee made good,
May they not be my oracles as well,
And set me up in hope? But, hush; no more.

7 Not described in the fo's; R. P.
2 She note 2 upon Act I. Sc. III.
2 and H. Arayal operators.
3 P. and all after, except G. omit
3.

And all things unbecoming.

Mach. To-night we hold a foleran for And I'll request your presence.

Ban. Lay your Highness'

Command upon me; to the which my
Are with a most indissoluble tye.

For ever knit.

Mach. Ride you this afternoon?

Ban. Ay, my good Lord.

Mach. We should have else desir'd y
(Which still hath been both grave and)

In this day's council; but we'll take to-n
Is 't far you ride?

Ban. As far, my Lord, as will fill u
Twixt this and supper. Go not my he
I must become a borrower of the night

For a dark hour or twain.

Mach. Fail not our feast.

Ban. My Lord, I will not.

Mach. We hear our bloody coufins as

In England, and in Ireland, not confessing Their cruel parricide, filling their hearers With strange invention; but of that to-morrow, When therewithal we shall have cause of state, Craving us jointly. Hie h you to horse. Adieu, 'Till you return at night. Goes Fleance with you? Ban. Ay, my good Lord; our time does call i upon 's. Mach. I wish your horses swift, and sure of foot; And so I do commend you to their backs. Farewel. -[Exit Banquo. Let every man be master of his time 'Till seven at night; to make society The sweeter welcome, we will keep ourself Till supper-time alone; k while then, God be with you. [1 Exeunt Lady Macbeth, and Lords.

SCENE II.

Manent Macbeth and a Servants

Sirrah, a word with you. Attend those men Our pleasure?

Ser. They are, my Lord, without the palace gate.

Mach. Bring them before us. [Exit Serv.] To be thus
is nothing;

b P. and all after omit yes.

E So all before P; he and all after, except C. till for while.

The (o's, Ensure Lords only.

But to be safely thus - Our fears in Banque Stick deep; and in his royalty of nature Reigns that, which would be fear'd. Tis much he dates. And to that dauntless temper of his mind, He hath a wisdom that doth guide his valour To act in fafety. There is none but he, Whose being I do fear: and, under him, My genius is rebuk'd; m as, it is faid, " Mark Anthony's was by " Cafar. He chid the fifters, When first they put the name of King upon me, And bad them speak to him; then, prophet-like, They hail'd him father to a line of kings. Upon my head they plac'd a fruitless crown, And put a barren scepter in my gripe, Thence to be wrench'd with an unlineal hand, No fon of mine fucceeding. F If 't be fo, For Banque's issue have I' fil'd my mind; For them the gracious Duncan have I murther'd; Put rancours in the vessel of my peace Only for them; and mine eternal jewel Given to the common enemy of man, To make them Kings, the 'feed of Banque Kings.

m J. proposes rejecting the following words, as, it is faid, Mark Anthony's interrogative, as far as-Banque hings ? was by Ceeler.

n P. and all after, except C. omit be affirmative.

[·] H. Cefer's.

P P. and all after, except C. If 'tis fo, Wi.

⁴ P. makes the following fentences But the words If 't be fo prove them to

The two last fo's, fill'd for filld; W. 'filed, i. c. defikd.

^{&#}x27; The fo's and R. Section

ACT III. SCENE

Rather than fo, come Fate into the lift, And champion me to th' utterance! — Who 's there? Enter Servicut, and two Murtherers.

" Now go to the door, and flay there, 'till we call.

[Exit Servant.

Was it not yesterday we spoke together? Murth. It was, so please your Highness. Mach. Well then, now "Have you confider'd of my speeches? know That it was he, in the times past, which held you So under fortune, which you thought had been Our innocent self; this I made good to you In our last conference, past in probation with you, Flow you were born in hand; how croft; the instruments; Who wrought with them; and all things else that might To half a foul, and to a notion craz'd,

1 Mur. * You made it known to us. Mach. I did so; and went further, which is now

by translating it into the language from that has fore-doom'd the excelesion of the whence the only word of difficulty in it fous of Banquo, enter the lifts against me, in borrowed. Que la definée se rende en with the utmost duimosity, in desence of its lice, et qu'elle me donne un des à l' ou- swn decrees, which I will endeavour to trance. A challenge, or combat à l'ou- invalidate, mbatever be the danger. J. treace, to entremity, was a fixed term in the law of arms, uled when the combe- Now. tents engaged with an ediper internecizum, an intention to destroy each other, and J. You bove, for Hove you. in opposition to trials of skill at festivale, or on other occasions, where the you made it knows; followed by all after, pasted was only for reputation or a except C,

Say, thus did Banque.

This passage will be best explained prize. The sense therefore is, Let fate,

u P. and all after, except C. omit

The two last fo's, R. P. T. H. W.

" This speech P. alters thus, True,

M A C B E T H.

Our point of second meeting. Do you find Your patience so predominant in your nature, That you can let this go? are you so gospell'd, To pray for this good man and for his issue, Whose heavy hand hath bow'd you to the grave, And beggar'd yours for ever?

1 Mur. We are men, my Liege.

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Mach. Ay, in the catalogue ye go for men, As hounds, and greyhounds, mungrels, spaniels, curs, Showghes, water rugs, and demy-wolves are y cleped All by the name of dogs; the valued file Distinguishes the swift, the slow, the subtle, The house-keeper, the hunter; every one According to the gift which bounteons nature Hath in him clos'd; whereby he does receive Particular addition, from the bill That writes them all alike: and so of men. Now, if you have a station in the file, * Not i' th' worst rank of manhood, fay 't; And I will put a that business in your bosoms, Whose execution takes your enemy off; Grapples you to the heart and love of us, Who wear our health but fickly in his life, Which in his death were perfect.

2 Mur. I am one, b my Liege, Whom the vile blows and buffets of the world

y All before T. clipt for cleped.

2 So the fo's; all after, And not in the for that.

2 So the fo's; all after, And not in the for that.

3 P. and all after, except C, omit my. Liege.

ACT III. SCENE IL

Have to incensed, that I am reckless what I do to spight the world.

1 Mur. And I another,

So weary with a disasters, tugg'd with fortune, That I would fet my life on any chance, To mend it, or be rid on 't.

Mach. Both of you

Know, Banque was your enemy.

Mur. True, my Lord.

Maib. So is he mine: and in such bloody distance,
That every minute of his being thrusts
Against my near'st of life; and though I could
With bare-sac'd power sweep him from my sight,
And bid my will avouch it; yet I must not,
For certain friends that are both his and mine,
Whose loves I may not drop; but wail his fall,
Whom I myself struck down; and thence it is,
That I to year affistance do make love,
Masking the business from the common eye
For sundry weighty reasons.

2 Mur. We shall, my Lord, Perform what you command us.

1 Mur. Though our lives -

Macb. Your spirits shine through you. Within this hour, at most,

I will advise you where to plant yourselves;
Acquaint you with the perfect spy o' th' time,"
The moment on 't; for 't must be done to-night,

71

e Fo's, Hath for Have.

f P. and all after, except C. In or Within.

⁴ W. disastrous tuggs with, &c. & Fo's, R, and C. Who,

MACBETH 72

And fomething from the palace: (always thought, That I require a clearness) and with him, (To leave no rubs nor botches in the work) Fleance his fon, that keeps him company, Whose absence is no less material to me Than is his father's, must embrace the fate Of that dark hour. Resolve yourselves apart; I'll come to you anon.

Mur. We are refolv'd, h my Lord. Mach. I'll call upon you straight. Abide within. [Excunt Murtheres,

It is concluded. — Banque, thy foul's flight, If it find heaven, must find it out to-night,

SCENE III.

k Another Apartment in the Palace.

Enter Lady Macbeth, and a Servant,

Lady. Is Banque gone from court? Serv. Ay, madam, but returns again to-night. Lady. Say to the King, I would attend his leisure For a few words.

- E Machath means that the murtherers must in every step remember, he requires not to be suspected of the fact; C. so fand clear from all imputations,
- which might affect him in the opinions T. who gives the above. of the people,
 - P. omits thi sparenthelis,

- h M, emits, my Lord.
- i This is scene ad, in the fo's and
- k No description of the scene before

Serv. Madam, I will.

[Enit.

Lady. Nought's had, all's spent,
Where our defire is got without content.
Tis = safer to be that which we destroy,
Than by destruction dwell in doubtful joy.

Enter Macbeth.

How now, my Lord, why do you keep alone,
Of forryest fancies your companions making,
Using those thoughts, which should, indeed, have dy'd
With them they think on? Things without all remedy

Should be without regard. What 's done, is done.

Macb. We have a fcotch'd the snake, not kill'd it:

She 'll close, and be herself; whilst our poor malice
Remains in danger of her former tooth.

But let the frame of things disjoint, both the worlds suffer,
Ere we will eat our meal in fear, and sleep
In the affliction of these terrible dreams,
That shake us nightly. Better be with the dead,
Whom we, to gain our place, have sent to peace,
Than on the torture of the mind to lie
In restless ecstasy.—Duncan is in his grave;
After life's sitful sever, he sleeps well;
Treason has done his worst; nor steel, nor poison,
Malice domestic, foreign levy, nothing
Can touch him further.

Lady. Come on;

P H. better for fafer. But let both everile disjoint, and all thing

All before T. fcorch'd for fcotch'd. fuffer, We.

P. and all after, except G. read, P The first f. pages for plane

. Gentle my Lord, fleek o'er your rugged looks; Be bright and jovial gramong your guests to-night.

Mach. So shall I, love; and so, I pray, be you; Let your remembrance this apply to Banque. Present him eminence, both with eye and tongue: Unsafe the while, that we must lave our honours In these stattering freams, and make our faces Vizards to our hearts, diffilling what they are.

Lady. You must leave this.

Mab. O, full of scorpions is my mind, dear wife; Thou know'st that Banque, and his Fleunce, " lives.

Lady. But in them nature's copy 's not * eterne.

Mach. There's comfort yet; they are affailable; Then, be thou jocuitd. Ere the Bat hath flowing His cloyster'd flight; etre to black Hecute's fummons The * shard-bear beetle with his drowly hums Hath rung night's yawning pear, there shall be done A deed of dreadful note. 12

Lady: What's to be done? '!

Mach. Be innocent of the knowledge, dearest thuck, Till thou appland the deed. Come, I feeling night,

9 So the first f. and C; the rest, mong for among.

- The first f. and C. omit fill.
- after thefe.
- t T. and all after, except H. and C. Militars.
 - H. live for lives.
- W Pr with will wrote, except C. eternal a hawk. T. for eterne.

* Shards are properly rubbish. Cotgrave. Heath.

y R. and P. fedling. Scelling is blind-R. and all after, except C. add fo ing; a term in falcoury, when they run a thread through the eyelids of a hawk first taken, so that she may see very littie, or not at all, to make her the better endure the hood. This they call feeling

ACT III. SCENE

Skarf up the tender eye of pitiful day, And with thy bloody and invisible hand Cancel and tear to pieces that great bond, Which keeps me pale. 2 Light thickens, and the crow Makes wing to th' rocky wood: Good things of day begin to droop and drowze, Whiles night's black agents to their * prey do rowze. Thou marvell'st at my words; but hold thee still; Things, bad begun, make strong themselves by ill. So, pr'ythee go with me.

SCENE

! A Park, the Castle at a distance.

Enter three Murtherers.

- 1 Mer. But who did bid thee join with us?
- 3 Mur. Macheth.
- 2 Mur. He needs not 4 our mithuist, since he delivers Our offices, and what we have to do, To the direction just.
 - 2 W. proposes Night for Light.
 - " The fo's, R. and & prays for prey.
- b This is scene.3d in the fols and &; in R. scene ad.
 - d P. to for our; whereby he supposes taken notice of by T.
- He, in this speech, to refer to Macb. but

it evidently refers to the 3d murtherer, whose account of the directions Mach. had given regarding the murther, agreed with those of the other two, and took c The scene not described in the fora off all reason for their distants. This was

16

The west yet glimmers with some streaks of day: Now spurs the clated traveller apace, To gain the timely inn; f and near approaches The subject of our watch.

3 Mur. Hark, I hear horses.

Banque within. Give s us h a light there, ho!

2 Mur. 1 Then 'tis he; the rest

That are within the note of expectation, Already are i' th' court.

- 1 Mer. His horses go about.
- 3 Mur. Almost a mile; but he does usually, So all men do, from hence to th' Palace gate Make it their walk.

Enter Banquo and Fleance with a Torch.

- 2 Mur. A light, a light.
- 3 Mur. 'Tis he.
- I Mur. Stand to 't.

Ban. It will be rain to-night.

1 Mur. Let it come down. [* They affault Banque.

Ban. O, treachery! Fly 1 good Fleance, fly, fly, fly, Thou may'ft revenge.—O flave. [* Dies. Fleance escapes.

- 3 Mur. Who did strike out the light?
- I Mur. Was 't not the way?

The three last fo's and R. laugh i C. omits Then.

f First f. end for and.

1 P. and all after, except C. omit

E H. omits as.

h P. and all after, except C. omit a.

3 Mur. There's but one down; the fon Is fled.

- 2 Mur. We have loft best half of our affair.
- 1 Mar. Well, let's away, and fay how much is done.

 [Excust.

SCENE V.

A Room of State in the Caftle.

A Banquet prepared. Enter Macbeth, Lady Macbeth, Rolle, Lenox, Lords and Attendants.

Mech. You know your own degrees, fit down:

² At first and last, the hearty welcome.

Lords. Thanks to your Majesty.

Mach. Ourself will mingle with society,

And play the humble hoft;

Our hostess keeps her state, but in best time

We will require her welcome.

[They fit,

Lady. Pronounce it for me, Sir, to all our friends; For my heart speaks, they are welcome.

Enter first Murtherer.

Mach. See, they encounter thee with their hearts' thanks.

This in the fo's and C. is feene a P. H. and G. And for the J. popthe first of the feene not deferibed in fo's.



" M'A'C B E'T H

Both fides are even: Here I'll sit i' th' midst." Be large in mirth; anon we'll drink a measure The table round. - There's blood upon thy face.

[To the Murtherer afide, at the door.

Mur. 'Tis Banquo's then.

Macb. 'Tis better thee without, than 9 he within.

Is he dispatch'd?

Mur. My Lord, his throat is cut; that I did for him. Mach. Thou art the best 'o' th' cut-throats; yet he's good,

That did the like for Fleance; if thou didft it, Thou art the non-pareil.

Mer. Misk voyal Siry

Fleance is scap'd:

Macb. Then comes my fit again: I had else been perfect, Whole as the marble, founded as the rock; As broad, and general, as the casing air ! But now I am cabin'd, cribb'd, confin'd, bound in To fawcy doubts and fears. — But Banquo's fafe?

Mur. Ay, my good Lord: safe in a ditch he bider, With twenty trenched gashes on his head; 1 The least a death to nature.

Maib. Thanks for that; -

There the grown ferpent lies; the worm that 's fled, Hath nature that in time will venom breed, No teeth for th' present. — Get thee gone; to-morrow We'll hear ourselves again. Exit Murtherer.

P No direction in fo's.

⁹ H. and C: bim for be.

P. and H. I did that for bim.

⁵ P. and all after, except C. of cutsbreats, &c.

t H. and C. bear thee, &c. T. W. and J. bear's, &c.

Lady. My royal Lord, You do not give the cheer; the feast is sold, That is not often vouch'd (while 'tis wia, making). Tis given with welcome. To feed, were best at home? From thence, the fawce to meat is ecremony; Meeting were bare without it.

[The Gheft of Banquo rifes, and fits in Macbeth's place. Mach. Sweet remembrancer!-

Now good digestion wait on appetite

And health on both!

Len. May 't please your Highness sit ?

Macb. Here had we now our country's honour roof'd, Were the grac'd person of our Banque present,

Who may I rather challenge for unkindness,

Than pity for mischance.

Rosse. His absence, Sir,

Lays blame upon his promise. Please 't your Highness

To grace us with your royal company?

Macb. The table's full.

[Starting.

Len. Here is a place reserv'd, Sir.

Macb. Where?

Len. Here, my good Lord. What is 't that moves your Highness?

Mach. Which of you have done this? Lords. What, my good Lord?

P. and H. cold for folds

" The fo's, Ester the glock of Ban- fpeere. 900, and fees, &c.

y All before P. read who; he sad all All but the first f, and f. omit after, but C. wison; but wise is free quently used as an accusative by Shake-" No direction in the fo's.

MACBETH.

Mach. Thou canst not say I did it: never shake Thy goary locks at me.

Ress. Gentlemen, rise; his Highness is not well.

Lady. Sit, worthy friends. My Lord is often thus,
And hath been from his youth. Pray you, keep seat.

The fit is momentary, upon a thought
He will again be well. If much you note him,
You shall offend him and extend his passion.

Feed, and regard him not.—Are you a man?

[To Macbeth afide.

Macb. Ay, and a bold one, that dare look on that, Which might appal the devil.

Ledy. O proper stuff!
This is the very painting of your fear;
This is the air-drawn dagger, which you said
Led you to Duncan. O, these slaws and starts,
Impostors to true fear, would well become
A woman's story at a winter's fire
Authoriz'd by her grandam. Shame itself!
Why do you make such facea? When all 's done,
You look but on a stool.

Macb. Pr'ythee, see there!

Behold! look! lo! how say you? ['Pointing at the Ghasta
Why, what care I? if thou canst nod, speak too.—

If charnel-houses and our graves must send

The three lak fo's, momentany.
 J. proposos, impossures true to four,
 P. and all after, except C. on for Sc. C. reads, impossures of true four,
 Sc.

[•] No direction in the fo's,

⁴ P. and H. omit O.





III. SCENE V.

Those, that we bury, back; our monuments

Shall be the maws of kites.

[* The Ghost vanifies.

Lady. What? quite unmann'd in folly?

Mach. If I fland here, I saw him.

Lady. Fie, for shame!

Mach. Blood hath been shed ere now, a i' th' olden time, Ere human statute purg'd the b gentle weal; Ay, and fince too, murthers chave been perform'd Too terrible for 4 the ear; the times 6 have been, That when the brains were out, the man would die, And there an end; but now they rife again With twenty mortal murthers on their crowns, And push us from our stools; this is more strange Than such a murther is.

Lady. My worthy Lord, Your noble friends do lack you.

Macb. I f do forget -

Do not muse at me, my most worthy friends; . I have a strange infirmity, which is nothing To those that know me. * Come, love and health to all! .Then I'll fit down: give me some wine, fill full-I drink to th' general joy o' the whole table, And to our dear friend Banque, whom we miss;

No direction in the first f; the for the car.

other fo's, [Exit gboff.

R.'s octavo, i' th' old time, &c.

b T. W. and C. gen'ral for genele.

. J. baib for bave.

c First f. bas for kave.

f P. and H. forget for de forget.

g P. and H. omit Come.

h The fo's and R, make the Ghost d P. and all after, except C. th' ear rise again here.



ACBE

Would he were here! to all, and him, we thirst, And all to all.

Lords. Our duties and the pledge.

22

[The ghost rifes again.

Macb. Avaunt, and quit my fight! Let the earth hide thee!

Thy bones are marrowless, thy blood is cold; m Thou hast no speculation in those eyes Which thou dost glare with.

Lady. Think of this, good Peers, But as a thing of custom; 'tis no other; Only it spoils the pleasure of the time.

Macb. What man dare, I dare. Approach thou like the rugged Russian bear, The arm'd rhinoceros, or " th' Hyrcan tyger, Take any shape but that, and my firm nerves Shall never tremble: or be alive again, And dare me to the defart with thy fword; If trembling I in habit then, q protest me

i i. e. all good wishes to all: such as jey. W.

k Fo's, Enter Ghoft.

Argi Spectro, Æfch. ed. Stank p. 62. m 6 63 woosvishen birton spape s xwi. ibid. v. præced.

n For th' Hyrcan, P. T. W. H. and C. read Hyrcanian; J. Hyrcan.

. R. reads O for or; F. and H. omit

P The first f. reads and points, # he had named above, love, bealth and erembling I inhabit then, protest me, &cc. the other fo's, R. and J. If trembling ? inhabit, then pretest me, &c. P. and the 1 δν εδό κατθανίδα γαΐα κείθει. Io de rell, If trembling I inhibit, then protest me, &c. J. propoles, evade it, for inbabit. I would read and point as in the text above; or as follows: If trembling I, in babit then protest me the baby of a girl, &c.

4 The 4th f. proted for proteft.

The

The baby of a girl. Hence, horrible shadow! Unreal mock'ry, hence! [The Ghost vanishes.] Why, sot being gone,

I am a man again. Pray you fit still. I' The Lords rife. Lady. You have displac'd the mirth, broke the good meeting

With most admir'd disorder.

Mach. " Can fuch things be,

And a overcome us, like a fummer's cloud, Without our special wonder? You make me strange Even to the disposition that I, owe, When now I think you can behold fuch fights, And keep the natural ruby of your z cheeks, When mine is blanch'd with fear.

Rosse. What a fights, my Lord?

Lady. I pray you, speak not; he grows worse and worse; Question enrages him. At once, good night.

- I T.'s duodecimo, W. and J. terrible for borrible.
- In the three last fo's, [Exit. The the Lady's foregoing speech. first f. has no direction.
- tead be for being.
- This direction not in the fo's. Qu. Whether it would not be most pro- Horace. per for the Lords to rife immediately upon Macheth's breaking out, Avaunt, and quit my fight, &c. and that upon for the lake (I suppose) of the concord perceiving them standing, after he had secovered from his fright, it is, that he the cheeks, and not the cheek, that is Logi, Prog you fit fill.
- w W. reads Can't for Can; and makes this sentence down to wonder, a part of
- * W. interprets overcome, decelve; t The two last fo's, R. P. and H. but overcome seems here to have the fame meaning with come over. See Dr. Hurd's note on the Callida junctura of
 - y Owe, the same as own.
 - z H. J. and C. read cheek for cheeks, with the verbis; but it is the Ruby of blancb'd.
 - The three last fo's, figns for fights.

MACBETH.

Stand not upon the order of your going, But go at once.

Len. Good night, and better health Attend his Majesty!

Lady. b A kind good-night to all.

[Exeunt Rosse, Lenox, Lords, and Attendants.

Mach. It will have blood, they fay, blood will have blood. Stones have been known to move, and trees to fpeak;

^e Augurs that ^d understood relations, have

• By maggot-pies, and choughs, and rooks brought forth The fecret'st man of blood.—What is the night?

Lady. Almost at odds with morning which is which.

Mach. How fay'st thou, that Machuff denies his person, At our great bidding?

Lady. Did you fend to him, Sir?

Mach. I hear it by the way; but I will fend.

There's not a one of them, but in his house

I keep a servant fee'd. I will to-morrow

(s And betimes I will) b to the weird fifters;

More shall they speak; for now I am bent to know, By the worst means, the worst: for mine own good,

All causes shall give way; I am in blood

E Stept in fo far, that should I wade no more.

b P. and all after, except C. omit A kird.

The fo's, Augures, and underflood relations, &c. '

d W. and J. understand for under-

e So all before P; he and all after, By mag-pies, and by cheughs, &c.

f P. There is not one, &c. T. and all after, There's not a Thane of, &c.

g P. and all after omit And.

h P. and all after, unto for to.

i The three last fo's and R. winard for weird.

k The three last fo's and R. Spear for Stept.

Returning

ACT III. SCENE VI.

15

Returning were as tedious as 1 go o'er.

Strange things I have in head, that will to hand;

Which must be acted, ere they may be scann'd.

Lady. You lack the season of all natures, sleep.

Macb. Come, we'll m to sleep; my strange and self-abuse Is the initiate fear that wants hard use:

We are yet but young n in deed.

[Exeunt.

SCENE VL

P The Heath.

Thunder. Enter the three Witches, meeting Hecate,

I Witch. Why, how now, Hecat? you look angerly, Hec. Have I not reason, Beldams, as you are? Saucy and over-bold, how did you dare To trade and traffic with Macbeth, In riddles, and affairs of death; And I, the mistress of your charms, The close contriver of all harms, Was never call'd to bear my part, Or shew the glory of our art?

^{1.} H. going for ge.

m W. tee for te.

D So T. W. J. and C; H. in deeds; the reft, indeeds.

[•] In the fo's and C. scene 5; in R. scene 4.

P No description in fo's.

MACBETH.

And, which is worse, all you have done Hath been but for a q wayward fon, Spightful and wrathful; who, as others do, Loves for his own ends, not for you. But make amends now; get you gone, And at the pit of Acheron Meet me i' th' morning; thither he Will come, to know his deftiny; Your vessels and your spells provide, Your charms, and every thing beside I am for th' air; this night I'll spend Unto a difinal, r and a fatal end. Great business must be wrought ere noon: Upon the corner of the moon There hangs a vap'rous drop, profound; I'll catch it ere it come to ground; And that, distill'd by magic slights, Shall raise such artificial sprights, As, by the strength of their illusion, Shall draw him on to his confusion. He shall spurn fate, scorn death, and bear His hopes 'bove wisdom, grace, and fear; And you all know, fecurity . Is mortals' chiefest enemy. Music and a fong. Hark, I am call'd; my little spirit, see, Sits in a foggy cloud, and stays for me.

[Sing within. Come away, come away, &c.] Witch. Come, let's make hafte, fhe'll foon be back again.

[Exeunt.]

* P. T. W. J. and C. read wey
** P. and all after omit and a.

** R. and all after, except C. the for a.

** SCENE

*SCENE VIL

* A Chamber.

Enter Lenox, and another Lord.

Len. My former speeches have but hit your thoughts, Which can interpret farther. Only I say, Things have been strangely born. The gracious Duncan Was pitied of Macbeth—marry, he was dead: And the right-valiant Banquo walk'd too late, Whom you may say, if 't please you, Fleance kill'd, For Fleance sted. Men must not walk too late.

Who cannot want the thought, how monstrous It was for Malcolm and for Donalbain
To kill their gracious sather? danned sact! How it did grieve Macbeth! did he not straight In pious rage, the two delinquents tear,
That were the slaves of drink, and thralls of sleep? Was not that nobly done? ay, 2 and wisely too:

^{*} In the ist and G. icene 64 in R. reads, You cannot event, Sec.

** P. and all after, except C. and see

** W. The meaning here thought, Sec. or,

** P. and all after, except C. did it for

** The meaning here thought, Sec. or,

** F. and all after, except C. omit

** The cappet have the thought, Sec. H. and.

What 'twere to kill a father: so she
But peace! for from broad words, a
His presence at the tyrant's feast, I
Macdaff lives in disgrace. Sir, can
Where he bestows himself?

Lord. The b son of Duncan,
From whom this tyrant holds the du
Lives in the English court, and d is

Lives in the English court, and d is
Of the most pious Edward with such
That the malevolence of fortune not
Takes from his high respect. Thithe
Is gone to pray the choly King, f up
To wake Northumberland, and warlik

To wake Northumberland, and warlik
That by the help of these (with Him
To ratify the work) we may again
Give to our tables meat, sleep to our
Free from our feasts and banquets bl

The three last fo's and R. the for and P. 1

bit. the first

The three last fo's, fhall for fhould. d So

ACT III. SCENE VIL

Do faithful homage, and receive free honours, All which we pine for now. And this report Hath so h exasperated the king, that he Prepares for some attempt h of war,

Len. Sent he to Macduff?

Lord. He did; and with an absolute, Sir, not I, The cloudy messenger turns me his back, And hums, as who should say, You'll rue the time, That clogs me with this answer.

Lyn, And that well might
Advise him to 1 a caution, t' hold what distance
His wisdom can provide. Some holy angel
Fly to the court of England, and unfold
His message ere he come; that a swift blessing
May soon return to this our suffering country,
Under a hand accurst!

Lord. I'll send my prayers with him,

[Excunt,

h The fo's, R.'s oftayo and C. read R. P. H. and C, omit of war.

exapperate.

1 P. and all after, except C. a care to
i So H. and C; the reft, their for bold, &c.
the.



MACBETH

A C

S C E N E I.

* A dark Cave; in the middle, a great Cauldren " boilings

Thunder. Enter the three Witches,

HRICE the brinded cat hath mew'd. 2 Witch. o Thrice and once the hedgepig whin'd.

3 Witch. 4 Harpier cries, 'tis time, 'tis time.

1 Witch. Round about the cauldron go,

In the poison'd r entrails throw.

[They march round the cauldron, and throw in the several ingredients as for the preparation of their charm.

- This description of the scene first put in by R.
- put burning.
- . T. and all after, except C. Twice for Thrice.
- P The three last fo's and R,'s octavo, Bedges pig, &c.
- 9 P. and all after, Harper.
- r W. proposes for entrails, entremes, n boiling an emendation of C; R had an old word, (lays he) used for ingre-See Skinner's Etymologicon, dients. where Entremesse is explained a mixture.
 - . This direction first put in by R.

Toad, that ' under cold stone, Days and nights has, thirty one, Swelter'd venom fleeping got; Boil thou first i' th' charmed pot. All. Double, double, toil and trouble; Fire burn, and cauldron bubble. 2 Witch Fillet of a fenny fnake, In the cauldron boil and bake; Eye of newt, and toe of frog, Wool of bat, and tongue of dog, Adder's fork, and blind-worm's fling, Lizard's leg, and whowlet's wing, For a charm of powerful trouble, Like a hell-broth, boil and bubble. All. Double, double, toil and trouble; Fire burn, and cauldron bubble. 3 Witch. Scale of dragon, tooth of wolf, Witches' mummy; maw, and gulph Of the * ravening falt sea shark; Root of hemlock, digg'd i' th' dark; Liver of blaspheming Jew; Gall of goat; and flips of yew, 7 Sliver'd in the moon's eclipse; Nose of Turk, and Tartar's lips;

Finger of birth-strangled babe, Ditch-deliver'd by a drab; Make the gruel thick, and slab.

t R.'s duodecimo and all after, under the cold flone, &c.

[&]quot; P.': duodecimo, T. W. and J. give ing.
this speech to the first Witch.

J. R. filowe'd for fliver'd.

w P. and all after, owler's.

All before P. ravin'd for raven-

Add

Then the charm is firm and good. Enter Hecate, b and other th Hec, O well done! I commend you And every one shall share i' th' gains, And now about the cauldron fing, Like elves and fairies in a ring Inchanting all that you put in,

Music and a Song.

Black spirits and white, Blue spirits and grey, Mingle, mingle, mingle, You that mingle may.

2 Witch. By the pricking of my thu Something wicked this way comes: Open locks, whoever knocks.

The fo's and C. ingredience.

e Only t The two first fo's, cawdron. · fong are infe

b The fo's, and the other. Am

ACT IV. SCENE II.

SCENE II.

Enter Macbeth.

Mach. How now, you fecret, black, and midnight hags? What is 't you do?

All. A deed without a name.

Mach. I conjure you, by that which you profess, (Howe'er you come to know it) answer me.

Though you untie the winds, and let them sight Against the churches; though the yesty waves

Confound and swallow navigation up;

Though bladed corn be lodg'd, and trees blown down;

Though castles topple on their warders' heads;

Though palaces and pyramids do slope

Their heads to their foundations; though the treasure

Of nature's a germins tumble all together,

Even till destruction sicken: answer me

To what I ask you.

- 1 Witch. Speak.
- 2 Witch. Demand.
- 3 Witch. We'll answer.
- I Witch. Say, if th' hadft rather hear it from our mouths, Or from our masters?

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The fo's and R. Germain; P. Geremendation.

mains. Germins, i. c. seeds, is T.'s
The fo's and R. altogether.

L. Macd. Sirrah, your father 's dead,

And what will you do now? how will you live?

Son. As birds do, mother.

L. Macd. What, with worms and flies?

Son. With what I get, I mean; and so do they.

L. Macd. Poor bird! thou 'dit never fear the net, nor lime,

The pit-fall nor the gin.

Son. Why should I, mother? poor birds they are not set for.

* My father is not dead for all your faying.

L. Macd. Yes, he is dead; how wilt thou do ! for a father?

Son. Nay, how will you do for a husband?

L. Macd. Why, I can buy me twenty at any market.

Son. Then you'll m buy 'em to sell again.

L. Macd. Thou speak'st with all thy wit,

And yet i' faith with wit enough for thee.

Son. Was my father a traitor, mother?

L. Macd. Ay, that he was.

Son. What is a traitor?

L. Macd. Why, one that swears, and lies.

Son. And be all traitors that do so?

L. Macd. Every one that does so, is a traitor, and must be hang'd.

g P. and all after, except C. on for i The three last fo's, R. P. and C. with. With has here the same meanline. k C. adds But before My.

h The three last fo's, R. P. and H. omit I mean

1 After do C. inferts nosu.

m The two first fo's, by for buy,

Son.

Son. And must they all be hang'd that swear and lie?

L. Macd. Every one.

Son. Who must hang them?

L. Mach. Why, " the honest men.

Son. Then the liars and swearers are fools; for there are liars and swearers enow to beat the honest men, and hang up them.

L. Macd. 'Now God help thee, poor monkey! But how wilt thou do for a father?

· · Son. If he were dead, you'd weep for him; if you would not, it were a good fign that I should quickly have a new father.

L. Macd. Poor prattler, how thou talk'ft!

Enter a Messenger.

Mes. Bless you, fair dame! I am not to you known,
Though in your state of honour I am perfect;
I doubt, some danger does approach you nearly.
If you will take a homely man's advice,
Be not found here; hence with your little ones.
To fright you thus, methinks, I am too savage;
To do? worse to you were fell cruelty,
Which is too nigh your person. Heaven preserve you!
I dare abide no longer.

[Exit Messenger.

L. Macd. Whither should I fly?

I have done no harm. But I remember now,
I am in this earthly world, where to do harm
Is often laudable; to do good, sometime

The two last fo's, R. P. and H. omit New.

omit the.

P. H. and C. left for everfe; W. war-

[•] The last f. and all after, except C. Sip, i. e. pay observance.



ACBET H., .

Accounted dangerous folly. Why then, alas! Do I put up that womanly defence,

To fay, I 4 have done no harm? - What are these faces? Enter, Murtherass.

Mur. Where is your husband?

L. Macd. I hope, in no place so unsanctified,

Where fuch as thou may'ft find him.

Mur. He's a traitor.

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Son. Thou ly'ft, thou shag-ear'd villain.

Mur. What, you egg?

[Stabbing bien.

Young fry of treachery?

Son. He has kill'd me, mother,

Run away, 'L pray you.

[Exit L. Macduff, exying Murther; Murtherers purfue her.

"S C E N E

The King of England's Palace.

Enter Malcolm and Macduff.

Make. Lot us feek out some desplate shade, and there Weep our fad bosoms empty,

Macd. Let us rather'

- for bave.
 - I No direction in the fo's.
 - P. and all after, except C. omit
- rect thus, Exit, crying Murther. But palace, by placing this direction after the fon's

9 So the first f. and O; the rest, jand speech, it would seem as if he (who is . flin) was to go out, crying Murcher, which is abfurd.

" This is the third scene in the fo's, R. and C. No description of the feene t So T. and all after; all before di- in the fo's. C. calls it a room, in the

Hold





ACT IV. SCÉNÉ

Hold fast the mortal sword; and, like good men, Bestride our * downfaln * birthdom. Each new morn, New widows howl, new orphans cry; new forrows Strike heaven on the face, that it resounds As if it felt with Scotland, and yell'd out Like fyllable of dolour.

Mal. What I believe, I'll wail; What know, believe; and, what I can redress, As I shall find the time to friend, I will, variable What you have spoke, it may be so perchance; This tyrant, whose sole name blisters our tongues, Was once thought honest: you have lov'd him well, He hath not touch'd you yet. I am young; but something You may deferve of him through me, and wisdom To offer up a weak, poor, innocent lamb, T' appease an angry God.

Macd. I am not treacherous.

Mal. But Macbeth is,

A good and virtuous nature may recoil In an imperial charge. b But I b shall crave your pardon: That which you are, my thoughts cannot transpose; Angels are bright still, though the brightest fell; Though all things foul would c wear the brows of grace, Yet Grace must 4 still look so.

all after, but J. and G. bireb-doom. y P. and all after, fyllables.

d T.'s duodecimo, W. and J. look fill · for fill bok,

All before W. downfal for downa H. 'tis for and. falu ; C. Loun-fall. b P. and all after, except C. omit but " The fo's and R. birthdome; P. and and shall.

² All before T, read diftern for deferve; C. difeera.

The last f. R. W. and J. bear for

MACBETH.

Macd. I have loft my hopes.

Mal. Perchance, even there, where I did find my doubts, Why in that rawness left you wife and e children, Those precious motives, those strong knots of love, Without leave-taking?—f I pray you, Let not my jealousies be your dishonours, But mine own safeties. You may be rightly just, Whatever I shall think.

Macd. Bleed, bleed, poor country!

Great tyranny, lay thou thy basis sure,

For goodness dares not check thee: Wear h thou thy wrongs,

i The title is k affear'd.—Fare thee well, Lord:

I would not be the villain that thou think'st,

For the whole space that 's in the Tyrant's grasp,

And the rich East to boot.

Mal. Be not offended:

I speak not as in absolute fear of you:

I think our country sinks beneath the yoak;

It weeps, it bleeds, and each new day a gash

Is added to her wounds. I think withal,

There would be hands uplifted in my right:

- e The first f. childe for children.
- f P. and H. omit I pray you.
- 8 The two first fo's and C. dare for dares.
 - h The two first fo's, y for thou.
- i P. and all after, except G. His for The.
- * P, explains officer'd a law term for confirm'd; which (after having altered. The to His, as in note above) interprets the paffage thus, Macheth's title is con-

firmed. Heath denies that after'd (or affer'd which is H.'s reading) fignifies confirm'd; but tells us its fignification is, estimated, proportioned, adjusted. But affer'd or afoar'd has here the same meaning with afraid (which is R.'s reading) and the passage explains itself thus, The title (which is put for him to whom the title of King belongs) is afraid to assert itself.

And here from gracious England have I offer Of goodly thousands. But I for all this, When I shall tread upon the Tyrant's head, Or wear it on my fword, yet my poor country Shall have more vices than it had before; More fuffer, and more fundry ways than ever, By him that shall succeed.

Macd. What should he be?

Mal. It is myself I mean, in whom I know All the particulars of vice fo grafted, That when they shall be open'd, black Macheth Will feem as pure as fnow, and the poor State Esteem him as a lamb, being compar'd With my confineless harms.

Macd. Not in the legions Of horrid hell, can come a devil more damn'd, In a evils to top Macbeth.

Mal. I grant him bloody, Luxurious, avaritious, false, deceitful, Sudden, malicious, o imacking of p every fin That has a name. But there 's no bottom, none, In my voluptuousness; your wives, your daughters, Your matrons, and your maids, could not fill up The ciftern of my lust; and my desire All continent impediments would o'erbear. That did oppose my will. Better Macheth, Than such an one to reign.

¹ H. after But adds yet.

m This conference of Malcolm with Maching is taken out of the chronicles for smacking.

[.] of Scycland, P.

n P. H. and C. ills for epile.

The three last fo's and R. smeaking

P P, and H. each for every.

Convey your pleasures in a spacious And yet seem cold, the time you make have willing dames enough; the That vulture in you to devour so make will to greatness dedicate themselves and with this, there grows, In my most ill-composed affection, so A stanchless avarice, that were I king I should cut off the nobles for them I before his jewels, and this other's he And my more having would be as a To make me hunger more; that I so

Destroying them for wealth,

Macd. This avarice

Sticks deeper; grows with more per
Than furnimer-feeming luft; and it
The sword of our slain kings: yet d

Than 'summer-seeming lust', and it The sword of our slain kings: yet d Scotland hath' foylons, to fill up you Of your mere own. All these are p

ACT IV. SCEND IV.

Mal. But I have nones the King-becoming macks; As justice, verity, temp'rance, flablehest, ... Bounty, perference, mercy, lowhineful district Devotion, petience, courage, fortitule; I have no relish of chemy but abound In the division of each several clime, Acting it many ways. Bayy had I power, I foodd Pour the sweet milk of contold into helly Uproar the universal peaks, contound All unity on earth. Sec : 40 Macd. O Scotland! Scotland!

Macd, Fit to govern in

Mal. If fuch a one be ful to govern, speak v. 2000 I am as I have spoken.

No, not to live. O mation missimble With an untitled tyrans, hiloody scepter'd, When I halt than fee this wholesome days again? Since that the truest iffue of this throad it is the By his own ingendiction flands attenual. "And does blagsberng: his booked. Thy! Royal Hither: Was a most fainted king; the queen that before thee, Oftner upon her kness than on her feet-Dy'd every day the lioth. " Pare thee well? These exils those repeat'ly upon thisself * Have benished me from Sooding. Ony break! Thy hope ends here.

W P. and all after bewel. Ob fare the

The fo's; Non the Views.



tos MACBETH.

· Mal. Macduff, this noble passion, Child of integrity, hath from my foul Wip'd the black scruples; reconcil'd my thoughts To thy good truth and honour. Devilish Matheth By many of these trains hath sought to win me Into his power; and modest wisdom placks me... From over-credulous hafte; but God above Deal between thee and me! for even now and and I put myself to thy direction, and Unspeak mine own detraction; here abjure The taints and blames I laid upon myself, ... For strangers to my nature. I am yet Unknown to y woman, never was z forfworn, Scarcely have coveted what was mine own, At no time broke my faith, would not betray The devil to his fellow, and delight No less in truth than life. My first false speaking Was this upon myfelf. What I am truly, Is thine and my poor country's to command; Whither, indeed, before a thy here-approach, ... Old Seyward with ten thousand warlike men, b All ready at c a point, was fetting forth. Now we'll together, and d the chance of goodness Be like our warranted quarrel! Why are you filent? Macd. Such welcome, and unwelcome things at once, 'Tis hard to reconcile.

J The three last fo's, R. P. and H.

² The three last fo's, forfwere.

[&]quot; First f. they for thy.

The fo's, Already.

W. fays, Shakespeare certainly wrote [appoint, i. e. at the place appointed, at the rendezvous.

d H. eur for the.

SCENE V.

Enter a Deffer.

Mal. Well; more anon. Comes the King forth, I pray you?

Deal. Ay, Sir; there are a crew of wretched souls, That stay his cure; their malady convinces
The great assay of art. But, at his touch,
Such sanctity hath heaven given his hand,
They presently amend.

Mal. I thank you, Doctor.

Macd. What 's the disease he means?

Mal. 'Tis call'd the Evil;

A most miraculous work in this good King,
Which often since my here-remain in England
I have seen him do. How he follicits heaven,
Himself best knows; but strangely visited people,
All swoln and ulcerous, pitiful to the eye,
The mere despair of surgery, he cures,
Hanging a golden stamp about their necks,
Put on with holy prayers. And 'tis spoken,
To the succeeding Royalty he leaves
The healing benediction. With this strange virtue,
He hath a heavenly gift of prophecy;
And sundry blessings hang about his throne,
That speak him full of grace,

e H. je for gf.

templaces for defeats, overcomes.

SCENE

· M A C, B E, 左 虹。

S. C E N E

Macd. See, who comes here? Mal. My countrymen; but yet I know him not. Macd. My ever-gentle confin, welcome hither. Mal. I know him now. Good God betimes remove The means that h makes us firangers! Reff. Sir, Amen. Maid. Stands Scotland where it did? Rosse. Alas, poor country, Almost afraid to know itself. It cannot Be call'd our mother, but our grave; where sething, But who knows nothing is once from to finite; Where fighs and groans, and thrinks that i road the sir. Are made, not mark'd; where violent former feeted A modern ecftafy; the dead man's knell Is there scarce ask'd, for " who ; and good men's lives Expire before the flowers in their cape; Dying, or ere they, fichen. Macd. 1 Oh relation Too nice, and yet too true! Mal. What's the newest grief? g The three last fo's and R. The The fo's and C. rest for rend. k P. and all after; except C. whom for means, the means that, &c. h H. and J. make for makete A . 2 . 11 . ewbe.

. 37

ACT IX. SCENE VI.

144:

Rosses

Ress. That of an hour's age doth his the speaker t Each minute teems a new one. Macd. How does my wife? Roffe. Why, well. Macd. And all my children? Rosse. Well too. Macd. The tyrant has not batter'd at their peace ? Reffe. No, they were well at peace when I did leave 'emi' Macd. Be not a niggard of your speech: Hour goes 13 Rese. When I came hither to transport the tidings. Which I have heavily born, there ran a numour Of many worthy fellows that were out Which was to my belief witness'd the rather, For that I saw the tyrant's power a-foot. Now is the time of help; your eye, in Scotland Would create foldiers, m make our women fight. To doff their dire diffrestes, Mal. Be 't their comfort, We are coming thither. Gracious England hath. Lent us good Serward, and ten thousand men, An older, and a better foldier, none That Christendom gives out. Rosse. Would I could answer This comfort with the like! But I have words That would be howl'd out in the defert air. Where hearing should not a catch them. Macd. What concern they? The general cause? or is it a fee-grief, Due to some single breast? 1 H. Relation, ob! too nice, &c.

P. and all after, except C. and n The fo's and C. lateb for edich.

.

Augre. Det not your care ucipite ing

Which shall possess them with the hea That ever yet they heard.

Macd. Humh! I guess at it.

Roffe. Your castle is surpriz'd; you Savagely flaughter'd; to relate the ma Were on the quarry of these murther To add the death of you.

Mal. Merciful heaven!

What, man! ne'er pull your hat upor Give forrow words; the grief that doe Whispers the o'er-fraught heart, and

Macd. My children too?

Rosse. Wife, children, servants, all

Macd. And I must be from thence!

Roffe. I have said. Mal. Be comforted.

Let's make us med'cines of our great

To cure this deadly grief. Macd. He has no children. - All'

Did you fay all? PO hell-kite! all?

What, all my pretty chickens, and their dam, At one fell swoop?

Mal. 1 Dispute it like a man.

Macd. I shall Vdo so; I J A.
But I must also feel it as a man.

I cannot int remember fuch things were,

That were most precious to me. Did heaven look on,

And would not take their part? Sinful Macduff,

They were all ftruck for thee! Naught that I am,

Notion their own demerits, but for mine!

Fell Laughter on their fouls: Heaven rest them now!

Mal. Be this the whet-stone of your sword; let grief Convert to anger; blunt not the heart, enrage it.

Macd. O, I could play the woman with mine eyes,
And braggart with my tongue. But, gentle theavess 17.72
Cut fhort all intermission; front to front,

Bring thou this fiend of Scotland and myself;

Within my fword's length fet him; If he 'scape, '...

"Heaven forgive him too!

Mal. This " tune goes manly.

Come, go we to the King, our power is ready;

Our lack is nothing but our leave. Macheth

Is ripe for shaking, and the powers above
Put on their instruments. Receive what cheer you may;
The night is long that never finds the day.

[Environments]

٠.

⁹ P. and H Endure for Dispute.

P. and H. omit do fo. u P. and all after, except C. add

a P. and all after, except C. evrath Then before heaven.

W The fo's read time; him is R.S.

² P. and all after, beaven for bea- entendation.



MACBETH.

ACT V.

SCENE I.

* An Anti-chamber in Macbeth's Cafile.

Enter a Bostor of Physick, and a y waiting Gentlewomen.

Def. I Have two nights watch'd with you, but can perceive no truth in your report. When was it she last walk'd?

Gent. Since his Majesty went into the field, I have seen her rise from her bed, throw her night-gown upon her, unlock her closet, take forth paper, fold it, write upon 't, read it, afterwards seal it, and again return to bed; yet all this while in a most fast sleep.

Doct. A great perturbation in nature! to receive at once the benefit of fleep, and do the effects of watching. In this flumbry agitation, befides her walking, and other actual performances, what, at any time, have you heard her fay?

2 No description in so's.

All but the fo's and C. omit daiting.

Gent. That, Sir, which I will not a report after her.

Dell. You may to me, and 'tis most meet you should.

Gint. Neither to you, nor any one; having no witness to confirm my speech.

Enter Lady Macbeth with a taper.

Lo you! here she comes. This is her very guise; and, upon my life, fast asleep. Observe her; stand close.

Diff. How came she by that light?

Gent. Why, it flood by her: she has light by her continually, 'tis her command.

Dott. You see, her eyes are open.

Gent. Ay, but their sense a is shut.

Dect. What is it she does now? Look how she rubs her hands.

Gent. It is an accustom'd action with her, to seem thus washing her hands; I have known her continue in this a quarter of an hour.

Lady. Yet here 's a spot.

Doct. Hark, she speaks. I will set down what comes from her, to statisfy my remembrance the more strongly.

Lady. Out, damned spot; out, I say—One, two; why then 'tis time to do 't—Hell is murky. Fie, my Lord, sie! a soldier, and 'asear'd? What need we fear who knows it, when none can call our power to account?—Yet who would have thought the old man to have had so much blood in him?

² W., thinks it should rather be re-

W. fortify for fatisfy.

s So the fo's and G; the reft, afraid.

^{*} The fo's, are for it.



- Hi6 MACBETH.

Dect. Do you mark that?

Lady. The There of Fife had a wife; where is the now? What will these hands ne'er be clean?—No more o' that, my Lord, no more o' that: you mar all with 4 this starting.

Def. Go to, go to; you have known what you should not.

Gent. She has spoke what she should not, I am sure of that:

Heaven knows what she has known.

Lady. Here's the finell of the blood still; all the perfumes of Arabia will not sweeten this little hand. Oh, oh, oh!

Dost. What a figh is there! the f heart is forely charg'd.

Gant. I would not have such a heart in my bosom for the dignity of the whole body.

Doa. Well, well, well-

. Gent. Pray God it be, Sir.

Dea. This disease is beyond my practice; yet I have known those which have walk'd in their sleep, who have died holily in their beds.

Lady. Wash your hands, put on your night-gown, look not so pale—I tell you yet again, Banque 's buried; he cannot come out s on 's grave.

Doct. Even so?

Lady. To bed, to bed; there's knocking at the gate.

d The three last fo's, R. P. and H. f The first f. bart.

omit ibis.

B P. and all ster, of bis for on s;

e The last fo's, R. P. and H. omit except C. who reads of 's.'

117:

ŧ

Come, come, come, come, give me your hand: what 's done cannot be undone. To bed, to bed, to bed.

Exit Lady.

Dell. Will she now go to bed?

Gent. Directly.

Doct. Foul whisp'rings are abroad; unnatural deeds : Do breed unnatural troubles: infected minds To their deaf pillows will discharge their secrets. More needs sheethe Divine than the Physician: * God, God, forgive us all! Look after her; Remove from her the means of all annoyance, And ftill keep eyes upon her: so good night! My mind she has mated, and amaz'd my fight. I think, but dare not speak.

Gent. Good night, good Doctor.

Exeunt.

SCENE IL.

* A Field, with a Wood at distance.

Drum and colours. Enter Menteth, Cathness, Angus, Lenox, and soldiers.

Ment. The English power is near, led on by Makelm, His uncle Seyward, and the good Macduff. Revenges burn in them; for their dear causes * Would to the bleeding and the grim alarm Excite the mortified man.

P, and H. Good Ged, forgive, &c. i Drum and colours amitted by all but h C. Country near Dunfinance. No the fo's and C. k The three last fo's and R. emit description in the fo's. this line, i .



MACBETH,

Ang, Near Birnam-wood

Shall we well meet them; that way are they coming,

Cath. Who knows if Donalbain be with his brother?

Len. For certain, Sir, he is not: I have a file 'Of all the gentry; there is Seyward's fon And many unrough youths, that even now Protest their first of manhood,

Ment. What does the Tyrant?

Cath. Great Dunsinane he strongly fortifies;
Some say he's mad; others, that lesser mate him,
Do call it valiant sury; but, for certain,
He cannot buckle his distemper'd cause
Within the belt of rule.

Ang, Now does he feel
His fecret murthers sticking on his hands;
Now minutely revolts upbraid his faith-breach;
Those he commands move only in command,
Nothing in love; now does he feel his title
Hang loose about him, like a giant's robe
Upon a dwarfish thief.

Mers. Who then shall blame His pester'd senses to recoil, and start, When all that is within him does condemn Itself, for being there?

Cath. Well, march we on,

To give obedience where 'tis truly ow'd,

Meet we the " med'cine of the fickly weal

I The two first so's, unruffe; the two last and R. unruff; P. unruff'd. T. explains unrugb by unbearded.

[&]quot;The two last fo's, bates for take.
"We fays we should read medicin, 1, e,

phyfician.

And with him pour we, in our country's purge, Each drop of us.

Len. Or so much as it needs,

To dew the sovereign slower, and drown the weeds:

Make • we our march towards Birnam. [Execut * marching.

SCENE III.

1 The Caftle of Dunfinanc.

Enter Macbeth, Doctor, and Attendants.

Macb. Bring me no more reports; let them fly all; "Till Birnam-wood remove to Dunfinane,
I cannot taint with fear. What 's the boy, Malcolm?
Was he not born of woman? 'The spirits, that know All mortal consequences, have pronounc'd me thus;
Fear not, Macbeth; no man that 's born of woman
Shall e'er have power upon thee.—Then fly, salse Thanes,
And mingle with the English epicures.
The mind I sway by, and the heart I bear,
Shall never sag with doubt, nor shake with fear.

Enter a Servant.

The devil damn thee black, thou cream-fac'd 'loon! Where got'st thou that goose-look?

o T.'s ofteno reads me for eve; his

r P. and all after each The.

r P. and all after; it for me thus;

P All but fo's and C. omit merching.

q No description in fo's, C. A reem

t The last s. and all after, except C. in the castle.



£ 120

MACBETH.

Ser. There are ten thousand—
Macb. Geese, villain?
Ser. Soldiers, Sir.

Math. Go, prick thy face, and over-red thy fear,
Thou lily-liver'd boy. What foldiers, patch?
Death of thy foul! those linen cheeks of thine
Are counsellors to fear. What foldiers, whey-face?
Ser. The English force, so please you.

Macb. Take thy face hence. - Seyton! - I am fick at heart,

When I behold—Seyton, I fay!—This push Will chear me ever, or "disease me now," I have siv'd long enough: my " way of life Is fall'n into the sear, the yellow leas:
And that which should accompany old age,
As honour, love, obedience, troops of friends,
I must not look to have; but in their stead,
Curses not loud but deep, mouth-honour, breath,
Which the poor heart would fain deny, and dare not,

* Seyton!—

Enter Soyton.

Sey. What 's your gracious pleasure?

Macb. What news more?

Sey. All is confirm'd, my Lord, which was reported.

Fo's and C. is for are.

May of life. Way is used for course,

The fols and R. wbay-file.

v prografs. W.

The Anonymus appears to be 3.

The first f. dif-eate for dife. fe. Stakespeare might write diffeat.

R. P. and H. omit Septem!

7 An Amayum would have it-my

Mach. I'll fight 'till from my bones my flesh * be hackt; Give me my armour.

Sey. 'Tis not needed yet.

Macb. I'll put in on.

Send out b more horses, skirre the country round;
Hang those that talk of sear. Give me mine armour.
How does your patient, Doctor?

Dod. Not so sick, my Lord,
As she is troubled with thick-coming fancies,
That keep her from her rest.

Macb. Cure a her of that.

Canst thou not minister to a mind diseas'd,
Pluck from the memory a rooted forrow,
Raze out the written troubles of the brain,
And, with some sweet oblivious antidote,
Cleanse the a stuft bosom of that perilous stuff,
Which weighs upon the heart?

Doct. Therein the patient Must minister 1 to himself.

Mach. Throw physic to the dogs, I'll none of it. Come, put mine armour on; give me my staff.

Septon, send out—Doctor, the Thanes sly from me—Come, Sir, dispatch—If thou coulds, Doctor, cast The water of my land, find her disease,

² The three last fo's, R. P. and H. of the for be.

> The two fiest fo's, moe for more.

F The three last fo's and R. that fland in faw, &c.

First f. emits ber.

[&]quot; The two last fo's and R. from for some for to.

P. and H. read to minds difeat'd,

[&]amp; The third f. raife for rane.

h P. and H. full for fluft.

i So the first f; the rest, except C.

Enter Macbeth, Seyton, and Soldiers

Mach. Hang out our bahners on the The cry is still, They come: Our cast Will laugh a siege to scorn. Here let i Till famine and the ague eat them up; Were they not? forc'd with those that i We might have met them dareful, bear And beat them backward home. What

Sey. It is the cry of women, my goo Mach. I have almost forgot the taste. The time has been, my senses would ha To hear a night-shrick, and my * sell o Would at a dismal treatise rouze and sti As life were in 't. I have * supt full wi Direness, familiar to my slaughterous tl Cannot * once start me. Wherefore was

Mach. She should have dy'd hereafter; There would have been a time for such a word. To-morrow, and to-morrow, and to-morrow, Creeps in this petty pace from day to day, To the last syllable of recorded time; And all our yesterdays have, lighted fools Therway to 4 dusty death. Out, out, brief candle! Life's but a walking shadow, a poor Player, That firuts and frets his hour upon the stage, And then is heard no more. It is a tale Told by an idiot, full of found and fury, Signifying nothing. Enter a Messenger. . , : Thou com'ft to use thy tongue: Thy story quickly. . Mef. Gracious my Lord, I should report that which I say I saw, But know not how to do 't. Macb. Well, fay s, fir. Meff. As I did stand my watch upon the hill, I was I look'd toward Birnam, and anon, methought,

Mes. Let me endure your wrath if 't.he.not. io...... 4

Within this three mile may you see it coming;

5 J. proposes to read,-There would not put in his text. have been a time for-Such a world!-Tomorrow, &c.

. The wood began to move.

I say, a moving grove.

" Mach. Liar, and flavel.

. So the first f. and C; the reft, My gracious Lord, &cc.

Striking bien.

f H., and C. I'd for I.

E P. and all after add it after fog.

h This direction not in the fo's.

Mach.

d The three last fo's, R. P. and C. findy for duffy; H. and W. dufty. This memendation was hinted by T. though

That lies like truth. "Fear not, the Do come to Bunfinani"—and now a Comes toward Dunfinane. Arm, a If this which he avouches does appea There is a no flying hence, nor tarr I 'gin to be a a weary of the fun And wish the estate of the world were Ring the alarum bell. Blow, wind! At least we'll die with harness on ou

i J. peopoles pall for pull.

k First f. Pyrnano-mued. In this G. nor for edition it is in different places variously spelt, viz. Byrnan, Byrnan, Birnane and Byrnane.

m The man specific control of the pull.

n J. (

n J. (

n So other G.

1 W. and J. sessent.

SCENE VI.

· Before Dunfinane,

² Drum and Celours. Enter Malcolm, Seyward, Macchiff, and their Army with Bunghs.

Mal. Now, near enough. Your lowy forcests throw down, And show like those you are. You, worthy uncle, Shall with my cousin, your right noble son, Lead our first battle. Worthy Macanff and we Shall take upon 'a what else remains to do.

According to our order.

Soy. Fare you well.

Do we but find the Tyrant's power to-night.

Let us be bearen if we cannot fight.

Macd. Make all our tourspets speak, give them all breath.
Those clamorous harbingers of blood and death. [Ensure.

Ener Macbeth.

Mach. They have tied me to a stake, I cannot sty, But, bear-like, I must fight the course. What 's he That was not born of woman? such a one Am I to fear, or none.

P This description not in fo's. for worthy.

a All but fo's and C. omit Drum and P. and H. Let us but find, &c.
The fo's and C. here begin the 7th

P. and all after, except C. brave scene, which they make the laft.



LAR MACBETH.

Enter young Seyward.

Y. Sey. What is thy name?

Mach. Thou 'It be afraid to hear it. .

Y. Sey. No, though thou call'st thyself a hotter name Than any is in hell.

Macb. My name 's Macbetb.

Y. Sey. The devil himself could not pronounce a title More hateful to mine ear.

Mach. No, nor more fearful.

J. 1. 1. 1. 1.

15 14

Y. Sey. Thou lieft, abhorred Tyrant; with my fword I'll prove the lie thou speak'st.

Fight, and young Seyward is slain?

Macb. Thou wast born of woman.—
But swords I since at, weapons laugh to scorn,
Brandish'd by manthat 's of a woman born.

Exit.

Alarums. Enter Macduff.

Macd. That way the noise is. Tyrant, shew thy face; If thou be'ft stain, and with no stroke of mine, My wife and children's ghosts will haunt me still. I cannot strike at wretched Kernes, whose arms Are hir'd to bear their staves; weither thou, Macbeth, word with an unbatter'd edge I sheath again undeeded. There thou should'st be—By this great clatter, one of greatest note Seems bruited. Let me find him, fortune, And more I beg not.

[Exit. Alarums.

The three last fo's and R. Then W. P. and all after, except C. or for lieft, thou abborred, &c. elther.

Enter Malcolm and Seyward.

Sey. This way, my Lord; the caftle 's gently rendred; The Tyrant's people on both fides do fight; The noble Thanes do bravely in the war; The day almost * itself professes yours, And little is to do.

Mal. We have met with foes, That strike beside us.

Sey. Enter, Sir, the castle.

[Exeunt. Alarum.

Enter Macbeth.

Macb. Why should I play the Roman sool, and die On mine own sword? y whiles I see lives, the gashes Do better upon them.

To bim, enter Macduff.

Macd. Turn, hell-hound, turn.

Mach. Of all men else I have avoided thee.

But get thee back, my foul is too much charg'd With blood of thine already.

Macd. I have no words;

My voice is in my fword! Thou bloodier villain,

Than terms can give thee out.

[Fight. A.arum.

Mach. Thou loseft labour;

As easy may'st thou the intrenchant air With thy keen sword impress, as make me bleed: Let fall thy blade on vulnerable crests,

I bear a charmed life, which must not yield

To one of woman born.

Macd. Despair thy charm,

Y R. and all after, except G. While.

I j. professes itself yours, &cc.



And be these juggling siends no me That palter with us in a double ser That keep the word of promise to And break it to our hope. I'll no Macd. Then yield thee, Coward And live to be the shew and gaze of We'll have thee, as our rarer mor Painted upon a pole, and underwrif "Here may you see the Tyrant."

Mach. I will not yield,
To kis the ground before young
And to be baited with the rabble's
Though Birnam wood be come to
And thou oppos'd, * being of no v
Yet I will try the last. Before m
I throw my warlike shield. Lay of

I throw my warlike shield. Lay c And damn'd be he, that first crie

2 T. W. and J. be for being.

SCENE VII .

Retreat and flourist. Enter, with Drum and Colours, Malcolos, Seyward, Rosse, Thanes, and Soldiers.

Mal. I would the friends we miss were safe arriv'd. Sey. Some must go off; and yet, by these I see, So great a day as this is cheaply bought.

Mal. Macduff is miffing, and your noble fon: Roffe. Your son, my Lord, has paid a soldier's debt; He only liv'd but 'till he was a man, The which no fooner had his prowefs confirm'd, In the unshrinking station where he fought, **B**ut like a man he dy'd.

Sey. Then e he is dead?

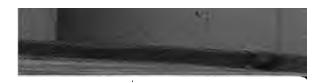
Resse. Ay, and brought off the field. Your cause of forrow

Must not be measur'd by his worth; for then It hath no end.

Sey. Had he his hurts before? Ress. Ay, on the front. Sey. Why then, God's soldier be he! Had I as many fons as I have hairs,

b The fo's and R. here insert the and either make the curtain fall, or exit Following direction, Euror fighting, and Macdelf, and the body of Macheli car-Macbeth flain; which supposes Macbeth sied off, before Makelin, &c. emer. and Macdoff to re-enter, and end their . P. and all afpet, except G. it is for duct upon the stage. If we allow this be it. Merchies, we must also put in another;

I would



MACBETH.

I, would not wish them to a fairer death.

And so his knell is knoll'd.

Mal. He's worth more forrow;

And that I'll spend for him.

Sey. He's worth no more;

They say, he parted well, and paid his score.

And so God be with him!—Here comes newer comfort.

Enter Macduff, with Macheth's head.

Macd. Hail, King! for fo thou art. Behold, where flands

Th' Usurper's cursed head. The time is free;
I see thee compast with thy kingdom's e pearl,
That speak my salutation in their minds,
Whose voices I desire aloud with mine;
Hail, King of Sectional!

All. Hail, King of Scotland!

[Flourifs.

Mal. We shall not spend a large expence of time,
Before we reckon with your several loyes,
And make us even with you. My Thanes and kinsmen,
Henceforth be Earls, the first that ever Scotland
In such an honour nam'd. What 's more to do,
Which would be planted newly with the time,
As calling home our exil'd friends abroad,
That sled the snares of watchful tyranny,
Producing forth the cruel ministers.

Of this dead butcher, and his fiend-like Queen,

⁴ P. and all after, except G. omit aft and ad, pearle; the reft, peers for send.

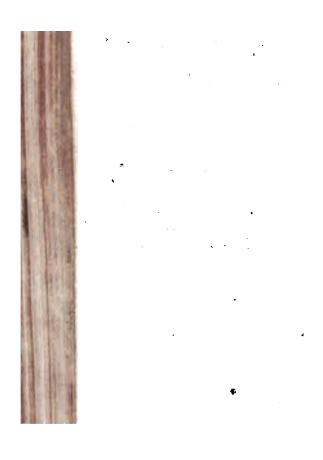
[•] So the 3d and 4th for s and C; the ... f P. and all after, except C. senit

(Who, as 'tis thought, by felf and violent hands Took off her life;) this, and what needful else That calls upon us, by the grace of ² Grace, We will perform in measure, time and place. So thanks to all at once, and to each one, Whom we invite to see us crown'd at Scene.

[Flourisb. Exeunt ownes.

\$ For Grece, P. and H. read beaver; W. God.

FINIS.



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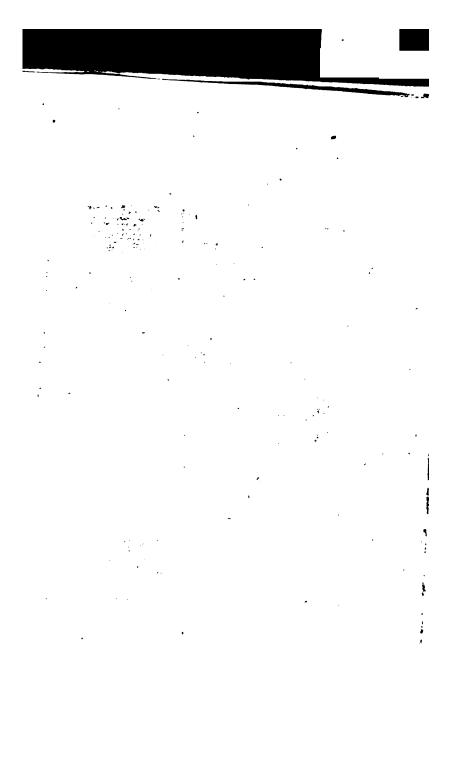


JULIUS CÆSAR,

TRAGEDY.



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JULIUS CÆSAR.

G. Kaymun delin .

W.W. Ruland wull

JULIUS CÆSAR,

A TRAGEDY.

BY WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

COLLATED WITH

THE OLD AND MODERN EDITIONS.



LONDON,

PRINTED BY W. BOWYER AND J. NICHOLS:

AND SOLD BY W. OWEN, BETWEEN THE

TEMPLE-GATES, FLEET-STREET.

MDCCLXXIV.

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JULIUS CÆSAR,

A TRAGEDY,

EDITIONS COLLATED:

The * Folio's, and Modern Editions.

. There appears to have been no Edition of this Play elder than the first Folio;



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Julius Cafar, Octavius Cafar, Mark Intony, M. Emil. Lepidus, Triumvirs after the death of Cafar,	\$ A& I. Sc. 2, 4. A& II. Sc. 4. A& III, Sc. 1, 2, 3. A& IV. Sc. 1. A& V. Sc. 1, 5. A& I. Sc. 2, 4. A& III. Sc. 1, 2. A& IV. Sc. 1, 4.5. A& III. Sc. 1, 5. A& IV. Sc. 1.
Cicéro, Publius, Popilius Lena, Senators,	Act II. Sc. 2, 4, 6, Act III. Sc. 4. Act III. Sc. 1, 2.
Brutus,	A& I. Sc. 2, 3, 4, 5. A& II. Sc. 1, 2,
Cassius,	3, 4. A& III. Sc. 1, 2, 3. A& IV. Sc. 2, 3. A& V. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. A& I. Sc. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8. A& II. Sc. 2. A& II. Sc. 2, 3, 4 A& IV. Sc. 2. A& III. Sc. 1, 2, 3. A& IV. Sc.
Cafca,	2, 3. Act V. Sc. 1, 3.
Conspirators against Casar	
Decius Brutus,	Sc. 1, 2.
Metellus Cimber,	A& I. Sc. 2, 4. A& II. Sc. 2, 4. A& III. Sc. 1, 2.
Trebonius,	A& II. Sc. 2, 4. A& III. Sc. 1, 2.
Ligarius,	A& II. Sc. 2, 4. A& III. Sc. 1, 2. A& II. Sc. 3, 4.
Flavius, Tribunes,	A& I. Sc. 1, 2. A& I. Sc. 1, 2.
A Soothsayer,	Act I. Sc. 2, 4. Act II. Sc. 6. Act III. Sc. 1, 2.
Artemiderus, a Sophist,	A& II. Sc. 5. A& III. Sc. 1, 2.
Cinna, a Poet,	A& III. Sc. 4.
Another Poet,	A& IV. Sc. 3.

The fo's and R. spell this name Cofe.

C H. calls him Decimus Brutus; Plutareb Δίκιος Βρώτος, which in H. Stepbens's Letin and in Decim's French translation is render'd Decims Brutus.

d The fo's, R. P. and C. call this name Marellus; which T. first after'd to Marallus, upon the authority of Platarch.

Fargo, Claudias Servente Clitus, to Brutus, Dardanius, A& V. Strato, a Grecian, AR V. Pindarus, Servant to Caffins, Act IV. Servant to Cefar, AC II. Servant to Matony, AC III. Servant to Ochavius, MA TIT. A Carpenter, Aa I. ! A Cobler, ÀC I. S Other Commoners, Aa I. s A Messenger, AR V. Two Soldiers, A& V, 5 Calphurnia, Wife to Cafar, AA I. St · Portia, Wife to Brutus, -A& L Sc Ghost of Julius Casar, AR IV.

S K E T C H

0 F

THE PLAY.

ACT I.

- Sc. I. POME. A fireet. Enter Flav. Mar. 2 Carpenter, a Cobler, and certain other Commoners. Flav. and Mar. enquire of the Commoners, why they are got together in their best apparel, and without the signs of their trades, which they ought not, unless on a holiday. They answer, that they make holiday to see Casar, and to rejoice in his triumph. Flav. and Mar. persuade them to disperse, and go home. Excunt Commoners. Flav. and Mar. agree to disrobe the images they shall find decked with trophies on Casar's account. Execunt.
- Sc. M. Enter Cafar, Ant. for the Course, Calpb. Par. Dec. Cic. Bru. Cas. Casc. a Soothsayer; after them Mar. and Flav. Cas. bids Ant. touch Calpb. in the Course; it being an opinion that the barren, so touched, would become fruitful. The Soothsayer



fayer calls out upon Caf. to beware the ides of March. Caf. calls him a dreamer, and difregards his caution. Exeunt.

- Sc. III. Manent Bru. and Cas. Cas. hints to Bru. the growing greatness of Cas. and the approaching flavery of the Romans. Shout within. Bru. expresses his fear that the people are choosing Cas. for their king.
- Sc. IV. Enter Caf. and his train. Caf. tells Ant. he would choose to have such men about him who are fat, sleek-headed, and who sleep o' nights: and hints that Caf. and such sort of men, who are lean, and think much, are dangerous. Exeunt Caf. and his train.
- Sc. V. Manent Bru. Caf. and Cafe. The last informs the other two, that the crown had thrice been offered Caf. which he has often refused, and that this had been the occasion of the people's shouting. Execunt Case. and Bru. Cas. intends at night to throw in at Bru.'s window, papers written in different hands, tending to express the great opinion the Romans have of Bru. Exit.
- Sc. VI. Thunder and lightning. Enter from opposite sides, Cic. and Casc. with his sword drawn. Talk of the dreadfulness of the night, and portentous prodigies that had appeared. That Casc. is to go to the Capitol on the morrow. Exit Cic.
- Sc. VII. To Casc. enter Cas. Casc. informs Cas. that it is reported the Senators intend on the morrow to establish Cas. as a king, Cas. discloses to Casc. a confpiracy that he had formed with others against Cas. into which Casc. readily enters.

Sc. VIII.

Sc. VIII. To them enter Cin. who tells Caf. that the Confpirators are waiting for him at Pompey's porch. Caf. hopes to make Bru. of their party. Exeunt.

ACT II.

- Sc. I. Brutus's Garden. Enter Bru. who calls and awakens.

 Luc. Enter Luc. whom Bru. orders to light a taper in his study. Exit Luc. Bru. in a soliloquy resolves that, for the welfare of Rome, Cass. must die. Enter Luc. who gives Bru. a letter he had sound in the study. Exit Luc. Bru. reads the letter, which is written to stir up Bru. against Cass. Enter Luc. who brings word that Cass. and others musseld up are at the door. Bru. orders them to be admitted. Exit Luc.
- Sc. II. To Bru. enter Cas. Casc. Dec. Cin. Met. and Treb.

 They determine to affassinate Cass. A proposal is made to cut off M. Ant. also, which is over-ruled by Cass. It is proposed to engage C. Lig. in the conspiracy, for which purpose Met. is defired to call on him, and send him to Bru. Execut all but Bru.
- Sc. III. To Bru. enter Por. who, from the unwonted gloominess and irregularity of Bru.'s behaviour, suspects fome hidden grief to lie upon his mind; and conjures him to impart it to her; adding, that although she is a woman, yet being the daughter of Cate and wife of Bru. she is able to keep a secret; and that, to prove her patience and constancy, she had



given herself a wound in the thigh. Knocking within. Bru. bids Por. retire, and promises to unfold to her all the secrets of his heart. Exit Por. Enter Luc. bringing in Lig. who is sick. Exit Luc. Lig. declares that (though sick) if Bru. have any honourable exploit in hand, he is ready to engage in it. Bru. tells him, he will open the business to him, as they walk. Exeunt.

Sc. IV. Cafar's palace. Thunder and lightning. Enter 7. Cas. in his night-gown. Cal.'s disturbed sleep. Enter a Servant, whom Cas. sends to the priests to bid them do sacrifice. Enter Cal. who, from the prodigies that had appeared, endeavours to diffuade Cef. from going to the capitol. Enter Servant, who brings word that the augurs, plucking forth the entrails of an offering, found no heart in the beast, and advise Cess. not to go to the capitol. Caf. notwithstanding these prodigies, from the principle of courage, maintains his determination of going; till, farther conjured by Cal. he at length consents that M. Int. shall make his excuse to the Senate for not attending them. Enter Dec. whom Caf. informs of his having been persuaded by Cal. on account of a frightful dream she had, not to go to the capitol. But Dec. by giving a fortunate interpretation of the dream, and informing Caf. that the Senate have concluded to present him with a crown, induces him to go. Enter Bru. Lig. and Case. Treb. Cin. and Pub. and soon after Ant. as to attend him to the capitol. Ces. invites them to drink some wine with him before they go. Exeunt.

- Sc. V. The street. Enter Artemid. reading a paper of his own writing, wherein he bids Caf. beware of the conspirators, and inserts their names. This paper he intends to give Caf. as he passes to the capitol. Exit.
- Sc. VI. Enter Por. and Luc. and a while after a Soothfayer, who intends to caution Caf. as he passes to the capitol. This scene exhibits the terror of Por. on account of the approaching attempt, and her anxiety for the success of it.

ACT III.

- Sc. I. The fireet near the capitol. Flourish. Enter Caf.

 Bru. Caf. Cafc. Dec. Met. Treb. Cin. Ant. Lep.

 Art. Pop. and Soothsayer. Caf. tells the Soothsayer that the ides of March are come; to which the Soothsayer answers, Ay, but not gone. Art. and Dec. offer papers to Caf. to read; Art. bids

 Caf. not to delay reading his, as it nearly concerns himself (Caf.) Caf. answers that what regards himself shall be last considered. Cas. asks why they urge their petitions in the street, and bids them come to the Capitol. Exeunt.
- So. II. The capitol. The fenate fitting. Enter Caf. and the reft, as in the foregoing Scene. After Caf. has taken his feat, Mat. goes towards him, and being followed by the conspirators (who range themselves about Caf.) he petitions for the repealing his banished brother Pub. Gimber, and is backed by



Cas. Cin. and Dec. But Cas. perfishing to reject the petition, the Conspirators stab Cas. and cry out, Liberty! &c. Exeunt all but Conspirators. They besimear their arms and swords in Cas. blood. Enter a servant from Ant. to know if his master may with safety speak with the compirators; and being answered in the affirmative, exit Servant to setch his master. Enter Ant. who apparently enters into league with the Conspirators, and gets permission of them to make an oration in praise of Cas. over his dead body in the market-place. Exeunt all but Ant. Enter Octavius's servant, with advice that his master is on the way to Rome. Exeunt, with the body of Cas.

Sc. III. The Forum. Enter Bru. Cas. and the Plebeians. The Plebeians are clamorous for fatisfaction about the murder of Caf. Bru. promises to give them good reasons for the deed, provided they will give him audience; and bids Cas. go into the other street, and harangue, that so the numbers may be parted. Exit Cas. with some of the Plebeians. Bru. goes into the pulpit, and tells them that Caf. was cut off for his ambition, and that the liberties of the people might be preserved. The Plebeians applaud Bru. and are for carrying him home in triumph to his house; but he persuades them to stay and hear the funeral oration on Caf. to be spoken by Ant. who enters with the body. Exit Bru. Ant. by his artful speech stirs the Plebeians to love and pity for Caf. and hatred and rage against the Conspirators. Exeunt Plebeians, to burn Cass body, and with a resolution to set fire to the houses of the Conspira-

tors. Enter a Servant, who brings Ant. word that Oct. is already come to Rome; and that Bru. and, Caf. were feen to ride like madmen through the gates. Exeunt.

Sc. IV. A ftreet. Enter Cin. the poet, and after him the Plebeians, who enquire his name, place of abode, &c. He tells them his name is Cinna, but that he is not Cinna the conspirator, but Cinna the poet. Nevertheless, as his name is Cinna, they determine to tear him to pieces. Exeunt.

A C T IV.

- Sc. I. Enter Ant. Ost. and Lep. They agree to proscribe and cut off certain enemies to their cause. Ant. proposes to reduce some legacies in Cass.'s will, and sends Lep. to Cass.'s house for the will. Exit Lep. Ant.'s slight opinion of Lep. As Bru. and Cass. are levying powers, Ant. is for making immediate preparations against them. Exeunt.
- Sc. II. In the camp near Sardis; before Bru.'s tent. Enter Bru. Lucil, Tit. Pin. and Soldiers. Pin. comes to present salutations to Bru. from Cas. who is at hand. March. Enter Cas. He and Bru. begin to altercate; but Bru. objecting to their falling out in the presence of the soldiers, they withdraw to the inside of the tent. Exeunt.
- Sc. III. Within the tent. Enter Bru, and Caf. Their altercation and reconciliation. Hearing the high words between them, enter a poet, who reprehends them; but is turn'd out. Enter Lucil. and Tit.



who receive orders to fetch Mes. Bru. acquaints Cas. that Portia is dead, by swallowing fire. Enter Luc. with wine and tapers. Bru. in token of reconciliation, drinks to Cas. and is pledged by him. Enter Tit. and Mes. Letters are arrived, which advise that a great number of the senators are put to death, Cicero being one; and that Och and Ant. are coming with a mighty power and great expedition towards Philippi. It is agreed that Bru.'s army meet them there. Exit Luc. to fetch Bru.'s gown. Exeunt Caf. Tit. and Mef. bidding Bru. Good night. Enter Luc. with the gown. orders him to call Clau. and some other of his men, to fleep in the tent upon cushions. Enter Var. and Clau. who retire to fleep. Luc. playing on an instrument of music, falls alleep. Bru. reads. Enter the Ghost of Cas. who tells Bru. that he shall see him again at Philippi. Ghost vanishes. Bru. wakes Luc. Var. and Clau. and fends the two last to Cas. to bid him march forwards with his troops. Exeunt.

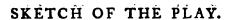
ACT V.

Sc. I. The plains of Philippi. Enter Oct. Ant. and their army. To them enter a Messenger with advice that Bru.'s army is approaching. Enter Bru. Cas. and their army, Luc. Tit. Mes. and others attending. Parley between the two parties. Excunt Oct. Ant. and their army, as for the engagement. Farewel between Bru. and Cas. at their parting to command their several troops. Excust.

Sc. II.

- Sc. II. The field of battle. Alarums of a battle join'd. Enter Bru. and Mef. Bru. perceiving advantage to lie against Oa.'s wing, sends Mef. with orders for a sudden attack. Exeunt.
- Sc. III. Another part of the field. Alarums. Enter Caf. and Tit. Cast's troops are worsted, and fly. Tit. is of opinion that Bru. too eagerly took the advantage Oal.'s troops had given, and gave the word too foon. Enter Pin. who brings word that Ant.'s troops have broke into Cass's tents, and begs him to fly. Cas. sends Tit. to see whether certain troops at a distance are friends or enemies. Exit Tit. Caf. bids Pin. go to the top of a hill, and observe what passes in the field. Pin. ascends the hill, and from thence tells Caf. that he perceives Tit. enclosed with horsemen, and that he is taken by them. Enter Pin. whom Cas. in a fit of despair, commands to kill him. Pin. obeys. Cas. dies. Exit Pin. Enter Tit. and Mes. It appears that Ost. is beaten by Bru. as Gaf. is by Ant. Seeking Cas. to communicate these tidings to him, they find him dead; and judge that, mistaking the horsemen Tit. was surrounded with (and who were friends), for enemies who had taken Tit. he had put an end to his life. Tit. after having crowned the dead Case with a wreath of victory which Bru. had fent to him, kills himself. Enter Bru. Mes. young Cate, Strate, Vol. and Lucil. They find the dead bodies, and lament over them; but determine to try their fortune in a fecond engagement.
- Sc. IV. Another part of the field. Alarum. Enter, fighting, foldiers of both armies; then Bru. Mef. Cate,

B



and Lucil. Cate charges the retiring enemy in one part, Bru. in another: the party charged by Cate rallies, and Cate falls. Lucil. is taken prisoner. Enter Ant. who gives orders that Lucil. be kept safe; and that search be made for Bry.

Sc. V. Another part of the field. Enter Bru. Dar. Cli. Stra. and Vol. Bru. finding himself conquered, determines to put an end to his life, and for that purpose begs the affistance of Cli. Dar. and Vol. who deny his request. Alarums. A cry within, "Fly, fly, fly." Bru. takes leave of his friends, who exeunt as flying. Bru. bids Stra. hold his fword while he runs on it. Stra. obeys. Bru. dies. Alarums. Retreat. Enter Oa. Ant. and their army, Lucil. and Mes. They find the body of Bru. and Stra. acquaints them how he died. Ant. praises Bru, as the worthieft of all the conspirators; who, while the rest conspired against Cass. for envy, had merely an intention for the general good. Off. orders that his body be treated with all respect and rites of burial, and be, for the night, laid in his (Oal's) tent. Exeunt omnes.

ACT I.

SCENE I.

* Rome. * A Street.

Enter Flavius, Marullus, * a Carpenter, * a Cobler, and certain other Commoners.

Flavius.

In ENCE; home, you idle creatures, get you home;
Is this a holy-day? What, know you not,
Being mechanical, you ought not walk,
Upon a labouring day, without the fign
Of your profession?—Speak, what trade are thou?

Carp. Why Sir, a carpenter.

Mar. Where is thy leather apron, and thy rule?

What dost thou with thy best apparel on?—

* Rome first insured by R.

A first first added by T.

d These two chamsters not particuletly mentioned, in the astrance, by

C. directs, Enter a rabble of citizens; the editions before, Plarius and Murellus, driving them.

You, fir, what trade are you?

Cob. Truly, fir, in respect of a fine workman, I am but as you would fay, a cobler.

Mar. But what trade art thou? Answer me directly.

Cob. A trade, fir, that I hope I may use with a safe con-science; which is indeed, fir, a mender of bad of loals.

f Mar. What trade, thou knave? thou naughty knave, what trade?

Cob. Nay, I befeech you, fir, be not out with me; yet if you be out, fir, I can mend you.

* Mar. What mean'st thou by that? Mend me, thou fawcy fellow?

Cab. Why, fir, cobble you.

20

Flav. Thou art a cobler, art thou?

Cob. Truly, fir, all that I live by is with the awl: I meddle with no tradefman's matters, nor k women's matters, but with awl. I am indeed, fir, a furgeon to old shoes; when they are in great danger, I re-cover them. As proper men as ever trod upon neats-leather have gone upon my handy-work.

Flav. But wherefore art not in thy shop to day? Why dost thou lead these men about the streets?

- e First and 2d fo's, follor; 3d, fouls.

 f All but C. give this speech to Fla-
- g T. H. and W. give this speech to Flavius.
- h All but fo's omit with.
- i For tradefinan's H. reads man's; W. tradefinan's.
- k So the first f. and C; the rest, we-
- 1 All the editions before C. read and frop thus, matters; but witbal, (withall or with-all) I am, &c. C. thus, matters; but with all. I am, &c.
- m The fo's, R. T. and J. recover for recover.

Cob. Truly, fir, to wear out their shoes, to get myself into more work.

But indeed, fir, we make holy-day to fee Cafar, and to rejoice in his triumph.

Mar. Wherefore rejoice? What conquest brings he home? What tributaries follow him to Rome, To grace in captive bonds his chariot wheels? You blocks, you flones, you worse than senseless things! O you hard hearts, you cruel men of Rome, Knew you not Pompey? Many a time and oft Have you climb'd up to walls and battlements, To towers and windows, yea to chimney tops, Your infants in your arms, and there have fat The live-long day, with patient expectation, To see great Pompey pass the streets of Rome: And when you saw his chariot but appear, Have you not made an universal shout, That Tyber trembled underneath his banks, To hear the replication of your founds Made in * his concave shores? And do you now put on your best attire? And do you now cull out a holy-day? And do you now strew flowers in his way, That comes p in triumph over Pempey's blood? Be gone ---Run to your houses, fall upon your knees, Pray to the gods to intermit the plague That needs must light on this ingratitude,

[&]quot; The fo's, ber for bie. reft, an for a.

[•] So the three first fo's and C; the P After comes H, inserts to Rome.

12

Flav. Go, go, good countrymen, and for q this fault, Assemble all the poor men of your fort; Draw them to 'Tyber ' banks, and weep your tears Into the channel, till the lowest stream, Do kiss the most exalted shores of all, I' Exeunt Commoners. See " whe'r their basest " metal be not mov'd: They vanish tongue-ty'd in their guiltiness. Go you down that way towards the capitol; This way will I: difrobe the images, If you do find them deck'd with * coremonies. Mar. May we do fo? You know it is the feast of Lupercal. Flav. 7 It is no matter, let z no images Be hung with Cafar's trophies. I'll about, And drive away the vulgar from the streets: So do you too, where you perceive them thick. These growing feathers pluckt from Casar's wing. Will make him fly an ordinary pitch, Who else would * foar above the view of men, And keep us all in servile fearfulness. [Exeunt b feveralls.

- 9 T.'s duodecimo, W. and J. that for this.
- Tyler's.
 - So the fo's and C; the reft, bank.
 - t The fo's, [Excunt all the common-
- The fo's, R. and P. where; T. W. and J. whe're; but whe'r, as H. and C. read, is the most proper abbreviation of whether, the word have meant,
- W All but J. and C. mettle.
- × Geremonies, for religious ornaments.
 Thus afterwards he explains them by
 Gesses trophies; i. e. such as he had dedicated to the gods. W.
 - y 'Tis for It is.
 - Z Second f. on for no.
 - .a Two last fo's, fare.
- b feverally first added by T. but omitted again by G.

ACT I. SCENE IL

SCENE II.

Enter Cæsar, Antony for the Course, Calphurnia, Portia, Decius, Cicero, Brutus, Cassius, Casca, a Sosthsayer; d after them Marullus and Flavius.

Caf. Calphurnia.

Case. Peace ho! Casar speaks .

Caf. Calpburnia.

Calp. Here, my lord.

Cef. Stand you directly in f Antonio's way, When he doth run his course. - Antenie.

Ant. Cafar, my lord.

Cef. Forget not in your speed, Antonio, To touch Calphurnia; for our elders say, The barren, touched in this holy chase, Shake off their steril s curse.

Ant. I shall remember.

When Cæsar says, Do this, it is perform'd. Caf. Set on, and leave no ceremony out h.

C. describes the scene, A public place; a great crossed following; Southfayer in the the Latin name?

d None after P. direct Marullus and reft, course for curse.

h Head C. directs [Music; and the Flovius to enter.

· Here C. directs [Music ceafes.

f P. alters Antonis's to Antonias', and and directs, Enter, in folenn procession, Antonio to Antonius; and is followed by with surfic, &c. Casar, Antony, De- all but C. But why might not Shakecius, Cicero, Brutus, Cassius, Casca, &c. speare make use of the Italian as well at

g So the fo's, T. W. J. and C; the

procession moves.

B 4

South.





Sooth. Cafar.

· Caf. Ha! Who calls?

Casc. Bid every noise be still; - Peace yet again i,

Cass. Who is it in the press that calls on me?

I hear a tongue, shriller than all the music,

Cry, Cæsar: Speak, Cæsar is turn'd to hear,

Sooth. Beware the ides of March.

Caf. What man is that?

Bru. A foothfayer bids you beware the ides of March.

Cas. Set him before me, let me see his face;

k Caf. Fellow, come from the throng, look upon Cafar,

Caf. What fay'ft thou to me now? Speak once again.

Sooth. Beware the ides of March.

Cass. He is a dreamer, let us leave him: Pass.

[Sennet. Excunt.

8 C E N E III.

Manent Brutus and Caffius,

Caf. Will you go see the order of the course?

Bru. Not I.

Caf. I pray you do.

Bru. I am not gamesome; I do lack some part Of that quick spirit that is in Autony:

i Here G. directs [Musicaneses. k J. gives this speech to be see see.

1 So the three first fo's and J; the mode of martial music. 4th f. Senate; C. Mufick, for Sennet;

the rest omit Senner. J. says here, that Senuer appears to be a particular tune or Let me not hinder, Cassius, your desires; I'll leave you.

Caf. Brutus, I do observe you now of late; I have not from your eyes that gentleness And shew of love, as I was wont to have; You bear too stubborn and too strange a hand Over your me friend that loves you.

Bru. Caffius,

Be not deceiv'd: If I have veil'd my look,
I turn the trouble of my countenance
Meerly upon myself. Vexed I am
Of late with passions of some difference,
Conceptions only proper to myself,
Which give some soil perhaps to my behaviours:
But let not therefore my good friends be griev'd,
(Among which number, Cassius, be you one)
Nor construe any further my neglect,
Than that poor Brutus, with himself at war,
Forgets the shews of love to other men.

Caf. Then, Brutus, I have much mistook your passion.
By means whereof this breast of mine hath buried
Thoughts of great value, worthy cogitations.
Tell me, good Brutus, can you see your face?
Bru. No, Cassius; for the eye sees not o itself,
But by restection, p by some other things.

m 80 the 1st f. T. H. W. J. and C; bowlear.

the 2d and 3d f. friends that loves you;

the 4th f. R. and P. friends that love felf.

you.

2 So the fo's, J. and C; the rest read

for by.

Cas. 'Tis just:

26

And it is very much lamented, Brutus,

That you have no fuch mirrors, as will turn

Your hidden worthiness into your eye,

That you might see your shadow. I have heard

Where many of the best respect in Rome,

Except immortal Casar, speaking of Brutus,

And groaning underneath this age's yoak,

Have wish'd that noble Brutus had his eyes.

Bru. Into what dangers would you lead me, Cassius? That you would have me seek into myself For that which is not in me?

Caf. Therefore, good Brutus, be prepar'd to hear; And fince you know you cannot fee yourself
So well as by reflection, I, your glass,
Will modestly discover to yourself
That of yourself which yet you know not of.
And be not jealous on me, gentle Brutus;
Were I a common laugher, or did use
To stale with ordinary ouths my love
To every new protester; if you know
That I do fawn on men, and hug them hard,

. 4 The two first fo's, you get for get you.

s So the fo's; the rest, of for on.

The fo's and R.'s oftavo read laughter, which Mr. Seward, in his notes on Beaumont and Floteher, (Note 10 of the Faithful Shepherdefs) thinks a ftronger word to express a law buffoon than laugher. "But (says Heath in

feems to have mifunderftood the drift of the poet; a low buffoon, who is commonly laughed at, is not the idea he intended, but one who, without regard to friendship or any other consideration, abuses the indulgent considerace of his friends, in order to expose them to the laughter of the first company he comes into."

ACT L SCENE III.

And after fcandal them; or if you know,
That I profess 'myself in banqueting
To all the rout, then hold me dangerous. [* Shout within.

Bru. What means this shouting? I do fear the people
Chuse Casar for their king.

Cas. Ay, do you fear it?

Then must I think you would not have it so.

Bru. I would not, Cassius; yet I love him well. But wherefore do you hold me here so long? What is it that you would impart to me? If it be aught toward the general good, Set honour in one eye, and death i' th' other, And I will look on whoth indifferently: For let the gods so speed me, as I love The name of honour, more than I fear death.

Caf. I know that virtue to be in you, Brutus, As well as I do know your outward favour. Well, honour is the subject of my story. I cannot tell, what you and other men Think of this life; but z for my single celf, I had as lief not be, as live to be In awe of such a thing as I myself. I was born free as Casar, so were you; We both have sed as well; and we can both Endure the winter's cold as well as he.

^{*} The three last fo's omit wyfelf. W. in loc. Upten's Critical Observa
** All but G. direct [Flourift and tions, 2d edit. p. 314; and Hastb's flour.

Revisal in loc.

W. T. H. W. and J. read death for both. This is W.'s emendation. See

The shree last fo's omit for.

For once, upon a raw and gufty day, The troubled Tyber , chafing with his shores, Casar a said to me, Dar'st thou, Cassius, now Leap in with me into this angry flood, And fwim to yonder point? Upon the word, b Accoutred as I was, I plunged in, And c bad him follow p so indeed he did. The torrent roar'd; and d we did buffet it With lufty finews, throwing it afide, And stemming it with hearts of controversy: • But ere we could arrive the point propos'd, Cafar cry'd, Help me, Caffius, or I fink. I, as Eneas, our great ancestor, Did from the flames of Troy upon his shoulder The old Anchifes bear, so, from the waves of Tyber, Did I the tired Cafar: And this man Is now become a god; and Coffius is A wretched creature, and must bend his body, If Cafar carelessly but nod on him. He had a f fever when he was in Spain. And when the fit was on him, I did mark How he did shake; 'tis true this god did shake. His coward lips did from their colour fly; And that same eye, whose bend doth awe the world,

- y The 2d and 3d fo's, chafing.
- The fo's read ber for bis.
- a All but first f. and C. fays for faid.
- b The three last fo's, Accounted for Accounted.
- c P.'s duodecimo, T. W. and J. bid for bad.
- d P.'s duodecimo, be for we.
- R's octavo reads, But e'er we could we arrive, &cc.
 - f Second f. feaber.

ACT I. SCENE III.

Did s lose h his lustre; I did hear him groan:

Ay, and that tongue of his, that bad the Romans

Mark him, and write his speeches in their books,

Alas! it cry'd, Give me some drink, Titinius,

As a sick girl. Ye gods it doth amaze me,

A man of such a feeble temper should

So get the start of the majestic world,

And bear the palm alone.

[k Shout.

Bru. Another general shout!

I do believe, that these applauses are
For some new honours that are heap'd on Casar.

Case. Why, man, he doth bestride the narrow world Like a Colossus; and we petty men
Walk under his huge legs, and peep about
To find ourselves dishonourable graves.
Men at some time are masters of their sates.
The fault, dear Brutus, is not in our stars,
But in ourselves, that we are underlings.
Brutus, and Casar:—What should be in that Casar?
Why should that name be sounded more than yours?
Write them together, yours is as fair a name;
Sound them, it doth become the mouth as well;
Weigh them, it is as heavy; conjure with "'em",

E The three first fo's, loofe.

1 So the fo's and G; the rest, fome
h So all before P; he and all after, times.

it's for bis. m. C. them for 'em.

i The two last fo's, evris for sories.

All editions but G, to Shout add 'em.

Flourifo.

4

30

Brutus will start a spitit as soon as Casar. -Shoute Now in the names of all the gods at once, Upon what meat doth this our Cafar feed, That he is grown to great? Age, thou art sham'd; Rome, thou hast lost the breed of noble bloods. When went there by an age, fince the great flood, But it was fam'd with more than with one man? When could they fay, till now, that talk'd of Rome, That her wide P walls incompast but one man? 9 Now is it Rome indeed, and room enough When there is in it but one only man. O! you and I have heard our fathers fay, There was a Brutus once, that would have brook'd Th' r eternal devil to keep his state in Rome, As easily as a king.

Bru. That you do love me, I am nothing jealous What ' you would work me to, I have some aim; How I have thought of this, and of these times, I shall recount hereafter; for this present, I would not, so with love I might intreat you, Be any further mov'd. What you have faid

- . It is faid in the fifth scene that the direction in any edition for any more than two flouts: This feems the most proper place for the third shout, which I look upon to be the occasion of the sudden apostrophé, Now in the names of would. all the gods, &c.
 - P The fo's, walks for walls.
- 9 P. and H. omit the two following people shouted thrice; but we have no lines in their text, but preserve them is the margin.
 - F J. thinks that our author wrote rather, infernal devil.
 - * R.'s oftwo, would you for you
 - t The fo's, R. and P. point as follows, I would not fo [with love I might intreat you) &c.

I will confider; what you have to fay,

I will with patience hear; and find a time

Both meet to hear, and answer such high things.

Till then, my noble friend, chew upon this;

Brutis had rather be a villager,

Than to repute himself a son of Rome,

Under fuch hard conditions, as this time

Is like to lay upon us.

Caf. I am glad that my weak words

Have firuck but thus much shew of fire from Brutus.

S C E N E IV.

Enter Cæsar and bis Train.

Bru. The games are done, and Cafar is returning.

Caf. As they pass by, pluck Cafae by the sleeve,

And he will, after his four fashion, tell you

What hath proceeded worthy note to-day.

Bru. I will do so.—But look you, Caffins,

The angray frot doth & glove on Caffins,

The angry spot doth * glow on Casar's brow, And all the rest look like a chidden train: Calphurnia's cheek is pale; and Cicaro Looks with such ferret and such fiery eyes, As we have seen him in the capitol Being crost in conference * by some senators.

R. But for Both.
The fo's, thefe for fuch.

^{*} The three laft fo's and R.'s often, blow for glow.
J. R. P. and H. read with for by.

Caf. Cafca will tell us what the matter is.

Cas. 2 Antonio.

Ant. Cafar.

32

Cas. Let me have men about me that are fat,

1 To Ant. apart.

Sleek-headed men, and such as sleep o' nights:
b Yond Cassius has a lean and hungry look,
He thinks too much; such men are dangerous.

Ant. Fear him not, Cafar, he's not dangerous; He is a noble Roman, and well given.

Caf. Would he were fatter! but I fear chim not; Yet if my name were liable to fear, I do not know the man I should avoid, So foon as that spare Cassius. He reads much; He is a great observer, and he looks Quite through the deeds of men. He loves no plays As thou dost, Antony; he hears no music; Seldom he smiles; and smiles in such a fort, As if he mock'd himself, and scorn'd his spirit That could be mov'd to fmile at any thing. Such men as he be never at heart's ease, Whiles they behold a greater than themselves; And therefore are they very dangerous. I rather tell thee what is to be fear'd, Than what I fear; for always I am Cafar. Come on my right hand, for this ear is deaf, And tell me truly, what thou think'ft of him.

[Exeunt Casar and his Train.

- * This direction first put in by J.
- C. You.

- c The last f. m for bim.
- d So the fo's and C; the rest, While.
- " The fo's, Sennit. Exeunt, &c.

SCENE

P. T. H. W. and J. Antonius for Autonius

SCENE V.

Manent Brutus, Caffius, and Casca.

Cafe. You pull'd me by the cloak; would you speak with

Bru. Ay, Casca; tell us what hath chanc'd to-day, That Casar looks so sad.

Cafe. Why, you were with him, were you not?

Bru. I should not then ask Case what had chanc'd.

Case. Why, there was a crown offer'd him; and being offer'd him, he put it by with the back of his hand, thus; and then the people fell a shouting.

Bru. What was the second noise for?

Case. Why, for that too.

Cas. They shouted thrice; what was the last cry for?

Case. Why, for that too.

· Bru. Was the crown offer'd him thrice?

Case. Ay, marry, was 't, and he put it by thrice, every time gentlet than other; and at every putting by, mine honest neighbours shouted.

Cas. Who offer'd him the crown?

Case. Why, Antony.

Erm Tell us the manner of it, gentle Cafed:

Cafe. I can as well be hang'd, as tell the manner of it; It was meer foolery, I did not mark it. I saw Mark

I The three lift fo's, were for wat;

34,

Antony offer him a crown; yet 'twas not a crown neither, 'twas one of these coronets; and, as I told you, he put it by once; but for all that, to my thinking, he would fain have had it. Then he offer'd it to him again; then he put it by again; but, to my thinking, he was very loth to lay his fingers off it. And then he offer'd it the third time; he put it the third time by; and still, as he refus'd it, the rabblement hooted, and clapp'd their chept hands, and threw up their sweaty night-caps, and utter'd such a deal of stinking breath, because Casar; for he swooned, and fell down at it; and for mine own part, I durst not laugh, for fear of opening my lips, and receiving the bad air.

Caf. But foft I pray you; what, did Cafar I fwoon?

Case. He fell down in the market-place, and foam'd at mouth, and was speechless.

Bru. 'Tis very like, he hath the falling-sickness.

Caf. No, Cafar hath it not, but you and I, And honest Cafa; we have the falling-fickness.

Case. I'know not what you mean by that; but I am sure Caser fell down. If the tag-rag people did not clap him, and his him, according as he pleas'd and displeas'd them, as they k use to do the players in the theatre, I am no true man.

Bru. What said he, when he came unto himself?

Case. Marry, before he fell down, when he perceiv'd the common herd was glad he refus'd the crown, he pluckt me

g The three first fors, borveed; the h The fors, sewoonded. fourth f. R. P. T. and W. bouted; H, i The fors, sewound. fronted.

ope his doublet, and effer'd them his throat to cut; 'an I had been a man of any occupation, if I would not have taken him at "a word, I would I might go to hell among the rogues; and so he fell. When he came to himself again, he said, If he had done or said any thing amis, he desir'd their worships to think it was his infirmity. Three or four wenches, whe I stood, cry'd, Alas, good soul! and forgave him with all their hearts: But there's no heed to be taken of them; if Casar had "stabb'd their mothers, they would have done no less.

Bru. And after that, he came thus fad away? Cafe. Ay.

Caf. Did Cicers fay any thing?

Case. Ay, He spoke Greek!

Cas. To what effect?

Case. Nay, an I tell you that, I ill ne'er look you i' this face again. But those that understood him smil'd at one another; and shook their heads; but for mine own part, it was Greek to me. I could tell you more news too: Marullus and Flavius, for pulling scarfs off Casfar's images, are put to silence. Fare you well. There was more foolery yet, if I could remember it.

Caf. Will you sup with me to-night, Casca?

Casc. No, I am promis'd forth.

Caf. Will you dine with me to-morrow?

¹ The fo's and R. and; P, and H. if n The 2d and 3d fo's, flabi'd for for an. flabb'd.

M H. bir for a

o The fo's and R. and; P. and H. if

Case. Ay, if I be alive, and your mind hold, and your dinner worth the eating.

Caf. Good; I will expect you.

Case. Do so. Farewell both.

[Exit.

Bru. What a blunt fellow is this grown to be! He was quick mettle when he went to school.

Cas. So is he now, in execution
Of any bold or noble enterprize,
However he puts on this tardy form,
This rudeness is a sauce to his good wit,
Which gives men stomach to digest his words
With better 4 appetite.

Bru. And so it is. For this time I will leave you':
To-morrow, if you please to speak with me,
I will come home to you; or if you will,
Come home to me, and I will wait for you.

Cas. I will do so: till then, think of the world.

[Exit Brutus.

Well, Brutus, thou art noble; yet I fee Thy honourable mettle may be wrought From that it is dispos'd; therefore this meet That noble minds keep ever with their likes: For who fo firm, that cannot be feduc'd?

Cafar doth bear me hard; but he loves Brutus.

- P All but the fo's and C. infert be hefore worth.
- 9 So the first f. T. W. J. and C; the seft, appearer.
 - t C. inferts Caffius after your
- The three last fo's, T. H. W. J. and C. metal.
- P. and all after but H. and Co what for that.
 - " Fielt f. it is for "th.

"If I were Brutus now, and he were Cassius, * He should not humour me. I will this night, In feveral hands, in at his windows throw, As if they came from feveral citizens, Writings, all tending to the great opinion That Rome holds of his name; wherein obscurely-Casar's ambition shall be glanced at. And after this, let Cefar feat him fure; For we will shake him, or worse days endure.

Exit.

SCENE VL

Thunder and Lightning. Enter, y from opposite Sides, Cicero, and Casca, with his sword drawn .

Cic. Good even, Casca; brought you Casar home? Why are you breathless, and why stare you so? Case. Are not you mov'd, when all the sway of earth Shakes like a thing unfirm? O Cicero,

(says W.) is a reflexion on Brusus's Cusar, He [win. Cusar] with all bis for ingratitude; which concludes, as is vours, should not burnour me out of my sival on fuch occasions, in an encomium principles. on his own better conditions. If I were Brutus, (lays he) and Brutus, Cashius, for, He should not banner he. be should not cajole me as I do bim, To bunder fignifies here to turn and wind him, by inflaming his pessions. W.

But Mr. Sward in his notes on Beau-

" If I were Brutus new, and be were ment and Fletcher, Vol. IV. p. 279. explains this passage differently; viz. Were He fould not humous me. -] This I in Brutus's cafe, and as much breed by

- × H. reads, Czefar foodid not love me,
- y from opposite sides, put in by C.
- 2 with his found drawn, first added by R.
 - " T. W. and J. add, merrang bim.



JULIUS, CASSAR.

I have feen tempests, when the scolding winds Have riv'd the knotty oaks, and I have feen Th' ambitious ocean swell, and rage, and foam, To be exalted with the threatning clouds: But never 'till to-night, never 'till now, Did I go through a b tempest dropping fire. Either there is a civil strife in heaven; Or else the world, too saucy with the gods, Incenses them to send destruction.

38

Eic, Why, faw you any thing more wonderful? Cake. A common flave (you know him well by fight) Held up his left hand, which did flame and burn, Like twenty torches join'd; and yet his hand, Not sensible of fire, remain'd unscorch'd. Besides, (I ha' not fince put up my sword) Against the capitol I met a lion, Who d glar'd upon me, and went ofurly by Without annoying me. And there were drawn Upon a heap a hundred ghaftly women, Transformed with their fear; who swore, they saw Men, all in fire, walk up and down the streets. And yesterday the bird of night did fit, Even at noon-day, upon the market-place, . Hooting and shricking. When these prodigies Do so conjointly meet, let not men say, These are their reasons, they are natural:

b The fo's, Tempell-dropping fire.

c C. bave for ba's

I The fo's and R.'s oftavo, glaz'd; from which reading J. supposes it might borosing, the test, bouting.

be gam'd.

[&]quot; The 2d and 3d fo's, furtly for furts. f So J. and C; the three firs fo's

For I believe, they are portentous things Unto the climate that they point upon.

Cic. Indeed, it is a strange-disposed time:
But men may construe things after their fashion,
Clear from the purpose of the things themselves.
Comes Casar to the capitol to-morrow?

Case. He doth; for he did bid * Antonio
Send word to you he would be there to-morrow.

Cic. Good night then, Cafea; this disturbed sky Is not to walk in.

Casc. Farewell, Cicero.

Exit Cicero.

SCENE VIL

Enter Caffius.

'Caf. Who 's there?

Casc. A Roman.

Cas. Casca, by your voice.

Case. Your ear is good. Cassius, what night is this?

Cas. A very pleasing night to honest men.

Caf. Who ever knew the heavens menace so?

Caf. Those that have known the earth so full of faults.

For my part, I have walk'd about the streets, Submitting me unto the perilous night; And thus unbraced, Casca, as you see, Have bar'd my bosom to the thunder-stone: And when the cross blue lightning seem'd to open The breast of heaven, I did present myself Even in the aim and very stash of it.

B P. and all after, except C. Antonina

Case. But wherefore did you so much tempt the heavens? It is the part of men to sear and tremble, When the most mighty gods, by tokens, send Such dreadful heralds to astonish us.

Cas. You are dull, Casca; and those sparks of life That should be in a Roman, you do want, Or else you use not: You look pale, and gaze, And put on fear, and cast yourself in wonder, To see the strange impatience of the heavens; But if you would consider the true cause, Why all these fires, why all these gliding ghosts, Why birds and beafts, from quality and kind, Why old men, fools, and children calculate; Why all these things change from their ordinance, Their natures, and pre-formed faculties, To monstrous quality; why, you shall find, That heaven i hath infus'd them with these spirits, To make them instruments of sear and warning, Unto some monstrous state. Now could I, Casca, name to thee a man Most like this dreadful night; That thunders, lightens, opens graves, and roam, As doth the lion in the capitol; A man no mightier than thyself, or me, 'In personal action; yet prodigious grown, And fearful, as " these strange eruptions are.

🛥 Second L. thefer. ' ...

h C. Which for That,

1 T. alters hath to hat; followed by

M. and J.

k C. emits to.
1 The three last for, there for reary

ACT I. SCENE VII.

Cafe. The Cafar that you mean; is it not, Caffius?

Caf. Let it be who it is: For Romans now

Have a thewes and limbs like to their ancestors;

But woe the while! our fathers' minds are dead,

And we are govern'd with our mothers' spirits;

Our yoke and sufferance shew us womanish.

Case. Indeed they a say, the senators to-morrow Mean to establish Casar as a king:
And he shall wear his crown by sea, and land,
In every place, save here in Lialy.

Caf. I know where I will wear this dagger then; Caffius from bondage will deliver Caffius:
Therein, ye gods, you make the weak most strong; Therein, ye gods, you tyrants do defeat:
Nor stony tower, nor walls of beaten brass,
Nor airless dungeon, nor strong links of iron,
Can be retentive to the strength of spirit;
But life, being weary of these worldly bars,
Never lacks power to dismiss itself.
If I know this, know all the world besides,
That part of tyranny, that I do bear,
I can shake off at pleasure?

Case. So can I. So every bondman in his own hand bears The power to cancel his captivity.

^{*} The two last fo's read faceur for frength; which is right, thewer, P. explains thewer by manners or P. E.'s octave omits for, especially T, by mafeles, faceur, or health P. Here the fo's direct [Thunder fill.

Caf. And why should Cafar be a tyrant then? Poor man! I know he would not be a woif, But that he sees the Romans are but sheep; He were no lion, were not Romans hinds. Those that with haste will make a mighty sire, Begin it with weak straws. What trash is Rome, What rubbish, and what offal, when it serves For the base matter to illuminate
So vile a thing as Casar! But, a oh grief, Where hast thou led me? I, perhaps, speak this Before a willing bondman: then I know.

My answer must be made: But I am arm'd And dangers are to me indifferent.

Case. You speak to Casea, and to such a man, That is no flearing tell-tale. Hold my hand: Be factious for redress of all these griefs; And I will set this foot of mine as far, As who goes farthest.

Caf. There's a bargain made.

Now know you, Cafea, I have mov'd already

Some certain of the noblest-minded Romans,

To undergo, with me, an enterprize

Of honourable dangerous consequence;

And I do know, by this, they stay for me

In Pompey's porch: For now, this scarful night,

fall be called to account, and must as-

My answer must be made. -] I swer as for seditious words. J.

There is no stir, or walking in the streets; And the complexion of the element Is fey'rous, like the work we have in hand, Most bloody, fiery, and most terrible.

SCENE VIII.

Emer Cinna.

Case. Stand close awhile, for here comes one in hafte.

Case. "Pis Cinna, I do know him by his gait;

He is a friend.—Cinna, where haste you so?

Cin. To find out you. Who 's that ? Mittellus Cimber?

Caf. No it is Cafea; one incorporate

To our attempts. Am I not flay'd for, Cinna?

Cin. I am glad on 't. What a fearful night " is this! I There 's two or three of us have feen strange fights.

Caf. Am I not stay'd for ? w tell me.

Cin. Yes, you are.

O Caffius, * if you could but win the noble Brutus
To our party —

Caf. Be you content. Good Cinna, take this paper, And look you lay it in the Prætor's chair,

1 For Is few'rous, the 1st and 2d fo's

J. and C.

W. elements.

gend Is Favors, the 3d and 4th, Is Faevers, J. In favora's, C. Is favour'd. According to these two last editors (as favour must here signify complexion) we

forour must here fignify complexion) we hall read, And the complexion of the ele-

ment in complexion's (or, is complemien'd like the work, &c.

u The three last fo's emit is this.
w Between for ? and tell C. insert

Conna.

** P. alters this to, could you win, &c followed by all the editors after, excep

Wher



44 JULIUS CÆSAR.

Where Brutus may but find it; and throw this In at his window; fet this up with wax Upon old Brutus' statue: All this done, Repair to Pompey's porch, where you shall find us. Is Decius Brutus, and Trebonius there?

Cin. All but Metellus Cimber; and he's gone To feek you at your house. Well, I will hie, And so bestow these papers as you bad me.

Caf. That done, repair to Pampey's theatre. [Exit Cinna. Come, Cafea, you and I will, yet ere day, See Brutas at his house; three parts of him? Is ours already; and the man entire,
Upon the next encounter, yields him ours.

Cafe. O, he fits high in all the people's hearts:
And that which would appear offence in us,
His countenance, like richest alchymy,
Will change to virtue, and to worthiness.

You have right well conceited. Let us go,
For it is after midnight; and ere day,
We will awake him, and be fure of him.

y H. Ar for L.

A C T II.

SCENE I.

2 Brutus's Garden.

Enter Brutus.

Bru. HAT, Lucius, ho!—
I cannot, by the progress of the stars,
Give guess how near to day.—Lucius, I say!
I would it were my fault to sleep so soundly.—
When, Lucius, when? awako, I say! what, Lucius!

Enter Lucius.

Luc. Call'd you, my lord?

Bru. Get me a taper in my study, Lucius: When it is lighted, come and call me here.

Luc. I will, my lord.

Exita

Bru. It must be by his death: and for my part,
I know no personal cause to spurn at him,
But for the general. He would be crown'd:—
How that might change his nature, there's the question.

^{*} The fo's, Emer Bretter in bis erchand,



JULIUS CÆSAR. 46

It is the bright day that brings forth the adder; And that craves wary walking. Crown him - that -And then, I grant, we put a sting in him, That at his will he may do danger with. The abuse of greatness is, when it disjoins * Remorfe from power: And to speak truth of Casar. I have not known, when his affections sway'd More than his reason. But 'tis a common proof, That lowliness is young ambition's ladder, Whereto the climber-upward turns his face: But when he once attains the upmost round, He then unto the ladder turns his back, Looks in the clouds, scorning the base degrees By which he did ascend: So Casar may:-Then, lest he may, prevent. And, since the quarrel Will bear no colour for the thing he is, Fashion it thus; that what he is, augmented, Would run to these, and these extremities: And therefore think him as a ferpent's egg, (Which hatch'd, would, as his kind, grow mischievous) And kill him in the shell.

fo great a tendency as absolute uncontrouled power. Heath in loc.

out for the defect of the colour. W .-But Heath condemns this note of W.

* Remorfe, for mercy. W .- Remorfe and lays, The sense is this; Since out fignifies the confeious unrafiness ariting quarrel to Cafar will admit of no prefrom a fense of having done wrong; to text, if we found it on the character in extinguish which feeling, nothing bath which he bath hitherto appeared, we must represent it in this light, that if he should augment his power, which is b The metaphor from the wardrobe, the point he is evidently driving at, he when the excellence of the fashion makes would certainly run into these and these extremities, &c. Heath in los.

Enter

ACT II. SCENE I.

Enter Lucius.

Luc. The taper burneth in your closet, fir. Searching the window for a flint, I found This paper, thus feal'd up; and I am fure, It did not lye there, when I went to bed.

Gives bim the letter.

Bru. Get you to bed again, it is not day. Is not te-inforrow, boy, the cides of March?

Luc. I know not, fir.

Bru. Look in the calendar, and bring me word.

Luc. I will, fir.

Bru. The exhalations, whizzing in the air, Give fo much light, that I may read by them.

Opens the letter, and reads.

Brutus, thou fleep'st; awake, and see thyself. Shall Rome - Speak, strike, redress.

Brutus, theu fleep'st; awake-

Such infligations have been often dropt,

Where I have took them up.

* Shall Rome — Thus must I piece it out; Shall Rome stand under one man's awe? What, Rome? My ancestors did from the streets of Rome The Tarquin drive when he was call'd a king.

ide. - We should read ides: For we can March. May, July and Officer had fix never suppose the speaker to have lost mones each, so that the 15th of March fourteen days in his account. He is here was the ides of that month. W. plainly rumineting on what the foothlayer told Cofar in his presence [-Be- speak, firike, redreft. swere the ides of March.] The boy comes back and lays, Sir, March is wasted must I piece it out. fourteen doys. So that the morrow was

5 The fo's, R. and P. read first for the ides of March, as he supposed. For

d The fo's read, Shall Rome, &c.

e The fo's, Shel. Rome, &c. Thus

Speak,



JULIUS CÆSAR:

Speak, strike, redress- Am I entreated To speak, and strike?—O Rome, I make thee promise, If the redress will follow, thou h receivest Thy full petition at the hand of Brutus.

Enter Lucius.

Luc. Sir, March is wasted ! fourteen days. [Knock within. Bru. 'Tis good. Go to the gate, somebody knocks.

In East Loca

Since Cassius first did whet me against Casar, I have not flept.

Between the acting of a dreadful thing, And the first motion, all the interim is Like a phantasma, or a hideous dream: The genius, and the mortal instruments,

Are

? P. alters thus, Am I entreated then, Sec. followed by the rest, except J. and

18

& The 2d and 3d fo's, the for thee. h So the fo's and C; the reft, reate'f.

1 The fo's, R. and P. read fifteen depr-It was wasted but fourteen days; this was the dawn of the 15th, when the boy made his report. T.

E This direction first put in by T.

1 W. fays, " Kingdoms, in the Pagan * shoology, befides their good, had their evil genius, likewife; represented

" ruling principle in the human mind, " the insummer of the Stoicks, the ra-" tional and immortal part. By the " mortal infiruments, I understand the " whole tribe of pessions, affections; " and emotions, the subordinate powers " of the human conflitution, termed " mortal, because they were supposed to " be fo, as deriving their origin from " the mortal body, and in great mea-" fure depending upon it for their con-" tinuance and prevalency; and termed s inframents too, because in ordinary " mortals, who have not reached the " here, with the most daring stretch of " heights of consummate undisturbed " sancy, as fitting in consultation with " stoical wildom, they are it most cales " the conspirators, whom he calls their. " the very principles which excite and et mortal infruments.". But Heath lays, " determine to action and execution er By the gasine, it meant the prefiding se and the counfellors by which the " prefiting

Are then in council; and the state of man, Like to a little kingdom, fuffers then The nature of an insurrection.

Enter Lucius.

Luc. Sir, 'tis your brother Cassius at the door, Who doth defire to see you.

Bru. Is he alone?

Luc. No, fir, there are m more with him.

" period here described, in a state of to-" tal anarchy, fedition and mutual dif-" efforts of hope, fear, ambition, felf-" preservation, private friendship, love " of the public, refentment, envy, and " in fhort every other passion that can " be supposed to influence the human " breaft on so important and interesting " an occasion." Eeath in loc.

Mr. Smith, in Grey's notes, proposes inframent for inflraments; and explains " the mortal inffrument, the man, with " all his bodily, that is, earthly paf-" fions, such as envy, pride, &c. the e genius being the foul or spirit." Greg in loc.

But why should Shakeshears, in this place particularly, use genius for foul of spirit? Spirit would have measured as well; so would foul with a small addla tion, The foul, and all the mortal infirm-

" prefiding principle suffers itself to be ments. It is certainly a good rule in cri-" guided. These are represented as ticism, to understand words in such a " being all of them, during the dreadful meaning as the author generally uses them, provided they will make sense in the passages where they are found. And " sension, and the mind as torn and why may not genius be here taken in the a convulsed by the various and contrary meaning in which Shakespeare generally uses it, viz. an invisible being, presiding over the affairs, not only of particular kingdoms, but of particular men? Allowing this, the meaning then will be, The genius that prefides over the man, and all the powers of body and mind that the man possesses, which are the inflruments of action, called mortal tecause belonging to the mostal man, are then in council, being drawn together by the importance of the bufinels; and as, in an insurrection, the whole kingdom, from the fovereign to the lowest subject, is in an universal commotion; so it is in this little kingdom, man; the whole flate of man, from his governing genius to his lowest faculty, is thremwoully engaged, and exerted.

m The fo's, more



50 JULIUS CÆŚAR.

Bru. Do you know them?

Luc. No, fir; their hats are pluckt about their ears, And half their faces buried in their a cloaks, That by no means I may discover them By any mark of favour.

Bru. Let ° 'em enter.

[Exit Lucius.

They are the faction. O conspiracy,

Sham'st thou to shew thy dangerous brow by night,

When evils are most free? O then, by day,

Where wilt thou find a cavern dark enough

To mask thy monstrous visage? Seek none, conspiracy;

Hide it in smiles and affability:

For if thou? path, thy native semblance on,

Not Erebus itself were dim enough,

To hide thee from prevention.

The three last fo's, R. and P. clastbs

[•] So the three first fo's ; the rest, them for 'em;

P This direction not in the fo's.

⁹ P. alters path to march; followed by H. But path it here a verb, agreeable to Shakespeare's custom of converting subflantives into verbs.

SCENE IL

* Enter Cassius, Casca, Decius, Cinna, Metellus, and Trebonius.

Cas. I think we are too bold upon your rest:

Good merrow, Brutus; do we trouble you?

Bru. I have been up this hour, awake all night.

Know I these men, that come along with you?

[* Aside to Cas.

Caf. Yes, every man of them; and no man here, But honours you: and every one doth wift, You had but that opinion of yourfelf, Which every noble Raman hears of you. This is Trebonius.

Bru. He is welcome hither.

Caf. This, Deries Brutus.

Bru. He is welcome too.

Caf. ' This; Gafea; this, Cinna;

And this, Metellus Cimber.

Bru. They all are welcome.

What watchful cares do interpole themselves
Betwixt your eyes and night?

t The fo's, Enter the Confpirators, Calo G. G. reads, This, Calcu; Cinna this

This direction not in the fo's or and this, Metellus Cimber.

FULIUS CÆSAR.

b Casc. Indeed, he is not fit.

54.

Dec. Shall no man else be touch'd, but only Casar?

Cas. Decius, well urg'd; I think it is not meet,

Mark Antony, so well belov'd of Casar,

Should out-live Casar: we shall find of him

A shrewd contriver; and you know, his means,

If he improve them, may well stretch so far,

As to annoy us all; which to prevent,

Let Antony and Casar fall together.

Bru. Our course will seem too bloody, Caius Cassing, To cut the head off, and then hack the limbs; Like wrath in death, and envy afterwards: For Antony is but a limb of Casar.

Let us be sacrificers, but not butchers, Caius.

We all stand up against the spirit of Casar; And in the spirit of men there is no blood:

O that we then could come by Casar's spirit, And not dismember Casar But, alas!

Casar must bleed for it: And, gentle friends,

Let's kill him boldly, but not wrathfully;

Let's carve him as a dish set for the gods,

Not hew him as a carcas sit for hounds:

And let our hearts, as subtle masters do,

Stir up their servants to an act of rage,

b II. gives this speech of Casca to Be-

The fo's and R. Let's for Let us.

d P. and H. omit Cina; R. Coffius Spirit.

e So all before P; he and all after, except C, read man for men.

i The three last fo's and R. spirits for spirit.

And after feem to chide s'em. This shall make Our purpose necessary, and not envious: Which so appearing to the common eyes, We shall be call'd purgers, not murderers. And for Mark Antony, think not of him; For he can do no more than Casar's arm, When Casar's head is off.

Caf. Yet I h fear him:

For in the ingrafted love he bears to Cafar— Bru. Alas, good Cashus, do not think of him:

If he love Cafar, all that he can do

Is to himself; take thought, and die for Cafar:

And that were much he should; for he is given

To sports, k to wildness, and much company.

Treb. There is no fear in him; let him not die; For he will live, and laugh at 1 this hereafter. [Clock ferikes.

Bru. Peace, count the clock.

Caf. The clock hath stricken three,

Treb. 'Tis time to part.

Caf. But it is doubtful yet,

• Whether Cafar will come forth to-day, or no:

For he is superstitious grown of late,

Quite from the main opinion he held once

Of a fantaly, of dreams, and ceremonies:

It may be, these apparent prodigies,

The unaccustom'd terror of this night,

⁸ So the three first fe's; the rest, 1 R.'s oftwo, so for this.

m So the fo's and R; C. Whe'r;

h P. and all after infert de after I. . the reft, If for Whether.

k R.'s octavo, and for m.



IULIUS CESAR.

Yet I insisted; yet you answer'd not; But, with an angry, x, wassure of your hand, Gave fign for me to leave you: So I did, Fearing to firengthen that impatience, Which feem'd too much enkindled; and withal, Hoping it was but an effect of humour, Which fometime hath his bour with every man, It will not let you eat, nor talk, nor loop; And could it work so much upon your shape, As it hath much prevail'd on your condition, I should not know you, Brutus. Dear my lord, Make me acquainted with your cause of grief. Bru. I am not well in health, and that is all.

Por. Brutus is wise; and were he not in health, He would embrace the means to come by it.

Bru. Why so I do. Good Portia, go to bed.

Por. Is Brutus fick; and is it physical To walk unbraced, and fuck up the humours Of the 7 dank morning? What, is Brutus sick? And will he fleat out of his wholesome bed, To dure the vile contagion of the night, And tempt the rheumy and unpurged air To add unto * his fickness? No, my Brutus: You have some sick offence within your mind, Which, by the right and virtue of my place, I ought to know of: And upon my knees, I a charm you, by my once commended beauty, By all your vows of love, and that great vow

Which

x The fals, water be majure

The first f. bit for bis. * P. and H. charge for charm.

y The three last fo's and R.'s oftavo, dark for dank.

Which did incorporate and make us one, That you unfold to me, your felf, your half, Why you are heavy; and what men to-night Have had refort to you; for here have been. Some fix or feven, who did hide their faces. Even from darkness.

Bru. Kneel not, gentle Pertie.

Raifing her.

Por. I should not need, if you were gentle Brutus. Within 'the bould of marriage, tell me, Brutus, Is it excepted, I should know no secrets. That appertain to you? Am I your self, But as it were in sort, or limitation? To keep with you at meals, 'a comfort your hed, And talk to you 's sometimes? Dwell I but in the suburbe Of your good pleasure? If it be no more, Portia is Brutus' harlot, not his wife.

Bru. You are my true and honourable wife, As dear to me, as are the ruddy drops.— That wifit my fad heart.

Por. If this were true, then should I know this secret. I grant I am a woman; but withal, A woman that lord Brutus took to wife: I grant I am a woman; but withal, A woman well reputed, Cato's daughter: Think you, I am no stronger than my sex, Being so father'd, and so husbanded? Tell me your counsels, I will not disclose s'em:

This direction first given by C.

First f. the for the.

e P. and H. omit fometimes.

f So the three first fo's; the rest, then

⁴ T. H. and J. confort for comfort. for 'em.



JULIUS CÆSAR. A

I have made firong proof of my constancy, Giving myself a voluntary wound Here, in the thigh: Can I bear that with patience, And not my husband's secrets?

Bru. O ye gods,

Render me worthy of this noble wife! [Knock within. Hark, hark! one knocks: Portia, go in a while;

And by and by thy bosom shall partake

The secrets of my heart;

All my engagements I will construe to thee,

All the charactery of my sad brows.

Leave me with haste.

[Exit Portia.

Enter Lucius and Ligarius.

Ludius, who 's that knocks?

бę

Luc. Here is a figh man that would speak with you.

Bru. Caius Ligarius, that Metellus spake of .-

Boy, stand aside. - h [Exit Luc.] Caius Ligarius, how?

Lig. Vouchafe good morrow from a feeble tongue.

Bru. O what a time have you chose out, brave Caius,

To wear a kerchief? Would you were not fick!

Lig. I am not fick, if Brutus have in hand

Any exploit worthy the name of honour.

Bru. Such an exploit have I in hand, Ligarius, Had you 'a healthful ear to hear of it.

Lig. By all the gods k that Romans bow before, I here discard my sickness. Soul of Rome,

E So the fo's and R; P. reads who 's is So the three first fo's and C; the rest, there shot knocks? followed by all till C. who grade who 's that knocks?

In This direction first put in by C.

is So the three first fo's and C; the rest, the for that direction first put in by C.

ACT II. SCENE IV.

Brave son, deriv'd from honourable loins,
Thou, like an exorcist, hast conjur'd up
My mortisted spirit. Now bid me run,
And, I will strive with things impossible;

Yea, get the better of them. What 's to do?

Bru. A piece of work, that will make sick men whole.

Lig. But are not some whole, that we must make sick?

Bru. That must we also. What it is, my Caius, I shall unfold to thee, as we are going,
To whom it must be done.

Lig. Set on your foot; And with a heart new fir'd, I follow you, To do I know not what: but it sufficeth, That Brutus leads me on.

Bru. Follow me then.

Szept.

SCENE IV.

· Cæfar's Pelace.

Thunder and lightning. Enter Julius Cæfar in bis night-gown.

Caf. Nor heaven, nor earth, have been at peace to-night: Thrice hath Calphurnia in her sleep "y'd out," Help, ho! they murder Cafar. Who 's within?

1 R. and P. Tet for Yea.

" T.'s decelecime, W. and J. we muft for muft we.

a Here the fo's and R. direct Thun-

. This Scene II. in R. and C.

P No description of the scene in the fo's.

4 So the fo's and R; the rest omit to bis night-grown.

Enter



¥2

JULIUS CESAR

Enter a Corvent.

Ser. My lord?

Cas. Go bid the priests do present sacrifice,

And bring me their opinions of fueceis.

Ser. I will, my lord.

[Brit Smitht.

Enter Caiphurnia.

Cell. What mean you, Cofar? Think you to walk forth? You shall not fire out of your house to-day.

Caf. Cafar shall forth: the things that threaten'd me Ne'er lookt but on my back; when they shall see The face of Cafar, they are vanished.

Cal. Cafar, I sever stood on beremounds:

Yet now they fright me. There is one within, Besides the things that we have heard and seen,

•Readunts most horrid fights seen by the watch.

A lioness hath whelped in the streets;

And graves have yawn'd, and yielded up their dead:

Fierce fiery warriors fight upon the clouds,

In ranks, and squadrons, and right form of war,

Which drizzled blood upon the capitol:

The noise of battle thurtled in the air,

. Horles " did neigh, and dying men did groan;

And t ghofts did shrick and squeal about the streets.

Decemin, and things are beyond all use;

And I do feel them.

Caf. What clin be avoided,
Whose end is purpos'd by the mighty gods?

The three last so's and R. burried for himsled.

" The first f. do for did.

The fourth f. gboft for gbofts.

Yet Cafar shall go forth: for these predictions Are to the world in general, as to Celar.

Cal. When beggars die, there are no comets feen; The heavens themselves blaze forth the death of princes.

Caf. Cowards die many times before their deaths; The valiant never tafte of death but once. Of all the wonders that I yet have heard, It seems to me most strange that men should lear; Seeing that death, a necessary this, Will come, when it will come.

Enter a Servant.

What say the "augurers?

Ser. They would not have you to ftir forth to-day. Plucking the entrails of an offering forth, They could not find a heart within the beaft. *

Gef. The gods do this in shame of cowardice: Cefar Brould be a Beaft Without a heart, : If he should stay at home to-day for fear: 7 No, Gefar shall not: Danger knows full well. That Cafer is more dangerous than he. We are two lions, litter'd in one day, And I the elder and more terrible; And Cafer shall go forth.

" So the fq's, R. and O; the reft, asgurs for augurers.

" The feleck f. omits re-

omitted in P. and H.'s text, but preserved . Tritical Obligations where this time-.ia their margia.

a For any the 12 and ad fo's read deart; the glanducth loor; 2. and 2. in his margin, stande T. M. in his may-" Here T. W. and J. direct [Bujt gin, W. and Ji chov. - ale is blood's emendation; and here I think is not J Third lettempast of Cafer's Speech is improper to tensibile that pullage in his dation appears, as it contains an irrefraga-

.64 JULIUS CÆSAR.

Cal. Alas, my lord, Your wisdom is consum'd in confidence. Do not go forth to-day: call it my fear, That keeps you in the house, and not your own. We'll fend Mark Antony to the senate-house; And he a shall say, you are not well to-day: Let me, upon my knee, prevail in this. Caf. Mark Antony shall say, I am not well;

And for thy humour, I will stay at home.

Enter Decius.

Here 's Decius Brutus, he shall tell them so.

Dec. Cafar, all hail! Good morrow, worthy Cafar : I come to fetch you to the senate-house.

ble argument for minuteness in an edi- "WEE ARE two lions, litter'd in one day, tor, and tends to a sindication of the mis- ' " And I the elder and more terrible; thod purfued in this present edition. " And Cafer shall go forth."

sault, chauses, &cc. keeping to the broader ever by our citie & There is a corrupted on Shakespeare, ad elit. p. 176. pathge in Shelespaire, which may hence · be more truly their hitherto corrected. In Julius Golor, Act II. the old writing ' find. Ant that t

" Danger knows full well " That Copie loaners dangerous than He.

It may be proper, (fays he) in order to There was some stroke of the pen at the ascertain some readings in our author, end of the letter e, which made the prinjust to observe, that in the reign of queen ter missake it for an b : so he gave it us, Elizabeth the Scholars wrote answirst, "WE HEARE two lions litter'd in one " day."

manner of prenunciation; and added a Mr. Th. reads very ingeniously, "WE letter often to the end of words, so fume, " wan a two liohs, &c." But my readrefless, &c. sometimes to give them a ing is nearer the traces of the original, fironger tone as, dos, ever, mee, &c .- As and the stopping gives a greater propriety trifling as these observations may appear, to the sentence. Besides, accuracy is of yet they are not to be too flightly passed the very essence of criticism. Crit, Obs.

C. reads after Upron.

- So the fo's and C; the reft, will fet
- In P. H. W. and F. the fifth fother begins here at the estance of Deciut.

ACT II. SCENE IV.

Caf. And you are come in very happy time, To bear my greeting to the senators, And tell them, that I will not come to-day; Cannot, is false; and that I dare not, falser; I will not come to-day, tell them so, Decius. Cal. Say, he is fick.

Cas. Shall Casar send a lie? Have I in conquest stretch'd mine arm so far, To be afear'd to tell grey-beards the truth? Decius, go tell them, Cæsar will not come.

Dea Most mighty Cafar, let me know some cause. Lest I be laught at, when I tell them so.

Caf. The cause is in my will, I will not come. That is enough to fatisfy the senate. But for your private satisfaction, Because I love you, I will let you know. Calphurnia here, my wife, stays me at home: She dreamt 4 to-night, she saw my e statue, Which like a fountain, with a hundred spouts, Did run pure blood; and many lufty Romans Came Uniling, and did bathe their hands in it: f And these does she apply for warnings and portents, And evils imminent; and on her knee Math begg'd, that I will stay at home to-day.

< So the three first fo's and C; the rest, afraid for afear'd.

d For to-night the 2d f. reads to nigh ; R. and all after, except C. last night.

* H. reads,

- flatus, wbicb Life to a fountain, &c.

C. reads,

- flatut, Declus,

Which like a fountain, &c.

f So the fo's and R; the rest read, These she applies for warnings, &c. except C. who reads, And these she does apply for warnings, portents, &c.

E H. W. and C. Of for And.



JULIUS CÆSAR.

Dec. This dream is all amiss interpreted; It was a vision fair and fortunate:
Your statue spouting blood in many pipes,
In which so many smiling Romans bath'd,
Signifies, that from you great Rome shall suck
Reviving blood; and that great men shall press
For tinctures, stains, relicks, and h cognisance.
This by Calphurnia's dream is signify'd.

Caf. And this way have you well expounded it.

Dec. I have, when you have heard what I can say; And know it now: The senate have concluded To give, this day, a crown to mighty Casar, If you shall send them word, you will not come, Their minds may change. Besides, it were a mock Apt to be render'd, for some one to say, Break up the senate till another time, When Casar's wife shall meet with better dreams. If Casar hide himself, shall they not whisper, Lo, Casar is a straid? Pardon me, Casar, sor my dear dear love To your proceeding bids me tell you this; And reason to my love is liable.

Caf. How foolish do your sears seem now, Calphurnia!

I am 1 ashamed I did yield to them.—

Give me my robe, for I will go: [* To an attendant.

Enter Brutus, Ligarius, Metellus, Casca, Trebonius, Cinna,

and Publius.

And look where Publius is come to fetch me.

M. egnifence.
W. espan'd.

A This direction full put in by &:

Pub. Good morrow, Cafar. Cef. Welcome, Publius. -What, Brutus, are you faire'd so parly too !-Good morrow, Casca. — Caius Ligarius, Cæsar was ne'er so much your enemy, As that same ague which hath made you lean. -What is 't o' clock?

Bru. Gefer, 'tis " strucken eight. Cef. I thank you for your pains and courtefy.

Enter Antony. See! Astony, that revels long o' nights, Is notwithstanding up. - Good morrow, Antony. Ant. So to most noble Cafar.

Cef. Bid them prepare within.— [" To an Azendani. I am " to blame to be thus waited for. Now, Cinna-Now, Metellus-What, Trebenius! I have an hour's talk in fore for you;

Remember that you call on me to-day; Be near me, that I may remember you.

Treb. Cafar, I will:—and so near will I be, That your best friends shall wish I had been further.

Cef. Good friends, go in, and taste some wine with me; And we, like friends, will straitway go together.

Bru. That every like is not the fame, O Cafar, [4 Afide. The heart of Brutus yearns to think upon. [Excunt.

¹ H. reads, Ob! Caius, &c. P J. firichen.

A This direction first given by C.

[.] Two first fo's, ree.

This direction first given by R.

⁴ This direction first given by P.



JULIUS CESAR.

١.

'S C E N E

A Street near the Capitol.

Enter Artemidorus t reading a paper.

Cassar, beware of Brutus, take heed of Cassius, come not near Casca, have an eye to Cinna, trust not Trebonius, mark well Metellus Cimber, Decius Brutus loves thee not, thou bast wrong'd Caius Ligarius. There is but one mind in all thefe men, and it is bent against Casar. If thou beest not immortal, look about " thee: Security gives way to conspiracy. The mighty gods defend thee!

Thy lover, Artemidorus.

Here will I stand, till Cafar pass along, And as a fuitor will I give him this. My heart laments, that virtue cannot live Out of the teeth of emulation. If thou read this, O Cafar, thou may'st live; If not, the fates with traitors do contrive.

TExit.

r In R. and C. Scene III; in P. H. W. and J. Scene VII.

* No description of the Scene in the fo's; R. P. and H. call it, the fireet, omitting near the capitol.

The fo's and C. you for thec.

w Here, according to the firstness of fcenical representation, the direction, instead of Exit, should have been Scene closes; for Artemidorus says, Here will I fland, till Cæsar pass along, &c. which Reading a paper is first added by resolution of his is contradicted by his making an Exit.

SCENE

SCENE VI.

Another part of the same Street, before Brutus's House.

Enter Portia and Lucius.

Por. I prithee, boy, run to the senate-house, Stay not to answer me, but get thee gone: Why dost thou stay?

Luc. To know my errand, madam.

Por. I would have had thee there, and here again, Ere I can tell thee what thou should'st do there.—
O constancy, be strong upon my side,
Set a huge mountain 'tween my heart and tongue;
I have a man's mind, but a woman's might.
How hard it is for women to keep counsel!—
Art thou here yet?

Luc. Madam, what should I do? Run to the capitol, and nothing else? And so return to you, and nothing else?

Por. Yes, bring me word, a boy, if thy ford look well; For he went fickly forth: And take good note, What Caefar doth, what fuitors press to him. Hark, boy! what noise is that?

Luc. I hear none, madam.

Fin C. Sc. IV.

7 This description of scene first given

2 C. alters might to bears.

The fourth f. omits bog.

by G.

ULIUSCESAR

1 The Street leading to the Capitol,

Flourish, Enter Cæsar, Brutus, Cassius, Casca, Decius, Metellus, Trebonius, Cinna, Antony, Lepidus, Artemidorus, Publius, Popilius, and the " Soothfayer,

HE ides of March are come. Sooth, Ay, Cafar; but not gone, Art. Hail, Cafar! Read this schedule. Dec. Trebenius doth desire you to o'er-read, At your best leisure, this his humble suit.

Ai ta

I There is no description of the scene capitol already. Or, if by the capitol be in the fo's; R. P. and C. describe it, The copital; H. The entrance into the capital; T. W. and J. The firest before the capital; and the capital ofen. But it is evident that these are all improper descriptions. For, according to the first, of what passes in the fireet; Cassial says, Come to the capitol, to suppose them in the trance into the capitol, Coffins would

meant the outlide of the capitol, as explained by the two last descriptions, it is still improper to suppose that the business, which is hereafter to be transacted within the capital, may be commodiously heard and feen by an audience to whom it is abfurd to make the capitol the scene the outfide only of the capitol is presented, and who, in that case, can but see What, urge you your petitions in the firet? and hear through the door-way. Beand ftill more absurd, when he bids them fides, if the scene be supposed the en-

crict

Art. O Casar, read mine first; for mine 's a suit That touches Casar nearer: Read it, a great Casar. Cass. What touches us ourself, shall be last serv'd. Art. Delay not, Casar; read it instantly.

better have faid, What urge you your per sitions at the door? Come into th' capi-

I have therefore prefumed to make what is done without and within the capitol, two distinct scenes, as I believe Shakespeare intended. Nor is it necessary to fix the first scene close to the capitol, but rather more confonant with feveral piffages in the foregoing act that it should be at some distance. In scene fifth of the second act Arteniderus says, Here will I fland, till Cæfar pass along, &c. which implies that the part of the fireet where he had fixed himfelf was at some distance from the capitol; for if it was at the entrance of the capitol, he would with more propriety have faid, Here will I fland, till Cæsar shall arrive. And in the same act, scene 6, before Brutus's house (which is understood to be at a confiderable diffance from the capitol by Portia's words to Lucius,

Prithee liften well: I heard a bufiling rumour like a fray, And the wind brings it from the capital. the Soothfayer fays,

The throng that follows Cafar at the forest heefs,

Of senators, of prætors, common sustors, Will crowd a feeble man almost to death 1 'll get me to a place more wid, and

there Speak to great Cafar as he comes along. Now for any thing that appears in this last speech, the Soothsayer might be suppoled to remove to a place more remote from the capitol than Besius's house was; for his only reason for removing from thence was, because the street there was narrow. But admitting that he removed nearer the capitol, yet the fenfe of his words makes it unlikely he should flation himself at the entrance of the capitol, which he might reasonably expeft would be more growded than any other part of the street. Again, if he had designed to station himself at the entrance of the capitol, he would with greater accuracy have faid,

I 'll to the door o' th' capitol, and there Speak to great Cuefar as he enters in.

E The three last fo's, R. and P. omic Publius in the entrance, but make him speak in the scene.

- I The first f. omits Popilius.
- m R.'s duodecime and P. Seebfayers.
 - a P. and-H. omit great.



JULIUS CASAR.

Cas. What, is the fellow mad?

Pub. Sirrah, give place.

Caf. What, urgt you your petitions in the first? Come to the capitol. SHEWAL

S C E N E Π.

The Capital

The Senate sitting. Enter Casar and the rest, as in the foregoing Scene. Senate rifes. Cafax moves towards his Seat.

Pop. I wish your enterprize to-day may thrive.

[P Afide to Cal

Caf. What enterprize, Popilius?

. Pop. Fare you well.

1 Follows Cafar.

Bru. What said Popilius Lena?

[Afide to Caffius,

Cas. He wish'd to-day our enterprize might thrive.

I fear our purpose is discovered.

. It is needless to say, that this di- inconsistent, he should be bidden to come rection, and the rest that are made to the capital, and yet pushed back. mecessary by altering the scenes, are soot is any edition before. C. here fore. directs, Artemidorus is sub'd back: which would have been proper enough, joins Casfar. But Popilius does not yet dispeding the scene to be the firset; but join Cafar, nor has he join'd him three as C. supposes the scene to be the capi- speeches after, when Brutus says, Look tol, and Artemidorus in the entrance, bow be makes to Cuefar, &cc. The reft amid a throng of people, and whom, in have no direction. this case, we must imagine to be pressing after Cafer into the capitol, it is very fore.

- P This direction in so edition be-
- 9 Here G, directs [looves bim, and
- r This direction in no edition be-

Bru-

-75

ACT III. SCENE II.

Bru. Look how he makes to Caffer; mark hims Caf. Cafea, be fudden, for we fear prevention. Brutus, what shall be done? If this be known, Caffees or Cafer never shall turn back, For I will slay myself.

[Casing verived at his fact, Popilitis whifees him and saids.

Bru. Baffius, be constant:

Popilius Lena speaks not of our purposes; For look, he smiles, and Casar doth not change.

Caf. Trebenius knows his time; for look you, Brutus, He draws Mark Autony out of the way.

[Exeunt Antony and Trebonius converfing. Cæsar and the Senate being seated, Metellus advances towards Cæsar.

Dec. Where is Metellus Cimber? Let him go, And presently preser his suit to Casar.

Bru. He is addrest: press near and second him.

Cin. Cafea, you are the first that " rear your hand.

[The Conspirators follow Metellus, and range themselves about Casar.

Cef. Are we all ready? What is now amis, That Cefar and his Senate must redres?

Met. Most high, most mighty, and most puissant Cafar,

Metellus Cimber throws before thy scat

[* Kneeling.

An humble heart.

Caf. I must prevent thee, Cimber.

¹ Nor this,

w The fo's, R. P. T.W. and J. rest

t T. H. W. and J. purpose for part for rese.

[&]quot; No direction in the fo's. C. directs

[&]quot; No direction in any edition before freshing bimply.

JULIUS CAESAR. <u>.76</u>

These couchings, and these lowly r courtesies, Might z fire the blood of ordinary men, An I turn pre-ordinance, and first decree, Into the a lane of children... Be not fond, To think that Casar bears such rebel blood, · That will be thaw'd from the true quality With that which melteth fools; I mean, fweet words, Low-crooked court'fies, and base spaniel fawning. Thy brother by decree is banished: If thou dost bend and pray and fawn for him, I spurn thee like a cur out of my way. Know, Cafar doth not wrong, nor without cause Will he be fatissied.

y So the two first fo's and C; the what follows, fourth f. and R.'s octavo, curifies; the seft, curtefies.

2 W. reads fir for fire; " Submission,

" melts it to compassion; or, as he says

" just after, thaw it. So afterwards in

er this play he fays,

" The power of speech to ftiz man's bloods," w.

But is it not fire, that fire, melts, and thaws? - Fire is a term made use of to express the moving or kindling all the paffions; and flir is very upluckuly pitched upon to supply it's place in this passage, being more properly applied to the turbulent and boilterous passions; . spirits, and to move to insurrection and in Cehello we read, the Spirit-Stirring mutiny, are all of them phrases which drum; and the sense of fir in the pas- here fignify to inspire them with revenge sage above-quoted by W. is not to fir of Cafar's death. compassion, but revenge, as is plain by

I only speak right on.

I tell you that, which you yourselves de know;

" lays he, does not fire the blood, but Shew you sweet Cefar's wounds, poor, poor, dumb mouths!

> And bid them speak for me. But were I Brutus,

> And Brutus, Antony, there were an An-LOPY

> Would ruffle up your spirits, and put a tongue

In every wound of Cefar, that should Book

The stones of Rome to rife and mutiny. So that to fir men's bloods, to ruffle their

2 J. conjectures low for lane.

77 :

ACT HI. SCENE II.

Met. Is there no voice more worthy than my own, To found more fweetly in great Cæfar's ear, For the repealing of my banish'd brother?

Bru. I kiss thy hand, but not in flattery, Cæfar; Desiring thee, that Publius Cimber may Have an immediate freedom of repeal.

Caf. What, Brutus!

Cas. Pardon, Casar; Casar, pardon:

As blow as to thy foot doth Cassius fall,

To beg enfranchisement for Publius Cimber.

Caf. I could be well mov'd, if I were as you; If I could pray to move, prayers would move me: But I am constant as the northern star; Of whose true, fixt, and resting quality, There is no fellow in the firmament. The skies are painted with unnumber'd sparks, They are all fire, and every one doth shine; But there 's but one in all doth hold his place: So in the world, 'tis furnish'd well with men, And men are flesh and blood, and apprehensive, Yet in the number, I do know but one That unassailable holds on his a rank, Unshak'd of "motion; and that I am he, Let me a little shew it, even in this; That I was constant Cimber should be banish'd And constant do remain to keep him so.

b The fecond f. love for low.

^{4.} J. conjectures race for rask.

The ten following lines are omitted .* Upon conjugues potion for motion. by P. and H. in their tent, but preferred Crit. Ohf. Book ii. Seft. 10. in the margin.



JULIUS CÆSAR.

His time of fearing death.— Stoop, Romans, stoop, And let us bathe our hands in Casar's blood. Up to the elbows, and besmear our swords; Then walk we forth even to the market place, And, waving our red weapons o'er our heads, Let's all cry peace, freedom, and liberty!

P. gives the remainder of this speech to Cafea, because he thinks nothing is more inconfiftent with Brutus's mild and philosophical character: and is followed by W. In answer to this, T. tells us that Shakespeare is Rrichly copying a fact in history, and that Plutarch, if the life of Cafar, fays, " Brutus and his followers, of bling yet but with the murther, marched 46 in a body from the fenate-house to the " capital, with their drawn swords, with 44 an air of confidence and affurance." And in the life of Brutus, " Brutus and " his party betook themselves to the " capitol, and in their way shewing their " bands all bloody, and their naked " fwords, proclaimed liberty to the reople." But T. has offered nothing to the purpose against P,'s emendation; for the question is not whether Brutus, with the rest of his party, bathed his hands in Cafar's blood; but whether Shakespeare intended him the first mover to this unfeemly action (as P. feems to think it) by putting the controverted words into his mouth. Yet, after what Upror has written on this passage no one can scruple giving thefe lines to Brutus. 4 The p. 78. " philosophical character of Brutus, says

" Cafar's affaffination was resolved on, " would appear too bloody and unjusts " Let us be facrificers, but not butcherse " Let 's carve him as a dish fit for the " gods. "The hero, therefore, full of this idea " of facrificing Cafar to his injured " country, after stabbing him in the " fenate, tells the Romans to floop, and " besmear their hands and their swords " in the blood of the facrifice. This " was agreeable to an ancient and reli-" gious custom. So in Afcbylus we " read, that the feven captains, who " came against Thebes, facrificed a bull, " and dipped their hands in the gore, And Xenophon tells us, that " &c. " when the barbarians ratified their " treaty with the Greeks, they made a " facrifice, and dipped their spears and " fwords in the blood of the victim. By " this folemn action Brutus gives the " silaffination of Cefer a religious aft

" and turn, &c." Crit. Obf. 2d edit.

" he, bids you expect confishency and

" fleadiness from his behaviour: he thought the killing of Antony, wheat

Cas. Stoop then, and wash.—How many ages hence [Dipping their swords in Cæsar's blood.

Shall this our lofty scene be acted q over,

In flates unborn, and accents yet unknown!

Bru. How many times shall Cæ/ar bleed in sport,

That now on Pompey's basis lyes along,

No worthier than the dust!

^t Cas. So oft as that shall be,

So often shall the knot of us be call'd

The men that gave their country liberty.

Dec. " What, shall we forth?

Cas. Ay, every man away:

Brutus shall lead, and we will grace his heels

With the most boldest and best hearts of Rome.

Enter a Servant.

Bru. Soft, who comes here? * A friend of Antony's. Ser. Thus, Brutus, did my master bid me kneel;

[Kneeling.

Thus did Mark Antony bid me fall down; And, being prostrate, thus he bad me say. Brutus is noble, wife, valiant, and honest; Cafar was " mighty, bold, "royal, and loving:

- P There is no direction in the fo's and C.
- 4 So the fo's, R. and C; the rest, o'er for over.
 - I The first f. flate for flates.
- 8 P. and H. have put this speech in- begin here. to Cafee's mouth, without giving my malon for it.
- 1 And this into Bratus's, without bold and lowing. giving a reason.
- " R. reads, What, what shall we forth ?
- W R. P. and H. read, With the meft bold, and the best bearts, &c.
- * P. and H. make the fervant's speech
- y No direction in the fo's and Q.
- 2 P. T. H. and W. sead, mighty, regal,



JULIUS CASAR.

Say, I love Brutus, and I honour him;
Say, I fear'd Cæsar, honour'd him, and lov'd him.

If Brutus will vouchsafe, that Antony
May safely come to him, and be resolv'd
How Cæsar hath deserv'd to lye in death,
Mark Antony shall not love Cæsar dead
So well as Brutus living; but will follow
The fortunes and affairs of noble Brutus,
Thorough the hazards of this untrod state,
With all true faith. So says my master Antony.

Bru. Thy master is a wise and valiant Roman; I never thought him worse.

Tell him, so please him come unto this place,
He shall be satisfied, and by my honour,

Depart untouch'd.

821

Ser. I'll fetch him presently. [Exic Servant.

Bru. I know that we shall have him well to friend.

Cas. I wish we may; but yet * have I a mind That fears him much; and my misgiving still Falls shrewdly to the purpose.

b Enter Antony.

Bru. But here comes Antony.—Welcome, Mark Antony.

Ant. O mighty Cafar! dost thou lye so low?

Are all thy conquests, glories, triumphs, spoils,

Shrunk to this little measure? Fare thee well.—

I know not, gentlemen, what you intend,

Who else must be let blood, who else is rank:

If I myself, there is no hour so fit

As Cafar's death's hour; nor no instrument
Of half that worth, as those your swords, made rich
With the most noble blood of all this world.
I do beseech ye, if 'you bear me hard,
Now, whilst your purpled hands do reek and smoak,
Fulfil your pleasure. Live a thousand years,
I shall not find myself so apt to die:
No place will please me so, no d mean of death,
As here by Casar, and by you cut off,
The choice and master spirits of this age.

Bru. O Antony, beg not your death of us.

Though now we must appear bloody and cruel.
As, by our hands, and this our present act;
You see we do; yet see you but our hands,
And this the bleeding business they have done;
Our hearts you see not, they are pitiful;
And pity to the general wrong of Rome
(As fire drives out fire, so pity, pity)
Hath done this deed on Casar. For your part,
To you our swords have leaden points, Mark Antony,
Our arms on strength of malice; and our hearts,
Of brothers' temper, do receive you in,
With all kind love, good thoughts, and reverence.

Cas. Your voice shall be as strong as any man's, In the disposing of new dignities.

Bru. Only be patient till we have appear'd The multitude, befide themselves with sear,

^{*} N. and J. ye for you.

* So G; the fo's and H. for m read in a The two first fo's, T. and N: means;

P. and the rest for no firength of read.

R. and H. means.



JULIUS CÆSAR.

And then we will deliver you the cause, Why I, that did love Casar when I struck him, Have thus proceeded.

Ant. I doubt not of your wisdom. Let each man render me his bloody hand, First, Marcus Brutus, will I shake with you;-Next, Caius Cassius, do I take your hand;-Now, Declus Brutus, yours; - now yours, Metellus; -Yours, Cinna; -- and, my valiant Casca, yours; --Though last, not seast in love, yours, good Trebonius. Gentlemen all, alas! what shall I say? My credit new stands on such slippery ground, That one of two bad ways you must conceit me, Either a coward, or a flatterer. That I did love thee, Cafar, O'tis true: If then thy spirit look upon us now, Shall it not grieve thee, dearer than thy death, To fee thy Antony making his peace, Shaking the bloody fingers of thy foes, Most noble! in the presence of thy corse? Had I as many eyes as thou hast wounds, Weeping as fast as they stream forth thy blood, It would become me better, than to close In terms of friendship with thine enemies. Pardon me, Julius! Here wast thou bay'd, brave s hart, Here didst thou fall, and here thy hunters stand,

f For Howe thus proceeded P. reads copt C.

Proceeded thus, followed by all after, ex-

ACT III. SCENE IL

* Sign'd in thy spoil, and crimson'd in thy ! Lather -
* O world, thou wast the forest to this hart;

And this indeed, O world, the ! heart of thee. -
How like a deer, * stricken by many princes,

Dost thou here lye!

Cas. Mark Antony, ---

Ant. Pardon me, Caius Caffins; The enemies of Cafar shall say this; Then, in a friend, it is cold modely.

Cas. I blame you not for praising Casar sa,
But what compact mean you to have with us?
Will you be prick'd in number of our friends;
Or shall we on, and not depend on you?

Ant. Therefore I thok your hands; but was indeed Sway'd from the point, by looking down on Gefar. Friends am I with you all, and love you all; Upon this hope, that you shall give me reasons, Why and wherein Casfar was tlangurous,

Bru. Or else "were this a sayage spectacle; Our reasons are so full of good regard, That were you, Antony, the son of Casar, You should be satisfied.

Ant. That 's all I feek:

And am moreover fuitor, that I may

Produce his body to the market-place,

but preferred in the margin.

h R.'s octavo, Sing'd for Sign'd.

i So the fo's, R. W. J. and C; the

reft, death for Leibe.

The following lines of this speech are omitted by P. and H. in their text,

¹ The fo's and R. bart for beart.

m The first f. froken; C. fireplen.

² P.'s duodecimo, T. W. and J. this were for were this.

JULIANUTS CAUSAR.

And in the pullpit, as becomes a friend, Speak in the order of his funeral. Caf. Brutus, a word with you. You know not what you do: Do not confert, That Antony speak in his funeral: And it Know you how much the people may be moved By that which he will utter? Bru. By your pardon who rules have a first sin . " / mad : I will myfelf into the putpit first. And show the resson of our Oiefar's death & Cours and a What Antony shall speak, I will present with a study in " He speaks by leave and by pointiffied: And the the are contemplify all after that I are taken I to Have all & wipe rites ranch in well dependences, will mout a consider It shall advantage mose, their do us wrong this i me the said Caf. I know not what may bold; I like it were and it You shall not in your functial speech blame until the But speak all good you can devise of Ciefar; Jie MOIF I ILO And fay, you do 't by our perhimon the hard one in 'T 4 Else shall you not have any hand at all stall of black to to Y About his funeral: And you shall speak! Is a sad I and In the same pulpit whereto it is in going in revorem are in A After my fpeech is endetallelentation at the the the inartiet place is body to the inartiet place is being the inartiet place. Ant. Be it so;

I do desire no more.

Peleru i 🎋 🐪 😁 🥱 n.

o This direction not in to and C. a So the to's, To Hand Go & P. and H. P. and all after, except C. due for reading Eller on Pall met. Sec. P. and H. 1786.

Acres, orgidine. 🖟 L

ACT III. BUENE'IL

Bru. Prepare the body their and allow the course in W [Exeant all but Antony.

I Ant. O pardon me, thou bleeding piece of earth, That I am meek and gentle with these butchers. Thou art the ruins of the noblest man That ever:lived in the fide of times. Woe to the hand that fired this coftly blood! Over thy wounds now do I prophefy, (Which, like dumb mouths, do ope their ruby lips, To beg the voice and atterance of my tongue) A curse shall light upon the limbs of men; Domestic fury, and fierce civil strife, Shall cumber all the parts of Italy; Blood and destruction shall be so in use, And dreadful objects to familiar, That mothers shall but smile, when they behold Their infants quarter'd with the hands of wars All pity choak'd with custom of fell deeds; And Cafar's spirit, ranging for revenge, With Ate by his fide, come hot from hell. Shall in these confines, with a monarch's voice, Cry havock, and let flip the dogs of war; That this foul deed shall finell above the earth,

H. W. and J. For limbs H. reads kind; W. line. tarrangerations of old filmes, bavock was J. thinks it should be lives, or small, the lift by which declaration was made, that is, chefe bloodbounds of men.

^{*} P. T. H. and W. by for with.

Here begins the fourth scene in P. " J. tells us that a learned correspondent has informed him, that, in the milithat no quarter should be given.



JULIUS CÆSAR.

With carrion men, groaning for burial.—

Enter * Octavius's Servant.

You serve Octavius Casar, do you not?

Ser. I do, Mark Anteny.

Ant. Cafar did write x for him to come to Rome.

Ser. He did receive his letters, and is coming:

And bid me say to you by word of mouth, -

O Cafar! -

I

[Y Seeing the body.

Ant. Thy heart is big; get thee apart, and weep. Passion, I see, is catching; * for mine eyes, Seeing those * beads of sorrow stand in thine, Begin to water. Is thy master coming?

Ser. He lies to-night within seven leagues of Rome.

Ant. Post back with speed, and tell him what hath chanc'd. Here is a mourning Rome, a dangerous Rome,

No Rome of safety for Octavius yet;

Hie hence, and tell him so. Yet stay a while;

Thou shalt not back, till I have born this b corse Into the market place: There shall I try, In my oration, how the people take
The cruel issue of these bloody men;
According to the which, thou shalt discourse

To young Ostavius of the state of things.

Lend me your hand.

[Exeunt with the body.

W The fo's, Offavio's for Offavius's.

E C. to for for

y This direction first given by R.

* The first f. from for for.

a P. beds for beads.

b First and 2d fo's, course; 3d and

4th, coarfe.

¥ 4.

· • The fo's omit with the body.

SCENE ACT III. Ш.

SCENE III.

· The Forum.

Enter Brutus, Cassius, and the Plebeians.

Pleb. We will be fatisfied; let us be fatisfied.

Bru. Then follow me, and give me audience, friends. Cassius, go you into the other street,

And part the numbers.

Those that will hear "me speak, let h 'em stay here; Those that will follow Cassius, go with him; And public reasons shall be rendered Of Cafar's death.

- 1 Pleb. I will hear Brutus speak.
- 2 Pleb. I will hear Caffins, and compare their reasons, When severally we hear them rendered,

[1 Exit Caffius with some of the Plebeians. Brutus goes into the Pulpit.

- In R. and C. this is Scene 2; in P. B. W. int. y. Sc. 5.
- " The scene first described by I.
- Here the fo's and R. direct, Enter Bratus, and goes into the pulpit; and Caf-Sux, with the Philian 3 C. Enter a throng of citizens, tunultuoufly; Brutus and Caffius; the reft, Bater Brutus, and maints the roftra. Caffine, minh the Plo- all-but C being improperly inferted by beiens. But Brutts has not yet mounted them before,

the pulpit, for he fays, Then follow me, and give me audience, friends; he would not have faid follow see if he had been in the pulpit.

- E R.'s duedecime, say for me.
- b C. then for 'em.
- 1 No direction in the fo's.
- k This latter part is emitted here by

3 Pleb.



My Trice Casari

3 Pleb. The noble Brutus is ascended: Silence. Bru. Be patient till the last.

Remans, country-men, and lovers, hear me for my cause; and be filent, that you may hear: believe me for mine honour; and have respect to mine honour, that you may believe: censure me in your wisdom; and awake your senses, that you may the better judge. If there be any in this assembly, any dear friend of Cæsar's, to m him I say, that "Brutus' love to Cafar was no less than his: [If then that friend demand, why Brusus role against Cafer, this is my answer: Not that I lov'd Cafar leis, but that I lov'd Rome more. Had you rather Gefar were lixing, and dye all flaves; than that Cafar were dead, to live all free-men? As Cafar loy'd me, I weep for him; as he was fortunate, I rejoice at it; as he was valiant, I honous him in but, se he was ambitious, I flew him? There are team for his love, joy for his fortune, honour for his valour, and death for his ambition. Who is here for bale; that would be a bondman? If any speak; for him have I offended Who is here so rude that would not be a Reman? If any speak; for him have I offended. Who is here so vile, that will not love his country?. If any, fpeak; for him have I offended, I pause for a reply.

All. None, Brutus, none, qui in the second second and more and the second secon

. $E | c \neq a$

2.2...

wherein

. id the Physics ;

P. and Ho friends for lovers [P. P. and all after except, Co. Bonus's
The three left for and R. thep for long Research in the D. and Long for are not

wherein hawin worthy; nor his offences chioic'd, for which he fuffer'd death. The good other may med the

Enter Mark Mittony with Catar's bidy. 11 3 1 Here comes his body, mourifd by Mark Minory; who, though he had no hand in his death, shall receive the benefit of his dying, a place in the Common-wealth; as which of you shall not? With this I depart. That as I flew my ben lever for the good of Rome, I have the same dayger for myself, when it shall please my country to need my and other and the death. A State of the Contract of the

All. P Live, Brutus, live, live!

- ? Pleb. Bring him with trrumph home unto his house.
- 2 Pleb. Give him a statue with his ancestors.
- 3 Pleb. Let him be Caffer.
- 4. Plate Caffer & Better parts
- 9 Shall be crown'd in British and an area of the same of
 - 1 Pleb. We'll bring him to his house with mouts and clamouris and the second of the second program A STORY WAS A STORY

Bru. My countrymen, ---

- 2 Pleb. Peace! filence! Brutus speaks.
- Pleb. Peace, ho!

.... I

Addition from the Bru. Good countrymen, let me depart alone, And for myriaka, flay here with Manny to the

Doightith to all offers corps, "and grace his speech

Thisting to Capara glories, which Mark Antony

By our permission is allowed to make.

I do integet your naturement departs, of financial to the characteristics.

After the rest of a re-

* The fourth f. and R.'s ofte c, s' P. P. and M. read, Line, Bruton; Wh Pol. 4 P. M. und C. West Shall now be andring thoughts people the bas "I to powers the for

. Fot web. ". M.



JULIUS CESAR.

. Pleb. Stay, ho! and let us hear Mark Antony. ? Pleb. Let him go up into the public chair; We'll hear him: Noble Antony, go up. Ant. For Brutus' sake, I am * beholden to you. 4 Pleb. What does he say of Brutus? 3 Pleb. He says, for Brutus' sake He finds himfelf t beholding to us all. 4 Pleb. 'Twere best " he speak no harm of Brutus bere. 1 Pleb. This Cafar was a tyrant. 3 Pleb. Nay, that 's certain: We are " blest that Rome is rid of him. وران المساوع و 2 Plab. Peace; let us hear what Antony can fag. Vin Ant. You gentle Romans, All. Peace, ho! let us hear him. 100 to the part was ? Ant. Friends, Romans, countrymen, lend me your ears; I come to bury Cafar, not to praise him. The exil that men do lives after them, i - 1' . W. The good is oft interred with * their bones.

Here begins the fixth scena in P. bolden). And perhaps the very reason H. W. and J.

The three sirst so's and G. bibolding beins ask the question, Whit does be few for bebolden.

So the three first so's and G; the rest, bebolden for bebolding. Thus we see that all the editions put the same word into Antony's and the third Plebeign's make this brunder.

The three last so's omit does not be so that means, I fancy, a glad six high. G inserts and R.'s octave, the spice of humour is lost: bebolden is bles.

The fourth f. and R.'s octave, the stay used by some of the vulgar for be-

r 74.5.

Hath

So let it be with Cafar. The noble Bridge

Hath told you Cafar was ambitious: If it were so, it was a grievous fault; And grievously hath Casar answer'd it. Here, under leave of Brutus, and the rest, (For Brutus is an honourable man, So are they all, all honourable men) Come I to speak in Cafar's funeral. He was my friend, faithful and just to me; But Brutus says, he was ambitious; And Brutus is an honourable man. He hath brought many captives home to Rome, Whose ransoms did the general coffers fill; Did this in Cæfar seem ambitious? When that the poor have cry'd, Cafar hath wept; Ambition should be made of sterner stuff: Yet Brutus says, he was ambitious; And Brutus is an honourable man. You all did see that 2 on the Lupercal I thrice presented him a kingly crown, Which he did thrice refuse: Was this ambition? Yet Brutus says, he was ambitious; And fure he is an honourable man. I speak not to disprove what Brutus spoke, But here I am to speak what I do know. You all did love him once, not without cause, What cause withholds you then to mourn for him?— O judgment, thou art fled to brutish beasts, And men have lost their reason! - Bear with me; My heart is in the coffin there with Cafar, And I must pause till it come back to me.

2 P. and H at for as.



TULIUS CESAR.

t Pleb. Methinks there is much reason in his sayings.

2 Pleb. If thou confider rightly of the matter,

Gefar has had great wrong.

2 Pleb. Has he, b masters?

I fear there will a worse come in his place.

4 Pleb. Mark'd ye his words? He would not take the crown:

Therefore 'tis certain he was not ambitious.

z Pleb. If it be found so, some will dear abide it.

2 Pleb. Poor foul! his eyes are red as fire with weeping.

3 Pleb. There's not a nobler man in Rome than Anteny.

4 Pleb. Now mark him, he begins again to speak.

Ant. But yesterday the word of Cæsar might Have flood against the world; now lyes he there,

And none fo poor to do him reverence. O masters, if I were dispos'd to stir

Your hearts and minds to mutiny and rage,

I should do Brutus wrong, and Cossius wrong,

Who, you all know, are honourable men:

I will not do them wrong; I rather choose

To wrong the dead, to wrong myself and you,

Than I will wrong fuch honourable men.

But here's a parchinent, with the feal of Cefar,

I found it in his closet, 'tis his will;

Let but the commons hear this testament, (Which, pardon me, I do not mean to read)

كمل

a The three last fo's, and all after first Plebeian's foregoing speech.

b C. inserts my before masters.

c T.'s duodecimo omits egais, ; an except C, make this speech a past of the error, I suppose, of the press, but which per diest jurd the diriods of 15 mag **7.**

ACT. III. SCENE III.

And they would go, and kiss dead Cesar's wounds.
And dip their napkins in his facred blood;

4 Yea, beg a hair of him for memory,
And dying, mention it within their wills,
Bequeathing it, as a rich legacy,
Unto their issue.

4 Pleb. We'll hear the will; read it, Mark Antony.
All. The will, the will; we will hear Cafar's will.

Ant. Have patience, gentle friends: I must not read it; It is not meet you know how Casar lov'd you.

You are not wood, you are not stones, but men; And being men, hearing the will of Casar,

It will enslame you, it will make you mad;

Tis good you know not that you are his heirs;

For if you should—O what would come of it?

4 Pleb. Read the will; " we 'll hear it, Antony; you shall read us the will, Cofar's will.

Ant. Will you be patient? will you flay a while? I have o'ershot myself to tell you of it.

I fear, I wrong the honourable men,
Whose daggers have stabb'd Casar; I do fear it.

4 Pleb. They were traitors—Honourable men?
All. The will! the testament!

2 Pleb4 They were villains, murderers: — The will! read the will!

Ant. You will compol me then to read the will? In 10 Then make a ring about the corps of Cafar,

And let me shew you him that made the will.

estip D

96 JULIUS CÆSAR.

Shall I descend? And will you give me leave?

All. Come down.

2 Pleb. Descend.

3 Pleb. You shall have leave.

[! He comes down from the pulpit.

4 Pleb. A ring—Stand round.

z Pleb. Stand from the hearse, stand from the body.

2 Pleb. Room for Antony, most noble Antony.

'Ant. Nay, press not so upon me; stand far off.

All. Stand back—room—bear back—

Ant. If you have tears, prepare to shed them now.

You all do know this mantle: I remember

The first time ever Cesar put it on,

Twas on a fummer's evening, in his tent,

That day he overcame the Nervii-

Look in this place ran & Cassius' dagger through -

See what a rent the envious Casca made—

Through this the well-beloved Brutus stabb'd.

And as he pluck'd his curfed steel away,

Mark how the blood of Cafar follow'd it,

As rushing out of doors, to be resolv'd

If Brutus so unkindly knock'd, or no.

For Brutus, as you know, was Cafar's angel:

Judge, O you gods, how dearly Cafar lov'd him!

This was the most unkindest cut of all:

For when the noble Cafar saw him stab,

Ingratitude, more flrong than traitors' arms,

I No direction in fo's.

h P. alters thus, This, this was the

The fourth f, and R. Caffini's for
smithdeft, doe, followed by T. H. and
Onfine'.

Quite vanquish'd him: then burst his mighty heart; And in his mantle mussiling up his face,

Leven at the base of Pompey's statue,

Which all the while ran blood, great Casar fell.

O what a fall was there, my countrymen!

Then I, and you, and all of us fell down,

Whist bloody treason flourish'd over us.

O, now you weep, and I perceive, you feel

The dint of pity: these are gracious drops.

Kind souls! what, weep you, when you but behold Our Casar's vesture wounded? Look you here,

Here is himself, marr'd, as you see, with traitors.

- I Pleb. O piteous spectacle!
- 2 Pleb. O noble Cafar!
- 3 Pleb O woeful day!
- 4 Pleb. O traitors, villains!
- I Pleb. O most bloody fight!
- 2 Pleb. We will be reveng'd: Revenge! About—seek —burn—fire—kill—slay—Let not a traitor live!
 - Ant. Stay, countrymen.
 - Pleb. Peace there, hear the noble Antony.
 - 2 Pleb. We'll hear him, we'll follow him, we'll dye with him.

Ant. Good friends, sweet friends, let me not stir you up To such a sudden flood of mutiny.

**H. reads,

Buon at the base of Pompey's flatter which

All the while ran with blood, great Ca
far fell.

**Even at the base of Pompey's flatter.

**Even at

G

They

TULIUS CÆSAR.

And with the brands fire sall the traitors' houses; say
Take up the body. •
2 Pleb. Go, fetch fire.
3 Pleb. Pluck down benches.
4 Pleb, Pluck down forms, windows, any things
[Exeunt Plobeing " with the bady.
Ant. Now let it work: Mischief, thou art a-toot, -
Take thou what course thou wilt.
Enter I a Servant.
How now, fellow?
Ser. * Sir, Octavius is already come to Reme.
Ant. Where is he?
Ser. He and Lepidus are at Cofar's house,
Ant. And thither will I ftraight to visit him.
He comes upon a wish. Fortune is merry, 2 10 1 10 10
And in this mood will give us any thing. The latter is a
Ser. I heard him fay, Brutus and Caffina
Are rid like methnen through the gates of Renne all n . r. I
Ant. Belike, shey had fome notice of the people, A
How I had mov'd them; Bring me to Offathen : 1
Exeunt.

The field & canits all.

C. inferts the before learness.
The first & Exist for Exeme.

The first & Exist for Exemp.

The first

7 A 60

SCENE

. 2 A Street

Enter Cinna the Poet .

Cin. I dreamt to-night, that I did feaft with Cafar, And things ' unlucky charge my fantafy: I have no will to wander forth of doors, Yet fomething leads me forth. Luter the Plebeians.

- I Pleb. What is your name?
- · 2 Pleb. Whither are you going?

in the grade that we have her

- 3 Pleb. Where do you f dwell?
- 4 Pleb. Are you a massied man, or a backelor)
- 2 Plot. Answer every man directly.
 - 1 Pleb. Ay, and briefly.
- # Plot. Ay, and wifely.
- '-3 Res.' Ay, and truly, you were best.
- . Cin. What is my name? Whither am I going? Where do I dwell? Am I a married man, or a bachelor? Then to

. Az . In P. H. p. and J. this is Kené 7; in C. scene 3.

- given by C. above-mentioned.
- zbe Plebeians.
- c All editions but W, and C. read f C. Ifve for dwell, plushily for uplacty.

d No direction have in the chitions . It before C; the direction in them, for the a This description of the scene first Plebeians' entrance, being placed as

b Here all but C. add, and after bim , . First and 2d fo's, Whether for Wbither.

answer

G.3



tor JULIUS CASAR

safter every man directly, and briefly, wifely, and truly. Wifely I say, I am a bachelor.

a Plet. That 's as much so to say, they are fools that marry: You'll bear me a beng for that, I fear: Proceed—directly.

Gin. Directly, I am gring to Cafar's funeral.

* Pleb. As a friend, or an enemy?

Cin. As a friend.

2 Pleb. That matter is answer'd directly.

4 Pleb. For your dwelling - briefly.

Cin. Briefly, I dwell by the capitol.

3 Pleb. Your name, fir?-iruly,

Cin. Truly, my name is Ciana.

'a Pleb. Tear him to pleces, he 's a conspirator,

Cin. I am Cinna the poet, I am Cinna the poet,

4 Pleb, Tear him for his bad verses, tear him for his bad verses,

Cin, I im not Cima the confpirator.

4 Pleb. It is no matter, his name 's Gine; pluck " but his name out of his heart, and turn him going,

3 Pleb. Tear him, tear him. Come, brands, ha! fireq brands! to Brutus', to Gaffine', burn all! forme to Besius' houth, and forme to Gaffine's, forme to Ligarius': Away, go!

J. nes for feet.

. The three left 10's, high the high

IV.

SCE I, N

Rom

Enter Antony, Octavius, and Lepidus.

HESE k many then shall die; their names are prickt.

Oa. Your brother too must die; consent you, Lepidue? Let, I do consent:

Off. Prick him down. Anteny.

Ç.

Lø.

for or W; R. R. and C. Su the forme at it, provided he makes his own work Player M. at a Small iffend in the little confifent with itself? What though the siver Abonus near Bononia; S. (followed old copies fay nothing of the place here? by J.) at a final island none Murins, yet it is implied in a pathys, a very few and fays, "Shalefeears, I dere fay, know lines from the very beginning of this " from Pheneris, that these Trimwoles theme, that Sinkspaces meant to fix it " met, upon the profesiption, in a littly. at Rome : Antony fays, " iftend : which Appier, who is more But, Lepider, go you to Gefer's hope; " ganicular, figu, bay near Micina up- Forth the will hither, and we finli de-" on the River Lockson." T.

Le a post obligat to follow bishory scaling

1 No definipation of the Going in the Ay 1 May be not henothers define from

But what if Shalefoury know all this? How to cut off force charge in legaciet. Lep. What, fiall Land you here?



104 JULIUS CÆSAR.

Lep. Upon condition 1 Publius shall not live, Who is your fister's son, Mark Antony.

Ant? He shall not live; look, with a spot I a damn him. But, Lepidus, go you to Casar's house; A. Fetch the will hither, and we shall determine How to cut off some charge in legacies.

Lep. What, shall I find you here? Oct. Or here, or at the capitol.

At This is a flight summaritable man

Ant. This is a flight, unmeritable man,
Meet to be fent on errands: Is it fit,
The three-fold world divided, he should stand
One of the three to share it?

0.7. Or here, or at the capital. What! does Antony fend Lepidus on a journey (sto lay, voyage alfo) from an illand near Mutina or Bononia, to fetch the will from Cafar's house in Rome, and direct him to come again to him to this fame island, and if he did not meet with him there, to return to the capitol at Rome? For this will be the import of the above passage, according to T. H. and J. and Lepides will appear to be a man meet to be fent on errands, with a wknels. Befides, supposing this island to be the scene, Octomies, should rather have said, Or bere, or at Rome; for the direction, at the caritol, is too particular, and not agreeable to the common forms of speech on fuch an occasion; it is the lame as if, two friends being at Paris, onto Gould fay to the other, " You will find me ciebse here (at Paris) or in Charpfelett

C. makes it a Room in Anthony's boufe at Rome.

Exit Lepidus.

k Grey in his notes on Shakesheare conjectures marry for many.

1 Antony fet down Cacero's name in the lift of the proferibed: Octovius infifted on Antony's facrificing Lucius, bis uncle by the wether's fide: And Lepidus gave up his own brother, L. Æmilius Rankes. As 'tis not uncommen we blunder in proper names; I mike sto doubt but in the mean of Publius we should place Lucius, Antony's uncle by his most ther's fiders and their utiling coffeet then fets right the mine time.

· Lepidus. Upon condition Latins hall

You are bir felter's feb. Mark Actony.

m This through 68 system for detent

1911 (s. e. er proposition de la company de

00.

Actem of Scintill

505

. ^. .I

T

Oa. So you thought him;

And took his voice, who should be prickt to die.

In our black sentence and proscription.

Ant. Octavius, I have feen more days than you: And though we lay these honours on this man, To ease ourselves of divers slanderous loads, He shall but bear them as the ass bears gold, To groan and sweat under the business, Either led or driven, as we point the way; And having brought our treasure where we will, Then take we down his load, and turn him off, Like to the empty ass, to shake his ears, And graze in prommons.

Oa. You may do your will; But he's a try'd and valiant foldier.

Ant. So is my horse, Octavius, and for that, I do appoint him store of provender:
It is a container that I teach to fight,
To wind, to stop, to run directly on,
His corporal motion govern'd by my spirit.
And in some raste, is Lepidus but so;
He must be taught, and trained, and bid go sorth;
A barren-spirited fellow; one that seeds
On a bject orts, and imitations,
Which, out of use, and stal'd by other men,
Begin his fashion. Do not talk of him;

But

P. and all after, except C, Or for 9 This is T.'s emendation (followed by all after) all before read ellects, aris, or The three laft fo's and R. print for for abjett orts.

For find a the two first fo's read pal'de; the 4th, field'd.



106 JULIUS CASAR.

Listen great things. Brutus and Caffeir

Are levying powers: we must straight make head;

Therefore let our alliance be combin'd,

Our best friends made, and our best means stretch'd our;

And let us presently go sit in council,

How covert matters may be best disclos'd,

And open perils surest answered,

Oct. Let us do so; for we are at the stake,

And bay'd about with many enemies;

And some that smile have in their hearts, I fear,

Millions of mischiefs,

[Excuss.]

SCENE II.

Be the Camp near Sandis ; Soffire Brutus's Wint.

* Drum. Buter Brutus and Saldiers 1 to ploy Landing, and his Saldiers murching, Titingus and Pindarus.

Bru. Stand, ha!
Lucil. Give the word, ho! and stand.

Bru. What now, Lucilius is Coffine near ?

Luni!,

2 The field, J. and G. and end and be G. amits drop. The fo's direct, one.

Deput. Enter Brettes, Lucilius, and the drop. Titinius and Pindarus more thous.

So all after (except C.), being that they read.

Lucil. He is at hand, and Pinderus is opens To do you falutation from his mafter ".

Bru. He greets me well. Your master, Pinderus, In his own " change, or by ill " officers, Hath given me some worthy cause to wish Things done, undone; but if he be at hand, I shall be satisfied.

pend fallers for the army, and meeting for Lucidia conveys these orders to his off-

word, be, and fland. By thus ordering ple, but expressive words. the scene, C. feets to underfland that meet; and then each of them gives the he was at head, and just at the horis of filles, being upon the march, and having . A Brutus, which is left. speired where Bruces is, Bruces (or yegrantifience of the forces) bids him formis

cers, and blds them give the word of In C. Lacilles, Thinks and Pindows command to the foldiers. By thus the do not estate until Broom has faid Stapel, derftanding the Groo, it appears topdo f and a direction is given that these fiftapt with it fall, the dignity of Branch words fhould be spoken to bis (Brusse's) is kept up, and the subaphinetica, of efficers, entering. Then Lucilius (enter- general to generalificate, efficers to their ing with his foldiers, and Rindorse and general, and common feldiers to their Tiebeles) tays to his party, Gier the officers, is painted in a very feet, fin-

* Here C. directs [professing Pinderve Brutas and Lucilius, with their feveral solo gives a latter. But it it very firance bodies of foldiers, being upon their march that Coffine should find a letter when word of command to fined, or half, to the mellenger. G's speson for giving their separate parties. Now this would this direction is, I suppose, because (Janhave been proper enough had not Brister either having prefented Pindorus to Brest erected his tent. But the forge is before tus, at bringing a faluration from Coffine. Brutus's tent, and he must have prived. Prinderss makes no falutation by word of before he could have erected it. There- mouth to Bruces, and therefore the falsefore he and his feldiers have done moreh- tation must be contained in a letter, ing, have crecked the tent, and are ex- But I Bould pather think that Shairpoliting the other compenses at the place flours wrote a Bort Boach for Pinderus, appointed. Since the frenc opens, Lo- in this place, fach as, Coffice fonds health

- = H. W. and C. charge for charge.
- 7 J. projette glat für gliege.

108 JULIUS CESAR

Pin. I do not doubt

But that my noble mafter will appear

Such as he is, full of regard and honour.

Bru. He is not doubted.— A word, Lucilius; How he receiv'd you, let me be refolv'd.

Lucil. With courtefy, and with respect enough;
But not with such familiar instances,
Nor with such free and friendly conference,

As he hath us'd of old.

Bru. Thou hast describ'd

A hot friend cooling: Ever note, Lucilius,
When love begins to sicken and decay,
It wheth an enforced ceremony.
There are no tricks in plain and simple faith;

But hollow men, like horses hot at hand, Make gallant shew and promise of their mettle;

But when they should endure the bloody spur, They fall their a crests, and like deceitful jades,

Sink in the trial. Comes his army on?

Lucil. They mean this night in Sardis to be quarter'd;
The greater part, the horse in general,
Are come with Cassius.

[b March within,

Bru. Hark, he is arriv'd:
March gently on to meet him.

² H. quads, Hear, a upra, Lucilius... \$cc.

² So the 1st frand. C; the rest, staff

[.] All but G. direct [Low March spithy in; and the fo's and Replace this direction in Brusse's last speech after the word metals.

Enter Caffins and Seldiers.
Caf. Stand, hod!
Brua Stand, ho! Speak the word along
Within. Stand!
Within. Stand!
Within. Stand!
Cas. Most noble brother, you have done me wrong.
Bru. Judge me, you gods! wrong I mine enemies?
And if not fo, how should I wrong a brother?
Caf. Brutus, this fober form of yours hides wrongs;
And when you do them—
Bru. Cassius, be content,
Speak your griefs foftly, I do know you well:
Before the eyes of both our armies here,
Which should perceive nothing but love from us
Let us not wrangle: Bid them move awaya.
Then in my tent, Gassius, enlarge your griefs, 1
And I will give you audience.
Caf. Pindarus,
Bid our commanders lead their charges off
A little from this ground.

In all estrions but C. this entrance . C. dentet 30 ! and direct stills feech If directed fininestialely after Lucilius's to be spoken to bis, that is to Brutus's Buit speech.

foldiers; but he must be certainly wrong Mere C. dhuch fo bis efficier, and here; for Bengus's foldiers cannot be in verify." Willelt is tight except, but not this place supposed mirching, but flandvery necessary, as the render cannot well ing ; and therefore the word of comwhilteste to officer the words and spoken. mand, fund, is to them wineselfary and befurd.

Mark & South m tru (A bee to the).

JULIUS, CALSAR,

To hedge me in; I am a foldier, "I, Older in practice, abler than yourself To make conditions.

Bru. Go to; you are not, " Cassius.

Cas. I am.

Bru. I fay, you are not.

Caf. Urge me no more, I shall forget myself; Have mind upon your health, tempt me no farther.

Bru. Away, flight man!

Cal. Is 't possible?

Bru. Hear me, for I will speak.

Must I give way and room to your rash choler? Shall I be frighted, when a madman stares?

Cas. O * ye gods, ye gods! must I endure all this?

Bru. All this? Ay, more; Fret till your proud heart break. Go, shew your flaves how cholerick you are, And make your bondmen tremble. Must I budge? Must I observe you? Must I stand and crouch Under your testy humour? By the gods,

u Qu. Whether we should not read are no longer that brove; diffinterested, phifeems doubtful.

no comma between not and Cassius, ma- am what I was, or something like it. king it the nominative case after the ... P. and all after, except C. omit ye. vers, which method of pointing W. de ... y The 1st f. bonge; the 2d add 2d, Sends, and explains the passage thus, You boudet.

ay for I? The old editions make no beforbir Cassius, whose character was made difference in these two words, always, up of bonour and patriotism; but are sunk as far as I remember, reading I for sy; down to the impotency and corruption of it is therefore the scase only which must the times. But, if this be the meaning, direct us to the word the author meant Caffins does not understand it, for he re-In any passage; and in this, to me it plies I am; i.e. I am Cassius; if he had understood it, and meant to deny " W The fo's and all after, except H. put Brutus's charge, he should have said, I

You shall digest the venom of your spleen,
Though it do split you: for, from this day sorth,
I'll use you for my mirth, yea, for my laughter,
When you are waspish.

Caf. Is it come to this?

Bru. You say, you are a better soldier: Let it appear so; make your vaunting true, And it shall please me well: For mine own part, I shall be glad to learn of noble men.

Caf. You wrong me, every way you wrong me, Brutus; I faid, an elder foldier, not a better:

Did I say, better?

Bru. If you did, I care not.

Caf. When Cafar liv'd, he durst not thus have mov'd me.

Bru. Peace, peace; you durst not so have tempted him.

Caf. I durst not?

Bru. No.

Caf. What, durst not tempt him?

Bru. For your life you durst not.

Caf. Do not prefume too much upon my love, I may do that I shall be forry for.

Bru. You have done that you should be forry for. There is no terror, Cassius, in your threats; For I am arm'd so strong in honesty,
That they pass by me, as the idle wind,
Which I respect not. I did send to you
For certain sums of gold, which you deny'd me;
For I can raise no money by vile means:
By heaven, I had rather coin my heart,
And drop my blood for drachmas, than to wring

A. and all after, except C. The for Though.



TUBIUS CASAR... 216

Bru. And my hear too.

.In Embracing.

Cas. O Brutus - ...

Bru. What 's the matter?

Caf. Have i not you love though to bear with me, When that rash humour which my mother gave me Makes me forgetful?

Bru. Yes, Cassius; and Martin Recessorth. When you are over-easiest with your leaves, He 'll think your mether chides, and lead you fo.

I I A mile within.

" Poet. [" within] Let me go in, to the generals; There is some grudge between 'em this not meet They be alone.

Luc. [at the door] You shall not come to them. Poet. [P within] Nothing but doath shall stay me. Enter : Poot.

Caf. How now? What's the matter?

Poet. For shame, you generals; what do you mean? Love, and be friends, as two fach men should be: For I have feen more years, I'm fure, than years.

Cas. Ha, ha! How q vilely that this cynick raime!

P.'s duodecimo, T. W. J. and C. you not for not you.

4 C. emits.firm.

1 This direction first put in by T.-The fo's make the poet to enter here; so does R. who adds Lucius and Titi-

m P. and H. in their text omit all from this place to the entrance of

h This direction not in the fo's or Lucilius and Thinks; but preferve it in the margin.

" T. first puts [within.]

· [at the door] put by C .- T. W. and J. [within.] The other editions have no direction.

P [within] first put in by T.

4 The aft and ad f. wildely; 3d, vildly.

: C. dees for decb.

Brus

Bru. Get you hence, firrah; faucy fellow, hendeis

Caf. Bear with him, Brutus; 'tis his fashion.

Bru. I'll know his humour, when he knews his time: What should the wars do with these 'jingling sools?---. Companion, hence.

Cas. Away, away, be mone.

Exit Poch

* Enter Lucilius, and Titinius.

Bru. Lucilius and Titinius, bid the commanders Prepare to lodge their companies to-night.

Caf. And come yourselves, and bring Messale with you Immediately to us. [a Execut Lucilius and Titinius.

Bru. Lucius, a bowl of wine. ["

[Exit Lucius,

Caf. I did not think you could have been to angry,

Bru. O Cassius, I am fick of many griefs.

Gas. Of your philosophy you make no use,

If you give place to accidental evils.

Bru. No man bears forrow better- Pertie is dead.

Caf. Ha! Portia?

Bru. She is dead.

Caf. How 'scap'd I killing, when I crost you so ?--O insupportable and touching loss!--Uron what schools?

Upon what fickness?

Bru. Impatient of my absence;
And grief, that young Octavius with Mark Antony
Have made themselves so strong: For with her death

The fa's and A. jigging for jing-

<sup>This direction not in the fo's.
This direction first given by G.</sup>

The entrance of Lucilius and Tiple ... P. and all after except G. Pertie's sing not mentioned in the fo's. ... dead for Portia is dead.



118 JULIUS CÆSAR.

That tidings came; with this she fell distract, And, her attendants absent, swallow'd fire.

Caf. And dy'd fo?

Bru: Even so.

Cas. O ye immortal gods!

Enter Lucius with Wine and Tapers.

Bru. Speak no more of her.—Give me a bowl of wine. In this I bury all unkindness, Cassius. [drinks.

Cas. My heart is thirsty for that noble pledge.

Fill, Lucius, till the wine o'er-swell the cup;

I cannot drink too much of Brutus' love.

[drinks.

Enter Titinius, and Messala.

Bru. Gome in, Titinius; welcome, good Messala. Now fit we close about this taper here,

And call in question our necessities.

Caf. b Portia! art thou gone?

Bru. No more, I pray you.-

Messala, I have chere received letters,

That young Octavius, and Mark Antony, Come down upon us with a mighty power,

Bending their expedition 4 toward Philippi.

Mes. Myself have letters of the self-same tenour.

Bru. With what addition?

y 'All but H. and C. Boy for Lu-

Z This direction first given by C.

a In T. W. and Y. Trinius and Meffals do not enter till after the first line of Bruin's following speech. Here begins the fifth score in P. H. W. and Y.

- P. and all after except G. read, Ob Portia ! &c.
 - e P.'s duodecimo omits bere.
 - d C. towards for toward.
- " The fo's, R. and P. tenure for te-

Mef. That, by proscription, and bills of outlawry, Octavius, Anteny, and Lepidus,

Have put to death s an hundred fenators,

Bru. Therein our letters do not well agree; Mine speak of seventy senators, that dy'd By their proscriptions, Gicera being one,

Caf. Cicero one?

Mef. h Cicero is dead,

And i by that order of profcription,

Had you your letters from your wife, my lord?

Bru. No, Meffala,

Mef. Nor nothing in your letters writ of her?

Bru. Nothing, Messala.

Mef. That, methinks, is strange.

Bru. Why ask you? Hear you qught of her in yours?

Mef. No, my lord.

Bru. Now, as you are a Roman, tell me true.

Mes. Then like a Roman bear the truth I tell;

For certain she is dead, and by strange manner.

Bru. Why, farewel, Portia. - We must die, Messala.

With meditating that she must die once, I have the patience to endure it now.

Mef. Even so great men great losses should endure.

Cas. I have as much of this in art as you,

But yet my nature could not bear it fo.

Bru. Well, to our work alive. What do you think Of marching to Philippi presently?

Caf. I do not think it good.

Bru. Your reason?

f The 1st f. outlarie; the 2d and 3d, ... C. inferts Ap before George, sutlary for outlawry, ... C. that by for by that.

C. g for an.

Caf: This It is :

Tis better that the enemy seek is; 50 shall he waste his frienes; weary slis foldiers, Doing himself offence; whilst we, lying still, Are full of rest, defence, and nimbleness.

Bru. Good reasons must of force give place to better. The people, 'twixt Philippi and this ground, Do stand but in a forc'd affection; For they have grudg'd us contribution: The enemy, marching along by them, By them shall make a fuller number up, Come on restetsh'd, new-added, and encourag'd; From which advantage shall we cut him off, If at Philippi we do face him there, These people at our back.

Caf. Hear me, good brother -

Bru. Under your pardon—You must note beside,
That we have try'd the utmost of our striends,
Our legions are brim-full, our cause is ripe;
The enemy increaseth every day,
We, at the height, are ready to decline.
There is a tide in the affairs of men,
Which, taken at the slood, leads on to fortune;
Omitted, all the voyage of their life
is bound in shallows, and in miseries.
On such a full sea are we now affoat;
And we must take the current when it serves,
Or * lose our ventures.

k The fo's, hofe for lofe.

Caf. Then, with our will, go on;

We'll along ourselves, and meet them at Political.

Bru. The deep of night is crept upon our talk,

And nature must obey necessity;

Which we will niggard with a little test.

There is no more to fay?

Caf. No more. Good night.

Early to-morrow a will we tife, and hence ".

Bru. Lucius, my gown. [Enit Luc.] Fatewel, good Meffala:

Good night, Titinius: Noble, noble Caffina, Good night, and good repose.

Cas. O my dear brother

This was an ill beginning of the night:

Never 9 come such division tween our souls!

Let it not, Brutus '.

Bra. Every thing is well.

* Cas. Good night, my lord.

for we'll.

" m C. on for assing.

• Here the fo's, and all after but C. wine.

emit this direction; yet, afterwards, till he is wanted. make Lucius enter with the gown.

4 R.'s octavo, cami for com.

" Here Lustes with the gown, way worker thereof. in all editions but G. Now, though it

1 % and all after except C, we will may be thought immaterial, with regard to the play itfelf, at which of the two places Tueius enters; yet in the exhibi-R. P. and H. we will for will we. tion of it, it is a matter of some confequence. At every frem entrance, the sired Lecter to enter; but Lucius had attention of the undience is drawn upon not made his exit, since he brought the the person entering, and diverted from what ever business is passing on the stage P The fo's, R. P. T. W. and J. besides. So that no person should enter

> * P. and all after except C. omit the two following speeches, without giving



JULIUS CÆSAR,

Bru. Good night, good brother.

Tit. Mes. Good night, lord Brutus.

Bru. Fazewel, every one. [Exeunt Cas. Tit, Mes,

Enter Lucius, with the gown.

Give me the gown. Where is thy instrument?

Luc. Here in the tent.

Bru. What, thou speak'st drowfily?

Poor knave, I blame thee ! not; thou art o'er-watch'd,

Call " Claudius, and some other of my men;

I 'll have them fleep on cushions in my tent,

Luc. " Varro and " Claudius &

Enter " Varro and " Claudius,

Var. Calls my lord?

Bru. I pray you, firs, lye in my tent, and fleep: It may be, I shall raise you by and by

On business to my brother Cassius.

Var. So please you, we will stand, and watch your pleasure.

Bru. I will not have it so: lye down, good firs; It may be I shall otherwise bethink me.

[" Var. and Clau. retire,

Look, Lucius, here's the book I fought for so; I put it in the pocket of my gown.

Luc. I was fure your lordship did not give it me.

Bru. Bear with me, good boy, I am much forgetful.

* Canst thou hold up thy heavy eyes awhile,

And touch thy instrument a strain or two?

t The 2d f. art for not; the 3d and [Servants retire and fleep. 4th omit not.

[&]quot; The fo's, Claudie for Claudius, and Canst the bold up thy inframent a firain Farrus for Varre.

[&]quot; No direction before C. who directs, And touch thy beavy eyes embile.

123

ACT IV. SCENE III.

Luc. Ay, my lord, an't please you.

Bru. It does, my boy:

I trouble thee too much, but thou art willing.

Luc. It is my duty, fir.

Bru. I should not urge thy duty past thy might;

I know, young bloods look for a time of reft.

Luc. I have flept, my lord, already.

Bru. It was well done; and thou shalt sleep again;

I will not hold thee long. If I do live,

I will be good to thec. [Mufick and a fong: I toward the end, Lucius falls afleep.

This is a fleepy tune—O murderous * flumber,
Lay'ft thou thy leaden mace upon my boy,
That plays thee mufick?—Gentle knave, good night.
I will not do thee fo much wrong to wake thee;
If thou doft nod, thou break'ft thy inftrument;
I'll take it from thee; and, good boy, good night.

[* Lays the instrument by, and sits down to read.

* Let me see, let me see; Is not the leaf turn'd down,

Where I lest reading? Here it is, I think c.

d Enter the Ghoft of Cafar.

How ill this taper burns!—Ha! who comes here? I think it is the weakness of mine eyes,
That shapes this monstrous apparition.
It comes upon me:—Art thou any thing?
Art thou some god, some angel, or some devil,

7 The following part of this direction put in by C.

The two first fo's, flumbler for flum-

a No direction in this place in any of the editions before C. who directs [Lays and J. the infirement by and fits down.

P. and all after except C. read, But let me see, is not, &c.

C Here R. and all after except C. direct [He firs down to read.

d Here begins Scene 7 in P. H. W. and J.

Ţ haţ



JULIUS CASAR 124

That mak'ft my blood cold, and my hair to stare? Speak to me, what thou art.

Ghoft. Thy evil spirit, Brutus.

Bru. Why com'ft thou?

Ghost. To tell thee, thou shalt see me at Philippi.

Bru. Well; then I shall see thee again?

Ghoft. Ay, at Philippi.

§ vanishes.

Bru. Why I will see thee at Philippi then.

Now I have taken heart, thou vanished:

Ill spirit, I would hold more talk with thee. -

Boy, Lucius! * Varro! * Claudius! Sirs, awake!

E Claudius!

Luc. The strings, my lord, are false.

Bru. He thinks he h still is at his instrument.

Lucius, awake.

Luc. My lord 1?

Bru. Didst thou dream, Lucius, that thou so cry'dst out?

Luc. My lord, I do not know that I did cry.

Bru. Yes, that thou didft: Didft thou see any thing?

Luc. Nothing, my lord.

Bru. Sleep again, Lucius. - Sirrah, & Claudius!

Fellow thou! awake!

Var. My lord.

Clau. My lord.

Bru. Why did you fo cry out, firs, in your fleep?

Var. Clau. Did we, my lord?

e P. and all after except C. omit Well.

' f No direction in the fo's .-- R. and

all after except C. direct [Exit gboft.

* The 4th f. R.'s octave, The duodecimo, W. and J. is fill for sell in 1 Mere C. directs [watieg.]

k T. H. and W. Varro for them; this

I The fo's, Varras for Varro, and is W.'s emendation. Claudio for Claudius.

Bru.

ACT IV. SCENE III.

Bru. Ay; saw you any thing? Var. No, my lord, I saw nothing.

Clau. Nor I, my lord.

Bru. Go, and commend me to my brother Cassius; Bid him set on his powers betimes before, And we will follow.

Var. Clau. It shall be done, my lord,

[Exe



146 JULIUS CÆSAR.

ACT V.

BCENE L

1 Plains of Philippi.

- Enter Octavius, Antony, and their Army.

You faid, the enemy would not come down, But keep the hills and upper regions; It proves not so: their battles are at hand; They mean to m warn us at Philippi here, Answering before we do demand of them.

Ant. Tut, I am in their bosoms, and I know Wherefore they do it: they could be content To visit other places; and come down With fearful bravery, thinking by this face To fasten in our thoughts that they have courage; But 'tis not so.

Enter a Messenger.

Mes. Prepare, you generals; The enemy comes on in gallant shew;

¹ No description of the scene in the fields of Philippi, with the two samps.

180's.—R. and all after except G. the "H. wage for warn.

Their.

ACT V.

Their bloody fign of battle And a fomething to be done Ant. Octavius, lead your Upon the left hand of the Oct. Upon the right han Ant. Why do you cross Oct. I do not cross you.

E I. 129

Drum. Enter Brutus, Camus, and others, detendings

Bru. They stand, and would have parley.

Cas. Stand fast, Titinius, we must out and talk.

Oct. Mark Antony, shall we give fign of battle?

Ant. No, Cafar, we will answer on their charge.

Make forth, the generals would have forme words.

Oa. Stir not until the fignal.

[to

[* to bis troops.

Bru. Words before blows: is it so, countrymen?

Oa. Not that we love words better, as you'do.

Bru. Good words are better than bad strokes, Oftavius.

Ant. In your bad strokes, Brutus, you give good words:

Witness the hole you made in Caefar's heart,

Crying, Long live! hail, Cefar!

Cas. Antony,

The posture of your blows are yet unknown; But for your words, * they rob the *Hybla* bees, And leave them honeyless.

* H. Smatthing's for fourthing; but scene begins.

* the verb h in the foregoing line is here q The fell underflood.

. oither the wil for com.

o In P. L. K. and J. here the ad-

The following part of the direction added by C.

" This direction first put in by C.

. C. you for they.



. 146

JULIUS CESAL

Aingless too.

O yes, and foundless too; ou have ftoin their buzzing, Autory,

Ad, very wifely, threat hefore you fling.

Ant. Villains, you did not so, when your wile daggers

" Hack'd one another in the fides of Gefar:

You show'd your * tooth like apes, and famuld like hounds,

And bow'd like bondmen, kissing Cafer's fact;

Whilst dammed Coses, like a cur, behind,

Struck Cefar.on the neck. Of you flatterers !

Cas. Flatteners ?- Now, Brutus, thank yourself;

This tongue had not offended to so-day,

If Caffee might have rul'd.

Off. Come, come, the cattle: If arguing make us "fussat, .The proof of it will turn to redder drops,

*Look, I draw a fword against conspirators;

When think you that the found goes up again?

Nover till Cafar's b three and twenty wounds Ba well eveng'd; or till another Cafar

Have added flaughter to the feward of traitors.

Bru. Cæfar, thou canst not dye by traitors' hands,

Unless thou bring'st them with thee.

Oat. So I hope;

I was not born to dye on Brutus' sword.

" In P. and H. Brutus fays only, You threat before you fling, the suft of the Speech being degraded to the margin. . . . P. and all after except & Middle

w The two last fo's, Hect for Heet'd, for Look.

The 12 and 16 for a correct for

y P. and all after omit jest.

F. The so's Squeet for Superity -

h All before To shop and shirty for three and twenty.

Bru. O if thou wert the noblest of thy strain, Young man, thou couldst not dye more honourable.

Caf. A peevish school-boy, 'worthless of such honour, Join'd with a masker and a reveller.

Ant. Old Caffius still.

Off. Come, Antony, away.-

Defiance, traitors, hurl we in your teeth:

If you dare fight to-day, come to the field;

If not, when you have stomachs.

[Excunt Octavius, Antony, and Army.

4 Caf. Why now, blow, wind; fivell, billow; and fwim, bark:

The florm is up, and all is on the hazard.

Bru. . Ho, Lucilius, hark, a word with you.

Luc. My lord.

[Lucilius and Messala fland forth.

Caf. Messala.

[Brutus speaks apart to Lucikus.

Mef. What fays my general?

Caf. Meffala,

This is my birth-day; as this very day
Was Cassius born. Give me thy hand, Messala;
Be thou my witness, that against my will,
As Pempey was, am I compell'd to set
Upon one battle all our liberties.
You know, that I held Epicurus strong,

And his opinion: now I change my mind, And partly credit things that do presage.

The first f. worthles; the other fo's, worthin for worthles.

⁴ Here begins from the third, in P. Hi W. and Y.

e P. and all after omit Hoi

f C. omits this direction.

⁸ This direction first put in by R. which C. alters to [they converse spart.





o julius cæsar.

Coming from Sardis, on our s former ensign Two mighty eagles fell; and there they perch'd, Gorging and feeding from our soldiers' hands; Who to Philippi here consorted us: This morning are they fled away, and gone; And in their h steads do i ravens, crows, and kites, Fly o'er our heads, and downward look on us, As we were sickly prey; their shadows seem A canopy most statal, under which Our army lies, ready to give h up the ghost.

Mes. Believe not so.

Caf. I but believe it partly; For I am fresh of spirit, and resolv'd To meet all 1 perils very constantly.

Bru. Even io, " Lucilius.

Caf. Now, most noble Brutus,
The gods to-day stand friendly, that we may,
Lovers, in peace, lead on our days to age!
But since the affairs of men " rest still " uncertain,

E So the fo's and C; the rest, forem ft for former; but there was no need of this alteration; for though we now mostly use foremost when we speak of place, yet, even at this time, former is equally proper whether applied to time or place.

h The 1st and 2d fo's, fleeds for fleeds.

i W. reads ravenous for raven; for, he fays, "a raven and a crow is the "fame bird of prey: the first name ta-"ken from its nature; the other from

3.

" its voice," If this be true, the alteration feems necessary; but naturalists tell us that they are birds of different kind.

k P. T. H. and W. omit up. But, to give the ghost is fearerly English; ar least I don't recollect to have met while the phrase without up.

1 So the first f. and C; the rest, peril for perils.

m R. Lucius for Lucilius.

n The fo's, refts for reft.

. All but Co. incertain for uncerțaine

Let 's reason with the work that may befall, If we do lose this battle, then is this The very last time we shall speak together: What are you then determined to do?

Bru. Even by the rule of that philosophy. P By which I did blame Cate for the death Which he did give himfelf. I know not how, But I do find it cowardly and vile, For fear of what might fall, so to prevent The q time of life; arming myfelf with patience, To flay the providence of fome high powers, That govern us below.

Cas. Then, if we I die this battle, You are contented to be led in triumph. Thorough the " streets of Rome? Bru. No, Cassius, no: think not, thou noble Roman, That ever Brutus will go bound to Rome;

- ? The ad f. Be for By.
- 4 C. term for time.
- " W. says, " It is evident that between these words and the foregoing, 44 a fentence is dropped out to this effect

- " lated to one another." W.
- 7. in order to make the construction plain, without supposing any thing loft, includes (I know not bow, &c. to the time the 3d and 4th and R, Through; P. (not of life) in a parenthelis; but this is finding Through to measure) alters it to hard construction, for hereby he makes Along, followed by H. the participle arming to agree with the

pronoun I in the words, I am determined to do (or all) understood at the beginning of the speech; unless be makes it agree with I, in By which did blame Cato, &c. and then it will be 44 [on the contrary true courage is seen in By which I (arming myself with patience, # the arming myself with patience, &c. &c.) did blame Cato, &c. but this cannot 44 As the text stands at present, the two be the meaning of the passage. The conof different fentiments of diffile and op- struction is very easy, if we only make or probation are run together, as parts re- arming to agree with I, in But I do find. it; &c.

- . The 1st zith ad fors, loofe for lofe.
- The 1st and 2d fo's read Therow;
 - " R.'s duodecimo, fireet for fireits. He





JULIUS CÆSAR.

He bears too great a mind. But this same day Must end that work * the ides of March begun: And whether we shall meet again, I know not. Therefore our everlasting farewel take: For ever and for ever, farewel, Caffius ! If we do meet again, why, we shall smile; If not, why then, this parting was well made. Cas. For ever and for ever, farewel, Brutus! If we do meet again, we'll smile indeed; If not, kis true, this parting was well made. Bru. Why then, lead on. O that a man might know. The end of this day's business, ere it come! But it sufficeth, that the day will end, And then the end is known. Come, ho! away! [Excunt.

S C E N E II.

y The Field of Battle.

Alarums, as of a Battle join'd. Enter Brutus, and Messala.

Bru. Ride, ride, Messala, ride, and give these bills Unto the legions on the other fide: [Loud alarum. Let them fet on at once; for I perceive But cold demeanour in b Octavius' wing; And fudden push gives them the overthrow. Ride, ride, Messala; let them all come down. SExcunt.

SCENE

The three last fo's, that for the.

a C. omits this direction. x In P. H. W. and J. this is scene 4. b The fo's and R. Octavio's for Octa-

y This description of the scene put in vius'.

c For And H. reads One ; W. and J,

Z As of a battle join'd, put in by C.

SCENE III.

Another Part of the Field.

Alarums. Enter Caffius, and Titinius.

Caf. O look, Titinius, look, the villains fly!

Myfelf have to mine own turn'd enemy:

This enfign here of mine was turning back;

I flew the coward, and did take it from him.

Tit. O Caffing. Brutus gave the word too early.

Tit. O Cassius, Brutus gave the word too early; Who, having some advantage on Octavius, Took it too eagerly; his soldiers fell to spoil, Whilst we by Antony are all enclosed.

Enter Pindarus.

Pin. Fly further off, my lord, fly further off;

Mark Antony is in your tents, my lord:

Fly therefore, noble Cassius, fly far off.

Cass. This hill is far enough.—Look, look, Titinius;

Are those my tents, where I perceive the fire?

Tis. They are, my lord.

Caf. Titinius, if thou 'lov'st me,
Mount thou my horse, and hide thy spurs in him,
Till he have brought thee up to yonder troops,
And here again; that I may rest assur'd,
Whether s yond troops are friend or enemy,

⁴ This description of the scene put in are.
by C.
f The so's and R. longs for lov's.
4 P. and all after except C. were for g C. you' for youd.



134 JULIUS CÆSAR.

Tit. I will be here again, even with a thought, [Exit. Caf. Go, Pindarus, get h thither on that hill; My fight was ever thick; regard Titinius, And tell me what thou not'ft about the field.

[1 Exit Pindarus.

This day I * breathed first; time is come round, And where I did begin, there shall I end.; My life is run 1 his compass.— ** Sirrah, what news?

Pin, [n Appearing on the bill.] O my lord!

Cas. What news?

Pin, ° Titinius is enclosed round about
With horsemen, that make to him on the spur—
Yet he spurs on—Now they are almost on him—
Now Titinius—Now some light—Q he lights too—
He 's ta'en—And hark, they shout for joy. [Shout,
Cas. Come down; behold no more.—[Pindarus disappears,
O coward that I am, to live so long,
To see my best friend ta'en before my face!

Enter Pindarus.

Come hither, firrah:
In Parthia did I take thee prisoner;
And then I swore thee, saving of thy life,
That whatsoever I did bid thee do,
Thou shouldst attempt it. Come now, keep thine oath.
Now be a freeman, and with this good sword

- The first f. P. and all after him except C. read bigber for ibitber.
- i No editions have this direction but H. and C.
- k The 31 and 4th fo's, breath'd for breathed.
 - 1 P. T. H. and W. its for bis.
- ^m P. and all after except C. Now for Sureb.
- n All but H. and C. direct [above.] they, [within].
 - o Here H. and C. direct [witbin.]
- ? This direction in no edition be-

Smand

That ran through Cafar's bowels, fearch this bosom. Stand not to answer: Here, take thou the a hilts; And when my face is cover'd, as 'tis now, Guide thou the sword.—Cafar, thou are reveng'd, Even with the sword that kill'd thee.

[dies.

Pin. So, I am free; yet would not so have been, Durst I have done my will. O Cassius! Far from this country Pindarus shall run, Where never Roman shall take note of him.

Exit.

Enter Titimius, and Messala.

Mes. It is but change, Titinius; for Octavius

Is overthrown by noble Brutus' power,

As Cassius' legions are by Antony.

Tit. These tidings will well comfort Cassius.

Mes. Where did you leave him?

Tit. All disconsolate,

With Pindarus his bondman, on this hill.

Mef. Is not that he, that lies upon the ground?

Tit. He lies not like the living. O my heart!

Mes. Is not that he?

Tit. No this was he, Messala,
But Cassius is no more. O setting sun

As in thy red rays thou dost fink to night,

So in his red blood Cassius' day is set;

The ' fun of Rome is set! Our day is gone;

Clouds, dews, and dangers come; our deeds are done!

Mistrust of my success bath done this deed.

⁴ P. and all after but C. bilt for ... Here begins scene 5 in P. H. W. bilts. ... and J.

r No direction in the first f; the other the 1st f. fume; the 2d, forme; fo's direct Kills bim; R. and all after, the 3d and 4th and R.'s oftavo, foreexcept C, Kills bimfelf.



136 JULIUS CÆSAR.

Mef. Mistrust of good success hath done this deed. O hateful error, melancholy's child,
Why dost thou shew to the apt thoughts of men
The things that are not? "O error, soon conceiv'd,
Thou never com'st unto a happy birth,
But kill'st the mother that engender'd thee.

Tit. What, Pindarus! Where art thou, Pindarus?

Mef. Seek him, Titinius; whilft I go to meet

The noble Erutus, thrusting this report

Into his ears: I may say, thrusting it;

For piercing steel, and darts invenomed,

Shall be as welcome to the ears of Brutus,

As tidings of this sight.

Tit. Hye you, Meffala;
And I will feek for Pindarus the while. [Exit Moffala. Why didft thou fend me forth, brave Cassius? Did I not meet thy friends? and did not they Put on my brows this wreath of victory, And bid me give it thee? Didst thou not hear their shouts? Alas! thou hast misconstrued every thing. But hold thee, take this garland on thy brow; Thy Brutus bid me give it thee, and I Will do his bidding. Prutus, come apace, And see how I regarded Caius Cassius.—

By your leave, gods—This is a Roman's part Come, Cassius' fword, and find Titinius' heart.

[1 Stabs himself, and dies.

P. and all after except J. omit O. rection.

T. C. Wby for What. I Soahr himfelf, and, omitted in the

^{*} The fo's and R. have not this di- fo's and G.

· Enter Brutus, Messala, young Cato, Strato, Volumnius, and Lucilius.

Bru. Where, where, Meffala, doth his body lye? ...

Mef. Lo, yender, and Titinius mourning it.

· Bru. Titinius' face is upward.

Cato. He is flain.

Bru. O Julius Cafar, then art mighty yet; Thy spirit walks abroad, and turns our swords In our own proper entrails .

Cate. Brave Titimius!

Look , whe'r he have not crown'd dead Cassius!

Bru. Are yet two Romans living such as these?-

E Thou last of all the Romans, fare thee well!

It is impossible that ever Rome

Should breed thy fellow. Friends, I owe d more tears

To this dead man, than you shall see me pay.

I shall find time, Cassius, I shall find time.

Come therefore, and to e Thasses send his body,

His funeral shall not be in our camp,

2 All but C. before the entrance di- " reftored the text, Theffer.-Therfus selt Alerem, which is improper here,

* Here all but C. direct Low Ala-

The fo's and R. read where; P. and "Thrace, where they were now inall after except C, if for whe'r; whe'r is C's emendation, subether contracted. " was a little ifle lying close upon c The fo's, The for Thou.

d The aft and 2d fo's, me; the 3d and 4th, mor for mere.

Therfus. T. lays, " The whole tenor of " Cassius, &c." T. ff history warrants us to write, as I have

" was a town of Cilicia, in Afia Miner:

" and is it probable, Brutus could think

" of fending Coffins's body thither out of

" camp'd? Theffer, on the contrary,

" Thrace, and at but a fmall diftance

" from Philippi, to which the body

" might very commodiously be trans-

e The fo's, R. and P. for Thaffer read es ported. Vid. Plutarch, Appian, Dies

All before P. funerals for funeral

TULTUS C用SAR +35

Last át discomfort us. .. Lucilius, comes: And come, young Cate; let us to the field; E Laber and b Flavins, fot our battles on 'Tis three o'clock; and, Remens, yet ere night We shall try fortune in a second fight. Exagnt.

SCENE IV.

* Another Part of the Field.

Alarum. Enter, figlting, Soldiers of both Armies; then Brutus, " Messala, Cato, Lucilius, and Flavius.

Bru. Yet, countrymen, O yet hold up your heads! Cate. What bastard doth not? - Who will go with me? I will proclaim my name about the field— I am the son of Marcus Cate, ho! A foe to tyrants, and my country's friend; I am the fon of Marcus Cate, ho!

In charges the retiring enemy. Bru. And I am Brutus, Mareus Brutus, I; Brates, my country's friend; know me for Brutus, [o charges them in another part, and exit, driving them in, The party charged by Cato rally, and Cato falls.

Labre for Labre,

h The 1st f. Flavie for Flavius.

i This foene 7. in P. H. W. and J.

h The fo's and R. have no description of the scene; P. and all after ex- fight. cept C. describe it, The feld of battel.

1 The words, fighting, Soldiers of both but C, direct only, Exit.

E The fols, R. P. and T.'s octave, Armies; then, not in any edition before C. m C. omits Meffila and Flavius out of this entrance; and, after Lucilius, adds, and Orbers.

n All but C. direct, Enter Soldiers and

O No direction in the fo's: All elfe

Lucil.

Lucil. O young and mobile Cate, art:then down ? ... Why, now thou dyest as bravely as Titinius; And may'ft be henoured, being Cate's fon.

1 Sold. Yield, or thou dyest:

Lucil. P Only I yield to dye:

There is so much, that thou wilt kill me straight;

[Offering money.

- Kill Brutus, and be honourd in his death.
 - I Sold. We must not A noble prisoner !!
 - 2 Sold. Room, ho! tell Antony, Brutus is ta'en,
- , a Sold, I'll tell " the news Here comes the general -Enter Antony.

Brutus is ta'en, Brutus is ta'en, my lord.

Ant. Where is he?

[they frow Lucilius.

Lucil. Safe, Antony, Brutus is safe enough:

I dare assure thee, that no enemy

P H. reads I sply for Only I.

* W. supposes something lost before this line, and that as it stands it is uning telligible : therefore thinks it appears probable, that when Lusidus had faid, aply I yield to die; the foldier, by a very natural curiofity, pertinently demanded, Whater there was yet much refisance on the part of the enemy? To which Lucithus, who had a mind to die, as perti- Brutus, as a further inducement to the pently answer'd,

There is so much, that thou wilt kill me straight; i. e. so much resistance still on foot, that thou wilt shoole to rid me out of the way, that thou may ft go, without the embarras of prisoners, to the af-

Monce of thy friends who fill went it.

To which Heath answers, that the sense is plain enough, without supposing any thing loft, vis. There is so much money for thes, an eastition that then wilt hill me fixeight. Heath in logs

- This direction put in by J.
- ³ Lucilius here pretends that he is Soldier to kill him.
 - t After not C. inferts fir.
- u All but C. direct Automy to enter
- " The fo's, R. and P.'s quarto, thes for the.
 - " This direction first given by &

Shall



1289

JULIUSIC ÆSAR,

Shall ever take alive the noble Brutus:

The gods defend him from so great a shame!

When you do find him, 7 or alive, or dead,

He will be found like Brutus, like himself.

Ant. This is not Brutus, friend; but, I assure you,
A prize no less in worth: keep this man safe,
Give him all kindness: I had rather have
Such men my friends than enemies. Go on,
And see wher Brutus be alive or dead:
And bring us word unto Octavius tent,
How!every thing is chanc'd.

SCENE V.

. Another Part of the Field.

Enter Brutus, Dardanius, Clitus, Strate, and Volumquis.

Bru. Come, poor remains of friends, rest on this rock.

Cli. Statilius shew'd the torch-light; but, my lord,

He came not back; he is or ta'en, or slain.

Bru. Sit thee down, Clitus: Slaying is the word;

It is a deed in fashion. Hark thee. Clitus. [4 wbispering.]

Cli. What I, my lord? No not for all the world.

Bru. Peace then, no words.

Cli,

J W. omits or.

The fo's and R. read where; P. and all after except C. if for whe'r.

A The three last fo's omit word.

This scene 8 in P. H. W. and J.

c No description of scene in the fo's

d This direction first given by R.

Cli. I'll rather kill myself.

. Bru. Hark thee, Dardanius.

[whispering.

Dar. Shall I do fuch a deed?

Cli. O Dardanius.

Dar. O. Clitus!

Cli. What ill request did Brutus make to thee ?

Dar. To kill him, Clitus: look, he meditates.

Cli. Now is that noble vessel full of grief,

That it runs over even at his eyes.

Bru. Come hither, good Volumnius, list a word.

Vol. What fays my lord?

Bru. Why, this, Volumnius:

The ghost of Cafar hath appear'd to me

Two several times by night; at Sardis once,

And this last night here in Philippi-fields:

I know my hour is come.

Vol. Not fo, my lord.

Bru. Nay, I am fure it is, Volumniat.

Thou seeft the world, Volumnius, how it goes;

Our enemies have beat us to the pit:

[* low alarums,

It is more worthy to leap in ourselves,

Than tarry till they push us. Good Volumnius,

Thou know it that we two went to ichool together;

Even for that our love of old, I h pr'ythee,

Hold thou my i fword's hilt, k whilft I run on it.

Vol. That 's not an office for a friend, my ford.

[Alarums fill.

ψĻ.

ther in the fo's and R.

² No direction here before C.

f P. and all after omit Shall.

⁷ E' P. and all after except C. omit low.

h C. pray thee for prythee; it is pre- cept G, while for while.

¹ The 1st and 2d fo's, fourd collector found's bits.

^{*} The two left fo's, and all after tx-

Gli.

JULIUS CÆSAR.

Cli. Fly, fly, my lord; there is no tarrying here.

Bru. Farewel to you—and you—and you, Volumius—

Strate, thou hast been all this while asteep;

Farewel to thee too, Strate—Countrymen,

My heart doth joy, that yet " in all my life,

I found no man, but he was true to me.

I shall have glory by this " losing day,

More than Octavius, and Mark Antony,

By this vile conquest, shall attain unto.

So, fare you well at once; for Bratas' tongue

Hath almost ended his " life's history:

Night hangs upon mine eyes, my bones would rest,

That have but labourd to attain this hour.

Alarums. Cry within, Fly, fly, fly

Cli. Fly, my lord, fly.

Bru. Hence; I will follow. [4 Breum Ch. Dat. and Vol. I pr'ythee, Strate, stay thou by thy lord:
Thou art a fellow of a good respect;
Thy life hath had some smatch of honour * in it:
Post then my sword, and turn away thy face,
While I do run upon it. Wilt thou, Smate?

Stra. Give me your hand first: Fare you well, my lood.

Bru. Farewel, good Strate-- Gasar, now be still;

I kill'd not thee with half to good a will.

[runs on bie firstd, and dies.

- 7 All before T. read, Farewel to thee, D-Sunts, do.
 - The three last fo's omit in.
 - * The fo's, looking for losing.
 - The fo's, there for life's,
- C After follow Ps and all after add thee.
 - 4 This direction first given by &.
- e P. and all after except C. in 't for in it.
 - The fo's direct only, dies.

Alarumi.

Alarums. Retreat. Enter Octavius, Antony, and their Army, Lucillius, and Messala.

Oa. What man is that?

Mef. My master's man. Strato, where is thy master?

Stra. Free from the bondage you are in, Meffala;

The conquerors can but make a fire of him: .

For Brutus only overcame himself,

And no man else hath honour by his death.

Lucil. So Brutus should be found. I thank thee, Brutus, That thou hast prov'd Lucilius' saying true.

Os. All that serv'd Brutus, I will entertain them.

Fellow, wilt thou bestow thy time with me?

Stra. Ay, if Messala will prefer me to you.

· Oct. Do so, good Messala.

Mef. How dy'd my h mafter, Strate?

Stra. I held the fword, and he did run on it.

- Mef. Octavius, 4 then take him to follow thee,

That did the latest service to my master.

Ant. This was the noblest Roman of them all:
All the conspirators, save only he,
Did that they did, in envy of great Casar;
He only in a general honest thought,
And common good to all, made one of them.
His life was gentle; and the elements
So mixt in him, that nature might stand up,
And say to all the world, This was a man.

[&]amp; C. omits good.

read lord for mafter.

h So the 1st f and C; the 2d f. omits I H. reads take bim then for then take wester; the 3d and all the other editions bim.

JULIUS CÆSAR,

Od. According to his virtue let us use him, With all respect, and rites of burial. Within my tent his bones to-night shall lye, Most like a soldier, order'd honourably. So call the field to rest; and let 's away, To part the glories of this happy day.

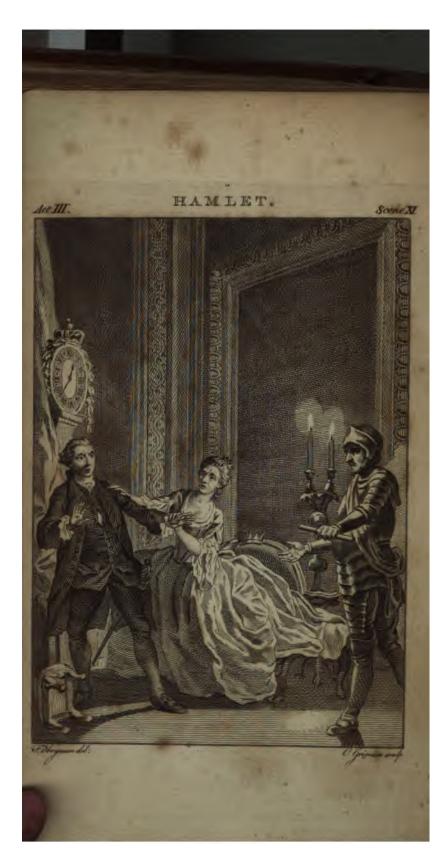
[Encunt omnes

FINIS

HAMLET,

PRINCE OF DENMARK.

TRAGEDY.



HAMLET,

PRINCE OF DENMARK.

A TRAGEDY.

BY WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

COLLATED WITH

THE OLD AND MODERN EDITIONS.



LONDON,

PRINTED BY W. BOWYER AND J. NICHOLS:

AND SOLD BY W. OWEN, BETWEEN THE TEMPLE-GATES, FLEET-STREET.

MDCCLXXIII.



TRAGEDY OF HAMLET, PRINCE OF DENMARK.

EDITIONS COLLATED.

Prince of Denmarke. By Williams Shakespeare. Newly imprinted and enlarged to almost as much againe as it was, according to the true and perfect Coppie. At London, Printed by J. R. for N. L. and are to be sold at his shoppe vnder Saint Dunston's Church in Fleet-street, 1604.

2d Quarto. The Tragedy of Hamlet Prince of Denmarke. By William Shakespeare. Newly imprinted and enlarged to almost as much againe as it was, according to the true and perfect Coppy. At London, Printed for John Smethwicke, and are to be sold at his shoppe in Saint Dunston's Church Yeard in Fleet-street. Vnder the Diall. 1611.

3d Quarto. The Tragedy of Hamlet Prince of Denmark. Newly imprinted and inlarged, according to the true and perfect Copy last Printed. By William Shakespeare. London, Printed by R. Young

^{*} No Copy so old as this seems to have been known by sny of the modern Editors or Commentators; they mention none older shan 1605.



EDITIONS COLLATED.

for John Smethwicke, and are to be fold at his Shop in Saint Dunstan's Church-yard in Fleet-street, under the Diall. 1637.

1st Folio. Heminge and Candell, Editors. London, Printed by Isaac Jaggard and Edward Blount. 1623. 2d Folio. The same Editors. London, Printed by Thomas Cotes and John Smethwicke, 1632.

3d Folio. The same Editors. London, Printed for Philip Chetwinde, 1664.

4th Folio. The same Editors. London, Printed for H. Herringman, E. Brewster and R. Bentley, 1685.

Octavo, Row's, London, 1709.

Duodecimo, Rowe's, ditto, 1714.

Large Quarto, Pope's, ditto, 1723.

Duodecimo, Pope's, ditto, 1728.

Octavo, Theobald's, ditto, 1733.

Duodecimo, Theobald's, ditto, 1740.

Large Quarto, Hanmer's, Oxford, 1744.

Octavo, Warburton's, London, 1747.

Ditto, Johnson's, ditto, 1765.

Ditto, Steevens's, ditto, 1766.

Capel's, without date.

• N. B. As Success publishes from the quartos, for brevity's sake, I take no notice of him but when he omits giving the various readings of those quarto editions he professes to collate: and it is to be understood, when I say the quartos read so or so, that I include him with them, if he is not mentioned.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

```
Appears Act. I. Sc. 2. Act II. Sc. 3, 4. Act III. Sc. 1, 3, 6, 7, 9, 10. Act V. Sc. 2. 5.
Claudius, King of Denmark,
Fortinbras, Prince of Norway, A& IV. Sc. 4. A& V. Sc. 6.
Hamlet, Son to the former, Act I. Sc. 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9. Act II, Sc. and Nephew to the prefent King.

Act II. Sc. 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9. Act III. Sc. 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11. Act IV. Sc. 2, 3, 4. Act V. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.
Polonius, Lord Chamberlain, { Act I. Sc. 2, 6. Act II. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 7. Act III. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 11.
                                                      Act I. Sc. 1, 4, 7, 9. Act III. Sc. 5, 4, 7, 8. Act IV. Sc. 5, 8. Act V. Sc.
 Heratie, Friend to Hamlet,
                                                            z, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.
                                                        Ac I. Sc. 2, 5, 6. Act
10. Act V. Sc. 2, 5.
                                                                                    A& IV. Sc. 6, 7, 9,
Laertes, Son to Polonius,
                                                        Act. I. Sc. 2. Act. II. Sc. 4.
Act I. Sc. 2. Act. II. Sc. 4.
Voltimand,
                                                       Act II. Sc. 3, 6, 7. Act III. Sc. 1, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9. Act IV. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4. Act III. Sc. 3, 6, 7. Act III. Sc. 1, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9. Act IV. Sc. 1, 2, 3.
    Corneelius,
                                Courtiers,
e Rosencraus,
· Guildenstern,
Ofrick, a Fop,
                                                      AA V. Sc. 4, 5, 6.
Marcellus, an Officer,
                                                      A& I. Sc. 1, 4, 7, 9.
· Bernardo, }
                                                        A& I. Sc. 1. 4.
                         two Soldiers,
Francisco,
                                                        A& I. Sc. 1.
Reynalde, Servant to Polonius, A& II. Sc. 1.
```

- a The qu's spell this name, Fortinbraffe and Fortenbraffe.
- b First and 2d qu's, Valtemand; 3d q. and 1ft f. Voltemond.
- c The 1st f. spells, Rosincrans, Rosincran, and Rosincrance. The 2d, 3d and 4th f. Rosincras; R. and P, Rosincrans in the Dram. Per. but Rosincross in the body of the Play. T.-W. and J, Rosincrans in the Dram. Per. but Rosincrans in the body of the Play. H. Rosincrosse.
- 4 The qu's, Guylden flerne; the 1ft f. Guilden flern and Guilden flerne; the other fo's, Guilden fler and Guilden flere.
 - . The qu's and fo's, Barnarde.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

A Captain under Fortinbras, SAR IV. Sc. 4.

Ghost of Hamlet's Father,

A& I. Sc. 1,7,8. A& III. Sc. 11.

F Gertrude, Q. of Denmark, A& I. Sc. 2. A& II. Sc. 3, 4. A& III. Sc. 1, 6, 7, 11. A& IV. Sc. 1, 5, 6, 7, 10. A& V. Sc. 2, 5.

Ophelia, Daughter to Polonius, \$ Ad 1. Sc. 5, 6. Ad II. Sc. 2. Ad III. Sc. 3. Ad IV. Sc. 5, 7.

Ladies attending on the Queen.

Players,

A& II. Sc. 7. A& III. Sc. 4, 7, 8.

Gravemakers,

} A& V. Sc. 1.

Sailors,

} A& IV. Sc. 8.

Messengers, and other Attendants.

SCENE, ELSINOOR.

This Story is taken from the Danish History, written by Saxo Grammaticus. H.

5 The qu's, Gertrard and Gertrad.

The qu's and fo's read I for Ay thro' the whole Play; and frequently then for

a sketch

δc.

A

8 K E T C H

O F

THE PLAY.

ACT I.

- Sc. I. A Platform before the palace. Enter Ber. and Fran. two centinels; Fran. is relieved by Her. and Mar. Talk about a ghoft having appeared. Her. is incredulous. Enter ghoft. They perceive it to be like the deceased king. Her. speaks to it. It stalks away without answering. They conjecture about the ghost, and the warlike preparations that are making in Denmark. The ghost appears again. Her. conjures it to speak, but in vain. The cock crows: It vanishes. Talk hereupon. Her. and Mar. agree to tell Ham. of the ghost. Exeunt.
- Sc. II. The palace. Enter king, queen, Hum. Pol. Laer. Vol. Cor. lords, and attendants. King's speech, of the death of the late king, and of his marriage with his widow; of negotiations with the court of Norway; [Excunt Vol. and Cor. as ambassadors to Nor-

way]



- way] of Laer.'s departing for France. Ham.'s forrow for the death of his father: Is disfluaded from going to Wittenburg. Exeunt.
- Sc. III. Manet Ham. His foliloquy; On the baseness of human nature, and the frailty of his mother the queen, in so soon forgetting her former husband the late king, and incestuously marrying his brother the present king, with a comparison between them to the disadvantage of the latter.
- Sc. IV. To Ham. enter Hor. Ber. and Mar. They acquaint Ham. with the appearance of the ghost. He determines to watch with them, that if it appeared again, he might see, and speak to it. Exeunt.
- Sc. V. An apartment in Pol.'s house. Enter Laer. and Oph. Laer.'s instructions to her in the matter of Ham.'s love.
- Sc. VI. To them enter Pol. He instructs Laer. how to behave in the foreign country whither he is travelling. Laer. takes his leave. Talk between Pol. and Oph. about Ham.'s amorous addresses to her; which he advises her not to regard.
- Sc. VII. The platform before the palace. Enter Ham. Hor. and Mar. Talk of the drunkenness of the Danes. Ghost appears. Ham. speaks to it. It beckons him. He follows it. Exeunt.
- Sc. VIII. Re-enter ghost and Ham. It tells him, it is the ghost of his father, and relates that, sleeping in his orchard, he was possoned with juice of Hebanon pour'd in his ears, by Ham.'s uncle, the present king; and advises him to be revenged on the murtherer; but not to contrive any punishment for the queen, leaving her only to the stings of her own conscience.

conscience. Exit ghost. Ham.'s soliloquy. He swears to revenge his father's death.

Sc. IX. Her. and Mar. who had followed Ham. at a diftance, came up with him, and are inquisitive about what passed between him and the ghost. He eyades fatisfying them, and makes them swear to be secret in what they had seen; and if he should hereaster feign madness, they should by no token whatever discover the fraud. Exeunt.

ACT II.

- Sc. I. An apartment in Pol.'s house, Enter Pol. and Reyn.

 Pol. gives money and notes to Rey. to deliver to

 Laer. and bids him make enquiry into the conduct

 and behaviour of Laer. abroad. Exit Rey.
- Sc. II. To Pol. enter Oph. She relates a visit she had received from Ham. wherein he appeared to be mad. Pol. concludes that 'tis for love of Oph. he hath run mad; and determines to acquaint the king hereof. Exeunt.
- Sc. III. The palace. Enter king, queen, Ros. Guil. lords, and other attendants. King mentions Ham.'s madness, and desires Ros. and Guil. to accompany him; and, if possible, to find out the cause of his madness. [Exeunt Ros. and Guil.] Enter Pol. with news of the ambassador's return. He tells the king he thinks he hath found the cause of Ham.'s lunacy. Exit Pol.
- Sc. IV. Re-enter Pol. with ambassadors, who end their bufiness with the king. Pol. proceeds to shew the cause of Ham.'s madness; reads a letter from Ham.



to Oph. It is agreed to try Ham. with Oph. by turning them together, and watching them. Exeunt king and queen.

- Sc. V. Enter Ham. reading. Pol. accosts him. Ham. talks wildly to him. Exit Pol.
- Sc. VI. Enter Ros. and Guil. Ham. founds them on the occasion of their being at Denmark, and finds they were fent for by the king. Talk of the players, who are expected.
- Sc. VII. Enter Pol. with the news of players being arrived.

 Enter players. Ham. welcomes them. Asks for a speech from one of them. The speech. Enquires if they can act Gonzago, and tells them he will infert a short speech therein for them to study. Execut.
- Sc. VIII. Manet Hamlet. His foliloquy; on the behaviour of the player under a feigned passion, compared with his own under a real one. The effect of stage-playing so great, that guilty persons have, by the cunning of the scene, been induced to confess their crimes. He determines to have something played like the murther of his father, before his uncle and from his behaviour under the play to judge of his guilt.

A C T III.

So. I. The palace. Enter king, queen, Pol. Oph. Rof. Guil. and lords. Talk of Ham.'s madness; the cause not discovered. Exit queen; and Ham.'s trial with Oph. comes on, Exeunt all but Oph.

Sc. II.

- Sc. II. Oph. with a book. Enter Ham. His foliloquy of life, and diffolution: discovers Oph. talks rudely with her; and bids her get to a numery. Exit Ham. Oph.'s soliloquy on Ham.'s noble perfections, overthrown by madness.
- Sc. III. Enter king and Pol. who had overheard what passed between Ham. and Oph. King concludes that love is not the cause of his madness: Counsels with Pol. about sending him to England for the demand of tribute; which Pol. agrees to, provided his mother the queen cannot by conference with him discover the cause of his griefs. Pol. proposes to be secretly a witness of this conference. Exeunt.
- Sc. IV. Enter Ham. and the players. His inftructions to them. Execunt players. Enter Pol. Ref. and Guil. with news that the king and queen will hear the play. Execunt.
- Sc. V. To Ham. enter Hor. Ham.'s commendations of Hor,'s virtues. Begs him to eye the king at the play, and note his behaviour.
- So. VI. Enter king, queen, Pol. Oph. Rof. Guil. lords, as to the play. Hamlet's mad talk: to the king, to Pol. to Oph.
- Sc. VII. Dumb shew enters. Enter player king and queen, very lovingly embracing. King lies down on a bank of flowers. She seeing him asseep leaves him. Anon comes in a sellow, takes off his coronet, kisses it, and pours poison in the king's ears and Exit. The queen returns, finds the king dead, and makes passionate action. The poisoner, with two or three mutes, comes in again, seeming to lament her. The dead body is carried away.

The



The poisoner wooes the queen with gifts, she seems unwilling awhile, but in the end accepts his love. Execut dumb shew. Prologue to the play. Play begins. Enter player king and queen. King hath been 30 years married to the queen. Queen's protestation of inviolable love to him. King is infirm, and expects to die soon: mentions her marrying another husband, which she protests against, with oaths and imprecations. King sleeps. Queen leaves him. Enter Lucianus, nephew to the king. Pours poison in the king's ears.

Here the play is broke off by the king's rifing and discovering marks of terror. Exeunt.

- Sc. VIII. Manent Ham. and Hor. From the king's behaviour at the play, they conclude him guilty, and the ghost's words true. Enter Ros. and Guil. who brings news that the king is out of order; and that the queen desires to speak with Ham. in her chamber before bed-time. They sound Ham. about his distemper, but meet with a sharp rebuff. Enter Pol. to tell Ham. the queen waits for him. Execunt all but Ham. His soliloouy before going to his mother. Exit.
- Sc. IX. Enter king, Rof. and Guil. The king determines to fend Ham. to England with all speed, and orders Rof. and Guil. to attend him. Exeunt Rof. and Guil. Enter Pol. with advice that Ham. is going to his mother's closet, and that he (Pol.) will hide himself behind the arras to hear their conference. Exit. King's soliloouy on his crimes of ambition, murther and incest; addresses himself to prayer and repentance, but inessectually.

 Sc. X.

- Sc. X. The king kneeling, Ham. enters. Ham. is inclined to make use of this opportunity, to kill him; but deliberates that this is not a proper time while he is praying, for then should he send his soul to heaven; but since he kill'd his sather unprepared, he will wait a more proper time for his revenge, when the king shall be engaged in some debauchery that may unsit him for heaven. Exeunt.
- Sc. XI. Enter queen and Pol. Pol. tells her Ham. is coming, and hides himself. Enter Ham. He begins roughly with the queen. She cries out. Pol. calls for help behind the arras. Ham. kills him; not knowing it to be Pol. Ham. proceeds to call the queen to account, for marrying his uncle and the murderer of his father. Produces two pictures, one of his uncle, the other of his father, and makes a comparison between them, which affects the queen. While he is inveighing against his uncle, enter ghost. He asks the ghost the cause of its second appearance, which answers that it is come to put him in mind of his promised revenge. Exit ghost. The queen, to whom the ghost was invisible, imputes Ham.'s holding discourse with varancy (as she thought) to his madness. Ham. convinces her that he is not mad in reality, but in craft. that he has killed Pol. Exeunt Ham. in tugging out Pol.

ACT IV.

Sc. I. A royal apartment. Enter king and queen. Queen acquaints the king with *Ham.'s* having killed *Pol.* King.



King calls Rof. and Guil. whom he fends to fearch for Ham. and the dead body. Exeunt.

- Sc. II. Enter Ham. and after him Rof. and Guil. They ask him what he has done with the dead body, but he does not satisfy them. Exeunt.
- Sc. III. Enter king. Resolves that Ham. shall be sent away suddenly, but that it must not appear so to the people. Enter Ros. Tells the king that Ham. is without, guarded. Enter Ham. and Guil. King gets from Ham. where he has laid the body. Tells him he must strait for England. Ham. takes his leave. King directs Ros. and Guil. to follow him. Exeunt. Manet king, who in a soliloquy discovers that Ham. is sent to England to be murthered, Exit.
- bras with an army. Bids a captain go and claim a march through the kingdom. Exeunt Fort. and army. Manet captain. Enter Ham. Rof. Ham. enquires of the captain, whose was the army and whither purposed. Captain tells him 'tis Fortinbras's army, and designed for Poland. Exeunt. Manet Ham. His solikoquy. Blames himself for not having yet executed his revenge; and resolves to fix his mind more strongly on it.
 - Sc. V. A palace. Enter queen and a gentleman, who acquaints her that *Oph*. is diffracted, and wants admiffion to her. The queen at first refuses to see her, but afterwards admits her. Enter *Oph*. singing diffractedly, during which enter king. After further wild behaviour, exit *Oph*. King orders her to be followed and watched. Resects on the death of

Pel.

- Pol. and his private interment, the madness of Oph. Lacrtes's coming from France, and the animofities that may arise among the people on these accounts. A noise within.
- Sc. VI. Enter messenger, who acquaints the king, that Laeris come with a riotous rabble, who proclaim him
 king. The doors are broke open. Enter Laerdemands satisfaction, and vows to revenge his father's death.
- Sc. VII. Enter Oph. fantastically drest with straws and stowers, singing and talking wildly. Laer. is surther moved by this scene to his revenge; and the king promises him satisfaction from the offender. Ex-
- Sc. VIII. Enter Hor. and failors, who bring him a letter from Ham. with news that Ham. in his passage to England, was taken prisoner by pirates, who use him kindly, and desiring Hor. to repair speedily to him. Exeunt.
- Sc. IX. Enter king and Laer. Further talk of Pol.'s death and Oph.'s madness, and Laert.'s resolution to revenge. Enter messenger with letters from Hamlet, importing his being set on shore in Denmark, and that he will see the king on the morrow. [Exit messenger.] Who proposes a scheme for Laert.'s revenge on Ham. by engaging Ham. in a trial of skill at soils with Laer.; and Laer. is to make choice of an unbated sword, so that in the action Laer. may kill Ham. Laer. further improves upon this murderous scheme, by telling the king he will poison the point of his sword, so that if he but slightly wounded Ham. he would die.

Sc. X.

Sc. X. Effer queen, with the news that Oph. while climbing to hang a garland of flowers, she had made, on a willow that hung over a brook, fell into the brook and was drowned. Execut.

ACT V.

- Sc. I. A church. Enter two clowns, with spades and mattocks to dig Ophelia's grave. Humorous talk of self-murder, &c. Exit 2d clown. Enter Ham. and Her. First clown sings. Ham.'s reflections on death—talk with the clown.
- Sc. II. Enter king, queen, Laer. and a coffin, with lords and priests attendant, to the burial of Oph. Laer. leaps into the grave. Ham. follows. Laer. grapples with him. The attendants part them. Execunt.
- Sc. III. A hall in the palace. Enter Ham. and Hor. Ham. tells Hor. of the king's villainy in fending him to England to be murdered, and of the way he escaped.
- Sc. IV. Enter Ofrick—tells, that the king hath laid a wager on Ham.'s head against Laer. of their skill in the rapier. Ham. accepts the challenge.
- Sc. V. Enter king, queen, Laer. lords, with other attendants, with foils and gantlets. A table, and flagons of wine on it. King gives Ham. Laer.'s hand in token of friendship. Ham. begs him pardon for the wrongs he had done. They play. Ham. gives the first hit. King drinks to him, and offers him, a poisoned cup. Ham. resules to drink.

Gets

Gets the second hit. The queen drinks to Ham.'s fortune out of the poisoned cup. Play again. Laer. wounds Ham. Then in seufsling they change rapiers, and Ham. wounds Laer. Queen dies, faying she is poisoned with the drink. Laer. tells Ham. that his (Laer.'s) foil was invenomed at the point, and that both will infallibly die with the prick. Ham. stabs the king. King dies. Laer. dies. Ham. finding death approaching, takes his leave of Hor. Hor. takes the poisoned cup to drink, which Ham. fnatches out of his hand; begging Hor. that he would live to report his tale, and do justice to his memory.

Sc. VI. Enter Ofr. with news that young Fortinbras is come a victor from Poland. Ham. propheties that the election for king of Denmark will fall on Fortinbras, and gives him his vote. Ham. dies. Enter Fortinbras, and English ambassadors, with the news that Ros. and Guil. are dead, as by order of the king. Hor. gives orders that the dead bodies be placed to view on a stage, and says he will relate the causes of this bloody scene. Bodies are taken up. Exeunt marching: after which a peal of ordnance is shot off.

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E

PRINCE OF DENMARK.

A C T.

SCENE

* A Plat-form before the Palace.

Enter Bernardo and Francisco, two Centinels.

Bernardo.

HO's there?

Francisco

Nay answer e me. Stand and unfold yourself.

Ber. Long live the king!

Fran. Bernardo?

. Ber. He.

Fran. You come most a carefully upon your hour.

- qu's or fo's.
- c The emphasis should be laid on the king. word me; for Francisco is the centinel d The 3d and 4th fo's read chara-

upon guard; therefore he, and not Ber- fully.

* The scene is not described in the nords, had the right of infilling upon the watch-word; which we find by First and second qu's, Whose there? Bernardo's answer to be, Long live the

Ber.

Ecr. 10. how four & twente; get thee to bed, from

I and lost to react much thank. Tis inner the

Le l'aite foit at leurt.

Even Land you was quit guard?

Fan. . . a though latting.

E. v d , goo .- 1. gir.

I' you do much the was and Men course.

The transferry mater, and them make hance

Later Hocatio and Niarcein. .

Franch than a mean than to Stand, & in the Wine is then

For the in to the ground. Share have a go men to the Lane.

Fran. Garage good night

Islat. O., in one, nobelt 'tolder! Who hath reliev's wee

Fran. Erinards naturally places. Give you good night

[Exit] rancita

Mur. Hours : kurmed.

Ler. Say, Was, . Haratio there?

Hor. i. * piece of him.

Err. Vichome, Harata; welcome, good Marcelta.

1 Mur. Will, him this thing appear'd again to-night -

Chart qui transfe has emplose

1 Kit at the former. W.

By record of the world are thoused those who were to match on one next adjustebing groups. Besonds are the graganal finds of the world, were the grape atoms of world-hamaing lands, graped and the babins he which hidonized agandly on these.

We recall of my worth. That is, if we who see to competition with me, one to distribute their duty with most a choice forth's Burgles, in long

The lo's R. and P. comtor '

b The to's and P. mai Was to Who is.

1 he qu's read faultiers.

A But why a pice? He fire than a lie gives him head. Which dissolities should be marked.

This is a common humanous expedtion, and inclusive so indication of giving the head at the fame time. Electin line,

l 'l'ha qu'e, Clo, gère this Speech to Blorario, Ber. I have seen nothing.

Mar. Horatio fays, 'tis but " our phantaly, And will not let belief take hold of him, Touching this dreaded a fight, twice seen of us; Therefore I have entreated him, along With us to watch the minutes of this night; That if again this apparition come, He may approve our eyes, and speak to it. Her. Tush, tush, 'twill not appear.

Ber. Sit down awhile,

And let us once again affail your ears, That are so fortified against our story.

P Mar. What we have two nights seen-Her. Well, fit we down.

And let us hear Bernarde speak of this.

Ber. Last night of all, When 4 you same star, that's westward from the pole, Had made his course 't' illume that part of heav'n

- W.
- o This passage I have ventured to point in a different manner from all editions on which Marcellus eagerly lays to Hobefore; as the true sense hereby appears more clearly.
- P This line, which all the former editions have made a part of Bernarde's " rupting him) I have heard the flory speech, H. seems justly to have given to " of this ghost from you, Marcellus, al-Marcellen; though J. thinks, without neceffity. But can we suppose, that when " Bernardo has to affirm about it." A Bernardo it beginning to speak about the whoft, Mestio would interrupt him, and say, Well, fit we down and let as bear Bernardo speak of chie? This beltaviour must be very abfurd.-The matter &

m The 2d and 3d qu's read a for our. plainly as follows. Horatio is incredun Perhaps Shakespeare wrose spright. lous, Bernardo says, " Sit down, let us " endeavour to convince you, Horathe. " of the truth of this apparition." Upratio, " What we have ruo nights feen," and attest to the truth of, sure you may believe. " Well (fays Horacle, inter-" ready; let us fit down and hear what must be a very dust understanding that can perceive no nescribty of H.'s altera-

- 4 Qu's and Ift and ad fo's, yend.
- ! Third q. t' illumine.

Where

A 2



H M L E T.

Where now it burns, Marcellus and myself, The bell then beating one-

Enter the Ghoft.

Mar. Peace, break thee off; look where it comes again.

Ber. In the same figure, like the king that's dead.

Mar. Thou art a scholar, speak to it, Heratie.

Ber. Looks it not like the king? mark it, Heratio.

Hor. Most like: it tharrows me with fear and wonder.

Ber. It would be spoke to.

Mar. " Speak to it, Horatio.

Hor. What art thou that usurp'st this time of night,

Together with that fair and warlike form,

In which the majesty of buried Denmark

Did " fometimes march? by heav'n I charge thee speak.

Mar. It is offended.

Ber. See! it stalks away.

* Hor. Stay; speak; speak; I charge thee, speak.

[Exit Gheft.

Mar. 'Tis gone, and will not answer.

Ber. How now, Horatio? you tremble and look pale.

Is not this fomething more than phantafy?

What think you y on 't?

Hor. Before my God, I might not this believe,

* The 2d and 3d qu's and S. omit this line. In the first q. and all the times. P. and the subsequent editions, other editions it is inserted; the words, . impertinent without it. The first q. reads Lookes a not, &c. .. , ..

. t The qu's read, borrowes; all the reft, barrows.

u The fo's and R. read, Question it, Horatio.

:·_-

W The qu's, fo's, R. and C. read forcefometime.

Most like, in the next speech, would be x So all the editions before P. who alters it to,

> . Stay; speak; I charge thee, speak. and is followed by the editors after him, except C.

y So the first q. the fo's, R. and C. the raft of it for on 't.

Without



Ţ

5

ACT'I. SCENE I.

Without the femable and * true avouch Of mine own eyes.

Mar. Is it not like the king?

Hor. As thou art to thyself.

Such was the a very armour he had on,
When b he th' ambitious *Norway* combated:
So frown'd he once, when in an angry parle,
He smote the c sleaded d *Pelack* on the ice.
'Tis strange—

Mar. Thus twice before, and • just at this f dead hour, With martial stalk, hath he gone by our watch.

Hor. In what particular thought to work, I know not; But in the gross and scope of my s opinion, This bodes some strange eruption to our state.

Mar. Good now fit down; and tell me, he that knows, Why this fame strict and most observant watch
So nightly toils the h subject of the land?
And why such daily k cost of brazen cannon,
And foreign mart for implements of war?
Why such impress of ship-wrights, whose fore task
1 Does not divide the sunday from the week?

- 2 W. try'd for time.
- 2 The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's omit very.
- b The fo's omit be.
- The fo's and R. read fledded, fleaded, or fledded, carried on a flead or fledge.
- d The qu's and three first so's read Pollax; the 4th f. Poleaxe. Polack an inhabitant of Poland, from the French Polacque. J.
 - The qu's and C. read jump for juft.
- f The 3d q. three last fo's, and R. read fame for dead.

- F Qu's mine.
- h So all before P. who reads fubjett; followed by the reft except C. But jubjett feems here a noun of multitude, the fubjett part of the land.
- i Qu's with. Which reading will bear, otherwise pointing.
- k So the qu's; the rest east. They might not have the art of casting cannon; if so, they consequently must buy it.
 - 1 The 3d and 4th f. Dos's for Does.

M.

What

A 3



HAMLET.

What might be toward, that this fweaty hafte
Doth make the night joint m labourer with the day,
Who is't that can inform me?

Hor. That can I:

6.

At least the whisper goes so: Our last king, Whose image a even but now appear'd to us, Was, as you know, by Fortinbras of Norway, Thereto prickt on by a most emulate pride, Dar'd to the o combat. In which, our valiant Hamles (For so this side of our known world esteem'd him) Did flay this Fortinbras: P who by a scal'd compact, Well ratified by law and heraldry, Did forfeit (with his life) all 'those his lands Which he flood foiz'd of, to the conqueror; Again the which, a moiety competent Was gaged by our king; which had ' return'd To the inheritance of Fortinbras, Had he been " vanquisher, " as by the same comart And carriage of the * articles y defign'd, His fell to Hamlet, Now, * fir, young Fortinbres, Of unimproved mettle hot and full, Hath in the skirts of Norway, here and there,

- m The third q. reads labour,
- n W. and F, read but oven now.
- All the editions before P. read comint; he alters it to fight; followed by the rest, except C.
- P So all the editors read before P. who alters it to, who by feal'd compati; and is followed by the reft, except C.
 - 9 H. and W. read of for and,
 - The qu's, thefe for thofe.
 - 5 The fo's and R. on for of.

- * So the fo's, R. and J. the rest, return.
 - u The 3d q. vanquistet.
- w So the qu's, W. and C. the fo's and R, As by the jame cou'nant; the rest, As by that cou'nant.
- * The first q. the fo's, R. and C. read article.
- y The first q. reads desseigne; the 2d desseigne; the 3d q. and first f. designe.
 - 2 P. and all after, except C. omit fir,

Shark'd

ACT I. SCENE I.

Shark'd up a lift of a lawless resolutes,
For food and diet, to some enterprize
That hath a stomach in 't; which b is no other
(a As it doth well appear unto our state)
But to recover of us by strong hand
And terms a compulsatory, those soresaid lands
So by his father lost: and this, I take it,
Is the main motive of our preparations,
The source of this our watch, and the chief head
Of this post-haste and romage in the land.

Bor. I think it be no other, but 'even so: Well may it sort that this portentous figure Comes armed through our watch so like the king, That was and is the question of these wars.

Hor. As moth it is to trouble the mind's eye. In the most high and he palmy state of Rome, A little ere the mightiest Julius fell,

The graves stood tenantless, hand the sheeted dead Did squeak and gibber in the Roman streets;

here has stars with trains of sire, and dews of blood,

- b The 2d and 3d qu's, othit is.
- " The fo's, R. and P. And for As.
- d So the qu's, W. and C. the reft, compulfative.
- The lines in italic are omitted in the fo's, but restored by R.
 - f First q. enso fot even so.
- g The 3d q, R. and all after, more for moth.
 - h Palmy, i. e. victorious. P.
 - R. alters palmy to flourishing,

- P, T, H, and W. omit and.
- k Something feems to be wanting here; a line perhaps might be omitted through mistake, somewhat like the following,

Tremendous prodigies in bear n appear d-

- 1 So the qu's.
- R. alters this to, Stars flowe with trains of fire, down of ilsed fell, &c. to make tenfe of the passage, without supposing any thing wanting; followed by the reft.

² So the qu's and C, all the rest land-

Of this his nephew's purpose, to suppress His further gate herein; in that ' the levies, The lifts, and full proportions are all made Out of his ' subjects; and we here dispatch You good Cornelius, and you Voltimand, For bearers of this greeting to old Norway; Giving to you no further personal power " To business with the king, more than the scope ▼ Of these dilated articles * allows.

Farewel, and let your haste commend your duty.

y Vol. In that, and all things, will we shew our duty. King. We doubt " it nothing; heartily farewel.

[Exeunt Vol. and Cor.

And now, Lacries, what's the news with you? You told us of some suit; what is 't, Laertes? You cannot speak of reason to the Danes, And lose your voice; What wouldst thou beg, Laertes? That shall not be my offer, not thy asking? The b head is not more native to the heart, The hand more instrumental to the mouth, Than is the throne of Denmark to thy father. What wouldst thou have, Laertes?

Laer. d My dread Lord,

The 3d and 4th fo's read be for the. First and 2d qu's, and the fo's, read, Subjett.

- The fo's and R. read, bearing.
- u R, P, and H. read of treaty for to bufincss.
- W So all before P. who reads wbich
- for of, followed by all but J. and C. x So J; all the rest allow.
- y In the qu's this speech is given to Lord. both Cornelius and Voltimind.

2 The 4th f. R. and P.'s quarto read in for it.

- * The qu's omit this direction.
- b H. and W. read blood for bead.
- c So all the editions till H, who alters it to,

Than to the throne of Denmark is thy father. · followed by W. and Y.

. d The fo's, and R. read, Dread my

Your

Ber. 'Tis here—
Hor. 'Tis here—

Mar. 'Tis gone.

[Exit Ghoft.

We do it wrong, being fo majestical, To offer it the shew of violence; For it is as the air, invulnerable, And our vain blows, malicious mockery.

Ber. It was about to speak, when the cock crew.

Hor. And then it started like a guilty thing Upon a fearful summons. I have heard, The eock, that is the trumpet to the morn, Deth with his losty and shrill-sounding throat Awake the God of day; and at his warning, Whether in sea or fire, in earth or air, Th' extravagant and erring spirit hies To his confine; and of the truth herein This present object made probation.

Mar. It faded on the crowing of the cock.

Some * fay, that ever 'gainst that season comes,
Wherein our Saviour's birth is celebrated,

This bird of dawning singeth all night long:
And * then, they say, no spirit * dares stir abroad,
The nights are wholesome, then no planets strike,
No fairy b takes, * nor witch hath power to charm;

u, This direction is not marked in the

[&]quot; The fo's and R. read day for morn.

^{*} The fo's read, says.

y So the qu's and C. the rest, The for This.

The three last fo's omit then.

² So the 3d q. and C. the 1st and 2d, No spirit dare sturre abroad; the so's and J. No spirit can walk abroad; R. No spirit dares walk abroad; P. and the rest, No spirit walks abroad.

b The fo's read talks for takes.

e So the 1st and 2d qu's, and the 12, 2d and 3d fo's; the rest, no for nor.

HAMLET.

Thou know'st 'tis common, all that ' live must die, Passing through nature to eternity.

Ham. Ay, madam, it is common.

Queen. If it be,

14

Why seems it so particular with thee?

Ham. Seems, madam? nay it is; I know not feems:

Tis not alone my inky cloak, P good mother,

Nor customary fuits of solemn black,

Nor windy fuspiration of forc'd breath,

No, nor the fruitful river in the eye,

Nor the dejected haviour of the vifage,

Together with all forms, moods, 9 shapes of grief,

That can ' denote me truly: ' these indeed seem,

For they are actions that a man might play;

But I have that within, which t passeth show;

These, but the trappings, and the suits of woe.

King. 'Tis fweet and commendable in your nature, "Hamlet,
To give these mourning duties to your father:
But you must know, your father lost a father,
"That father lost, lost his, and the surviver bound
In filial obligation, for some term

To do obsequious * forrow: but to y persevere In obstinate condolement, is a course

- . The qu's and first f. sead lives.
- P The first q. reads, cool mother; the 2d and 2d, could foother.
- The first q. reads, chapes; the 2d and 3d qu's, and C. shapes; the rest, from:
 - r Fiest and 2d qu's, dever.
 - 1 P. reads, thefe may from.
 - The qu's, poffer.

- u P. and H. omit Hamlet.
- w That father left, left bis, &c. So all the editions till P. who alters it, That father bis, &c. and is followed by H. and W. The 4th f, reads The for That,
 - x Second and 3d qu's read forrewes.
- y The Ist and 2d qu's and three first fo's read perfecer.

To be contracted in one brow of woe; Yet so far hath discretion fought with nature, That we with wifest forrow think on him. Together with remembrance of ourselves: Therefore our k sometime fister, now our queen. The imperial jointress 1 to this warlike state, Have we, as 'twere, with a defeated joy, " With an auspicious, and a dropping eye, With mirth in funeral, and with dirge in marriage, In equal scale weighing delight and dole, Taken to wife: nor have we herein barr'd Your better wisdoms, which have freely gone With this affair along: (for all, our thanks). Now follows, that you know, young Fortinbras, Holding a weak supposal of our worth, Or thinking, by our late dear brother's death, Our state to be disjoint, and out of frame, * Colleagued with o this dream of his advantage, He hath not fail'd to pefter us with meffage, Importing the furrender of those lands Lost by his father, with all bands of law To our most valiant brother, So much for him 1. Now for ourself, and for this time of meeting; Thus much the business is. We have here writ To Norway, uncle of young Fortinbras, Who, impotent and bed-rid, scarcely hears

The fu's and R. famatimes,

¹ So the qu's; the rest, of for to.

m So the qu's; the reft, With ORE with aufpicious, and ORE dropping eye, A very bands. burlesque picture!

[&]quot; H, reads Collegued,

[.] The fo's read the for this.

P So the qu's and G. the fo's and R. with all bonds; P, and the rest, by all bands.

⁹ Here the fo's dirpft, Enter Voltimand and Cornellus.

Queen. Let not thy h mother lose her prayers, Hamlet;

I pray thee stay with us, go not to Wittenberg.

Ham. I shall in all my best obey you, madam.

King. Why 'tis a loving, and a fair reply;

Be as ourself in Denmark. Madam, come;

This gentle and unforc'd accord of Hamlet

Sits smiling h to my heart; in grace whereof,

No jocund health that Denmark drinks to-day,

But the great cannon to the clouds shall hell;

And the king's rowse the m heaven shall bruit again,

Re-speaking earthly thunder. Come away.

[Flourist, exeunt .

SCENE III.

º Manet Hamlet.

Ham. Oh that this too, too p folid flesh would melt, Thaw, and resolve itself into a dew; Or that the Everlasting had not fix'd His a cannon gainst p self-slaughter! O a God, God! How weary, stale, slat, and unprofitable a Seem to me all the uses of this world!

- h Fourth f. brother.
- i Fo's, prythee.
- . k H. reads at for to.
- 1 H. reads, tell it.
- m Three first fo's and H. beavens.
- n All but qu's omit flourisb.
- The qu's add, all but Hamlet, and omit Manet Hamlet.
 - P The qu's, fallied.

- 9 T. reads canen, i. e. law. Also
 P.'s duodecimo, and the succeeding editions.
 - The two first qu's, seale for self.
 - s So the qu's, the fo's, and all fueceeding editions read, O God! O God!
 - t Two first qu's, wary. Steevess neglects giving the reading of 3d q. 1737, viz. rocary.
 - L The fo's and R. feeme.

Fie on 't! ah fie! 'tis an unweeded garden That grows to feed; things rank, and gross in nature Possess it merely. That it should come to this! But two months dead !, nay; not for much; not: two,-So excellent a king, that was, to this, Hyperion to a fatyr: fo loving to my mother That he might not 2 let e'en the winds of heaven Visit her face too roughly. Heav'n and earth! Must I remember?—why, she a would hang on him, As if increase of appetite had grown By what it fed on; b and yet within a month!— Let me not think on 't-Frailty, thy name is weman! A little month !--or ere those shoes were old With which she follow'd my poor father's body, Like Niobe, all tears—Why she, d even she (° O God! a beast that wants discourse of reason Would have mourn'd longer) married with f my uncle, My father's brother; * but no more like my father, Than I to Hercules. Within a month,

C. The 1st and 2d fo's, Fir on 't ! bb But T. reads would for might. fie, fie. The 3d and 4th fo's, and all succeeding editions, Fie on 't | ob fie ! Posses it meerly that it should come thus.

First, 2d and 3d fo's, beteene. Fourth f. between. R. conjectures the whole line above word, and. thus, That be permitted not the winds of been'n, and is followed by P. and W. T. sup-

editions, substitutes let e'en, for beteene ;

Fie on 't ! ab fie! So the qu's and and is concurred with by H. J. and C.

* The qu'e, fould

b P. omits and, (which is found in y So the fe's. The qu's and P. read, all the foregoing editions) and is followed in this omiffion by all the fuc-Les e'en. The qu's read beteeme. ceeding editors, except C.

c -on't, is exactly treated as the

d -even fee. These words are not in the qu's.

e So the qu's. The fo's and all the poing an error in the prefs in the old reft read, Ob besven!

f The fo's and all after, mine.

g -but-this word is omitted by P.

A A M L E T.

Ere yet the falt of most unrighteous tears. Had lest the flushing h in her gauled eyes. She married. Oh most wicked speed, to post With such dexterity to incessure sheets! It is not, nor it cannot come to good. But break, my heart, for I must hold my topque.

SCENE IV.

Enter Horatio, Bernardo, and Marcellus.

Hor. Hail to your lordship.

Ham. I am glad to see you well—Heratie—or I do forget myself.

Her. The same, my lord, and your poor servant ever,

Ham. Sir, my good friend, I'll change that name with you. And what make you from Wittenberg, Heratie?—
Marcellus!

Mar. My good lord-

Ham. I am very glad to see you; I good even, sir. But what, in faith, make you from Wittenberg?

Her. A truent disposition, good my lord.

Ham. I would not hear ' your enemy fay so; Nor shall you do " my ear that violence, To " make it truster of your own report Against yourself. I know you are no truant; But what is your affair in Elsinoer?

• We'll teach you to drink deep ere you depart.

- h The fo's and R. read of for is.
- ² H. and W. read good morning.
- k The 4th f. omits what.
- 1 —bear—So the qu's, and all but the fo's and R, which read bows.
- m The fo's and all after, mine, except
- " The three last fo's, take. "
- o The qu's read,

We'll teach you for to drink ere you depart.

Hor.

Hor. My lord, I came to lee your father's funeral. Ham. I p pr'ythee do not mock me, fellow student; I think it was to I fee my mother's wedding.

Hor. Indeed, my lord, it followed hard upon.

Ham. Thrift, thrift, Horatio: the funeral bak'd meats Did coldly furnish forth the marriage tables. Would I had met my a dearest foe in heaven, Or ever I had feen that day, Horation My father-methinks I fee my father.

Hor. " Where, my lord?

Ham. In my mind's eye, Horatio.

Hor. I saw him once, * he was a goodly king.

Ham. * He was a man, take him for all in all,

I ' shall not look upon his like again.

Hor. My lord, I think I saw him yesternight.

Ham. Saw! 2 who?

Her. My lord, the king your father.

Ham. The king my father?

- P First f. pray that.
- 9 The qu's ofnit fee.
- The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's read fulhwetb.
- Perhaps from the Latin dirac, dire, doar. In the translation of Virgil by Douglass it is spelt dere, which the glosfary thus explains, " Dere, to hurt, trou-
- " ble : Belg. Deeren, Deren. F. Theut.
- * Deran. A.S. Derian, nocere. It. hurt, " injury." And should it not be thus
- spelt in Sbakespeare ? But inftances of Clem. Rom. ep. i. cap. 19. our poet's diing words contrary to the modern acceptation of them are numberlefs. Upron, book iii. rule 2.
 - I would beg leave to add another per-

bops, that as we call our greatest friend out desrest friend, so Shakespeare takes the liberty to apply descrift in the fame manner to foe as well as friend. Befider, dear frequently figuides (not beloved, but) of great price or consequence.

- t The fo's and R. read, Ere I bad over ∫een, &c.
- "The fo's, and all efficient after, read, Ob wbere, &c.
 - ש בוובאולשונוז יושוב סוגנישור יוש ליצוונים
 - " The qu'e, a for be.
- 7 The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read, flowld, inflead of flath.
- 2 J. seads, when P

Hor. Season your admiration a for a while With an attent ear, 'till I may deliver, Upon the witness of these gentlemen, This marvel to you.

Ham. c For God's love, let me hear. Hor. Two nights together had these gentlemen, Marcellus and Bernardo, on their watch In the dead a waste and middle of the night, Been thus encountred. A figure like your father, · Arm'd at all points exactly, cap-à-pe, Appears before them, and with folemn march Goes flow and flately by them; thrice he walk'd By their opprest and fear-surprized eyes, Within 8 his truncheon's length; whilst they, h distill'd Almost to jelly with the i act of fear, Stand dumb, and speak not to him. This to me In dreadful fecrefy impart they did; And I with them the third night kept the watch; Where, as they had deliver'd, both in time, Form of the thing, each word made true and good,

2 T, W and J. read, but, instead of for. b So the 1st q. 1st and 2d fo's, R. and C. The 2d and 3d qu's, and 3d and 4th fo's, read, With an attentive ear; till I may deliver,

These hands are not more like.

The apparition comes. I knew your father:

and is followed by all the fucceding

· For God's love, &c. So the qu's. The fo's and all other editions read, For beau'z's love

d The 3d q. and J. read wa c The qu's read, Armed at f The fo's and R. stop in t

ing manner, Goes flow and flately: By t walk'd, &c.

g Second and 3d qu's, this h The fo's and R. read,

i Instead of, the all, A

Ham. But where was this?

Mar. My lord, upon the platform where we watch'd.

Ham. Did you not speak to it?

Her. My lord, I did;

But answer k made it none; yet once methought It lifted up 1 its head, and did address Itself to motion, like as it would speak: But even then the morning cock crew loud; And at the found it shrunk in haste away,

And vanish'd from our sight. Ham. 'Tis very strange.

Her. As I do live, my m honour'd lord, 'tis true; And we did think it writ down in our duty To let you know of it.

Ham. 1 Indeed, firs, but this troubles me. Hold you the watch to-night?

° All. We do, my lord.

Ham. Arm'd, say you?

• All. Arm'd, my lord.

Ham. From top to toe?

. All. My lord, from head to foot.

Ham. Then faw you not his face?

Hor. Oh yes, my lord, he wore his beaver up.

- k The 3d q. it made none, &cc.
- for, it for its.
- read, bonourable. n So the qu's and P. The reft, Isdeed, indeed, firs, &c.
- all but Hamlet, vis. Horatio, Bernardo " longer," the fo's, R. and P. directand Marcellas. The other editions di- All.

rect Both, but this is indeterminate 1 First and ad qu's, and ast and ad which two of the three are to speak. It is strange none of the modern editors m Second, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. Mould perceive the impropriety of this latter direction.

Again, a little farther on, where the qu's direct Borb to speak (viz. Bernarde . The qu's direct All to speak, i. e. and Marcellus) in the speech " Longer,

Ham.

Hom. What, look'd he frowningly?

Her. A countenance more in forcow than in anger,

Ham. Pale, or red?

Her. Nay, very pale,

Ham. And fix'd his eyes upon you?

Hor, Most constantly.

Ham. I would I had been there,

Her. It would have much amaz'd you.

Ham. P Very like; stay'd it long?

Hor. While one with moderate hafte might tell a hundred,

Beth. Longer, longer.

Hor, Not when I saw 't.

Ham. His beard was q grifled?

Hor. It was, as I have seen it in his life, .

A fable filver'd.

Ham, I will watch to-night;

Perchance 'twill walk again,

Hor. ' I war'nt it will.

Ham, If it assume my noble father's person, I'll speak to it, though hell itself should gape, And bid me hold my peace. I pray you all, If you have hitherto conceal'd this sight; Let it be " tenable in your silence still: And " whatsoever " else shall hap to-night,

- P The fe' and R. read, Very life, wery like 2013
- 9 The qu's, W. and G. read—griffed, no. The 1st s.—griffy, no. Second, 3d and 4th so's, and the other editions, —griffy.
- Third and 4th fo's, and R, mad, it was, I have feen it, &cc.
 - All but qu's and C, I'll for I will,
- I So the qu's and G. The fo's and all the other editions read, I warrant you it will.
- u So the qu's and W. and C. The rest, tueble for tenable.
 - W First q. wbat fomever.
- * So the qu's, fo's, R. and C. P, for elfe feall bap, reads feall befall; followed by the test,

Give

Give it an understanding, but no tongue; I will requite your loves: fo, I fare ye well. Upon the platform 'twist eleven and * twelve I'll visit you.

All. Our duty to your a honour.

Exeunt.

Ham. Your bloves, as mine to you: farewel. My father's spirit in arms! all is not well; I doubt fome foul play: would the night were come; 'Till then fit still, my soul: c foul deeds will rife (Though all the earth o'erwhelm them) to men's eyes.

[Exit.

SCENE

An Apartment in Polonius's beuse.

Enter Lacrtes and Ophelia f.

Laer. My necessaries are imbark'd; farewel; And, fifter, as the winds give benefit, And s convoy h is affiftant; do not fleep, But let me hear from you.

Oph. Do you doubt that?

- 7 The qu's, fare you well.
- E First q. twelfe.
- * The 2d q. reads besser. So Steevens, and gives no other reading though the Scene. 3d q. 1637, which he pretends to collate, reads benour.
- b The fo's, R. P. and H, read love for leves.
- < First q. fonde for foul.
- d The fo's call this Scena Tertia.
- e P. is the first who describes the
- f The qu's add, his fifter.
- E Qu's, convey.
- h The qu's read, in for is.

B 4

Laer. For Hamlet, and the triffing of his I favoura Hold it a fashion and a toy in blood, A violet in the youth of k primy nature, Forward, not permanent; m fweet, not lasting; The a perfume, and suppliance of a minute; No more.

Oph. No more but so? Laer. Think it no more; For nature crescent does not grow alone In o thews and p bulk; but as q this temple waxes, The inward fervice of the mind r and foul Grows wide withal. Perhaps he loves you now, And now no * foil * nor cautel doth befinerch The virtue of his " will; but you must fear, His greatness weigh'd, his will is not his own; For he himself is subject to his birth, He may not, as unvalued persons do, * Carve for himself; for on his choice depends The ' fafety and ' the health of ' the whole state; And therefore must his choice be circumscrib'd

Unto the voice and yielding of that body

- k The 3d reads prime.
- 1 First and 2d fo's, froward.
- m R. inferts the' before fweet, and is followed by all the fucceeding editors, except C. who inferts but before not.
 - n The fo's and R. omit perfume, and. o Thews, i. e. finews.
 - P The qu's read bulks.
- 9 The fo's, R, and P. read bis. H. reads the.

- The 2d q. omits and, * Second, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read foil.
 - W. reads of for mer.
 - u The fo's and R. read fear for will.
 - w This line is omitted in the qu's.
 - * The 2d and 3d qu's read crave.
 - y So the qu's, and W. H. and C.
- fanity; the rest, fantity. Z The qu's omit the.
 - 2 The qu's read this for the.

Whereof

Wh

k fi

As I

Mar

Tha

 $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{b}$ If w

Or

To

Fei f A

Oı

 \mathbf{T} If

> Y T

> > T

I

(

1

i So the qu's, T. W. J. and C. The other editions, favours.

Whereof * he is the head. Then if he fays he loves you, It fits your wisdom so far to believe it As he in his b particular c act and place May give his faying deed; which is no further, Than the main voice of Denmark goes withal. Then d'weigh e what loss your honour may sustain If with too credent ear you lift his fongs, Or lose your heart, or your chaste treasure open To his unmafter'd opportunity, Fear it, Ophelia, fear it, my dear fister, And keep you in the rear of your affection, Out of the shot, and danger of defire. The chariest maid is predigal enough If she unmask her beauty to the moon: Virtue itself scapes not calumnious strokes, The canker galls the s infants of the fpring, Too oft before h their buttons be disclos'd; And in the morn and liquid dew of youth Contagious blastments are most imminent, Be wary then, best safety lies in fear, Youth to itself rebels, though none else near. Oph. I shall th' i effect of this good lesson keep.

- P. alters it to, Whereof be's head.
 And is followed by all the succeeding editors, except C.
- b So the qu's. The fo's, and all editions after, except C. read peculiar.
- The fo's and R. read feet and force, for all and place.
- d First and 2d q. way. So S. and does not give the reading weigh of 3d q.
- e Third and 4th fo's, and R. read
- f The fo's, and all succeeding editions, except C. read, And keep within the rear, &cc.
- E Second and 3d qu's, 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read infant.
 - h The fo's and R. read the for their.
- i P. alters this to effects; followed by all after, except C.

As a watchmen to my heart. But good my brother,
Do not as fome ungracious paftors do,

Shew me the steep and thorny way to heaven;

"While, like a pust and a reckless libertine,
Himself the primrose path of dalliance treads,
And erecks not his own reed.

Laer. O fear me not.

SCENE VI

Enter Polonius,

I stay too long; but here my father comes:
A double bleffing is a double grace;
Occasion smiles upon a second leave.

Pol. Yet here, Lagree ? ? aboard, aboard for shame ! The wind fits in the shoulder of your sail,

And you are staid for: there, my blessings with thee; [* laying bis hand on Lacres's bead.

And these sew precepts in thy memory

- Look thou character. Give thy thoughts no tongue, Nor any unproportion'd thought his act:
 - k The 2d and 3d q, the fo's, and R, read watchmen.
 - 1 The 3d q. reads of for to.
 - m The qu's read, Whiles a pufit, &c.
 W. Whilf be, a puft, &c.
 - n P. alters reckless to careless, followed by all after but W. and C.
 - -reeks not bis own read, that is, beeds not his own leffons. P. The qu's, reakes. See the passage murdered in John-fon's Dictionary, under the word Reck.
- P. P. alters this to, get aboard for frame. H. follows him.
- 9 This line is stopped according to the qu's. The fo's, R. and P. stop thus, And you are flaid for there: my blefing with you.
- r So the qu's. The fo's, and all fuçceeding editions, read, you.
 - 5 This direction first put in by T.
- t So the qu's and C. The fo's, and all the reft, read, Sie for Look,

Be thou familiar, but by no means vulgar; "Those friends thou hast, and their adoption try'd, Grapple them " to thy foul with " hoops of feet, But do not dull thy palm with entertainment Of each 7 new-hatch'd, unfledg'd 2 comrade. Beware Of entrance to a quarrel; but being in, Bear 't that th' a opposer may beware of thee. Give ev'ry man thine ear, but few thy voice. Take each man's censure, but reserve thy judgment, Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy, But not exprest in fancy; rich, not gaudy; For the apparel oft proclaims the man; And they in France of the best rank and station Are most select and generous, chief in that, Neither a borrower, nor a lender d be; For e loan oft loses both itself and friend, And borrowing a dulls he the edge of husbandry, This above all; to thine own felf be true; And it must follow, as the i night k the day, Thou canst not then be false to any man. Farewel; my bleffing feafon this in thee.

- u So the qu's. The fo's, and all the test, read, The friends.
 - w The qu's read sento.
- × All the editions before P. read books, who alters it to books, and is followed by the fucceeding editors. Hooks better continues the metaphor of grappling; but Sbake/peare frequently changes his metaphor even in the middle of a featence.
 - y Fo's and R. unbatch'd.
 - The qu's read courage for courade.
- 4 First q, the fo's, and all the opinions after, except J. read, opposed,

- b The first q. reade, Or of a most, &c.. The 2d and 3d qu's, and the fo's, Are of a most, &c.
 - · Fo's, chef.
 - d The qu's read bey for be.
 - "The qu's read love for loan;
- f The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, R, and P, read a for and.
 - 8 First and 2d qu'e, dulletb.
 - h Pirft q. omits the.
 - i W. reads light for night.
 - A The 3d q. reads to for the.

Lacr.

Laer. Most humbly do I take my leave, my lord.

Pol. The time 1 invests you; go, your servants tend,

Laer. Farewel, Ophelia, and remember well

What I have faid " to you.

Opb. 'Tis " in my memory lock'd,

And you yourself shall keep the key of it.

Lacr. Farewel. [Exit Lacrtes,

Pol. What is 't, Ophelia, he ' hath faid to you?

Oph. So please you, something touching the lord Hamlet.

Pol. Marry, well bethought!

Tis told me, he hath very oft of late

Given private time to you; and you yourself

Have of your audience been most free and bounteous.

If it be so, as so 'tis put on me,

And that in way of caution, I must tell you,

You do not understand yourself so clearly,

As it behoves my daughter, and your honour.

What is between you? Give me up the truth.

Oph. He hath, my lord, of late made many tenders Of his affection to me.

Pol. Affection! puh! you speak like a green girl, Unsisted in such perilous circumstance,

Do you believe his tenders, as you call them?

Opb. I do not know, my lord, what I should think.

Pol. Marry P Pll teach you: think yourfelf a baby;

That you have ta'en q these tenders for true pay,

Which

¹ The fo's, R. P. H. and J. read invites for invests.

m So all before P. who omits to you; followed by the rest, except C.

[&]quot; Third f. omits in.

o The 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. omit bath.

P The qu's, I will

⁹ So the qu's and C. The fo's, and all the other editions, read bis for thefe.

Which are not sterling. Tender yourself more dearly; Or (not to crack the wind of the poor phrase Wronging it thus) you'll tender me a fool.

Oph. My lord, he hath importun'd me with love, In honourable fashion.

Pol. Ay, fashion you may call it: go to, go to.

Oph. And hath given countenance to his speech, my lord, With almost all the holy vows of heaven.

Pol. Ay, w springes to catch woodcocks. I do know, When the blood burns, how prodigal the soul

The qu's read, Wrong it thus, &c..
The fo's and R. read, reasing, P. reads
wronging, and places the parenthefis after
phrase.

W. reads wringing, and gives the following reasons,

Or (not to crack the wind of the poor phrase) Wronging it thus, you'll tender me a fool.

The parenthesis is closed at the wrong place; and we must make likewise a short correction in the last verse. Polowius is racking and playing on the word tender, 'till he thinks proper to correct himself for the license; and then he would say — not farther to crack the wind of the phrase by twisting and contenting it as have done, &c. W. G. follows W.

I believe (says J.) the word wronging
has reference, not to the phrase, but to
Ophelia; if you go on wronging it thus,
that is, if you continue to go on thus wrong.
This is a mode of speaking perhaps not
very grammatical, but very common, nor

have the best writers refused it,

To finner it or faint it,
is in Pope. And Rowe,

-Thus to coy it,

To one who knows you to.

The folio has it,

—roaming it thus,—

That is, letting yourself loose to such impreper liberty. But surrouging seems to be more proper. J.

By Dr. Johnson's method of reasoning the parenthesis should end at phrase; but behold! in bis edition it does not end 'till thus. But if (according to Heath, Revisal, p. 528) the word wronging be explained by abusing (as it certainly may) we have here a very common and intelligible phrase.

- * P. and all after, except C. call 't.
- t The fo's omit almost.
- u The fo's and R. omit boly.
- First and 2d qu's, and 3d and 4th o's, fprings.

= Lends

² Lends the tongue vows. ³ These blazes, daughter, Giving more light than heat, extinct in both, Even in their promise as it is a making, You must not a take for fire. b From this time c Be d somewhat scanter of vour maiden presence, Set your f intreatments at a higher rate, Than a command to s parley. For lord Hamlet, Believe so much in him, that he is young; And with a larger h tether i may he walk, Than may be given you. In few, Ophelia, Do not believe his vows; for they are brokers, Not of that die which their investments shew, But mere 1 implorators of unholy fuits, Breathing like fanctified and pious m bonds, The better to n beguile. This is for all: I would not, in plain terms, from this time forth, Have you so slander any moment's leifure, As to give words or talk with the lord Hamlet. Look to 't, I charge you. Come your " ways.

Oph. I shall obey, my lord.

Exeunt.

- * The fo's and R. read gives for lends.
- J. P. alters it to, Thefe blazies, oh my Langhter. And is followed by the succeeding editors, except C. who reads,

Theff blazes, gentle dangbier.

- 2 The 2d and 3d qu's read lak ?.
- W. the for their.
- b The fo's and R. read for for from.
- c The fo's and R. after time, infert daughter.
 - d The qu's and C. read fome-thing.
 - e J. reads thy for your.
- f W. reads intraitments, i. e. coynefs. A word (he fays) in use among the old English writers.

- E The 1st and 2d qu's, parle.
- h First q. tider, ad q. teder, 3d q. ted
 - i W. and J. bo may.
 - k The fo's and R. Not of the eye, &t.
- 1 The 1st q. imploratotors. P. implorers, followed by the after-editors.
- m So all the editions before T. who alters bonds to bands, and is followed by P. in his duodecimo, by H. and C. W. explains bonds by wows.
 - " The first q. reads beguide.
 - First q. fo's and R. moment.
- P So the qu's, rft f. and C. All the reft read way.

SCENE

SCENE VII.

The Plasform before the Palace.

Enter Hamlet, Horatio, and Marcellus.

Ham. The air bites " shrewdly; it is very cold.

Her. It is a nipping and tan eager air.

Ham. What hour now?

Her. I think it lacks of " twelve.

Mar. No, it v is struck.

Her. Indeed I heard it not. It then draws near the feafon, Wherein the spirit held his wont to walk.

[Noife of warfike music within.

* What does this mean, my lord?

Ham. The king doth wake to night, and takes his rouse, Keeps wassel, and the swaggring up-spring reels; And as he drains his draughts of Rhenish down, The kettle-drum and trainipet thus bray out The triumph of his pledge.

Her. Is it a custom?

- 4 The Scene first described by R.
- First and 2d qu's, Aroudy.
- " The qu's omit a.
- I The 4d and 4th fo's omit av.
- " Fieft q. ewelfe.
- W Third and 4th Fo's, be's for h. R. Ber met.
- × R. and all after omit *individ*, uncope C. c. P. alters
 C. places a point of interrogation after it, lowed by H.
- The qu'e, Afourib of trampet and sine place: piece (3d q. gin) off. In fo'e, no direction.
- 2 S. Stegets to put this life lifts his edition, which is in all the rail.
- a Second and 3d qu'e, totale for edele
 - b The fo's rest dieffels.
 - c P. alters this to upflart; and is fol-

Ham.

Ham. Ay, marry, is 't: d But to my mind, though I am native here, And to the manner born, it is a custom. More honour'd in the breach, than the observance. " This heavy-headed " revel, east and west, Makes us & traduc'd and tax'd of other nations; They h clepe us drunkards, and with swinish phrase Soil our addition: and indeed it takes From our atchievements, though perform'd at beight, The pith and marrow of our attribute. So, oft it chances in particular men, That for some vicious 1 mole of nature in them, As, in their birth, wherein they are not guilty, Since nature cannot choose his origin, By k the o'ergrowth of some complexion, Oft breaking down the pales and forts of reason; Or by some babit, that too much o'er-leavens The form of plausive manners; that these men Carrying, I say, the stamp of one defect, Being nature's livery, or fortune's 1 scar, "Their virtues else, be they as pure as grace, As infinite as man may undergo, Shall in the general censure take corruption.

d The fo's And for But.

The lines printed in Italic are omitted in the fo's and R. and degraded to the bottom of the page by P. and H.

f First q. resale.

g First q. traduft.

h First and 2d qu's and P. clip.

i T. would have it mould. Shakespears restored, p. 33.

k The qu's read their for thee.

¹ The qu's read flar; so P.'s q. and H. T. amends it to fcar; followed by P.'s duodecimo, W. and J.

m The qu's read His. The amendment is T.'s.

From that particular fault. The dram of a ill Doth all the noble substance of good out, To his own scandal.

Enter Ghoft.

Hor. Look, my lord, it comes!

Ham. Angels and ministers of grace defend us! Be thou a spirit of health, or goblin damn'd, Bring with thee airs from heaven, or blafts from hell, Be thy p intents wicked or charitable, Thou com'ft in fuch a questionable shape, That I will speak to thee. I'll call thee Hamlet, King, father, royal Dane: 9 oh! answer me; Let me not burst in ignorance, but tell Why thy canoniz'd bones hearfed in death Have burst their cerements? why the sepulchre Wherein we saw thee quietly ' interr'd Hath op'd his ponderous and marble jaws, To cast thee up again? What may this mean That thou, dead coarse, again in compleat steel, Revisit'st thus the glimpses of the moon, Making night hideous, and was fools of nature So * horridly to shake our disposition

- The 1st q. eale; 2d and 3d, eafe.

 The soft for ill; which I have ventured and are followed by all the succeeding to put in the text instead of eale.

 The 1st q. eale; 2d and 3d, eafe.

 The soft question and are followed by all the succeeding editors, who give us no notice of a differ-
- The qu's read of a doubt. T. of ent reading.

 werth out. I conjecture good out for a most proper view without ried without
- P The fo's and R. read events. W. advent.
 - 9 The fo's read, Ob! ob! answer me.
 - r H. reads,

Why thy bonet bears'd in canoniz'd earth.

* H. and W. read earth for death.

- t So the qu's. The fo's read issurn'd; and are followed by all the succeeding editors, who give us no notice of a different reading. Interred is certainly the most proper when spoken of a body buried without burning; though the other may be allowed as alluding to the Roman custom.
 - " Qu's and 1st f. revisites.
 - W Qu's, fo's, R. P. we for us.
- x T. and the succeeding editors, ex-

With

HAMLET.

With thoughts beyond the reaches of our fouls?

Say, why is this? wherefore? what should we do?

[* Ghost beckans * Hamlet.

Hor. It beckens you to go away with it, As if it fome impartment did defire To you alone.

Mar. Look, with what courteous action It a waves you b to a more removed ground: But do not go with it.

Hor. No, by no means.

* [Holding Hamlet.

Ham. It will not speak; then d I will follow it.

Hor. Do not, my lord.

Ham. Why, what should be the fear? I do not set my life at a pin's see; And for my soul, what can it do to that, Being a thing immortal e as itself? It waves me forth again.——I'll follow it.——

Hor. What if it tempt you f tow'rd the flood, my lord, Or to the dreadful s summit of the cliff, That beetles o'er his base into the sea; And there i assume some other horrible form, Which might be deprive your sov'reignty of reason, And draw you into madness? think of it.

The very place puts toys of desperation,

- y The fo's read, beyond thee; reaches, &c.
 - 2 Qu's omit ghoft and Hamiet.
 - ² The fe's and R. read wasts.
- b J. alters this line thus, without giving a reason,

It waves you off to a removed ground.

- e R. first puts in this direction.
- d The fo's and R. read will I.

- e The 3d q. like for as.
- f Second q. towards.
- Z Qu's, fomnet, fo's formet.
- h Qu's, cleefe.
- i Fo's, assumes.
- k W. and H. read deprave.
- 1 The lines in Italic are omitted in the fo's and R.

Without

ACT I. SCENE VII.

Without more motive, into evry brain, That looks so many fathoms to the sea, And hears it roar beneath.

Ham. It " waves me still .--- Go on, I'll follow thee.

Mar. You shall not go, my lord.

Ham. Hold off your n hands.

• Hor. Be rul'd, you shall not go.

Ham. My fate cries out,

And makes each petty p artery in this body

As hardy as the Nemean lion's nerve.

Still am I call'd. Unhand me, gentlemen ---

- [Breaking from them.

By heaven, I'll make a ghost of him that lets me--I say, away, --- Go on --- I'll follow thee---

Excunt Ghost and Hamlets

Hor. He waxes desp'rate with t imagination.

Mar. Let's follow; 'tis not fit thus to obey him.

Hor. Have after. --- To what issue will this come?

Mar. Something is rotten in the state of Denmark.

Her. Heaven will direct it.

Mar. Nay, let's follow him.

[Excunt.

- m The fo's and R. read wafit.
- The fo's, R. P. and H. read band.
- o T. W. and J. give this speech to Marcellus, contrary to all the other editions.
- P Firft q. arture; 2d q. artyre; fo's,
- 9 C. omits As.
 - * This direction first inserted by R.
 - * Second q. one.
 - First q. imagion.

HAMLET.

S C E N E VIII.

4 * A more remote part of the platform.

Re-enter Ghost and Hamlet.

Ham. Whither wilt thou lead me? speak, I'll go no further.

Ghost. Markene.

Ham. I will.

Ghost. My y hour is almost come,

When I to fulphurous and tormenting flames

Must render up myself.

Ham. Alas, poor ghost!

Ghost. Pity me not, but lend thy serious hearing

To what I shall unfold. .

Ham. Speak, I am bound to * hear.

Ghost. So art thou to revenge, when thou shalt hear.

Ham. What?

Ghost. I am thy father's spirit,

Doom'd for a certain time to walk the night,
And for the day confin'd to fast in fires
'Till the foul crimes, done in my days of nature,
Are burnt and purg'd away. But that I am forbid.
To tell the secrets of my prison-house,
I could a tale unfold, whose lightest word

- u This description first given by T.
- The fo's and all after, except C.

 Where for Whither.
 - y First f. bower ; 2d f. benour.
- 2 Second q. berr. So 3. but gives not the reading of the other qu's, with.
- W. reads too, i. e. most or very.

 Heath proposes, to lasting fires, &c.

Would

Would harrow up thy foul, freeze thy young blood, Make thy two eyes, like stars, start from their spheres, Thy b knotted and combined locks to part, And each particular hair to stand on end Like quills upon the d fearful e porcupine; But this eternal blazon must not be To ears of flesh and blood. f Lift, lift, oh lift! If thou didft ever thy dear father love---

Ham. 5 O God!

Chost. Revenge his foul and most unnatural murder.

Ham. Murder?

Ghost. Murder most foul, as in the best it is; But this most foul, strange, and unnatural.

Ham. 4 Haste me to know it, that I, with wings as swift As meditation, or the thoughts of love, May sweep to my revenge.

Gboft. I find thee apt:

And duller shouldst thou be than the fat weed That 1 roots itself in ease on k Letbe's wharf, Wouldst thou not stir in this. Now, Hamlet, hear. 1 'Tis given out, that, fleeping in m my orchard,

A ferpent stung me: a so the whole ear of Denmark

The fo's, R. P. T. and H. read Anotty.

c The qu's, fo's, and R. an for on.

d So the qu's. The fo's read freeful; it; qu's, know 't; P. omits it. and all the subsequent editors follow them, without mentioning any other seading.

The qu's and fo's read, perpentine.

f The fo's and R. read, Lift Hamlet, ø liβ,

⁸ The fo's, and all the editions after, 'read, O besu's!

h The fo's read, Hafte, bafte me to know

i The fo's, R. P. and H. read rets.

k The qu's and fo's read, Lethe wbarf.

¹ The fo's and R. It's for 'Tis.

m The fole, mine for my.

n P. omite fo.

HAMLET,

38

Is by a forged process of my death Rankly abus'd; but know, thou noble youth, The ferpent, that did sting thy father's life, Now wears his crown,

Ham. Oh, my prophetic foul! ? my uncle? Ghost. Ay that incestuous, that adulterate beast, With witchcraft of his p wits, q with trait'rous gifts, O wicked ' wit, and gifts, that have the power So to feduce! won to his shameful lust The will of my most (seeming) virtuous queen, Oh Hamlet, what ' a falling off was there From me, whose love was of that dignity, That it went hand in hand even with the vow I made to her in marriage! and to decline Upon a wretch, whose natural gifts were poor To those of mine! But virtue, as it never will be mov'd, Though lewdness court it in a shape of heaven; " So luft, though to a radiant angel link'd, Will " fate itself in a celestial bed, And prey * on garbage. But, foft! methinks I r fcent the morning air ---Brief let me be: Sleeping within my orchard, My custom always, a of the afternoon,

- o The fo's and R. mine.
- P So qu's, fo's, and R. All after, wit. feat.
- I First, 2d and 3d fo's, kath for with;
 4th f. and R. and.
 - I Third q. wits.
 - 5 First and 2d fo's, this for bis.
 - t The Ist and 2d qu's omit a.
 - u The qu's read,

Ŀ,

So but though to a r Liant angel linekt.

- W The qu's read fort; 3d and 4th fo's
 - " Third and 4th fo's, is for on.
- y First and 3d qu's, 1st and 3d fo's, fent,
 - Z The fo's and R. morning's.
- The fo's, R. P. and H. read in for

Upon

Upon my b fecure hour thy uncle stole With juice of curfed c hebenon in a d vial, And in the porches of e my ears did pour The leperous distilment; whose effect Holds fuch an enmity with blood of man, That swift as quick-filver it courses through The natural gates and allies of the body: And, with a fudden vigour, it doth f posset And curd, like reager droppings into milk, The thin and wholesome blood: so did it mine, And a most instant tetter h bark'd about, Most lazar-like, with vile and loathsome crust All my fmooth body.---Thus was I, sleeping, by a brother's hand, Of life, of crown, i of queen, at once dispatcht; Cut off even in the bloffoms of my fin, * Unhousel'd, 1 unappointed, m unanoil'd;

Where

- > J. alters feeure to feeret.
- The qu's, Hebena.
- d The fo's read wiel, followed by all but H. Viel is an inferument of music; Viel, a small bottle, more properly spelt phial.
 - e All but qu's, mine.
 - f The qu'e, possifs.
 - g Fo's, Aggre.
 - h The fo's and R. bek'd.
 - i The fo's and R. and for of.
- k The 1st q. reads unbuzied, the 2d and 3d, unnuzied.
- 1 The qu's, fo's, R. and J. read disappointed. P. H. W. and C, unanointed. I, unaspointed.

m The qu's read unanueld; the fo's and R, unanueld; P. and W, unanueld; H. and C, unanueld; T. and J, unanueld.

It is hardly to be doubted that Sbakespeare wrote unanoil'd. To anoil was a common phrase in use in his time, meaning the same as to anoint. The Rhemish testament with annotations, printed 1582, translates James v. 14. thus,

Is any man ficke among you? let him bring in the priefles of the churche, and let them pray over him, anoiling him with oile in the name of our Lord

And in the annotations of this passage we read,

ı

No reckoning made, but fent to my account

With all my imperfections on my head.

Oh horrible! oh horrible! most horrible!

If thou hast nature in thee, bear it not;

Let not the royal bed of Denmark be

A couch for luxury and damned incest.

But "howsoever thou" pursu'st this act,

Taint not thy mind, nor let thy soul contrive

Against thy mother aught; leave her to heaven,

And to those thorns that in her bosom lodge,

To prick and sting her. Fare thee well at once!

The glow-worm shews the matin to be near,

And 'gins to pale his unessectual fire.

P Adieu, adieu, adieu! remember me.

[9 Exi.,

Ham. O all you host of heaven! O earth! what else?

Ham. O all you host of heaven! O earth! what else?
And shall I couple hell?--- O sie! hold, hold my heart;
And you, my finews, grow not instant old;

-whom the apostle willeth to be called of the word ansint, would have used if for to anoil the fick and to pray for him, here if that had been his meaning; if Rc.

we turn to the above-mentioned Rhemish

Again,

Ansiling with oile] Here is the facrament of extreme unction so plainly promulgated (for it was instituted, as all other facraments of the new testament, by our Saviour Christ himself, and as Venerable Bede thinketh, and other ancient writers, the anoiling of the sick with oile, Marc. vi. pertaineth thereunto) that some heretikes, for the evidence of this place also (as of the other for good works) deny the episse, &cc.

And lest it should be objected, that Sbakespeare, who in general makes use

of the word anoint, would have used it here if that had been his meaning; if we turn to the above-mentioned Rhomish testament, Mark vi. 13. we read, And they cast out many divels, and anointed with oile many sicke, and healed them. So that anoil and anoint were words indifferently used at that time.

- n The qu's, bowsomever.
- o First and 2d qu's, pursues.
- P The fo's and R. read,

Adieu, adieu, Hamlet : remember me.

- 9 Omitted in the qu's,
- r So the 1st q. The 2d and 3d qu's, the fo's and W, read, Ob bold my beart, except C. who omits O fie.

But

ACT I. SCENE VIII.

But bear me * stiffly up. Remember thee! Ay, thou poor ghost, while memory holds a seat . In this distracted globe. Remember thee! Yea, from the table of my memory I'll wipe away all trivial fond records, All " faws of books, all forms, all preffures past, That youth and observation copied there; And thy commandment all alone shall live Within the book and volume of my brain, Unmix'd with baser matter. "Yes, by heaven. O most pernicious woman! Q villain, villain, fmiling damned villain! * My tables, --- meet it is, I fet it y down, That one may finile, and finile, and be a villain; At least, " I'm sure, it may be so in Denmark. " [Writing. So, uncle, there you are. Now to my word; It is, Adieu, adieu, remember me: I've fworn it,

[.] The qu's read fwifily.

[.] t Qu's, whiles.

⁴ The 2d and 3d qu's read faw.

The fo's and R, read, Tes, yes, by

Ya.

x The fo's and R. read, My tables, my tables, &cc,

y The 3d q. omits it.

z Qu's, Iam.

a This direction first given by &

Ħ M L E T.

SCENE

Enter Horatio and Marcellus,

Hor. My lord, my lord.

Mar. Lord Hamlet.

Hor. Heavens secure him.

c Ham. So be it.

Mar. Illo, ho, ho, my lord.

Ham. Hillo, ho, ho, boy; d come, bird, come.

Mar. How is 't, my noble lord?

• Hor. What news, my lord?

f Ham. Oh, wonderful!

Her. Good my lord, tell it.

Ham. No, s you'll reveal it.

Her. Not I, my lord, by heaven.

Mar. Nor I, my lord.

Ham. How say you then, would heart of man once think it? But you'll be secret ---

Both. Ay, by heaven, h my lord.

- The fo's and R. give this speech the air, when they would have him to both Horatie and Marcellus within.
- e The qu's give this speech to Hamlet, and the next to Marcellus; the fo's and all the other editions except C. give this to Marcellus, and the next to Horatio.
- d The qu's read, come and come. P. reads, come, boy, come. This is the call the qu's. which falconers use to their hawk in
- come down to them. H.
- e This speech is omitted in the 2d and 3d qu's.
- f The 2d q. gives this speech to Heratio.
 - E Qu's, You will, &c.
- h The words, my lord, are omitted in

Ham. There's never a villain dwelling in all Denmark, But he's an arrant knave.

Her. There needs no ghost, my lord, come from the grave To tell us this.

Ham. Why right, you are i in the right; And so without more circumstance at all, I hold it fit that we shake hands, and part; You, as your business and k desires shall point you; For every man has business and defire, Such as it is; and, for my own poor part, I will go pray.

Hor. These are but wild and "whirling words, my lord. Ham. I'm forry they a offend you, heartily; Yes o faith, heartily.

Her. There's no offence, my lord.

Ham. Yes, by faint Patrick, but there is, P Horatio, And much offence q too. Touching this vision here, It is an honest ghost, that let me tell you: For your defire to know what is between us, O'er-mafter 't as you may. And now, good friends, As you are friends, scholars, and soldiers, Give me one poor request.

Hor. What is 't, my lord? ' we will.

- i All but qu's and R. i'rb'.
- L Qu's, defire.
- 1 The fo's, R. and C. read, Lack you, Ill go and pray.
- . m The fo's, R. P. H. and W, read burling; the qu's, whurling.
 - P Two last fo's and R. offended.
- former editions, and is followed in this sanisson by all the succeding editors, ex- except C.
- cept C. C. puts yes out of his text.
- P All the qu's read Horatio. The fo's and all editions after read my lord, except C.
 - 9 First and ad qu's, re.
- r The qu's, fo's, and R. have these words, we will. P. is the first who . P. omits faith, which is in all the omits them, and is followed in this omission by all the succeeding editors,



HAMLET.

Ham. Never make known what you have seen to-night,

Both. My lord, we will not.

Ham. Nay, but swear 't.

Hor. In faith, my lord, not I.

Mar. Nor I, my lord, in faith.

Ham. Upon my sword.

Mar. We have fworn, my lord, already.

Ham. Indeed, upon my fword, indeed.

Ghoft. Swear. [Ghoft cries under the stage.

Ham. 'Ha, ha, boy, fay'st thou so? art thou there, true-penny?

Come t on, you hear this fellow in the cellarage.

Consent to swear.

Hor. Propose " the oath, my lord,

Ham. Never to speak of this that you have seen, Swear by my w sword.

Ghost. Swear.

Ham. Hie et ubique? then we'll fhift " our ground,

Come hither, gentlemen,

And lay your hands again upon my fword.

⁷ Swear by my fword,

Never to speak of this * that you have heard.

Ghost. Swcar 2 by his sword.

- 'So the qu's. The fo's, and all the reft except C. read, Ab, ba.
 - t First f. one.
 - u Two last fo's, and R. my for the.
- w S. puts the inflead of my, as in no ether edition.
 - * The fo's and R, for for our.
- y The fo's, and all the succeeding editions except C. make this and the following line change places.
- 2 R. alters that to which, and is followed by all the succeeding editors, except C.
- ² The words by bis fword are omitted by the fo's, R. P. and H.

Ham. Well faid, old mole, b can'ft work i' th' earth fo fast? A worthy pioneer! Once more remove, good 4 friends. Her. Oh day and night! but this is wond'rous strange. Ham. And therefore as a ftranger e give it welcome. There are more things in heav'n and earth, Horatio, Than are dreamt of in your f philosophy. But come, Here, as before, never (for help you mercy!) How strange or odd h soe'er I bear myself, As I perchance hereafter shall think meet To put an antick disposition on, That you, at fuch i times feeing me, never shall, With arms encumbred thus, 's or head thus shak'd, Or by pronouncing of some doubtful phrase, As, Well, well, we know—or, We could and if we would— Or, If we lift to speak-or, There be and if " there might-Or fuch ambiguous a giving out, • denote That you know aught of me; this do P ye fwear,

- b The 3d q. reads canft thou work, &cc.
- c The fo's read ground for earth, followed by all the succeeding editors.
- d The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read friend.
- The 3d and 4th fo's, and R,'s oftavo, read bid.
 - f The fo's, R. and H. read our.
- g P.'s duodecimo reads Swear for Here.
 - h First and 2d qu's, fo mere.
 - i All but qu's, time.
- the The tit and 2d qu's, P. and all after him, read, or this bead-fhake, &c.
 The 3d q. reads, or head thus fhake't.
 The fo's and R. read, or thus, head-floke.

- 1 So the qu's and C. All the other editions read, As, well, we know, &c.
- m The qu's and C. read they; but S. who professes to print from them with all their blunders, reads there.
 - n W. givings out.
- All the editions before T. read to note: But with this reading the featence would not be compleat.
- P The qu's omit ye. The fo's and R. read,
- this not to do,

 So grace and mercy at your most need bely you,
 Swear.

The fucceeding editors read,

- this do ye fewear,
So grace and mercy at your most need help you!
Sewear.



6 HAMLET.

So grace and mercy at your most need help you! Ghost. Swear.

Ham. Reft, reft, perturbed fpirit. So, gentlemen, With all my love q I do commend me to you; And what so poor a man as Hamlet is May do t' express his love and friending to you, God willing shall not lack. Let us go in together; And still your singers on your lips, I pray. The time is out of joint; oh, cursed spight, That ever I was born to set it right! Nay, come, let's go together.

[Exeunt.

9 The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, omit I ds.
The 3d and 4th fo's read fee for T. W. and J. do I.

If H. omits together.

II.

SCEN E I.

- ² An Apartment in Polonius's House.
 - Enter Polonius and c Reynaldo.

Polonius.

IVE him d this money, and these notes, Reynaldo. Reynaldo.

I will, my lord.

Pol. You shall do f marvellous wifely, good Reynalde, Before you visit him to make enquiry Of his behaviour.

Rey. My lord, I did intend it.

Pol. h Marry, well faid; very well faid. Look you, fir, Enquire me first what I Danskers are in Paris; And how; and who; what means; and where they keep; What company; k at what expence; and finding By this encompassment and drift of question,

- * The scene first described by R.
- The qu's, Enter old Polonius with bis man er tave.
- spell this word Remolds.
 - d The fo's and R. read bit.
- e The 2d and 3d qu's read, and thefe sevo notes, &c. The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read, and those notes, &c.
- f The first q. reads marviles; the fo's
- E The qu's read to make inquire: the " The fo's, and all the editions after, fo's read, you make inquiry : R, make you inquiry.
 - h First and 2d qu's, Marg.
 - i C. Dantz'ckers.
 - k The 4th f. and R.'s octavo, omit sa

That

M H L E T. 48

That they do know my fon, come you more nearer;

Then your a particular demands will touch it.

. Take you, as 'twere, some distant knowledge of him:

• As thus: I know his father and his friends,

And in part him-Do you mark this, Reynalde?

Rey. Ay, very well, my lord.

Pol. And in part him, but (you may fay) not well; But p if 't be he I mean, he's very wild; Addicted so and so—and there put on him What forgeries you please; marry, none so rank, As may dishonour him; take heed of that; But, fir, fuch wanton, wild and usual flips, As are companions noted and most known To youth and liberty.

Rey. As gaming, my lord —

Pol. Ay, or drinking, q'fencing, fwearing, Quarreling, drabbing - you may go so far.

Rey. My lord, that would dishonour him.

Pol. Faith no, as you may feafon it in the charge; You must not put another scandal on him, That he is open to incontinency;

That's not my meaning; but breathe his faults so quaintly,

- and C. This way of doubling the comparative is usual in Stakespeare. All the lated. other editions read more mear.
 - m Second f. then.
- n First and 2d qu's, particular demands will tuch it. So S. but gives not the reading of his 3d q. where the words are spelt right.
 - " The fo's, And thus, &cc.
 - P First and 2d qu's, y'ft. So S. but

- 1 -more nearer] So the qu's, 1st f. gives not the reading of the 3d q. if it. 9 W. fays, the word fencing is interpo-
 - The qu's read, Faith as you may feafon it, &c.
 - 5 T. in his Shakespeare reflored, thinks we should read an utter fcandal, &c. (in which conjecture he is followed by the editors after him, except C.) but retracts his opinion in his own edition.
 - t First and 2d q. quently.

That

That they may feem the taints of liberty; The flash and out-break of a fiery mind, A savageness in unreclaimed blood Of general assault.

Rey. But, my good lord ---

Pol. Wherefore should you do this?

Rey. Ay, * my lord, I would know that.

Pol. Marry, fir, here 's my drift;

And I believe it is a fetch of y wit.

You, laying these flight a sullies on my son, As 'twere a thing a little soil'd a i' th' working,

Mark you your party in converse, b him c you would sound,

Having ever feen, in the prenominate crimes,

The youth you breathe of, guilty, be affur'd,

He closes with you in this f consequence;

⁸ Good fir, (or fo) or friend, or gentleman,

According to the phrase h or the i addition

Of man and country.

Rey. Very good, my lord.

Pol. And then, fir, does the this;

* He does --- what was I about to fay?

- " Fo's, unreclaim'd.
- ♥ Second q. wberefor. So S. but gives by H. not the mading of 3d q. wberefore.
 - E C. reads, my good lord, &c.
- J The fo's, R. and C. for wit read
 - " The first q. and P. read fallies.
 - * The qu's read with working.
 - b Third q. T. W. and J. be for bim.
- , . For you would, J. puts, you'ld.
- d First and 2d qu's, prenominat. So S. neglecting prenominate, the reading of 3dq.

e P. siters breathe to speak. Followed by H.

f The 2d q. reads cofequence.

g H. reads, Good fir, or fire, or friends. W. reads, Good fir, or fire, &c. N. B. In the qu's the words or fo are included in a parenthefis, as in the above text.

h Instead of or, the fo's and R. read and.

First q. addission.

k Qu's, a for be.

HAMLET.

¹ By the mass, I was about to say ^m something, What did I leave?

Rey. At, closes in the consequence ".

Pol. At, closes in the consequence --- Ay, marry.

• He closes thus: I know the gentleman,

I saw him yesterday, or p t' other day,

- 9 Or then, or then, with fuch, or fuch; and, as you fay,
- There was he gaming, there o'ertook in 's rowse,

There falling out at tennis, or, perchance,

I faw him enter t fuch a house of u fale,

Videlicet, a brothel, or so forth .--- See you now,

Your bait of falshood w takes this x carp of truth:

And thus do we of wisdom and of reach,

With windlaces, and with , affays of byas,

By z indirections find directions out;

So by my former lecture and advice

Shall you my fon. You have me, have you not?

Rey. My lord, I have.

- ¹ The words By the mass, are in the qu's, but are omitted in all the other editions.
- m The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read nothing.
- n The fo's and R. add to this fpeech of Reynaldo these words, At friend, or so, and gentleman.
 - o The fo's, R. and C. read,

He closes with you thus. I know the gentleman.

- P Qu's, th' other.
- 9 P. inferts but only one or then, and is followed by all the editors after him, except C.

- r So the qu's and C. The fo's, and all the reft, instead of or read and.
 - ' The qu's read,

There was a gaming there, or tooke in's rowfe.

- t The 2d q. instead of fuch reads fuch or fuch; the 3d q. fuch and fuch.
- " First and 2d fo's, faile; 3d and 4th, fail.
- W First and 2d qu's, take. So S. without giving takes, the reading of 3d q.
 - * The fo's read cape for carp.
 - Third q. effages.
 - " The 2d and 3d qu's read indirects.

Pol. Ged b'w you, b fare you well.

Rey. Good, my lord ---

Pol. Observe his inclination c in yourself.

Rey. I shall, my lord.

Pol. And let him ply his musick.

Rey. Well, my lord.

[Exit Reynaldo.

SCENE II.

Enter Ophelia 4.

Pol. Farewel. How now, Ophelia, what's the matter?

Oph. Omy lord, my lord, I have been so affrighted.

Pol. With what it h' name of God?

Oph. My lord, as I was se sewing in my he closet,

Lord Hamlet, with his doublet all unbrac'd,

No hat upon his head, his stockings i foul'd,

Ungarter'd, and he down-gyved to his ancle,

Pale as his shirt, his knees knocking each other,

And with a look so piteous in purport,

As if he had been loosed out of hell,

To speak of horrors; i he comes before me.

- a Qu's, buy ye; 1st, 2d and 3d fo's, buy you.
 - b First and 2d qu's, far ye, &c.
 - . H. and W, e'en for in.
 - d C. adds baftily.
- e So the qu's and C. The fo's and all the other editions read, Alas, my lord, I bave, &c.
- f The fo's and all succeeding editions read, in the name of heav'n.
 - g All but W, and J. fowing.
 - h The fo's and R. read chamber.
- i Instead of foul'd, T. puts down loofe; and, in his note, says he has restored the reading of the elder qu's: but there is no such reading as loofe either in the qu's, fo's, or any edition before him: nevertheless the succeeding editors, except C, implicitly following him, read loofe.
- k The 2d q. T. W. J. and C. read down-gyred.
- 1 P. and all after, except C. insert than before be.

..H A M L E T.

Pol. Mad for thy love?

52

Oph. My lord, I do not know; But, truly I do fear it.

Pol. What faid he?

Oph. He took me by the wrist, " and held me hard; Then goes he to the length of all his arm; And with his other hand, thus o'er his brow; He falls to such perusal of my face, As " he would draw it: " long staid he so; At last, a little shaking of " mine arm, And thrice his head thus waving up and down, He rais'd a sigh so " piteous and prosound," As it did scem to shatter all his bulk, And end his being: " that done, he lets " me go, And, with his head over his " shoulder turn'd, He seem'd to find his ways without his eyes; For out " o' doors he went without their " helps, And, to the last, bended their light on me.

Pol. 7 Come, go with me, I will go feek the king. This is the very ecftacy of love,
Whose violent property 2 foredoes itself,

- m The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. omit, and beld me bard.
 - n Qu's, a for be.
- P. alters this to, long time flaid be fo.
 And is followed by all the editors after him.
- P P.'s duodecimo reads, bis for mine; 2d, 3d, 4th fo's, R. and H. my.
- 9 The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. for pitcous read bideous.
- r So the qu's and C. The fo's and all the other editions read, That it, &c.

- ⁵ P. infead of that done, puts down then; and is followed by all the editors after him, except C.
 - t Three last fo's omit me.
- u The 2d and 3d q, the fo's, and R. read fboulders.
- . W First and ad qu's, fo's, R. and P, adoors.
- × So the qu's and C. All the other editions read belp.
 - y The fo's omit Come.
- 2 The 2d and 3d qu's, and W. read foregoes.

And

And leads the will to desp'rate undertakings, As oft as any a passion under heav'n, That does afflict our natures. I am forry: What, have you given him any hard words of late? Oph. No, my good lord; but as you did command, I did repel his letters, and deny'd His access to me.

Pol. That hath made him mad. I am forry that with better b heed and judgment I had not s quoted him. d I fear'd he did but trifle, And meant to wrack thee; but e befhrew my jealousy! f By heaven it is as proper to our age To cast beyond ourselves in our opinions, As it is common for the younger fort To lack discretion. Come, go we to the king. This must be known; which being kept close, might move More grief to hide, than hate to utter love. h Come. [Excunt.

^{*} The qu's read paffions.

b So the qu's, P. H. and C. The reft read speed.

c The Ist and 2d qu's read coted; the &c. 3d coated. W. reads noted.

d The fo's read I fear, &c. P. alters More grief to bide bate, than to utter love. thus, I fear'd be trifled; and is followed by all the succeeding editors, except C.

First and ad qu's, and C. besbrow.

f So the qu's and C. The fo's, with all the reft, read, It forms, it is as proper,

E H. reads,

h All but qu's and C, omit come.

HAMLET.

54

SCENE III.

1 The Palace,

¹ Enter King, Queen, Rosencraus, Guildenstern, E Lords, and other Attendants.

King. Welcome, dear Refeneraus, and Guildenstern! Moreover that we much did long to fee you, The need we have to use you did provoke Our hasty fending. " Something have you heard Of Hamlet's transformation; fo I call it, * Since p not th' exterior, nor the inward man Resembles that it was: what it should be More than his father's death, that thus hath put him So much from th' understanding of himself, I cannot q dream of. I entreat you both That being of fo young days brought up with him, And ' fith fo neighbour'd to his youth and ' haviour, That you vouchsafe your rest here in our court Some little time; fo by your companies To draw him on to pleasures, and to gather So much as from t occasion you may glean,

- i The fo's and R. make the 2d scene begin here.
 - k R. firft describes the scene.
 - 1 Qn's, Florift, Enter, &c.
- m The following words of the direction put in by R. instead of cum aliis in the fo's.
- n The 3d q, T W. and J. read Something you have beard.
- o Qu's, Sitb.
- P Qu's and C. nor.
- 9 The fo's and R, instead of dream, read deem.
 - r Qu's, fitb.
- s So the qu's. W. reads bavour. All the rest read bumour.
- t The qu's read occasion: All the reft eccasions.
 - " Whether

Whether aught to us unknown afflicts him thus, That open'd lies within our remedy.

Queen. Good gentlemen, he hath much talk'd of you; And fure I am, two men there ware not living, To whom he more adheres: if it will please you To shew us so much gentry and good-will, As to expend your time with us a while, For the supply and profit of our hope, Your visitation shall receive such thanks, As sits a king's remembrance.

Ref. Both your majesties

Might, by the sovereign power you have of us,

Put your dread pleasures more into command

Than to entreaty.

Guil. ² But we both obey,
And here give up ourselves, in the full bent,
To lay our ³ service freely at your seet,
⁵ To be commanded,

King. Thanks, Rosencraus and gentle Guildenstern.

Queen. Thanks, Guildenstern and gentle Rosencraus.

And I beseech you, instantly to visit

My too much changed son. Go, some of cye,

And bring d these gentlemen where Hamlet is.

- "This line is omitted in the fo's. The qu's and C. read, Whether ought. &c. R. and all after him read If instead of Whether.
 - w The first q. reads is for are.
- The 2d q. P. T. H. and W. read extend.
 - y The 3d q. reads should.

- 2 The fo's omit But.
- A The fo's read fervices.
- b To be commanded. This line is omitted in the 2d and 3d qu's, in P. and all the editions after him, except C.
 - c Qu's and C. you.
 - d Fo's and R. the.

T. H M L E

Guil. Heavens make our presence and our practices Pleafant and helpful to him! [Excust.

Queen. . Ay, amen.

56

Enter Polonius.

Pol. Th' ambassadors from Norway, my good lord, Are joyfully return'd.

King. Thou still hast been the father of good news. Pol. Have I, my lord? I affure my good liege, I hold my duty, as I hold my foul, Both to my God, g and to my gracious king; And I do think (or else this brain of mine Hunts not the trail of policy h fo fure As it hath us'd to do) that I have found The very cause of Hamlet's lunacy.

King. O speak of that, that I do long to hear. Pol. Give first admittance to th' ambassadors;

- My news shall be the fruit to that great feaft, King. Thyself do grace to them, and bring them in. Exit Polonius,
- * He tells me, my dear Gertrude, he hath found The head and source of all your son's distemper.
- e The 1st and 2d qu's read, I Amen. All the other editions, except C, read Amen only.
- f So the qu's. The fo's and the rest read, Assure you, my good liege.
- g 'The fo's read, Both to my God, one to my gracious king.
- h The 3d and 4th fo's read, fo be fure,

editions after, read, As I bave us'd to do. k The fo's and R. read, My news fbalk

be the news, &c. 1 7. of for to.

m This direction first inserted by R.

n So the 1st and 3d qu's and C. The 2d q. reads, He tells me my decree: Gertrude, &c. The fo's, and all the other editions, read, He tells sie, my sweet i So the qu's and C. The fo's, and all queen, that be bath found, &c.

Queen. I doubt it is no other but the main, His father's death, and our hafty marriage.

SCENE IV.

P Enter Polonius, Voltimand, and Cornelius.

King. Well, we shall fift him, --- Welcome, a my good friends!

Say, Voltimand, what from our brother Norway? Volt, Most fair return of greetings and defires. Upon our first, he sent out to suppress His nephew's levies, which to him appear'd To be a preparation 'gainst the Polack, But better look'd into, he truly found It was against your highness; whereat griev'd, That so his fickness, age, and impotence Was falfely borne in hand, fends out arrests On Fortinbras; which he, in brief, obeys; Receives rebuke from Norway; and, in fine, Makes vow before his uncle, never more To give th' affay of arms against your majesty. Whereon old Norway, overcome with joy, Gives him ' threescore thousand crowns in annual fee, And his commission to employ those soldiers, So levied (as before) against the Polack; With an entreaty, herein further * shown, That it might please you to give quiet pass

Through

O'er-hafty marriage.

[?] Qu's, Enter Embassadore.

² The fees and R, emit say,

r. The fo's, R. P. H. W. and C. mad three thousand crowns.

[·] First and ad qu'e, fone.



58 H A M L E T.

Through your dominions for this enterprize, On such regards of safety and allowance, As a therein are set down.

King. It likes us well;

And at our more confider'd time we'll read,

Answer, and think upon this business.

Mean time, we thank you for your * well-took labour.

Go to your rest; at night we'll feast together.

Most welcome home!

[Ex. Vol. and Cor.

Pol. This business is 7 well ended.

My liege and madam, to expostulate

What majesty should be, what duty is,

Why day is day, night night, and time is time,

Were nothing but to waste night, day, and time.

Therefore, * since brevity is the soul of wit,

And tediousness the * limbs and outward flourishes,

I will be brief: your noble son is mad;

Mad call I it; for, to define true madness,

What is 't, but to be nothing else but mad?

But let that go ---

Queen. More matter with less art.

Pol. Madam, I fwear I use no art at all.—That he is mad, b'tis true; 'tis true, 'tis pity; c' And pity 'tis, 'tis true. A foolish figure, But farewel it; for I will use no art.

Mad let us grant him then; and now remains

That

t The fo's and R. read Lis.

[&]quot; The 3d q. reads bereiπ.

W H. alters thus, And think upon an answer to this business.

The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read swell-look'd.

y The fo's and R. read very well.

Z The qu's omit fince.

² First q. bymmes; 2d q. limmes.

b C. is for 'tis.

c The fo's, R. and P, read, And phy, it is true, &c.

That we find out the cause of this effect, Or rather fay, the cause of this defect; For this effect, defective, comes by cause; Thus it remains, and the remainder thus --- Perpend ---I have a daughter; have d while she is mine, Who in her duty and obedience --- mark ---Hath given me this; now gather, and furmise. [He opens a letter and reads.]

To the celestial, and my foul's idol, the most beautified Ophelia --- (That's an ill phrase, a h vile phrase, s beautisted is a b vile phrase; but you shall hear, i thus) --- in her excellent white bosom; these k, &c,

Queen. Came this from Hamlet to her? Pol. Good madam, stay a while. I will be faithful.

> Doubt thou, the flars are fire, Doubt, that the fun doth move; Doubt truth to be a liar, But never doubt, I love,

1 [Reading.

flopping in those editions, I have flopp'd them as I thought they would best make fense; and suppose the meaning to be, 8 T. alters beautified to be beatified; To Ophelia, moft beautified in ber excellent wbite bosom; thefe.

> The fo's read, thefe in her excellent wbite bosom, thefe. So C. R. and all after him, except C. read, thefe to ber excellent white bosom, these.

d Fo's, whilf.

The 3d q. omits and.

f C. reads foul's fair idel, &c.

and is followed by W. and C. J. says in in his note that H. follows T. which is false. C. reads, that beautified is a wile, ø۲.

h Fo's, vilde.

i So the words in the qu's; but as we are very little to regard the method of

k All but qu's omit &c.

¹ Qu's, [Letter.

Ħ 60 M L E T.

ı

O dear Ophelia, I am ill at these numbers; I have not art to reckon my groans; but that I love thee best; O most best, believe it, Adieu.

> Thine evermore, most dear lady, whilst this machine is to him,

> > Hamlet.

This in obedience hath my daughter m shown me, And, more above, hath his p follicitings, As they fell out by time, by means, and place, All given to mine ear,

King. But how hath fhe receiv'd his love? Pol. What do you think of me?

Lord Hamles is a prince out of thy " sphere,

King. As of a man faithful and honourable, Pol I would fain prove fo. But what might you think? When I had feen 4 this hot love on the wing, (As I perceiv'd it, I must tell you that, Before my daughter told me) what might you, Or my dear majesty, your queen here, think If I had play'd the desk, or table-book, Or given my heart 'a 'working, mute and dumb, Or look'd upon this love with idle fight? What might you think? No, I went round to work, And my young miftress thus I did bespeak;

- m Fo's and R. forw'd.
- n The qu's read about.
- The 3d q. reads bave.
- The fo's read folliching.
- 9 The 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. read bis.
- P. omits a.
- * The 3d q. the fo's and R. read winking.
 - The 2d q. reads this.
- u The 1st q. reads far; the 2d q. and 1ft f. farre.

This

ACT II. SCENE IV.

This must not be; and then I w prescripts gave her,
That she should lock herself from his resort,
Admit no messengers, receive no tokens,
Which done, she took the fruits of my advice;
And he, he repelled, (a short tale to make)
Fell into a sadness, then into a fast,
Thence to a watch, thence into a weakness,
Thence to a lightness, and, by this declension,
Into the madness, wherein now he raves,
And all we mourn for.

King. f Do you think this?

Queen. It may be very s like.

Pol. Hath there been such a time, b I'd fain know that,

That I have positively said, 'tis so,

When it prov'd otherwise? King. Not that I know.

- w So the 1st and 2d qu's and C. All the rest read precepts.
 - " First q. ber for bis.
 - y Which done, the took the fruits of my advice;

And be repulfed,—] The fruits of advice are the effects of advice. But how could the be faid to take them? The reading is corrupt. Shakespeare wrote Which done, see to the fruits of my advice; For, he repulfed,—

The fruits of advice are the behaviour confequent upon advice; fo the meaning is, the took upon her fuch a behaviour as he had adviced her to. The words Which done, fignify, which advice being given.

* The qu's read repell'd; all the rest repulfed.

² P. alters these lines as follows, Fell to a sadness, then into a sask, Thence to a westching, thence into a weakness, and is followed by all the succeeding editors.

P. and all after, except C, to for into.
P. and all after, exacting

b First q. watb.

c The 1st and 2d qu's omit &.

d The fo's read wberees.

e So the qu's. All the other editions read wail for mourn.

f The 3d q. the fo's, R. and Cread, Do you think 'tis this?

g In the 1st and 2d qu's, like. In all other editions, likely.

h Qu's, I would.

62 HAMLET.

Pol. Take this from this, if this be otherwise.

1 [Pointing to his head and shot: lder.

If circumstances lead me, I will find Where truth is hid, though it were hid indeed Within the center.

King. How may we try it further?

Pol. You know, fometimes he walks k for hours together. Here in the lobby.

Queen. So he 1 does indeed.

Pol. At such a time I'll loose my daughter to him; Be you and I behind m an arras then; Mark the encounter; If he love her not And be not from his reason fall'n thereon, Let me be no assistant for a state,

But keep a farm and carters. King. We will try it.

SCENE V.

Enter Hamlet * reading P.

Queen. But look where fadly the poor wretch comes reading.

Pol. Away, I do beseech you, both away.

Pil board him presently.

[Exeunt King and Queen.
Oh, give me leave.---How does my good lord Hamlet?

i This direction first inserted by T.

m The 3d q. the for an.

by C. All other editions read four for

n The fo's, R. and P.'s q. And for But.

o The qu's omit reading.

1 The fo's and R. read bas for does.

P The fo's add on a book.

Ham. Well, God 'a' mercy.

Pol. Do you know me, my lord?

Ham. 4 Excellent well; you are a fishmonger.

Pol. Not I, my lord.

Ham. Then I would you were so honest a man.

Pol. Honest, my lord?

Ham. Ay, fir; to be honest, as this world goes, Is to be one ' man pick'd out of ' ten thousand.

Pol. That's very true, my lord.

Ham. For if the fun breed maggots in a dead dog; Being a 'God, kiffing carrion ---

Have you a daughter?

Pol. I have, my lord.

Ham. Let her not walk i'th' fun; conception is a bleffing;

" But as your daughter may conceive. Friend, look to 't. Pol. How fay you by that ?---Still harping on my daughter!

Aside.

Yet he knew me not at first; " he said, I was a fish-monger.

■ He is far gone; and truly, in my youth,

I fuffer'd much extremity for love,

Very near this. --- I'll speak to him again.

What do you read, my lord?

Ham. Words, words, words.

Pol. What is the matter, my lord?

9 The fo's and R. Excellent, excellent

omit man.

- 5 The fo's and R. sevo thou fand.
- * All the editions before H. read good.
- ing, conception is in general a bleffing, but &c.

to your daughter it may be a bleffing o otherwise according as she may conceive. " The 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. The fo's, and all succeeding editions, read, But not as your daughter may conceive.

W The qu's, a for be. The fo's, R. " So the qu's: and this is the mean- and C. read, He is far gone, far gone,

Η M L E

Ham. Between who?

64

Pol. I mean , the matter that you read, my lord.

Ham. Slanders, fir: for the fatirical z rogue fays here, that old men have grey beards; that their faces are wrinkled; their eyes purging thick amber, a and plum-tree gum; and that they have a plentiful b lack of wit; together with c most weak hams. All which, fir, though I most powerfully and potently believe, yet I hold it not honesty to have it thus set down; for d yourself, fir, o shall grow old as I am; if, like a crab, you could go backward.

Pol. Though this be madness, yet there is method in 't. Will you walk out of the air, my lord?

Ham. Into my grave?

Pol. Indeed, that 's out of the air. ---How pregnant sometimes his replies are! A happiness that madness often hits on, Which * reason and sanity could not So b prosperously be deliver'd of. k I will leave him,

- the reft, whom; but Shakespeare was not shall be but as old as I am, &c. R. and so grammatically nice; he wrote as peo- the rest read, shall be as old as I am, ple discoursed in common: at this day we fay, Between who? in common talk.
- y The fo's and R. read, the matter yan mean, &c.
- . other editions read, the fatirical flave,
 - * The fo's and R. read or for and.
 - The fo's read lock.
 - The fo's and R. omit most.
 - d The fo's and R. read, you your felf,
 - So the qu's and C. The fo's read all after but C.

- The qu's, 1st f. and C. read cube; foould be old, as I am, &c. H. reads
 - f This speech in the qu's is printed profe-wife.
- g The qu's read reason and sanffity. 2 So the qu's and C. The fo's and all The fo's, R. and C. read, reason and sanity. P. and the reft, fanity and reason.
 - h The 3d q. reads bappily for prosperoufly.
 - i P. reads this word be after could not in the foregoing line; and is followed by the editors after him, except C,
 - k P. alters I will to I'll; followed by

1 And

- I And suddenly contrive the means of meeting
- Between bim and my daughter.
- 1 My honourable lord, I will most humbly

Take my leave of you.

Ham. You cannot m take from me any thing that a I will more willingly part withal, except my life, except my life, except my life.

Pol. Fare you well, my lord.

Ham. These tedious old fools!

Pol. You go to seek ? the lord Hamlet; there he is.

Exit.

SCENE VI

Enter Rosincraus and Guildenstern.

Ros. God save you, sir.

Guil. 9 My honour'd lord!

Ros. My most dear lord!

Ham. My 'excellent good friends! How dost thou, Guildenstern?

Ah! Refinerane, good lads! how do ' ye both?

Ref. As the indifferent children of the earth.

Guil. Happy in that we are not " over-happy,

- three lines, are omitted in the qu's. once without any addition. C. omits beneurable and most bumbly.
- m Between cannot and take the word read my for the; the rest omit the. for in inferred in all editions but the
 - n Qu's read, I will not more, &c.

4u's.

- Se the qu's and C. The fo's and R. read, except my life, my life. All the
- The words printed in italic, in these other editions read except my life, but
 - P So the qu's and C. The fo's and R.
 - 9 Fo's, Mine.
 - ? Firft q. entent.
 - " The 1st and 2d qu's, A; 3d and C.
 - Ab. All the reft, 96 !
 - t Qu's, you,
 - " The qu's read over happy.

Æ

т.

On fortune's w cap we are not the very button.

H'A'M'L

Ham. Nor the foles of her shoe?

Ros. Neither, my lord.

Ham. Then you live about her waift, or in the middle of her * favours?

Guil. 'Faith, ' her privates we.

Ham. In the fecret parts of fortune? oh! most true; she is a strumpet. 2 What news?

Ros. None, my lord, but a that the world's grown honest. Ham. Then is dooms-day near; but your news is not true.

Let me question more in particular: what have you, my good friends, deserved at the hands of fortune, that she sends you to prison hither?

Guil. Prison, my lord?

Ham. Denmark 's a prison.

Rof. Then is the world one.

Ham. A goodly one, in which there are many confines, wards and dungeons; Denmark being one o' the worst.

Ros. We think not so, my lord.

Ham. Why then, 'tis none to you; for there is nothing either good or bad, but thinking makes it so: to me it is a prison.

Ros. Why then your ambition makes it one; 'tis too narrow for your mind.

Ham. Ob God! I could be bounded in a nutshell, and count myself a king of infinite space; were it not that I have bad dreams.

[₩] The 1st and 2d qu's read lap.

^{*} The fo's and R. read favour.

y Here T. interpolates in before ber; followed by all after but C.

² The fo's and R. read, What's the

² The qu's omit that.

What is printed in itaffic here, is not in the qu'a.

Guil. Which dreams indeed are ambition; for the very substance of the ambitious is merely the shadow of a dream.

Ham. A dream itself is but a shadow.

Ros. Truly, and I hold ambition of so airy and light a quality, that it is but a shadow's shadow.

Ham. Then are our beggars, bodies; and our monarchs and out-firetch'd heroes, the beggars' shadows. Shall we to th' court? for, by my 'fay, I cannot reason.

Both. We'll wait upon you.

Ham. No such matter. I will not fort you with the rest of my servants; for, to speak to you like an bonest man, I am most dreadfully attended. But in the beaten way of friendship, what make you at Elsinoor?

Rof. To vifit you, my lord; no other occasion.

Ham. Beggar that I am, I am d even poor in thanks; but I thank you; and fure, dear friends, my thanks are too dear a halfpenny. Were you not fent for? Is it your own inclining? Is it a free vifitation? Come, come, deal justly with me; come, come; nay, speak.

Guil. What should we say, my lord?

Ham. Any thing, but to the purpose. You were sent for; and there is a kind of confession in your looks, which your modesties have not crast enough to colour. I know the good king and queen have sent for you.

Rof. To what end, my lord?

Ham. That you must teach me; but let me conjure you by the rights of s our h fellowship, by the consonancy of our

c Fo's, fg.

read, Come, deal juftly, &c.

d First and 2d qu's, ever.

g The fo's and R. read, Wby any thing,

e T. W. and J. read of a balfpenny.

h Third and 4th fo's, your.

H. and C. at a ballery.

The 3d q. reads fellowsbips.

f So the qu's. The fo's and the reft

and Jakanan Janaa Janaa

youth, by the obligation of our ever-preserved love, and by what more dear, a better propofer k could charge you withal; be even and direct with me, whether you were fent for or no.

Rof. What fay you? ¹ [To Guildenstern. Guild. My lord, we were fent for.

Ham. I will tell you why. So shall my anticipation prevent your a discovery, and, your secresy to the king and queen moult no feather. I have of late, but wherefore I know not, loft all my mirth, forgone all cuftom of " exercifes; and indeed it goes to heavily with my disposition, that this goodly frame the earth feems to me a steril promontory; this most excellent canopy the air, look you, this brave P o'erchanging q firmament, this majestical roof fretted with golden fire, why it appeareth nothing to me but a foul and pestilent congregation of vapours. What " a piece of work is " a man! how noble in reason! how infinite in * faculties! In form and moving how express and admirable! In action how like an angel! In apprehenfions how like a God! The beauty of the world! The paragon of animals! and yet to me what is this quintessence of dust? Man de-

k The qu's, instead of could read can.

¹ This direction first by T.

In The fo's read, your discovery of your fecrefy to the king and queen a moult no feather, I have of late, &c.

n So the qu's and C. The fo's and the rest read, exercise.

[·] The fo's read beavenly.

P The 2d and 3d qu's read o'erbanged.

¹ The fo's and R. omit firmament.

I Second, 3d and 4th fo's read appear-

⁵ So the qu's. The fo's, and all editions after, read, no other thing.

^{&#}x27; So the qu's. All other editions, than.

u The 1st and 2d qu's omit a.

W Third q. omits a.

^{*} The fo's and R. read faculty.

lights not me; 7 nor " woman neither; though by your fmiling you feem to fay fo.

Rof. My lord, there was no fuch fluff in my thoughts.

Ham. Why did * you laugh * then, when I faid, man delights not me?

Ros. To think, my lord, if you delight not in man, what lenten entertainment the players shall receive from you; we caccosted them on the way, and hither are they coming to offer you service.

Ham. He that plays the king shall be welcome; his majesty shall have tribute of me: the adventurous knight shall use his foil and target: the lover shall not of sigh gratis: the humourous man shall end his part in peace: f the clown shall make those laugh whose lungs are tickled o' th' of sere: and the lady shall say her mind freely, or the h blank verse shall halt for 't. What players are they?

Rof. Even those you were wont to take i such delight in, the tragedians of the city.

Ham. How chances it, k they travel? their residence both in reputation and profit was better, both ways.

y The fo's and R. read so nor, &c.

² First q. women.

² Qu's, ye.

b The fo's and all editions after, except C. omit then.

The 1st and 2d qu's read coted. The 3d q. and the fo's read, coated. Perhaps Shakefpeare wrote quoted. Accosted in R.'s canendation.

d The 1st and 2d qu's read on.

^{*} The 2d q. reads fing.

f The fentence in italic is not in the qu's. . The fo's, R. and W, only have it.

g Sere, i. e. dry, withered. Johnfon's sictionary. Then the fense will be (as Shakespeare frequently uses adjectives as substantives) Whose lungs are tickled d'th' dry; or, whose lungs are withered.

h Firft q. black.

i The fo's and all fucceeding editions omit fucb.

k The ad q. the for they.

Rol. I think, their inhibition comes by the means of the late 1 innovation.

Ham. Do " they hold the same estimation they did when I was in the city? are they so followed?

Ros. No indeed are they not.

Ham. P How comes it? do they grow rufly?

. Ros. Nay, their endeavour keeps in the wonted pace; but there is, fir, an a aiery of children, little a eyases, that cry out on the top of question; and are most tyrannically clapt for 't: these are now the fashion, and so berattle the common stages (as they call them) that many wearing rapiers are afraid of goose-quills, and dare scarce come thitber.

Ham. What, are they children? who maintains t'em? bow are they " esceted? will they pursue the quality no longer than they can sing? will they not say afterwards? If they should grow themselves to common players (as it is " most like, if their means are " no better) their writers do them wrong to make them exclaim against their own succession.

Ros. 'Faith there has been much to do on both sides; and the nation holds it no fin, y to tar them an to controversy. There was,

- 1 J. thinks inbibition and innovation playhouses then contending, the Bankshould change places.
 - " J. omits the.
 - " The 2d q. the for they.
- o So the 1st and 2d qu's and C, All the rest read, they are not.
- P What is printed in italics is not in
- 9 The fo's, R. and P, read Yases; which frems to be no Englifb word. T, corrects it, eyases. An aiery or eyery is a hawk's or eagle's nest; and eyases are young nestinforms us that this passage relates to the on to controver sy.

fide, the Fortuse, &c .- play'd by the children of his majesty's chapel,

- I C. the queftion, &c.
- 5 The 1st f. reads berattled,
- t C. them.
- " Escoted, pensioned : from the French Eject, a shot or reckoning. H.
- W The fo's and R, read, like most. P. corrects it, most like.
 - * Second f. not,
- y P.'s duodecime, T, and those that lings, creatures just out of the egg. P. come after, except C, read, so tarry them

for a while, no money bid for argument, unless the poet and the player went to cuffs in the question.

Ham. Is 't possible?

Guil. Oh, there has been much throwing about of brains.

Ham. Do the boys carry it away?

Ros. Ay, that they do, my lord; Hercules and his load too.

Ham. It is not 2 very strange; for 1 my uncle is king of Denmark, and those that would make b mouths at him while my father lived, give twenty, forty, 6 fifty, 4 an hundred ducats a-piece for his picture in little: a s'blood there is something in this more than natural, if philosophy could ' find it out.

Guil. There are the players: f [Flourish for the players. Ham. Gentlemen, you are welcome to Elfineer. Your hands. Come then: the appurtenance of welcome is fafhion and ceremony; let me h comply with you in i this. garb, k left my extent to the players, which I tell you must. shew fairly outward, should more appear like entertainment than yours. You are welcome; but my uncle-father and aunt-mother are deceived.

Guil. In what, my dear lord?

Ham. I am but mad north-north-west: when the wind is foutherly, I know a hawk from a 1 hand-faw.

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The fo's, R. and all editions after,
omit wary.
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- All but qu's and C. mine.
- h All but the qu's and C. read mouves.
- . C The fo's and R. omit fifty.
- e This word is emitted in all editions let my .. but the qu's and C.
- f Direction in qu's, A florifo.
- g The fo's and R. omit then.
- h H. reads complement.
- i The fo's, R. and C. read the for this.
 - k The Ist q. reads, let me; the 2d q.
 - - 1 H. reads beimfbam.



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SCENE VII.

Enter Polonius.

Pol. Well be with you, gentlemen.

Ham. Hark you, Guildenstern; and you too, * at each ear a hearer. That great baby " you see there is not yet out of his swadling-clouts.

Ros. P Haply, he's the second time come to them; for they say, an old man is twice a child.

Ham. I will prophefy, 4 he comes to tell me of the players. Mark it. You fay right, fir, 7 o' Monday morning, 'twas 6 then indeed.

Pol. My lord, I have news to tell you.

Ham. My lord, I have news to tell you. When Referses was an actor in Rame---

Pol. The actors are come hither, may lord.

Ham. Buz, buz.

Pol. Upon " my honour.

Ham. Then " came each actor on his ass.

- m The ad q. reads ere.
- n The 2d and 3d qu's read, as you fee is not yet out, &c.
 - o Fo's and R. fwatbing, &c.
 - P Two ist qu's, and three ist fo's, bap- then.
- 9 The 2d and 3d qu's read, that he comes, &c.
- The fo's read, for a Munday moraing, &c. R. and all after bigs, except C. for on Manday marning, &cc.
 - s All but the qu's and C, read fo for
 - t The fo's omit was
 - u Fo's, mine.
 - The fo's read can.

Pol. The best actors in the world, either for tragedy, comody, history, pastoral, * pastoral-comical, historical-pastoral, 7 scene z individeable, or poem unlimited. Seneca cannot be too heavy, nor Plantus too light; for the law of " writ, and the liberty, these are the only men.

Ham. O Jephtha, judge of Israel, what a treasure hadst thou!

Pol. What a treasure had he, my lord?

Ham. Why, one fair daughter, and no more, The which he loved paffing well.

Pol. Still on my daughter.

Ham. Am I not i' th' right, old Jephtha!

Pol. b If theu call me Jephtha, my lord, I have a daughter that I love passing well.

Ham. Nay, that follows not.

Pol. What follows then, my lord?

Ham. Why, as by lot, God wot --- and then you know it came to pais, as most like it was: the first row of the pious chanson will shew you more; for look where my abridgment comes.

* Enter the players.

You are welcome, masters, welcome, all. I am glad to fee

- " The fo's and R. read, Pafterical-, Comisal-Historical-Postoral: Tragical- reads, pour chausons, the other fo's and Historical: Tragical-Conical-Historical- the third q. pans chanses; H. and C. Pafteral: Scene, &c.
 - I The 2d q. reads forms.
 - 2 Fo's, indivible.
- 2 The qu's and fo's all read writ, read, my abridgments come. which R. alters to wit; and is followed by all the editors after him, except J. Enter four or five players; except C. who and C.
- h The two speeches in italic are not in the 2d and 3d qu's.
- C So the 1st and 2d qu'a. The 1st f. read pont-chanfons. R. is the first who reads rubrick, followed by the rest.
- d The fo's and all after, except G.
- c The fo's, and all editions after, read, renas, Enter certain players ufbered.
 - I Fo's, T' are,

s thec

HAMLET.

* thee well. Welcome, good friends. h Oh old friend, h why, thy face is k valanc'd fince I faw thee last: Com'st thou to beard me in *Denmark?* What! my young lady and mistres? h By 'r lady, your ladyship is nearer h to heaven than when I faw you last by the altitude of a h chapin. Pray God, your voice, like a piece of uncurrent gold, he not crack'd within the ring.---Masters, you are all welcome; we'll e'en to 't like h friendly falconers, fly at any thing we fee; we'll have a speech straight. Come, give us a taste of your quality; come, a passionate speech.

I Play. What speech, my p good lord?

Ham. I heard thee speak me a speech once, but it was never acted; or if it was, not above once; for the play, I

g H. reads you.

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h The fo's and R. read, Ob! my ald friend, Sc.

- All but the qu's and C, omit wby.
- k The fo's and R. read valiant; 1st q. walant.
- 1 The 1st and 2d qu's read by lady; the 3d q. my lady; the 1st f. byrlady; all the other editions berlady, which last is a false contraction of by our lady.
 - . m All but qu's and C. omit to.
- a Chapin; Span, a thick piece of cork bound about with tin, thin iron or filver, worn by the women in Spain at the hottom of their shoes to make them appear tailer. The qu's and C. read chopine; the so's and R. choppine; P. and the rest chioppine. Dr. Tathevel, in Grey's notes on Shakespeare, would have choppine to be the true reading, which, he says, is a

term used to this day in the northern parts of our island, for half their pint, which contains two English quarts; and these are (like many other Stots words) nothing more than the two Prench words: (chopine and piente) adopted. The sense of this passage teems more heightened by Hamlet's telling the player, she is near heaven by the altitude of a quart measure, than by that of a clog. Dr. T. Grey's notes, vol. ii. p. 291.

The fo's, R. and H. Prench faulceners; but J. (who seems not to have met with this reading any where but in' H. although he tells us he has the third f.) wonders that H. should give no reason for this correction, as he calls it, Qu's, faukners.

P The fo's and R. omit good.

remember,

remember, pleased not the million; 'twas q caviary to the general; but it was (as I received it, and others whose judgments in such matters cried in the top of mine) an excellent play, well digested in the scenes, set down with as much modesty as cunning. I remember, one said, there was no salt in the lines, to make the matter savoury; nor no matter in the phrase that might indite the author of saffection; but call'd it, an honest method, as wholesome as sweet, and by very much more handsome than sine. One speech in it I chiefly lov'd; 'twas Eneas' at tale to Dido; and thereabout of it especially, where he speaks of Priam's slaughter. If it live in your memory, begin at this line, let me see, let me see.—The rugged Pyrrbus, like th' Hyrcanian beast,—c' It is not so;—It begins with Pyrrbus.

The rugged *Pyrrhus*, he, whose sable arms, Black as • his purpose, did the night resemble, When he lay couched in • the ominous horse

- a Caviary or Caveer, a fort of eatable made of the roes of several sorts of fish pickled; but especially of the spawn of sturgeons taken in the river Volga in Muscovy, which in colour and substance looks much like green soap. Bayley's Dict. The so's, ad, 3d and 4th, read, Cautary; R. P. T. H. and W, Caviar; J. and C, Caviare.
 - F So the qu's and C. the rest, judgment.
- The qu's read evere no fallets; the fo's and R. was no fallets. P. corrects it, evas no fall; followed by the rest.
 - t The fo's and H. read affectation.
- " J. thinks Sbakespeare might probably write, but I call'd it, Sc.

- w What is here printed in Italic is omitted in all editions but J. and
- * The fo's and R. One chief speech in it I chiefly lov'd, &c.
 - y Qu's, in 't.
- ² The qu's read talke; followed by
 - a Qu's, wben.
 - b The qu's read th' Ircanian.
 - c Qu's, 'tis.
 - d The 2d and 3d qu's omit fo.
 - c The 2d and 3d fo's read be for bis.
- f First q. th' omyness; 2d and 3d qu's, th' ominous,

Hath



H £ 76 M L T.

Hath now his dread and black complexion finear'd With h heraldry more difinal; head to foot Now is he i total gules, horridly trick'd With blood of fathers, mothers, daughters, fons, Bak'd and * empafted with the parching ! streets, That lend a tyrannous and m a damned light To their lord's murther: roafted in wrath and fire, And thus o'er-fized with coagulate gore, With eyes like a carbuncles, the hellish Pyrrhus Old grandfire Priam feeks. --- 9 So proceed you.

Pol. 'Fore God, my lord, well-spoken, with good accent and good difcretion.

I Play. Anon he finds him, Striking too short at Greeks. his rantique sword, Rebellious to his arm, lies where it falls, Repugnant to command; unequal ' inatch'd, Pyrrhus at Priam drives, in rage strikes wide; But with the whiff and wind of his fell sword,

- inftead of bis read this; so does S. with- all the rest, except C. who reads with out giving the different reading bis, which is in the 3d quarto, or that of 1637. C. reads this.
 - h First and 2d qu's, beraldy.
 - i The fo's read to take geules.
 - k The 2d and 3d qu's read embafted.
- 1 All editions before P. read fireets; he alters it to fires, and is followed by all the reft, except C.
 - m All but qu's and C. omit a.
- " So the qu's. The fo's, tit, 2d and 2d, To their wilde (wile, the 4th) murthers. R, To the wife murthers. P. al-

g The two first qu's and all the fo's, tert this, To murthers wile; followed by the qu's.

- · Qu's, ore-cifed.
- P Third q. Carbuncle.
- 9 The words, 80 proceed you, are omitted in the fo's and all editions after, except C. but they feem necessary; for it would appear rude in the player, to take the speech out of Hamle's mouth, without being bid by him to proceed in
 - r Qu's, fo's and R. anticke or autick.
 - R. in for to.
 - 1 The fo's and R. read match.

Th' unnerved father falls. Then senseless lium, Seeming to feel " this blow, with flaming top Stoops to his base; and with a hideous crash Takes prisoner Pyrrbus' ear: for lo! his sword. Which was declining on the milky head Of x reverend Priam, seem'd i' th' air to stick: So, as a painted tyrant, Pyrrbus stood; a And, like a neutral to his will and matter, Did nothing.

But as we often fee, against some storm, A filence in the heav'ns, the * rack stand still, The bold winds speechless, and the orb below As hush as death, anon the dreadful thunder. Doth rend the region: so after Pyrrbus' pause, A roused vengeance sets him new a-work, And never did the Cyclops' hammers fall On & Mars his e armour, forg'd for proof eterne, With less remorfe than Pyrrhus' bleeding sword Now falls on Priam.

Out, out, thou frumpet Fortune! all you gods, In general fynod take away her power: Break all the spokes and f fellies from her wheel, And bowl the round nave down the hill of heav'n, As low as to the fiends.

- t The words, Then senfeless Blum, are emitted in the qu's.
 - " Fo's and R. reed his.
 - " Qu's, reverent.
- y The 3d and 4th fo's and Ra's optano, omit painted,
 - " The qu's omit And.
- not give us this reling.
- S. chooses to spell this word wrong. viz, bould; though his edition of 1627 Speils it bold.
 - c Second q. wind.
 - d Qu's, Marfes for Mars bis.
 - c The fo's and R. read armours.
- f The 1st q. follies; 2d q. folles; 3d * The. 3d q. reads racket. & does q. fellou; 1ft, ad and 2d fo's, and R.'s duodecimo, failin-

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Pol. This is too long.

Ham. It shall s to the barber's with your beard. Pr'ythee fay on; he's for a jigg, or a tale of bawdry, or he sleeps. Say on, come to Hecuba.

1 Play. But who, h ah woe! had seen the i mobiled queen,--Ham. i The mobiled queen?

Pol. That's good; i mobiled queen, is good.

I Play. Run bare-foot up and down, threatning the 'flames With biffon ' rheum; a clout upon that head Where late the diadem flood; and for a robe About her lank and all-o'er-teemed loins, A blanket in th' m alarm of fear caught up; Who this had feen, with tongue in venom fleep'd, 'Gainst fortune's state would treason have pronounc'd; But if the Gods themselves did see her then, When she saw Pyrrhus make malicious sport In mincing with his sword her husband's a limbs; The instant burst of clamour that she made, Unless things mortal o move them not at all, Would have made a milch the burning eyes of heav'n, And passion in the gods.

g Fo's, to tb'.

h So the 3d q. The 1st and 2d read a wor. The fo's and all the rest read, O whi.

i The 1st f. reads the inobled. C. the

Mobled or mabled fignifies veiled. So Sandys, speaking of the Turkift women, says, their heads and faces are mabled in fine linen, that no more is to be seen of them than their eyes. Travels. W.

Mobiled fignifies budd'ed, gressly covered. J.

These words, mobiled queen is good, are omitted in the qu's.

- k The fo's and R. read flame.
- 1 First q. rebume.
- m Fo's and R. alarum.
- n First and 2d qu's, limmes.
- o The 3d and 4th fo's read, meant.
- P The 3d and 4th fo's, and R.'s oftavo, omit at.
- P. alters milcb to melt, followed by H.
- TH. and C. read, And possioned the

Pel.

Pel. Look, "whe'r he has not turn'd his colour, and thas tears in 's eyes. "Pr'ythee no more.

Ham. 'Tis well. I'll have thee speak out the rest of this soon. Good my lord, will you see the players well bestowed? Do you hear, let them be well used; for they are the abstract, and brief chronicles of the time. After your death you were better have a bad epitaph, than their ill report while you a live.

Pol. My lord, I will use them according to their b defert.

Ham. God's bodikins, man, much better. Use every man after his desert, and who hall scape whipping? Use them after your own honour and dignity. The less they deserve, the more merit is in your bounty. Take them in.

Pol. Come, firs.

f [Exit Polonius.

Ham. Follow him, friends: we'll hear a play to-morrow. Dost thou hear me, old friend, can you play the murther of Gonzago?

Play. Ay, my lord.

- Qu's and fo's read where. P. and H. read if.
 - t H. reads bas not tears.
- " The fo's and R. read, Pray you no
 - w The fo's and R. omit of this.
 - * Third q. doe.
 - y All but qu's and C. ye.
 - The fo's and R. read abfire 8:
- a So the qu's and C. All the rest,
- b First and ad fo's, defart.
- C The qu's read, Gods bodhin. J. Odds bodikins.
 - d The fo's and R. omit much.
 - The fo's and R. read flowld.
 - f No direction in the qu's.
- E Second q. bers; So S. but gives not the reading of 3d, bears.



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Ham. We'll heav't to-morrow night. You could for 1 a need, study a speech of k some dozen or sixteen lines, which I would set down, and insert in 't? Could 1 you not?

Play. Ay, my lord.

Ham. Very well. Follow that lord, and look you mack him not. My good friends, " [to Ros. and Guild.] Ill leave you 'till night. You are welcome to Elfmor.

Ros. Good my lord.

Excunt.

SCENE VIII.

Manes Hamlet.

Ham. Ay so, "God b' w' ye. Now "I am alone. Oh, what a rogue and peasant slave am I! Is it not monstrous that this player here, But in a p siction, in a dream of passion, Could force his soul so to his q own conceit, That from her working, all phis visage wan'd; Tears in his eyes, distraction in his aspect, A broken voice, and his whole function suiting With forms to his conceit? and all for nothing? For Hecuba?

- h So the 2d mad 3d qu's; 1st q. Bate; the rest ba't.
 - i The qu's omit a.
- k The qu's and C. read, from dones of own.
 - 1 All but qu's and C. ye.
 - m This direction first put in by J.
- n The qu'e read God buy to you ; fo's, 24, 24 and 34, God buy'ye.
- " Third q. am I.
- P First and 2d qu's and 1ft f. fixion.
- 9 The fo's and R. read wbole inftend
- The qu's read the instead of bis.
- So the qu's, W. J. and C. The
- fo's and all the rest read evarm'd.
 - * Third q. fo's and R. in 's.

What's

What's Hecuba to him, " or he to her, That he should weep for her? What would he do Had he the motive, wand the cue for passion That I have, he would drown the stage with tears, And cleave the general ear with horrid speech, Make mad the guilty, and appall the free; Confound the ignorant, and amaze, indeed, The very faculties of eyes and ears: - Yet I. [A dull and muddy-mettled rascal, peak, Like b John-a-dreams, unpregnant of my cause, And can fay nothing, -no, not for a king, Upon whose property and most dear life A damn'd defeat was made. Am I a coward? Who calls me villain, breaks my pate a-cross, Plucks off my beard, and blows it in my face? Tweaks me c by th' nose, gives me the lye i' th' throat, As deep as to the lungs? who does me this? Hah! 'swounds I should take it—for it cannot be But I am pigeon-liver'd, and lack gall To make oppression bitter; or, ere this I should • have fatted all the region kites . With this flave's offal. Bloody, bawdy villain?

- " So the qu's. The fo's and all the reft, or be to Hecuba.
 - W Qu's, and that for passion, &cc.
- " First q. uppale ; ad and 3d, eppeale. The fo's, apale.
- facuity.
 - 2 N. reads, sees and eyes.
- 2 P. and H. omit what is included, ration) neglect to do. between the crotchets. But P. puts it in the margent.

- Three last fo's, John-a-deamer.
- c First and 2d qu's, by the nofe.
- d So the qu'a; 2d and 3d fo's and R. Wby Sould I take it? The 1st and 2d fo's and C. Hat wby I foould take it. 7 So the qu's and Ci All the reft, P. alters it to, Yet I fould take it; but puts the folio-reading in the margest, which the reft (who all follow his alte
 - e First q. reads a instead of bave. f The fo's read, With this flave's of-

fal, bloody e a barody, kc.

Why,



B2. HAMLET.

Why, what an ass am I! this is most brave,
That I, the son of h a dear murthered,
Prompted to my revenge by heav'n and hell,
Must, like a whore, unpack my heart with words,
And fall a cursing like a very drab,
A h stallion; sie upon't! soh!
About, my brains!——hum—I have heard,
That guilty creatures, fitting at a play,
Have by the very cunning of the scene
Been struck so to the soul, that presently
They have proclaim'd their malesactions:
For murther, though it have no tongue, will speak
With most miraculous organ. I'll have these players
Play something like the murther of my father,
Before mine uncle: I'll observe his looks;

g The fo's read, Ob vergeance! Who? what an ass am I? I sure, this is, &c. R. Ob vergeance! Why what an oss am I? I sure, this is, &c.

the dear murthered. All the rest, a dear father murthered. There seems to be no necessity of the word father here; or rather, it is a tautology.

i The 3d q. omits A. S. though he has this edition, takes no notice of this omission.

k So the qu's and P. The fo's, R. W. J. and C. read fcullion. T. is perfused that Shakespeare wrote, cullion; and puts it in the text; H. follows him.

1 So the qu's and C. All the rest read brain. S. gives another reading of one of his editions, viz. braues.

m In all but the qu's and C. butter is omitted.

n P. omits fitting; followed by T. H. and W.

o R. reads, Been firuck unto the foul,

P P.'s quarto reads,

With most miraculous organ. I'll observe his looks,

Play fomething like the murther of my fa-

Before mine uncle. I'll observe bis looks,

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I'll a tent him to the quick, if ' he ' do blench, I know my course. The spirit that I have seen May be a "devil; and the " devil hath power T assume a pleasing shape; yea, and perhaps Out of my weakness and my melancholly, (As he is very potent with such spirits)

Abuses me to damn me. I'll have grounds

More relative than this: the play's the thing

Wherein I'll catch the conscience of the king.

' [Exit.

The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, read, all the reft, inftend of do read but.

The qu's read a for be.

[&]quot; First q. deele.

So the qu's and C. The fo's and



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ACT III.

SCENE I.

* The Palace.

Enter King, Queen, Polonius, Ophelia, Rosincraus, Gwildenstern and Lords.

King.

A ND can you by no drift of b conference
Get from him why he puts on this confusion,
Grating so harshly all his days of quiet,
With turbulent and dangerous lunacy?

Ros. He does confess, he feels himself distracted, But from what cause 4 he will by no means speak. Nor do we find him forward to be sounded; But with a crafty madness keeps aloof, When we would bring him on to some confession Of his true estate.

Queen. Did he receive you well?

Rof. Most like a gentleman.

Guil. But with much forcing of his disposition.

which he puts in the margent, vis. a

² R. first describes the scene.

b The fo's and R. read circumftance. fession.

In an e is printed inftend of an s; out c Third q. sfate. S. does not give of which P. makes a different reading this reading.

Ros. f Most free of question, but of our demands Niggard in his reply.

Queen. Did you affay him to any pastime? Ros. Madam, it is so fell out, that certain players We i o'er-raught on the way; of these we told him; And there did seem in him a kind of joy To hear of it. They are k here about the court; And, as I think, they have already order This night to play before him.

Pol, 'Tis most true:

And he beseech'd me to entreat your majesties To hear and fee the matter.

King. With all my heart, and it doth much content me To hear him so inclin'd,

Good gentlemen, give him a further edge, And drive his purpose 1 into these delights.

Ros. We shall, my lord.

"[Exeunt Ros. and Guil.

King. Sweet Gertrude, leave us a too.

For we have closely fent for Hamlet o hither, That we, as 'twere by accident, may P here

alteration, followed by W. who gives e'erteck; W. a'er-rade. the reason for thus altering, and which will fufficiently appear to the reader by his turning back to the scene between instead of inte. Hamlet and Rofescraus. All other editions read,

Niggard of question, but of our demands Most free in his rophy.

- g H. reads unto.
- h 7. Omits fo.

:.. .

The fo's, 1st and 2d, read, ere-surrought;

f The text is here copied from H.'s gd and 4th, o're-took; R. P. T. and H,

- All but the qu's omit bere.
- 1 The fo's, R. H. and C. read, on to,
- m All editions, but the qu's and C. mark this direction, [Except, only.
 - n The qu's read over.
- o S. gives only the corrupt reading betber, which is in the 1st and 2d qu's, and omits to give us the true reading i O'cr-ranght, that is, a'er-reached. bither, in the 3d q. which he has.

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? Fo's and R. there.

· Affront

G 3

H L E T. 86 M

Affront Ophelia. Her father and myself 9 Will fo bestow ourselves, that, seeing, unseen, We may of their encounter frankly judge; And gather by him, as he is behav'd, If 't be th' affliction of his love, or no, That thus he fuffers for.

Queen. I shall obey you:

And for ' your part, Ophelia, I do wish, That your good beauties be the happy cause Of Hamlet's wildness: so 'shall I hope, your virtues " Will bring him to his wonted way again, To both your honours.

Oph. Madam, I wish it may. [Exit Queen,

Pol. Ophelia, walk you here. - Gracious, so please you, We will bestow ourselves.—Read on this book; [7 To Oph. That show of such an exercise may colour Your 2 loneliness. We're oft to blame in this, 'Tis too much prov'd, that with devotion's vifage, And pious action, we do a sugar o'er The devil himself.

King. b Oh, 'tis too true. How fmart a lash that speech doth give my conscience!

- 9 The fo's, R. and J. after myself, read, lawful espials.
- The 1st and 2d qu's read We'le; the 3d, Wee'll.
- So the Ist q. the fo's and R. All the reft read my for your.
 - t P. and H. omit shall.
- n P. alters will to may; followed by all the editors after him, except C.
- w All the editions till T, have no Ob it is but too true, direction here.

- * All but qu's and C. ge.
- y J. first puts this direction.
- z The 1st and 2d qu's read lowlines; fo does S, without giving the reading of the 3d q. 27, viz. loneliness, which the 3d q. mu? The true reading, and is in all the oth itions .- .
 - i Inita f, fugar the fo's read furge.
 - b'The fc's read, b on true. H,

The harlot's cheek, beautied with plastring art, Is not more d ugly to the thing that helps it, Than is my deed to my most painted word. Oh heavy burthen.

Pol. I hear him coming, e let's withdraw, my lord. · [f Exeunt all but Ophelia.

SCENE II.

Enter Hamlet.

Ham. To be or not to be? that is the question— Whether 'tis nobler in the mind to fuffer ' The flings and arrows of outrageous fortune; Or to take arms against a h sea of troubles, And by opposing end them? - To die - to sleep -No more; and by a fleep to fay, we end The heart-ache, and the thousand natural shocks That flesh is heir to; 'tis a consummation Devoutly to be wish'd. To die—to sleep-To fleep? perchance to dream; ay, there's the rub; For in that fleep of death what dreams may come,

- · P. first gives this direction. The 1st and 2d qu's read ougly; metaphor of flings, arrows, taking arms; so does S. but he does not give us the and represents the being encompassed on
- reading of the 3d, viz. ugly, which is all fides with troubles. P. in his edition 1617, and in all the
- c The qu's omits let's. f This direction is opported in the H. qu'en la la fais, Exeunt, only.
- ed after Qb beavy burthen!
- Affailing treubles. A conjecture of

h Perhaps, fiege, which continues the

Th' affay of troubles. A conjecture

Without question Shakespeare wrote, g In the qu's this direction is mark- affail of troubles; i. e. affault. W. He puts it in the text,

G 4

of T.

When

When we have shuffled off this mortal coil, Must give us pause. There's the respect That makes calamity of so long life, For who would bear the k whips and fcorns of time. Th' oppressor's wrong, the proud man's contumely, " The pangs of despis'd love, the law's delay, The insolence of office, and the spurns That patient merit of th' unworthy takes; When o he himself might his P Quietus make With a bare bodkin? Who would fardles bear, To r grunt and sweat under a weary life, But that the dread of fornething after death, The undiscover'd country, from whose 'borne No traveller returns, puzzles the will; And makes us rather bear those ills we have, Than fly to others that we know not of?

fled, &c. the 3d and 4th, When he beth fbuffled, &c.

k Quips ; conjecture of Grey. Quips and scorns of tyrants; Quips and scorns of title; two conjectures of J.

1 The evils here complained of are inct the product of time or duration simply, but of a corrupt age or manners. We may be fure then that Shakispeare wrote, -the whips and fcorns of time. And the description of the evils corrupt age, which follows, confi this emendation. W.

The ad f. reads, When he have fouf- The pangs of dispriz'd love, the law's delay. P. alters this, The pang of cespir'd love, &c. followed by T. W. and

- O Second q. omits be; 3d, as for be.
- P The 1st and 2d qu's read quietas.
- 9 The fo's read, Who swould these fardles bear.
- I So the qu's, fo's and R. P. alters grunt to grean; and is followed by all the editors after him, except C.
- 5 P. afters The to That ; followed by all. P. spells this bourne; so do all after him, but H, who fays, bours fignifies a broot or fiream of water; but what Shakespeare means is bover, a French word, fightfying fimit or boundary.

m The fo's and R. read poor.

n The 2d q. reads, The pange of office, and the law's delay. The fo's read,

ACT L SCENE VII.

Thus conscience does make onwards of as all;
And thus the native hue of resolution

Is = ficklied o'er with the pale cast of thought;
And enterprises of great pitch and moment,
With this regard their currents turn = awry,
And lose the name of action—Soft you now—
The fair Ophelia? Nymph, in thy = draisons
Be all my fins remembred.

Opb. Good my lord,

How does your honour for this many a day?

Ham. I humbly thank you; b well.

Opb. My lord, I have remembrances of yours, That I have longed c long to re-deliver: I pray you, now receive them.

Ham. ⁴ No, not I; I never gave you ought, Oph. My honour'd lord, ⁹ you know right well you did; And with them words of so sweet breath compos'd,

- u The words in italic are omitted in the qu's.
- w The qu's spell this word, biese; the 1st and 2d fo's, bew.
 - " Firft and ad qu's, fickled.
- y So the qu's. All the reft fead pith. Pitch feems to be Shakespeare's word; he intends to give us the idea of a man pitching a javelin at a mark, but which, being turned out of its course, misses doing execution.
- 2 Instead of story the fo's, R. and C. tend story.
- a The qu's and Ist f. read orinons; the 2d, 3d and 4th fo's read berizons; T. H. W. and J. read orifons; but the right word is certainly oraifons (the French for prayers) as R. and P. read.
- b The fo's and R. read, well, well, well,
- ^c P. alters long to much; followed by H.
- d So the qu's and C. The fo's and R, No, no, I never, Sc. P. and the reft, No, I never, Sc.
- e The fo's, R. P. and H. read, I know, Se.

L H A M E T.

f As made these things more rich; their perfume lost, Take these again; for to the noble mind Rich gifts wax poor, when givers prove unkind.— There, my lord.

Ham. Ha, ha! are you honeft?

Oph. My lord ---

90

Ham. Are you fair?

Oph. What means your lordship?

Ham. That if you be honest and fair, s your honesty should admit no discourse to your beauty.

Oph. Could beauty, my lord, have better commerce than with honesty?

Ham. Ay, truly; for the power of beauty will fooner transform honesty from what it is, to a bawd; than the force of honesty can translate beauty i into his likeness. This was k fometime a paradox, but now the time gives it I did love you once. proof.

Oph. Indeed, my lord, you made me believe fo.

Ham. You should not have believed me: for virtue can-

left.

The 4th reads,

As made the things more rich, than perfume

R. and the rest (except that C. reads their for that) read

As made the things more rich; that perfume bft, &c.

& So the fo's, R. and C. The reft, read, fometimes.

i So the qu's. The 1st, 2d and 3d you should admit, &c. J. thinks the true reading to be, You foould admit your As made the things more rich, then perfume bonefly to no discourse, &c. But the sense then will be the very same with that of the fo's.

h The fo's, your for with.

i So the 1st and 2d qu's, the fo's and R. The 3d q. reads to bis. P. alters it, into its; and is followed by the reft. S. gives another reading, viz. in bis.

k The 3d and 4th fo's, R. and P.

not so 1 evacuate our old stock, but we shall relish of it. " I loved you not.

Oph. I was the more deceived.

Ham. Get thee to a n nunnery: why wouldst thou be a breeder of finners? I am myself indifferent honest; but yet I could accuse me of such things, that it were better my mother had not borne me. I am very proud, revengeful, ambitious, with more offences at my beck, than I have thoughts • to put them in, imagination to give them shape, or time to act them in. What should such fellows as I do crawling between P earth and heaven? 9 We are arrant knaves, believe none of us, Go thy ways to a nunnery. Where's your father?

Oph. At home, my lord.

· Hom. Let the doors be shut upon him, that he may play the fool no ' where but in 's own house. Farewel.

Oph. Oh help him, you sweet heav'ns!

quaruat; the 3d, evacuate; the 1k f. Heath's Revifal, p. 537. innoculate; the 2d and 3d, inoculate; the 4th, inocuake; R. and P. innoculate; matter; 1st, than I have thoughts to put all the rest, inoculate. S. neglects giv- them in, here the offences are put into ing the reading of the 3d quarto 1637 the thoughts, or conceived; 2dly, ima-(which he has) which seems to be the gination to give them shape, that is, the true one, viz. evacuate.

- m R. reads, I did love you ence.
- n The qu's spell this, nunry.
- · What is the meaning of thoughts to put them in? A word is dropt out. We should read,-thoughts to put them in name. This was the progress. The offences are first conceived and named, then projected to be put in act, then

1 The 1st q. reads executed; the 2d, executed. W. In answer to this, fee

But a few words will explain this contrivance how, or in what manner they shall be perpetrated; lastly, time to all them in, which needs no explanation.

- P The fo's, and all but the qu's and C, read, beaven and earth.
- 9 The fo's, R. and C. read, We are arrant knaves all, &c.
- The fo's, instead of subere, read

Ham. If thou dost marry, I'll give thee this plague for thy dowry: Be thou chaste as tice, as pure as snow, thou shalt not escape calumny. "Get thee to a nunnery; farewel: or, if thou wilt needs marry, marry a fool; for wife men know well enough what monsters you make of them, To a nunnery, go, and quickly too. Farewel.

Oph. W Heavenly powers reftore him!

Hum. I have heard of your * paintings y well enough: God * hath given you one * face, and you make b yourselves another. 'You jig and amble; and you d lifp; 'you nickname God's creatures, and make your wantonness f ignorance. Go to, I'll no more on't; it hath made me mad, I fay, we will have no b more i marriages. Those that are married already, all but one, shall keep the rest shall keep as they are. To a numbery, go, Exit Hamlet.

Oph. O what a noble mind is here o'erthrown!

- 5 Second q. plage.
- gives not the reading of 3d, ice.
- u The fo's and R. read, Get thee to a nunnery. Go-farewel.
- w The fo's and R. read, O beavenly You jig, you amble. porvers, &c.
- x The Ist f. reads prattings; 2d, 3d and 4th, and R. pratling; all after, painting; except C, who reads paintings with qu's.
 - y The qu's omit toe.
 - Z Fo's, bas.
- " The fo's and R. read pace, instead
- b First and 2d qu's, your felfes; fo's, your self.

- c The Ist and 2d qu's read, You gig First and 2d qu's, yee. So S. but and amble; the 3d q. gig and amble, omitting You (of which omiffion S. takes no notice) the fo's read, You gidge, you amble; R. and all the rest read,
 - d The qu's read lift,
 - c So the qu's. The fo's and the reft omit you and infert and.
 - f All but the qu's insert your before ignorance.
 - g The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. omit to.
 - h First and ad qu's, me; 3d, mec.
 - i The 1st and 2d qu's read marriage. S. takes no notice of the reading of the 3d q. marriages.
 - k The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's amit lies.

The



The courtier's, 1 foldier's, eye, tongue, fword; The expectation and role of the fair flate, The glass of fashion, and the mould of form, Th' observed of all observers, quite, quite down! ² And I, of ladies most deject and wretched, That fuck'd the 'honey of his p music vows! Now see q that noble and most soverign reason, Like fweet bell jangled out of 'time, and harsh; That ' unfnatch'd ' form and ' stature of blown youth Blasted with ecstasy. Oh, woe is me! T' have seen what I have seen, see what I see ".

SCENE III.

Enter King and Polonius.

King. Love! his affections do not that way tend, Nor what he spake, tho' it lack'd form a little,

1 H. transpoles these words, and reads the rest, I am of ladies, &c. febolar's, foldier's, Ge. In order to make them read more regularly with rengae and feword. But the fo's point in such beary. a manner as to differ from the above sense, thus, O what a noble mind is here o'ertbrown, the courtier's, foldler's, fcholar's! Eye, lougue, Jeword, the expella- editions after, read tame. tion. &c.

"m The qu's read, Th' expellation and rofe of the fair flate. But the fo's, for the fake of mending time.

"the verie, alter it to, Th' expellancy and rose of the fair state. and are followed by the fucceeding editors.

n So the qu's and C. The ist and ' nd fo's read, Hove I of ledies, &c. All

- . The ad q. reads buny ; fordets S. but gives not the reading of the rad q.
 - P The 1st and 2d qu's read muficht.
 - 9 The qu's read what.
 - "So the qu'e. The fo's, and all
- S. gives another reading, viz. #smarch'd.
- t The 2d, 3d and 4th for read for-
- " So the qu's. All the reft read fla-
- W Here the qu's difect Exit. But by what follows, it appears that Opbelia te

Was

HAMLET

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There's fomething in his foul, Was not like madness. O'er which his melancholy fits on brood; And I doubt, the hatch and the disclose Will be fome danger; which y for to prevent I have in quick determination Thus fet 2 it down: He shall with speed to Englands For the demand of our neglected tribute: Haply the feas, and countries different, With variable objects, shall expel This fomething fettled matter in his a heart, Whereon his brains still beating, puts him thus From fashion of himself. What b think you on 't ? Pol. It shall do well. But yet c do I believe, The origin and commencement of d his grief Sprung from neglected love. How now, Ophelia? You need not tell us what lord Hamlet said; We heard it all . My lord, do as you please. But if you hold it fit, after the play Let his queen-mother all alone entreat him To shew his f grief; let her be round with him, . And I'll be plac'd, so please you, in the ear Of all their conference. If she find him not,

- R. alters this to, Something's in his foul, &c. followed by all the editors after him, but C.
- y So the qu's and C. The 1st and ad fo's have omitted for; the 3d and 4th fo's supply bow instead thereof; and are followed by the other editors.
 - The 2d and 3d qu's omit it.
- a First and 2d qu's, bart. So S. but gives not the reading of 2d, beart.

- b S. reads tinke.
- c The 3d q. reads I doe.
- d So the 1st q. and G. The fo's and the rest read this grief. The ad and 3d qu's read it for his grief.
- c Here T. gives this direction [East Ophelia. Followed by the editors after him, except H. and C.
- f The fo's and all editions after, execut C, read griefs.

To England fend him; or confine him, where Your wisdom best shall think,

King. It shall be so.

Madness in great ones must not s unwatch'd go.

Exeunt.

SCENE IV.

Enter Hamlet and 1 three of the Players.

Ham. Speak the speech, I pray you, as I pronounc'd it to you, trippingly on the tongue. But if you mouth it, as many of ' our players do, I had as " lieve the town-crier fooke my lines. 'Nor do not saw the air too much with your hand thus, but use all gently; for in the very torrent, tempest,' and (as I may say) p whirlwind of your passion, you must acquire and beget a temperance that may give it smoothness. Oh! it offends me to the soul, to a hear a robustious periwig-pated sellow tear a passion to tatters, to very rags; to split the ears of the groundlings; who, for the most part, are capable of nothing but inexplicable dumb shews, and noise: I would have such a fellow whipt for

g The qu's read unmatch'd.

h W. and J. throw the greater part of this scene into the 3d.

i So the qu's. The rest mark it, swo or three of the players; except C, who has it, some of the players.

h Here S. reads pronounc'd after the miftake of the 1st q, and gives no other reading.

- 1 The fo's read your.
- m First and ad qu's, and ast and ad

fo's, True.

- n So the qu's. All the rest read, bad spoke.
- P. alters Nor to And; followed by the reft, except C.
- P The fo's and R. read, the whitewind of passion.
 - 9 Fo's and R. fee for bear.
 - 1 The qu's, totters and fpleet.
- So the qu's and G. All the rest,

e'er-doing

o'erdoing Termagant, it out-herods Herod; pray you avoid

Play. I warrant your honour.

Ham. Be not too tame neither; but let your own discretion be your tutor. Suit the action to the word, the word to the action, with this special observance that you to o'erstep not the modesty of nature; for any thing so " overdone is from the purpose of playing; whose end, both at " the first and now, was and is, to hold as 'twere the mirror up to nacare; to show Virtue her wown feature, Scorn her own amage, and the very rage and body of the Time, his form and preffure. Now this over-done, or come z tardy off, though it a make the unikilful laugh, cannot but make the judicious grieve; the centure b of which one, must in your attowance o'erweigh a whole theatre of others. Oh there the players that I have feen play, and heard others a praise, and that highly, not to speak it prophanely, that seneither having the action of christians, a nor the gait of christian, pagan, h nor man, have so strutted and bellow'd, the I 'have thought fome of Nature's journey-men had made men,

- The fo's and R. read o'erflop.
- " First and 2d qu's, ore-doone.
- w The 3d q, omits the.
- * The qu's and C. omit own before fegture.
- ly, pass; and therefore proposes, either lieve nobody but himself would have terpolation. any objection to the words as they . Stand.
 - 2 Second q. trady.
 - a The qu's and C. makes.
 - . b. H. alters this to, of one of which, read, or Norman.

- C The Ift f. had spelt this, o're-way ; the ad, 3d and 4th, make it are-forey;
- fo R. P. and H. d The 1st and ad qu's read proyad
- (which reading only S, gives) the 3d q. y J. says the age of the time can hard- and the other editions read praise.
- e W. is of opinion that the words face, or page, instead of age. But I be- between the crotchets are a foolish in
 - f P. alters this to christian, followed by all but C.
 - g R. and P. read er.
 - h P. H. and J. or. The fo's and

and not made them well; they imitated humanity for abominably.

Play. I hope we have reform'd that indifferently with us k.

Ham. Oh, reform it altogether. And let those that play your clowns, speak no more than is set down for them: For there be of them that will themselves laugh, to set on some quantity of barren spectators to laugh too; though, in the mean time, some necessary question of the play be then to be considered. That's villainous, and shews a most pitiful ambition in the fool that uses it. Go make you ready.

[Exeunt Players.

* Euter Polonius, Rosencraus, and Guildenstern.

How now, my lord; will the king hear this piece of work?

Pol. And the queen too, and that presently.

Ham. Bid the players make hafte.

P [Exit Polonius. Will and two help to haften them?

A Rof. Ay, my lord.

Exeunt.

SCENE

First q. and 1st and 2d fo's, abbemi-

k After us, the fo's and R. add, J.

¹ The 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read, will of themselves.

First and ad qu's, to.

n This direction not in qu's.

[•] Here begins Scene IV. in W. and

P This direction not in the qu's.

⁹ So the qu's. The fo's make both answer here, We will, my lord: So all the editions after, except C.

SCENE V.

Enter Horatio to Hamlet.

Ham. What, ' ho, Horatio! Hor. Here, sweet lord, at your service. Ham. Horatio, thou art e'en as just a man, As e'er my conversation cop'd withal. Hor. Oh my dear lord, ---Ham. Nay, do not think I flatter: For what advancement may I hope from thee, Thou no t revenue hast, but thy good spirits, To feed and cloath thee? "Why should the poor be flatter'd? No, let the candied tongue " lick " abfurd pomp, And crook the pregnant hinges of the knee, Where thrift may follow fawning. Dost thou hear? Since my z dear foul was mistress of a her choice • And could of men diffinguish her election, Sh'ath feal'd thee for herself; for thou hast been As one, in fuffering all, that fuffers nothing; · A man, that c fortune's buffets and rewards

First q. bowe; 2d, bow; 3d, boe. only reading. First, 2d and 3d fo's, boa. 7 The 1st, 2d and 3d fo's, read . Qu's, copt ; fo's, R. P. T. and W. ing; the 4th f. and R. feigning. coap'd. * J. conjectures this might ! * The fo's read my instead t First and 2d qu's, revenew; 1st and b So the qu's. The fo's, R. 2d fo's, revenuezu. " P. and the editors, except C, after reft read, him, omit Wby. And could of men diftinguish, w The fo's, like. Hath feal'd thee for berfelf, " The 2d q. objurd; which is S.'s The 3d and 4th fo's re

Hast ta'en with equal thanks. And blest are those Whose blood and judgment are so well co-mingled, That they are not a pipe for fortune's finger, To found what stop she please. Give me that man That is not paffion's flave, and I will wear him In my heart's core, ay, in my heart of heart, As I do thee. --- Something too much of this. ---There is a play to-night before the king, One scene of it comes near the circumstance, Which I have told thee of my father's death. I prythee, when thou feeft that act a-foot, Ev'n with the 'very comment of thy foul Observe h mine uncle; if his occulted guilt Do not itself unkennel in one speech, It is a damned ghost that we have seen, And my imaginations are as foul As Vulcan's k stithy. Give him heedful note; For I mine eyes will rivet to his face; And after we will both our "judgments join In censure of his seeming. Hor. Well, my lord: If o he steal aught, the whilst this play is playing, And scape a detecting, I will pay the thest.

d So the qu's, T. W. J. and C. The wall read bath.

The qu's read consedled.

f Three last fo's omit very.

g The fo's read my.

h Qu's, 177.

i So the qu's, fo's and R.'s octavo.

Ait the rest read eccule,

In The 1st f. Sythe; the other fo's and R. Syth; T. and H. Smithy.

¹ The 1st and 3d fo's read needful.

m The 2d f. judgment.

h The fo's, R. P. and H. read, To censure, &c.

[·] Qu's, a for be.

P First and ad qu's, detelled; 3d, de-



H M E L T. 100

SCENE

Enter King, Queen, Polonius, Ophelia, Rosencraus, Guildenstern, and other Lords attendant, with a guard carrying Danish march. Sound a flourish.

Ham. They are coming to the play; I must be idle. Get you a place.

King. How fares our cousin Hamlet?

Ham. Excellent, i' faith, of the camelion's dish: I eat the air, promise-cramm'd. You cannot feed capons so.

King. I have nothing with this answer, Hamlet; these words are not mine.

Ham. No, nor mine now, my lord. --- You play'd once i'th' university, you say? 1 To Polonius.

Pol. That " did I, my lord, and was accounted a good actor.

Ham. What did you enact?

Pol. I did enact Julius Cafar; I was kill'd i' th' capitol; Brutus kill'd me.

Ham. It was a brute part of him to kill so capital a calf there. Be the players ready?

- 9 This is called Seene V. by W. and you play'd, &c. Followed by P.'s due-7.
- kettle drums, King, Queen, Polonius, &c. Ophelia.
- 5 The qu's flop to make the sense as in the text. And are followed by R. read, I did. P.'s quarto, and H. and C. The fo's Rop thus, No nor mine. Now my lord, &c.
- decimo, T. and W. J. ftops thus, No. In the qu's, Enter trumpets and nor mine now. - My lord; you play'd,
 - t This direction first inserted by R.
 - u The fo's and all after, except C,
 - w The fo's, and all after, And what,

Rof.

Rof. Ay, my lord, they stay upon your patience.

Queen. Come hither, my * dear Hamlet, fit by me.

Ham. No, good mother, here's metal more attractive.

Pol. O. ho, do you mark that?

Ham. Lady, shall I lie in your lap?

* [Lying down at Ophelia's feet.

Opb. No, my lord.

Ham. b I mean, my head e upon your lap?

Oph. Ay, my lord.

Ham. Do you think I meant country d matters?

Oph. I think nothing, my lord.

Ham. That's a fair thought, to lie between a maid's legs.

Opb. What is, my lord?

Ham. Nothing.

Qub. You are merry, my lord.

Ham. Who, 1?

Oph. Av. my lord.

Ham. Oh God! your only jig-maker. What should a man do but be merry? For, look you how chearfully my mother looks, and my father died within 's two hours.

Oph. Nay, 'tis h twice two months, my lord.

Ham. So long? nay, then let the devil wear black, i for

" The fo's and R. read, good. y Qu's and fo's, and all but J. and but C. C. mettle.

- z Second q. ob.
- 2 This direction inferted by R.
- What is in italic is omitted in the qu's, P. and H.
 - C. in for upon.
 - 4 J. conjectures, manners.
 - e The qu's and fe's omit a.
 - f J. omits God.

to within these two bours, followed by all

- h H. omits twice.
- i H. reads, for I'll bave a fuit of ersoyn. W. fays the true reading is, 'fore I'll bave a fuit of fable. But if the meaning (according to W.) be, Let the devil wear black for me, I'll bave none; why may not the old reading stand, febles not being mourning, but a rich warm fuit worn in that cold country. 6 So qu's, fo's and R. P. alters this Vide Canoni, p. 94, and Revifal, p. 538.

 G_3

ľl



HAMLET.

I'll have a fuit of fables. Oh heav'ns! die two months ago, and not forgotten yet! then there's hope a great man's memory may out-live his life half a year: but, by 'r lady, 'k he must build churches then; or else shall k he suffer not thinking on, with the hobby horse; whose epitaph is, For O, for O, the bobby horse is forgot.

*SCENE VII.

The trumpets found. Dumb shew follows.

Enter a king and a queen P, the queen embracing him, and be, her, I she kneels, he takes her up, and declines his head upon her neck, he lies down upon a bank of slowers, she seeing him asleep,

- k Qu'e, a for be.
- Among the country may-games, there was an hobby-horse, which, when the puritanical humour of those times opposed and discredited these games, was brought by the poets and ballad-makers as an instance of the ridiculous seal of the sectaries: from these ballads Hamlet quotes a line. W. But we are referred to no authority for the truth of this.
- m This is called Scene VI. by W. and J.
- n The fo's, and all editions after, read, Hauthops play. The dumb frew envers, except C. who reads, Mufick. Dumb frow.
- o In this flage-direction it flands King and Queen through all the editions till T. who alters it to Duke and Duchefs, and has the following note.

Enter a King and Queen very beingb: Thus have the blundering and inadvertent editors all along given us this stage direction, though we are expressly told by Hamlet anon, that the story of this intended interlude is the murther of Genzago Duke of Vienna. The fource of this mistake is easy to be accounted, for, from the stage's dressing the characters. Regal coronets being at first ordered by the poet for the duke and duchefs, the succeeding players, who did not strictly observe the quality of the persons or circumstances of the story, mistook them for a King and Queen; and so was the error deduced down from thence to the present times. Methinks Mr. Pope might have indulged his private sense in so obvious a mistake, without any fear of rashness being

imputed

effeep, leaves him: Anon comes in another man, takes off his crown, kiffes it, pours poison in the fleeper's ears, and leaves him: the queen returns, finds the king dead, makes passionate action; the poisoner, with fome three or four, comes in again, feems to condole with her, the dead body is carried away, the poisoner wooes the queen with gifts, she seems harsh awhile, but in the end accepts his leve.

imputed to him for the arbitrary correction. T.

Notwithstanding this seeming clear triumph of T. over the former editors, which he enjoys by the consent of all the fucceeding ones, who follow him in the alteration; perhaps there is a way of accounting for these seeming contradictions in the old editions. The play here acted, Hamlet says, is the image of a murther done in Vienna, Gonzago is the duke's name, bis quife's Baptifta; but the poet who may be supposed to have formed this story into a play, must be allowed the right of changing the quafity of the persons as he pleases: So, though in the flory it was a duke and a ducbest, yet in the play it might be altered to a king and a queen, by poetical licence. And that this supposition is true, seems to be confirmed by Hamlet's words almost immediately after the above-quoted ones; vis. This is one Lucianus, nephew to the king. But T. has taken care to alter this word king here, which stands so in all the editions before him, to duke, without giving any notice of the alteration.

- P After queen the fo's infert, very lovingly. But no edition before T. has these words, with regal coronets; who puts them into the direction without acquainting us that they are his interpolation; and no wonder, as he could make us believe they are to be found in the old editions; for he says (v. note foregoing) Regal coronets being at first ordered by the past for the dake and duchesia &c.
- I These words, As kneels, are omitted in the qu's.
- The fo's, inflead of another man read a fellow. So do all the editions after, except G.
- The fo'e, R. and P. read, King's ears, &c.
- The fo's, and all after but C, read, and exit.
- u The fo's, and all editions after, read, fame two or three minutes, &c. except C. who reads, fame three or four minutes, &c.
- w The fo's, and the editions after, feeming to lement with ber.
- A The fo's, and editions after except C, read, loth and unwilling exchile,
 - 7 The qu's and C. omit bis.

Oph. What means this, my lord?

Ham. Marry 2 this is 2 munching b Mallico, 5 it means mischief.

Oph. Belike, this shew imports the argument of the play. Enter Prologue.

Ham. We shall know by this fellow; the players cannot keep . counsel, they'll tell all.

Osh. Will f he tell us what this shew meant?

Ham. Ay, or any thew that " you'll thew him. you asham'd to shew, he'll not shame to tell you what it means.

Oph. You are naught, you are naught. I'll h mark the play.

- The 1st q. omits is after this; the and as such men generally did it for the 2d reads, tis; the 3d, it is; all the rest purposes of lying in wait, it then figas in the text.
- read miching.
- b So the qu's. The fo's and all the rest, Malicho, besides W. who reads Malbeiber, and gives the following note,

means mischief.] The Oxford editor, imagining that the speaker had here englished his own cant phrase, of misbing Maliebo, tells us (by his gloffary) that it fignifies mischief lying hid, and that means. Maliebo is the Spanish Mulbeco; whereas it fignifies, Lying in wait for the poifoner, which the speaker tells us was ' f Qu's, a for be; fo's and R. they. the very purpose of this representation. It should therefore be read Malbechor, Spanish, the poifoner. So Mich fignified originally, to keep hid and out of fight;

nified to rob. And in this fense Sbake-* So the qu's and C. All the rest speare uses the noun, a micher, when fpeaking of prince Henry among the gang of robbers. Shall the bleffed fun of beaven prove a micher? Shall the fon of England prove a thief? And in this Marry, this is miching Malicho; it sense it is used by Chaucer in the translation of Le Roman de la rose, where he turns the word lierre, (which is larrow, volcur) by micher. W.

- "The fo's, R. P. and H. read, that
- d The fo's and R. thefe fellows.
- The qu's omit counfel.
- E Qu's, you will.
- h The 2d, 3d, and 4th fo's, make for

Prol. For us, and for our tragedy, Here flosping to your clemency, We beg your bearing patiently.

Hem. Is this a prologue, or the polic of a ring? Opb. Tis brief, my lord, Ham. As woman's love.

Enter King and Queen, 1 Players.

King. Full thirty times hath Pheebus k cart gone round Neptune's falt wash, and Tellus' 1 orbed ground; And thirty dozen moons with borrow'd sheen About the world have = times twelve thirties been Since love our hearts, and Hymen did our hands, Unite co-mutual, in most facred bands.

Queen. So many journeys may the fun and moon Make us again count o'er, ere love be done. But woe is me, you are so fick of late, So far from cheer and from " your former state, That I distrust you; yet though I distrust, Discomfort you, my lord, it nothing must: [For women fear too much, ev'n as they love.] And womens' fear and love P hold quantity In neither ought, or in extremity.

- i Players first added by P.
- E So qu's, fo's and C. the rest car.
- ground.
- m The ad q. reads twelve times thirty. S. takes no notice of this reading. The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. T. W. and J, read, time twelve thirties. H. reads times twelve thirty.
 - n The 1st q. reads, our.
- o Here a line seems wanting, either C. before or after this, which should rhyme
- to love. This line, in crotchets, ia omitted in the fo's, R. P. H. and C. 1 The qu's read, and Tellus orb'd the And in the next line they read For instead of And, except P. and H.
 - P The fo's read bolds.
 - '9 The qu's read, Either none, in neither ought, &c. P. alters it, Tis either some, or in extremity; and is followed by the editors after him. What is in the text is the reading of the fo's and

Now



106 H A M L E T.

Now what my ' love is, proof hath made you know; And as my love is ' fiz'd, my fear is so.

'Where love is great, the ' littlest doubts are fear; Where little fears grow great, great love grows there.

King. 'Faith, I must leave thee, love, and shortly too; My operant pow'rs w their functions leave to do; And thou shalt live in this fair world behind, Honour'd, belov'd; and, haply, one as kind For husband shalt thou---

Queen. Oh, confound the rest!
Such love must needs be treason in my breast;
In second husband let me be accurst!
None wed the second, but who will'd the first.

Ham. y That's wormwood ---

Queen. The inftances, that second marriage move, Are base respects of thrist, but none of love. A second time I kill my husband dead, When second husband kisses me in bed.

King. I do believe you * think what now you speak;
But what we do determine oft we break;
Purpose is but the slave to memory,
Of violent birth, but poor validity;

- The 1st and 2d qu's read lord. So S. but gives not love, the reading of 3d.
- 5 The 1st and 3d qu's read ciz'd; the 2d q. ciz's. The 1st s. fiz'd; the 2d, fiz; the 3d and 4th, fix'd; so R. and P. and the rest read after the first
- " T. alters this to fmalleft; and is followed by the reft, who retain these lines, except C.
 - w The fo's and R. read my functions.

 x. T. W. and J. read kills
- y So the qu'a and C. All the reft, Wormwood, wormwood!
- The fo's and R, put a period after

t The two lines in italic are not in you.
tle fo's, R. P. and H.

Which .

1 ...

Which now, a like b fruit unripe, flicks on the tree, But fall unshaken, when they mellow be. Most necessary 'tis, that we forget To pay ourselves what to ourselves is debt: What to ourselves in passion we propose, The passion ending doth the purpose lose; The violence of c either grief or joy, Their own d enactures with themselves destroy. Where joy most revels, grief doth most relent, Grief joys, joy grieves, on slender accident. This world is not for aye, f nor 'tis not strange, That ev'n our loves should with our fortunes change, For 'tis a question left us yet to prove Whether love b lead fortune, or else fortune love, The great man down, you mark, his fav'rite flies; The poor advanc'd, makes friends of enemies. And hitherto doth love on fortune tend. For who not needs shall never lack a friend; And who in want a hollow friend doth try, Directly scasons him his enemy. But orderly to end where I begun, Our will and fates do so contrary run, That our devices still are overthrown: Our thoughts are ours, their ends none of our own.

a So the fo's. The qu's read the infead of like.

b P. alters fruit to fruits, followed by H. the after editors, except C.

c The fo's read other.

d So the qu'e, J, and C. All the reft, Whether love fortune lead, or fortune love. esectors.

[.] The qu's read Grief joy, joy griefes.

f P, alters nor to and; followed by

[&]amp; P. alters this line thus, (and is followed by H.)

h T. alters lead to leads, and is followed by W. and J.

So think thou wilt not second husband wed: But die thy thoughts, when thy first lord is dead.

Queen. i Nor earth to give me food, nor heaven light!

Sport and repose lock from me, day and night!

* To desperation turn my trust and bope!

1. And anchors' chear in prison be my scope!

Each opposite, that blanks the face of joy, Meet what I would have well, and it destroy!

Both here, and hence, pursue me lasting strife!

- If once I be a widow, ever I be a wife. Ham. If the should break it now ---

King. 'Tis deeply fworn; fweet, leave me here awhile;

My spirits grow dull, and fain I would beguile

The tedious day with fleep. = [Sleeps.

Queen. Sleep rock thy brain,

And never come mischance o between us twain! P [Exit.

Ham. Madam, how like you s this play?

Queen. The lady doth protest too much, methinks.

Ham. O, but she'll keep her word.

King. Have you heard the argument? Is there no offence

Ham. No, no, they do but jest, poison in jest. No offence i' th' world.

King. What do you call the play?

3 H. and C. read, Nor earth oh! give rest read,

me food, &c. * The two lines in italic are omitted

in the fo's, R. P. and H.

1 And anchors' chear, i. e. And the ebear of anchorites. T. alters this to,

An anthor's chear, &c. followed by W.

m So the qu'e. The fo's and all the The lody protests, &c. .

If once a widow, ever I be wife.

n This direction not in the gu'sa

o The 2d q. between. P Qu's, Exeunt.

9 The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. read the play.

r So the qu's. The fo's and all after,

Ham.

Ham. The moule-trap. Marry how? tropically. Play is the image of a murther done in Vienna; Gonzago is the duke's name, his wife, Baptista. You shall see anon; tis a knavish piece of work; but what of that? Your maefty and we " that have free fouls, it touches us not. The gall'd jade winch; our withers are w unwrung.

Enter Lucianus.

This is one Lucianus, nephew to the * king.

Oph. Y You are as good as a chorus, my lord.

Ham. I could interpret between you and your love, if I could fee the puppets dallying.

Oph. You are keen, my lord, you are keen.

Ham. It would coff you a groaning to take off " my edge.

- Oph. Still better and worfe.
- 5 J. fpells this word, Gonzage, different from all other editions.
- " T. alters this to wife's; followed By the after editors except C.
- " The 2d and 3d qu's, instead of that read fball.
 - w The sft q. reads uncorong.
- " So all the editions to T, who (as I observed before) alters it to duke, followed by the rest. But it is remarkable that though P. in his duodecimo follows T. in the alteration of hing fato dake in this place; yet he suffers king and then he should not have followed R. in queen still to stand in the Dumb Show
- good charus, &c.
 - 2 Qu's, mine.

* The qu's read, Oph. Still better and worfe. Ham. So you miftake your bufbands. So T. and W; and J. in his text, but gives a direction in his note to read must take instead of mistake. The fo's read as the qu's, only omitting the word your. R. follows the fo's, bating that he changes better and worfe into worse and worse. Ham. So you must take your busbands. So that muß take intlead of missaks is a conjecture of P.'s, and very probably Shakespeare wrote so; but his alteration, worse and worse; hukbands being not taken fo, but for better y The fo's and R. read, Ton are a for everye. H. reads, Oph. Still everfe and worfe. Ham. So most of you take bufbends.

Ham. So you must take your husbands. --- Begin; murtherer. Leave thy damnable faces, and begin. The croaking raven doth bellow for revenge.

Luc. Thoughts black, hands apt, drugs fit, and time agreeing, * Confederate season, e else no creature seeing, Thou mixture rank, of midnight weeds collected. With Hecat's f ban thrice blafted, thrice infected, h Thy natural magic, and dire property, On wholesome life 1 usurp immediately.

I's Pours the poison in his zars. Ham. 1 He poisons him i' th' garden for his estate, his name 's Gonzago; the story is extant and " written in " very choice Italiam You shall see anon how the murtherer gets the love of Gonzago's wife:

Opb. The king rifes.

· Ham. What, frighted with false fire!

Queen. How fares my lord?

Pol. Give o'er the play.

King. Give me fome light: away!

Pol. Lights, lights, lights!

[Excunt:

b The 4th f. and R. read muriber.

c The fo's and R. read, Per leave,

d The qu's read confider at.

e T. alters this to, and no creature, &c.

followed by H. and W. f The 3d q. 4th f. R. P. and H. read omitted in all the other editions.

E The 1st q. invested.

h The 4th f. and R. read the. P.'s q. and H. read ther:

i The qu's and C. read wfurpe.

k This direction is not in the qu's. Qu's, A for He.

m The fo's and all after, except G

read writ.

" Very is read in the qu's and C. but

O This speech of Hamlet is omitted in the qu's and P.

P The qu's and C. give this speech to Polonius only; the fo's and the reft direct it to be spoke by all.

SCENE

VIII. CENE

Manent Hamlet and Horatio.

Ham. Why let the strucken deer go weep, The hart ungalled play; For some must watch, while some must sleep; Thus runs the world away.

Would not this, fir, and a forest of feathers, if the rest of my fortunes turn Turk with me, with provincial roses on my ' rais'd shoes, get me a fellowship in a " cry of players *?

Hor. Half a share.

Hom. A whole one, I.

For thou dost know, oh Damon dear, This realm dismantled was Of Youe himself, and now reigns here A very, very,--- peacock. Her. You might have rhym'd.

- 9 This is Scene VII. in W. and J.
- * The fo's and the editions after, except C, read fo instead of thus.
- . So the qu's. The rest read, with two provincial, &c.
- "The qu's read raw'd; the fo's and R.'s octavo, rac'd; his duodecimo, rack'd. P. and all the reft read, rayed; i. e. firiped, spangled, or enriched with fining ornaments. But this is no reading before P. and rais'd comes nearer fing a king; instead of the eagle, a peathe old reading ran'd,
- " Alluding to a pack of hounds. W. The 2d and 3d qu's and P.'s duodecime read, city.
- W After players, all but the qu's read, fir.
 - × H. reads, Ay, a wbole one.
 - y The qu's read pelock; the fo's and R, pajock. T. and H, paddock, i. e. toad. P. conjectures peaceck, and that Shahe-Speare alludes to a fable of the birds chucock.

Ham.

Ham. Oh, good Horatio, I'll take the ghost's word for & thousand pound. Didst perceive?

Hor. Very well, my lord.

Ham. Upon the talk of the poisoning?

Her. I did very well note him.

Ham. 2 Ah, ha! come, some music; come, the recorders For if the king like not the comedy; Why, then, belike he likes it not perdy.

Come, fome mulic.

Enter Rosencraus and Guildenstern.

Guil. Good my lord, vouchfafe me a word with you.

Ham. Sir, a whole hiftory.

Guil. The king, fir ---Ham. Ay, fir, what of him?

Guil. Is in his retirement marvellous distemper'd---

Ham. With drink, fir?

Guil. No, my lord, with choler.

Ham. Your wisdom should shew itself more b richer, to fignify this to 'the doctor; for, for me to put him to his purgation, would perhaps plunge him into d more choler.

Guil. Good my lord, put your discourse into some frame, and oftart not so wildly f from my affair.

Ham. I am tame, fir. --- Pronounce.

Guil. The queen your mother, in most great affliction of spirit, hath sent me to you.

2 So the qu's. The fo's, sb, be! c So the qu's and C. The 4th f. this. Ùı. All the reft, bis.

a The fo's and R. read, rather with

b So the qu'e, 1st f. and C. The rest ricb.

d Fo's and R. far more, " The qu's read flare.

f The 3d q. reads upon. This reading is neglected in S.

Ham.

H

Hum. You are welcome.

Guil. Nay, good my lord, this courtefy is not of the right breed. If it shall please you to make me a wholesome answer, I will do your mother's commandment; if not, your Pardon and my return shall be the end of a my business.

Ham. Sir, I cannot.

3 Gail. What, my lord?

Ham. Make you a wholesome answer: my wit's diseas'd. But, sir, such answer as I can make, you shall command; or rather, as you say, my mother. Therefore no more, but to the matter. My mother you say---

Ref. Then thus she says; Your behaviour hath struck her into amazement and admiration.

Ham. O wonderful son, that can so "ftonish a mother! but is there no sequel at the heels of this " mother's admiration?--- Impart.

Ros. She defires to speak with you in your closet ere you go to bed.

Ham. We shall obey, were she ten times our mother. Have you any further trade with us?

Rof. My lord, you once did love me.

Ham. And do still, by these pickers and stealers.

- & C. here directs [with great cere-
- h The ift and 2d q. and C. omit my. The 3d reads the inftend thereof; but S. takes no notice of this reading.
 - The qu's gives this speech to Rof.
 - The fo's, R. P. and H. answers.
- 1 The fo's, R. and P.'s quarto, omit
- m So the 1st and 2d qu's and C. Att the rest, aftenife.
- n The 3d f. reads mother admiration; the 4th, R. and P.'s q. mather-admiration.
- All but the qu's and C. bmit impart.
- P So the qu's and C. All the reference, So I do fill, & c.

Ref. Good my lord, what is your cause of distemper? u do 4 surely bar the door supon your own liberty, if u deny your griefs to your friend.

Ham. Sir, I lack advancement.

Ref. How can that be, when you have the voice of the 1g himself for your succession in Denmark?

Ham. Ay fir, but while the grass grows --- the proverb'is nething musty.

* Enter the players with recorders.

1, the recorders, let me see one. To withdraw with you why do you go about to recover the wind of me, as if u would drive me into a toil?

Guil. Oh my lord, if my duty be too bold, my love is unmannerly.

Ham. I do not well understand that. Will you play upon is pipe?

Guil. My lord, I cannot.

Ham. I pray you.

Guil. Believe me, I cannot.

Ham. I do beseech you.

Guil. I know no touch of it, my lord.

Ham. It is as easy as lying. Govern these ventages with

The fo's and R. read freely instead this direction, alter Hamles's speech thus, urely.

Ob, the recorder, let me see; to withdraw,

brely. Fo's, of.

So the qu's and C. All the rest omit dern editors (except C.) having restored the reading of the qu's in Hamlet's So the qu's. The fo's and the rest freech, have forest to restore the direct

&c. But unfortunately R. and the mo-

So the qu's. The fo's and the rest speech, have forgot to restore the direct. At, Enter one with a recorder; and the tion in the qu's, with which it should to make what sollows agree with agree.

your

tery,

000

little

YOU

Wha!

not

your a fingers and thumb, give it breath with your mouth, and it will discourse most a eloquent music. Look you, these are the flops.

. Gulld. But these estimot I commissed to any utterance of harmony; I have not the skill.

Ham. Why, look you now, how unworthy a thing I you make of me; you would play upon me, you would feem to know my flups, you would pluck out the heart of my mystery, you would found me from my lowest note " to my compass, and there is much music, excellent voice in this little organ, yet cannot you make it a speak: b 'ablood do you think I am easier to be play'd on than a pipe? Call me what influences you will, " tho' you can fret me, you cannot play upon me. God bless you, sir.

Enter Polonius.

Pel. My lord, the queen would speak with you, and pre-Antly.

Ham: 4 Do you see yonder cloud, that's almost in shape of a camel?

Pol. By th' mais and 'tis—like a camel indeed! Ham. Methinks it is like a weafel.

- The fo's and R. reed figer.
- " The 1R q. and C. read, and the um- not, &c. for; the ad and 3d, and the thurch. We Rands by the amber.
 - Fo's and R. excellent.
 - I J. reads, you could make, &c.
- top of my campafe.
 - a The fo's and R. omit freak.
- So the qu'i. The reft, Why, do you Ve.

- " The qu's read, though you first me
- d The fo's and R, tead, Do you fee should be glad to know what G. under- that slend, that's almost in shape like a samel P
 - " The 1th, ad and 3d fo's read, By th' Miffe, and it's like a camel indeed; 2 So the qu's. The rest read to the 4th f. and all after but C, By th' mafs, and it's like a camel indeed. C. weazel for camel.
- f P. reads oursle, i. e. blackbird, folabian that I am aufter to be play'd on, lowed by the rest, except C, who reads camel.



116: HAMLET.

Pol. It is s back'd like a b weafel,

Ham. Or like a whale.

Pol. Very like a whale.

Ham. Then I will come to my mother by and by— They fool me to the top of my bent.—I will come by and by.

Pol. k I will fay fo.

Ham. By and by is eafily faid. Leave me, friends.

Tis now the very witching time of night, [Exercise When church-yards yawn, and hell itself I breathes out Contagion to this world. Now could I drink hot blood,

And do such business as the day

Would quake to look on. Soft, now to my mother—

O heart, lose not thy nature; let not ever

The soul of Nero enter this firm bosom;

Let me be cruel, I not unnatural;

I will speak daggers to her, but use none.

My tongue and soul in this be hypocrites;

P How in my words I foever she be shent,
To give them seals, never my soul consent!

[Exit.

g So the 1st q. and all the fo's and C. The ad and 3d qu's, P. and all after, black.

h C. camel for epeafel.

So the qu's. The rea, will I.

k In the qu's and P.'s q. this speech.
of Polynius is made a part of Hamke's;
and the words, Leave me, friends, inserted before it, a: follows;

I will come by and by, Leave me, friends. I will say so. By and by is casely faid. The negother very witching time, &c.

I The 1st and 2d qu's read bregges. S. takes no notice of the reading of the

3d q. breatbes.

- m The qu's read, And do fireb bufiness as the bitter day. From whence W. conjectures that we should read, better day; and Heath, butter'st day.
 - n J. before not inserts but,
- The 1st and ad qu's read dagger.
 S. takes no notice of the reading of the 3d, yiş. dagger.
- R These two lines are omitted by R_a . and H_a .
- 9 First and 2d qu's, forever. So S. but gives not the reading of 3d, forever.
- To give them feal.—] i. c. put them in execution. W.

SCENE

·SCENE IX.

Enter King, Rofincraus and Guildenstern.

King. I like him not, nor stands it safe with us To let his madness sange. Therefore, prepare you; I your commission will forthwith dispatch, And he to England shall along with you. The terms of our estate may not endure Hazard " formear us, as doth hourly grow Out of his v brows.

Guil. We will fourselves provide; Most holy and religious fear it is To keep those many, many bodies safe, That live and feed upon your majesty.

Ros. The single and peculiar life is bound, With all the ftrength and armour of the mind, To keep itself from 'noyance; but much more, That spirits upon whose weal b depend and rest The lives of many. The cease of majesty Dies not alone, but like a gulf doth draw

- * This is called Scene VIII. in W. and J.
 - 1 P. alters this to rage.
 - " The fo's and R. read fo designous,
- w Instead of brows the fo's, R. P. W. and J. read lunacies; T. H. and C. of weal.
- * P. inverts these two words to, pr wide surschues; and is followed by sfter-editors, except C,
- y The ad, 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. read but one many.
- * P. alters upon to on, followed by all but C.
 - * The fo's and R. read Spirit inflead
- b All but H. and C. read depends and refts.
 - " The qu's read ceffe ; P. deceafe.

H 3

What's



And oft 'tis feen, the wicked prize itself Buys out the law; but 'tis not fo above: There, is no shuffling; there, the action lies In his true naturé, 2 and we ourselves compell'd, Ev'n to the teeth and forehead of our faults, To give in evidence. What then? what refts? Try what repentance can. What can it not? Yet what can it, when one cannot repent? O wretched state! oh bosom, black as death! O limed foul, that, struggling to be free, Art more engaged! Help, angels! make affay! Bow, stubborn knees; and, heart with strings of steel, Be foft as finews of the new-born babe! All may be well. b The bing retires and kneeks.

SCENE X

· Enter Hamlet.

Ham. d Now might I do it --- but now e he is praying ---And now I'll do 't --- and fo " he goes to heaven ; And so am I reveng'd? that would be scann'd.

- 2 P. and H. omit and.
- but ropent ?
 - Mo direction in qu's or fo's.
- 3
- d So the qu's fand thuch better than the fo's and all other editions, which flare of mind of one intent on doing a very's. business of this nature more naturally

expressed, Now might I do it, while he's * H. reads, Ver subat can aught, &c. alone; -No, but be is praying now, which W. reads, Fet robut can it roben one catt makes it an improper time.- Nevertbeless Fil to it; bis prayers sba'n't protest bim. -But if I kill bim now be is praying, be * This is called Secure IR. in W. and goes to benoen .- And fo am I reveng da &c.

- e Qu's, a for Be.
- "The ift and ad qu's read revenge; read, Now might Fdb A par, now Be is 's fo S; but he does not give us the praying, &c.) We have here the sudden reading which is in the 3d q. wis. re-

A villain

A villain kills my father, and for that I, his fole fon, do this fame villain fend To heav'n. b Oh this is bhire and falary, not revenge. He took my father grofly, full of bread, With all his crimes broad blown, as m flush as May; And how his audit stands, who knows, save heav'n? But in our circumstance and course of thought, 'Tis heavy with him. " And am I then reveng'd, To take him in the purging of his foul, When he is fit and feafon'd for his paffage?--- No. Up, fword, and know thou a more horrid? hent; When he is q drunk, afleep, or in his rage, Or in th' incestuous a pleasure of his bed, At game, a swearing, or about some act That has no relish of salvation in 't; Then trip him, that his theels may kick at heav'n; And that his foul may be as damn'd and black As hell, whereto it goes. My mother flays: This physic but prolongs thy fickly days. Exit. * The king rifes and comes forward.

King. My words fly up, my thoughts remain below;

Words, without thoughts, never to heaven go.

E The fo's read foul, which W. alters him but C. to fal'n.

h Qu's and C. Why for Ob.

sead base and filly.

* Qu's, a for be.

Instead of as, W. reads and.

m The fo's and R. read fresh.

2 P. and all after him, but C, omit ming, fewering, &c. And

" M is omitted by P, and all after

P Hent, i. e. hald, scieure. So the qu's and fo's, (except the last f. which i Instead of bire and salary the qu's which reads bent, followed by T. A. and W.) R. and P. read time. C. bint.

9 J. reads drunk-asheep.

r C. pleofures.

So the qu's. The rest read, A ga-

The 2d and 3d qu's read belle.

" This direction first put in by T.

SCENE

[Exit.

- SCENE XI.

* The Queen's Apartment.

Enter Queen and Polonius.

Pol. 7 He will come strait; look, you lay home to him; Tell him, his pranks have been too broad to bear with; And that your Grace hath screen'd, and stood between Much heat and him. I'll z filence me even here; Pray you, be round * with him.

- * Ham. [within] Mother, mother, mother. ---Queen. I'll ' warrant you, fear me not.
- 4 Withdraw, I hear him coming:

· [Polonius bides himself behind the arras, Enter Hamlet.

Ham. Now, mother, what's the matter? Queen. Handet, thou hast thy father much offended. Ham. Mother, you have my father much offended. Queen. Come, come, you answer with an idle tongue. . Ham. f Go, go, you question with a g wicked tongue.

- w This is Scene X. in W. and J.
- * The scene first described by R.
- y Qu's, A for He.
- Z H. reads 'fconce, i. e. cover or fecure; followed by W.
- the qu's, P. and C.
- b This speech of Hamlet's is omitted by the qu's, P. H. and C.
- c The 1st and 2d qu's read wait : so does S. but neglects giving the reading

of the 3d q. warrant.

d H. reads you before withdraw; and divides the verse in the following manner;

Queen. I'll warrant you.

The words with him are omitted by Fear me not : you withdraw, I hear him coming.

- e This direction first given by R.
- f The 3d and 4th fo's read, Come, go,

E The fo's and R. read, idle for wick-

Queen,

Queen. Why, how now, Hamlet?

Ham. What's the matter now?

Queen. Have you forgot me?

Ham. No, by the rood, not so:

h You are the queen, your husband's brother's wife;

And, would it were not so, you are my mother.

Queen. Nay, then I'll fet those to you that can speak.

Ham. Come, come, and fit you down; you shall not budge.

You go not, till I set 1 you up a glass

Where you may see the k inmost part of you.

Queen. What wilt thou do? thou wilt not murther me? Help, m ho!

Pol. What m ho, help.!

* Behind the arras.

Ham. How now, a rat? Dead for a ducat, dead.

Pol. Oh, I am flain. [Hamlet kills Polonius.

Queen. Oh me, what hast thou done?

Ham, Nay, I know not: is it the king?

Queen. Oh, what a rash and bloody deed is this!

Ham. A bloody deed; almost as bad, good mother,

As kill a king and marry with his brother.

Queen. As P kill a king?

Ham. Ay, lady, it was my word.

Thou wretched, rash, intruding fool, farewel; [To Polon.

h The fo's, R. T. W. and J. read, You are the queen, your bushand's brother's Pol. What bo, belp, belp, belp.

But would you were not fo. You are my mother.

i The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's omit you.

k The qu's read most instead of in- kill'd.

I took

¹ The fo's and R. read, Help, belp, be.

m First and 2d qu's, bow.

n First put in by R.

[·] The 3d f. omits wbat.

P The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. read

24 HAMLET.

I took thee for thy q better; take thy fortune;
Thou find'ft, to be too bufy, is some danger.
Leave wringing of your hands; peace; fit you down.
And let me wring your heart, for so I shall,
If it be made of peacetrable stuff:
If damned custom have not braz'd it so,
That it is posses and bulwark against sense.

Queen. What have I done, that thou dar's wag thy songue. In noise so rude against me?

Ham. Such an act,

That blurs the grace and blush of modesty;
Calls virtue hypocrite; takes off the rose
From the sair forehead of an innocent love,
And sets a blister there; makes marriage vows
As false as dicers' oaths. Oh such a deed,
As from the body of contraction plucks
The very soul, and sweet religion makes
A rhapsody of words. Heav'n's face doth glow
"O'er this folidity and compound mass,
With "heated visage, " as against the doom;
Is thought-sick, at the act.

Queen. Ay me! what all,

- F So the qu's and C; the reft, is.
- 5 The fo's, R. and T. makes for fets.
- i. e. contraft, folemn obligation.
- u The fo's, R. T. H. J. and C. read yes inflead of o'er.
 - So the qu's; all the seft triffful.
- * W. reads and as 'gainft, &c.
- J. P. reads 'Tis. Here feems no need of a'tering the old qu's: they are sense already if rightly pointed. Heav'n glows upon the carth with beated (angry) wifage, as against the doom; (beaven) is thought-sitk at the ast.

⁹ So the qu's, P. and C. All the rest sead betters.

That roars so loud, and thursders in the index? Ham. Look here upon this picture, and on this, The counterfeit presentment of two brothers: See, what a grace b was seated on c this brow : Hyperion's curls; the front of Jove himfelf; An eye, like Mars, to threaten and command; A flation, like the herald Mercury New-lighted f on a heaven-kissing-hill; A combination, and a form indeed, Where ev'ry god did feem to fet his feal, To give the world affurance of a man. This was your husband, --- Look you now what follows. Here is your husband, like a mildew'd h ear, Blasting his wholesome brother. Have you eyes? Could you on this fair mountain leave to feed, And batten on this moor? ha? have you eyes? You cannot call it love; for, at your age, The hey-day in the blood is tame, it's humble, And waits upon the judgment; and what judgment Would step from this to this? Sense fure you have,

- 2 The qu's give this line to Hander; as does W. after altering it as follows,
 That rears fo load, it obtanders to the Indian.
- . A The index wied formuly to be plaged at the beginning of a book, not at the still; and, as now: fo that it fignifies prologue g or beginning. Canone, p. 118.
- b' Second, 3d and 4th fo's omit one.
- The ad dad 3d qu's, the fo'e and R, read, bis.

- d So the qu'e mid C. All the rift fead or infead of and.
- The ad, 3d and 4th fo's, and River, bend, New lighted, Cr.
- f The qu's read, or a bases, a hiffing bill.
- g The and and go de's omit as
- h The set f. rents dure; the gel unit gib, ther.
- i The fo's read breard infleted of brofer.

Else could you not have 'motion; but, sure, that sense Is apoplex'd, for madness would not err;

Nor sense to ecstasy was ne'er so thrall'd,

But it reserv'd some quantity of choice

To serve in such a difference!.--- What devil was 't,

That thus hath cozen'd you at "hoodman-blind?

Eyes without feeling, feeling without sight,

Ears without hands or eyes, smelling sans all.

Or but a sickly part of one true sense,

Could not so mope.

O shame! where is thy blush? Rebellious "hell,

O shame! where is thy blush? Rebellious n hell, If thou canst nutiny in a matron's bones, To staming youth let virtue be as wax. And melt in her own fire. Proclaim no shame, When the compulsive nardour gives the charge; Since frost itself as actively doth burn

4. And reason r panders will.

Queen. O Hamlet, speak no more.

Thou turn'st mine eyes into my very soul,
And there I see such black and grained spots,

As will not leave their tinct.

k W. fays that, Motion depends so little
upon sense, that the greatest part of motion
in the universe, it among to bodies devoid of
sense: therefore motion is improper, and
we should read notion, i. e. intellect, reafon, &c. But why may not motion here
signify the power of moving one's self as
one pleases, or self-motion, and then it is
necessary it should be accompanied by
Thom
both sense and will.
And

1 What is in italic is omitted in the fo's, $R_{\eta}P_{\tau}$ and H_{c}

- k Qu's, bodman blind.
- 1 H. puts beat instead of bell.
- o The qu's, fo's and C. read mutine.
- P The qu's, fo's and R. read ardure.
- 9 The fo's and R. read As instead of And.
 - The qu's and P. read pardens.
- * The qu's read,

Thou turn's my very eyes into my fouls

And there I fee such blacks and greeved

spots

As will leave there their tin'A.

Hany

Ham. Nay, but to live
In the rank sweat of an 'incestuous bed,
Stew'd in corruption, honying and making love
Over the nasty sty!

Queen. O speak a to me no more, These words like daggers enter in my ears, No more, sweet *Hamles*.

Ham. A murderer, and a villain!

A flave, that is not twentieth part the tythe Of your precedent lord. A vice of kings;

A cutpurfe of the empire and the rule,

That from a fhelf the precious diadem stole

And put it in his pocket.

7 Queen. 2 No more.

Enter Gboft.

Ham. A king of fibreds and patches --Save me, and hover o'er me with your wings, [Starting up.
You heavenly guards! What would your gracious figure?

Queen. Alas, he's mad-

Ham. Do you not come your tardy fon to chide, That, laps'd in time and passion, let's go by

- t The 1st q. reads inseemed; the so's, enseamed; i. e. gross, sulfame, swinish. Seem is properly the sat or grease of a bog; derived from selum, or sevum; which words Isidore brings à sue.
- u These words to me are in the qu's, so's and R. P. drops them (for the sake of the measure, probably) and they are not restor'd by the after-editors, till C.

 W The qu's read kyth.
- x By a vice is meant that buffoon character, that used to play the fool in old plays. T.
- y This speech of the queen's is omitted by the 2d and 3d qu's and P.
 - 2 H. reads Ob! no more.
- a A king of fireds and patches.] This is faid, pursuing the idea of the wice of kings. The wice was dressed as a fool, in a coat of party-coloured patches. J.

Put in by R.

M Ŧ.

Th' important acting of your dread command? O fay!

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Ghost. Do not forget. This vification Is but to whet thy almost blunted purposes. But look! amazement on thy mother fits; O step between her and her e fighting soul : Conceit in weakest bodies strongest works. Speak to her, Hamlet.

Ham. How is it with you, lady? Queen. Alas I how is't with you? That you do bend your eye on vacancy, And with o th' incorporal air do hold discourse? Forth at your eyes your spirits wildly peep, And, as the fleeping foldiers in th' alarm, Your f bedded a hairs, like life in h excrements, ¹ Start up, and ¹ stand an end. O gentle son, Upon the heat and flame of thy distemper Sprinkle cool patience. Whereon do you look?

Ham. On him! on him! - Look you, how pale he glares! His form and cause conjoin'd, preaching to stones, Would make them capable. Do not look a upon me, Lest with this piteous action you convert My stern effects; then what I have to do, Will want true colour; tears, perchance, for blood.

- The 2d and 3d qu's read fig bing.
- do; the 2d f. to make up the verse, supplies thus before you, instead of do after you; and is followed by the reft.
- The 1st f. reads their corporal, &c. The fo's and R. read the torporal.
 - f The 2d and 3d qu's, read beaded.
- g The qu's, fo's, and C. read bair.
- h The hairs are excrementitious, that d So the qu's. The 1st f. had omitted is without life or sensation: yet those very hairs, as if they had life, start up, &c. P.
 - i The 2d and 3d qu's and C. gead flarts and flands.
 - k P. alters upon to on; so all after him, but C.
 - I The 3d and 4th fo's read bave I.

Queen.

ACT III. SCENE XI

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en. To whom do you speak this? m. Do you see nothing there? [Pointing to the Ghoft. cen. Nothing at all; yet all that is " I fee. m. Nor did you nothing hear? een. No, nothing but ourselves. m. Why, look you there! Look how it steals away! ther in his habit as he " liv'd! where he goes even now out at the portal. [Ex. Ghoft. cen. This is the very coinage of your brain, bodiless creation ecstasy y cunning in. m. • Ecstasy? pulse, as yours, doth temperately keep time, nakes as healthful music. It is not madness I have utter'd; bring me to the teft, I the matter will re-word; which madness d gambol from. Mother, for love of grace, ot q that flattering unction to your foul, not your trespass, but my madness, speaks: I but skin and film the ulcerous place: t rank corruption, mining all within, s unseen. Confess yourself to heaven; it what's past, avoid what is to come; lo not spread the compost on the weeds ake them t ranker. Forgive me this my virtue;

the is the 2d and 3d qu's infert

q The 3d q. reads this; the fo's and

R. a.

The 3d and 4th fo's, R. and P. read

is word Ecflafy is omitted by the

ranning.

The fo's read or.

The fo's read or.

The fo's read or.

The fo's read or.

Ι

For,

For, in the fatness of "these pursy times, Virtue itself of vice must pardon beg, Yea, curb and wooe for leave to do " it good.

Queen. Oh! Hamlet, thou hast cleft my heart in twain.

Ham. O; throw away the worfer part of it, And I live the purer with the other half. Good night; but go not to my uncle's bed, Assume a virtue if you have it not. 2 That monster custom, who all sense doth eat Of habits, a devil, is angel yet in this, That to the use of actions fair and good He likewise gives a frock, or livery, That aptly is put on. b Refrain to-night; And that shall lend a kind of easiness: To the next abstinence; the next, more easy; For use calmost can change the stamp of nature, d And either master the devil, or throw him out With wondrous potency. Once more, good night! And when you are defirous to be bleft, I'll bleffing beg of you, - For this fame lord,

* [Pointing to Polonius.] do repent: but heav'n hath pleas'd it so,

- u The 1st f. reads this.
- w From courber Fr. to band .. H.
- * The qu's, fo's and R. read bim.
- y The qu's read leave.
- What is in italic is not in the fo's.
- a T. reads evil from Dr. Thinlby's conjecture; followed by H. W. and
- The 1st and 2d qu's read, to re
 - c R. and all after but C, can almost.
 - C The 1st q. reads, And cuber the de-

wil, Sco The 2d and 3d, and R. read, And master the devil, Sc. P. and the rest, And master even the devil, Sc. Butthe 1st q. supplies the word either, a more proper one than even, in this place.

e Put in by R.

f H. alters this to, but the heav'ns have pleas'd it fo, Sc. to make it agree with their scourge, Sc. (followed by J. omitting the). But perhaps beav'n may be taken as a noun of multitude, q. d. she powers of beav'n.

To punish me with this, and this with me. That I must be their scourge and minister. I will bestow him, and will answer well The death I gave him. So, again good night! I must be cruel, only to be kind; Thus bad begins, and worse remains behind. One word more, good lady.

Queen. What shall I do!

Ham. Not this, by no means, that I bid you do. Let the bloat king tempt you again to bed; Pinch wanton on your cheek; call you his mouse; And let him, for a pair of reechy killes, Or padling in your neck with his damn'd fingers, Make you to 1 ravel all this matter out, That I effentially am not in madness, But mad in craft. 'Twere good you let him know. For who that's but a queen, fair, fober, wife, Would from a paddock, from a bat, a m gibbe, Such dear concernings hide? Who would do so? No, in despight of sense and secrely,

him, but puts in his text, To punifb this the queen, What fall I da? C. reads, with me, Ge. and tells us this is H.'s Hark, one word, Ge. reading.

S; but takes no notice of the reading of and C. block. the 3d, viz. ibus.

the qu's, are omitted by all the other ravell. editions but C. none of them taking notice that there is any fuch reading,

g H. reads, To panish him with me, though the words feem necessary, as and me with this. F. sims to read after they introduce the following question of

k The qu's read blowt; the fo's and h The rit and 2d qu's read this: so R. blunt; P. T. and H. fond; W. J.

The ift and 2d qu's read, rouell. 1 The words in Italic, which are in So S; but gives not the reading of 3d, m Qu's and G: gib. 1

Unpeg the basket on the house's top, Let the birds fly, and, like the famous ape, To try conclusions, in the basket creep; And break your own neck down.

Queen. Be thou affur'd, if words be made of breath. And breath of life, I have no life to breathe What thou hast said to me.

Ham. I must to England, you know that. Queen. Alack, I had forgot; 'tis fo concluded on. Ham. " There's letters feal'd; and my two school-fellows, Whom I will trust as I will adders fang'd, They bear the mandate; they must sweep my way, And marshal me to knavery. Let it work. For 'tis the sport to have the engineer Hoist with his own petar; and 't shall go hard . But I will delve one yard below their mines, And blow them at the moon. O, 'tis most sweet, When in one line two crafts directly meet. This man thall set me packing. I'll lug the guts into the neighbour room. Mother, good night. - Indeed, this counsellor Is now most still, most secret, and most grave, Who was o in life a p most foolish, sprating knave. Come, fir, to draw toward an end with you. Good night, mother. [Exit Hamlet, 4 tugging in Polonius.

n The verses in italic are omitted by ing 3. omits. the fo's. P. tells us here are ten verses P So the qu's; all the rest amit most. added out of the old edition: I can make but nine of them.

O The 3d q. reads in this read-

^{.9.} No mention in qu's of tagging in Pol. H. Emunt, Hamlet tugging out Po-



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C T IV.

$S \cdot C$ E N E Ť.

· A royal Apartment.

Enter King and Queen, with Rosencraus and Guildenstern.

King.

HERE's b matter in these sighs; these prosound heaves You must translate; 'tis sit we understand them. Where is your fon?

Queen. Bestow this place on us a little while. [To Rosencraus and Guildenstern, who go out.

Ah, emine own lord, what have I feen to-night!

King. What, Gertrude? How does Hamlet?

Queen. Mad as the e sea and wind, when both contend Which is the mightier; in his lawless fit, Behind the arras hearing fomething stir, Whips out his rapier, cries, A rat, a rat! And in 8 this brainish apprehension kills The unfeen good old man.

- The scene first described by R.
- b Fo's and R. mat'ers.
- c The fo's, R. P. and H. omit this line, and do not make Rof. and Guild: rat, a rat. P. and the reft, He whips to enter with the king and queen.
- d So the qu's; the reft, my good lord, **₽**c. |
- So the qu's and C; the rest feas.
- f So the qu's and C. The fo's and
- R. He whips his rapier out, and cries, A bis rapier out, and cries, A rat!
 - g The fo's, R. P. and H. bis.

King. O heavy deed! It had been fo with us had we been there. His liberty is full of threats to all, To you yourself, to us, to every one. Alas! how shall this bloody deed be answer'd? It will be laid to us, whose providence · Should have kept short, restrain'd, and out of haunt, This mad young man. But fo much was our love, We would not understand what was most fit; But, like the owner of a foul disease, To keep it from divulging, h let it feed Ev'n on the pith of life. Where is he gone? Queen. To draw apart the body he hath kill'd, O'er whom his very madness, like some ore Among a mineral of metals base, Shews itself pure. He weeps for what is done. King. & O Gertrude, come away. The fun no sconer shall the mountains touch, But we will ship him hence; and this 1 vile deed We must, with all our majesty and skill, Both countenance and excuse. Ho! Guildenstern ! Enter Kosencraus and Guildenstern.

Friends both, go join " you with some further aid:

And from his mother's " closet hath he " dragg'd him.

Hamiet in madness hath Polonius slain,

h The fo's, R. and P.'s quarto, read, lets.

Qu's, afrbe.

k The 2d and 3d qu's omits Q.

I Taree Ift fo's, wilce.

m Instead of you with, the 3d q. reads with you.

n The 1st f. reads cloffets.

o First q. dreg'd.

Go feek him out, speak fair, and bring the body Into the chapel. FI pray you, haste in this.

9 [Exeunt Rosencraus and Guildenstern.

Come, Gertrude, we'll call up our wisest friends, And let them know both what we mean to do, And what's untimely done. [For, baply, flander] Whose whisper o'er the world's diameter, As level as the cannon to his blank, Transports ' its poison'd shot; may miss our name, And hit the woundless air .- O come away; My foul is full of discord and dismay. [Excunt.

SCENE П.

Enter Hamlet.

'Ham. Safely stow'd - But ' fost, what noise? Who calls on Hamlet? - O here they come.

Enter Rosencraus and Guildenstern. Res. What have you done, my lord, with the dead body?

- after, except C.
 - 9 This direction not in qu's.
- These between the hooks are conjectural words, added by T. which, with the rest in italic, are not in fo's, R. P. and H. C. reads So for For.
 - Du's and C. bis.
 - ' So the qu's; the fo's and all the

P P. omits I, followed by the editors rest read (bating that C. adds, with qu's, but foft)

Ham. Safely flowed.

Gentleman within. Hamlet ! Lord Hamlet!

Ham. What noise? who calls on Hamlet 9

Oh here they come.

" The 2d and 3d qu's read fofily.

I 4

Ham.

HAMLET,

Ham. T Compound it with dust, whereto 'tis kin.

Ros. Tell us where 'tis, that we may take it thence, And bear it to the chapel.

Ham. Do not believe it.

Ros. Believe what?

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Ham. That I can keep your counsel, and not mine own. Besides, to be demanded of a spunge, what replication should be made by the son of a king?

Rof. Take you me for a spunge, my lord?

Ham. Ay, fir, that fokes up the king's countenance, his rewards, his authorities. But fuch officers do the king best service in the end; he keeps them, like an * ape, in the corner of his jaw; first mouth'd, to be last swallow'd. When he needs what you have glean'd, it is but squeezing you, and, spunge, you shall be dry again.

Rof. I understand you not, my lord.

Ham. I am glad of it; a knavish speech sleeps in a soolish ear.

Ros. My lord, you must tell us where the body is, and go with us to the king.

w So the 1st q. According to this edition, Hamlet, instead of answering the question of Research are the dead body, bids them compound it with dust, Sc. So also he gives no direct answer to Research when he reseats the enquiry. It Shakespeare did not design Hamke to speak an untruth here, this must be the right reading; for he had not compounded it with dust, i. e. suried it, but laid it upon the stairs to the lobby, as we read

afterwards. All other editions read Compounded.

The qu's fead apple, followed by P; T. W. J. and H. reads ape, and gives the following note,

It is the way of monkeys in eating to throw that part of their food which they take up first into a pouch they are provided with on the side of their jaw, and there they keep it till they have done with the rest.

ACT IV. SCENE III.

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Ham, 7 The body is with the king, but the king is not with the body. The king is 2 a thing.

Guil, 2 A thing, my lord?

Ham. Of nothing. Bring me to him. Hide fox, and all after. Exeunt,

SCENE III.

Enter King.

King. I have fent to feek him, and to find the body, How dang'rous is it, that this man goes loose! Yet must not we put the strong law on him; He's lov'd of the distracted multitude, Who like not in their judgment, but their eyes: And where 'tis fo, th' offender's scourge is c weigh'd, But d never the offence, To bear all smooth e even, This fudden fending him away must seem Deliberate pause. Diseases, desp'rate grown,

This answer I do not comprehend. Perhaps it should be. The body is not with the king, for the king is not with the bidy. J. Answer. The body, being in the palace, migh, oe faid to be with the king; though the king, not being in the same room with the body, was not with the body.

- Z H. reads nothing.
- 2 Of nothing.] Should it not be read the 3d and 4th, nearer. Or nothing? When the courtiers remark, that Hamlet has contemptuously called followed by T. H. and W. the king a thing, Hamkt defends him-

I The body is with the king, &c.] felf by observing, that the king must be a thing, or nothing. J. H. reads, A thing or nothing bring me to him, &c.

> b These words in italic are not in the qu's,

> There is a play among children called, Hide fox, and all after. H.

- c First and 2d qu's, wayed; 3d q. waigb'd.
- d The 1st and 2d fo's read nearer;
- c P. drops these words, and sven;

By desperate appliance are reliev'd, Or not at all.

Enter Rosencraus.

How now? what hath befallen?

Ref. Where the dead body is bestow'd, my lord, We cannot get from him.

King. But where is he?

Ros. Without, my lord, guarded to know your pleasure.

King. Bring him before us.

Ros. f Ho, & Guildenstern! bring in h my lord.

Enter Hamlet and Guildenstern. King. Now, Hamlet, where's Polonius?

Ham. At supper.

King. At supper? where?

- Ham. Not where he eats, but where i he is eaten; a certain convocation of k politique worms are le'en at him. Your worm is your only emperor for diet. We fat all creatures else to fat us, and we fat " ourselves for maggots. Your fat king and your lean beggar is but variable fervice, a two dishes o but to one table. That's the end.

P King. Alas, alas!

Ham. A man may set fish with the worm that hath eat of a king, and eat of the fish that hath fed of that worm.

King. What doft thou mean by this?

f Guildenstern is omitted in the qu's and C.

g First q. How.

h The qu's read, the lord.

First and 2d qu's, a for be.

E Politique is omitted in the fo's and

1 P. and H. omit e'en.

m The Ift f. reads, ourfelfe.

" The IR f. to.

o P. and H. omit but.

P These two speeches in italic are omitted in the fo's and R.

9 So the ist q; the 2d and 3d, T. W. and J. omit and.

Ham.

of avery catch?

ACT IV. SCENE III.

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Ham. Nothing, but to show you how a king may go a progress through the guts of a beggar,

King, Where is Polonius?

Ham, In heaven; send thither to see. If your messenger find him not there, seek him i' th' other place yourself, But indeed, if you find him not within this month, you shall nose him as you go up the stairs into the lobby.

King. Go feek him there,

Ham, 'He will stay till you come,

King. " Hamlet, this deed, for thine especial safety, Which we do tender, as we dearly grieve
For that which thou hast done, must send thee hence
"With siery quickness; " therefore prepare thyself;
The bark is ready, and the wind at " help,
Th' associates tend, and every thing " is bent
For England.

Ham. For England?

King. Ay, Hamlet.

Ham. Good.

King. So is it, if thou knew'st our purposes.

Ham. I see a cherub, that sees them. But come.

For England! Farewel, dear mother.

King. Thy loving father, Hamlet.

Ham. My mother. Father and mother is man and wife;

- The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. read gut.
- 5 The fo's, R. P. and H. omit with-
- 1 Qu's, a for be.
- The fo's and R. read.
- Ramlet, this deed of thine, for thine especial safety, &c.
- These words in italic are not in the qu's.
- × P. and H. read then instead of therefore.
- y J. proposes belm instead of belp.
- The fo's and R. read at best.
- a The fo's read bim.

man

HAMLET.

man and wife is one flesh; b so, my mother. Come, for England. [Exit.

King. Follow him at foot. Tempt him with speed aboard; Delay it not, I'll have him hence to-night.

Away, for every thing is seal'd and done

That else leans on th' affair. Pray you, make haste.

* Execute Rosencraus and Guildenstern.

And, England, if my love thou hold'st at aught, As my great pow'r thereof may give thee sense, Since yet thy cicatrice looks raw and red After the Danish sword, and thy free awe Pays homage to us; thou may'st not coldly d set Our sovereign process, which imports at full, By letters congruing to that effect, The present death of Hamlet. Do it, England: For like the hectic in my blood he rages, And thou must cure me; 'till I know 'tis done, How-e'er my haps, f my joys will ne'er begin.

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to our author's custom, be rhymed; and that perhaps he wrote

Hesse'er my hopes, my joys are not begun.

Heath suspects the poet might write,

(Rev. p. 544.)

Howe'er't may hap, my joys will ne'er begin.

b All but the 1st and 2d qu's and C. termination of a scene, should, a cording read and so. to our author's custom, be rhymed; and

c This direction T's.

d P.'s duodecimo seads let, i. e. retard. H. J. and C. read fet by.

[&]quot; So the qu's, P. T. H. W. and C. The fo's, R. and J. read conjuring.

f The fo's and R. read, my joys were ne'er begun. J. thinks this, being the

SCENE IV.

5 A Camp, on the Frontiers of Denmark.

Enter Fortinbras, with an Army.

For. Go, captain, h from me greet the Danish king, Tell him that, by his licence, Fortinbras

i Craves the conveyance of a promis'd march

Over h his h kingdom. You know the randevous.

If that his majesty would ought with us,

We shall express our duty in his eye,

And let him know so.

Capt. I will do't, my lord.

For. Go in foftly on. in [Exit Fortinbras, with the army.

* Enter Hamlet, Rosencraus, &c.

Ham. Good fir, whose powers are these?

Capt. P They are of Norway, fir.

. Ham. How q purpos'd, fir, I pray you.

Capt. ' Against some part of Poland.

- E No description till R. who puts, A Camp; on the frontiers, of Dennark, is added by T.
- h The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. read, from me to the Danish king.
 - i So the qu's; all the rest, claims.
 - k R.'s octavo reads this.
- 1 P. alters kingdom to realm; followed by the after-aditors except C.
 - m The fo's read fafely. . .

- n No direction in qu's.
- All that follows of this steene is a mitted in the fo's.
- P The 2d q. reads The; fo does S. but neglects giving the reading of the 3d q. They.
- 9 The 2d and 3d qu's and R. rest propos'd.
 - r C. teads, Sir, againft, &:.

Ham.

Ħ $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{M}$ L Ė T 144

Ham. Who commands them, fir?

Capt. The nephew of old Norway, Fertinbras.

Ham. Goes it against the main of Poland, sir,

Or for some frontier?

Capt. Truly to speak , and with no addition, We go to gain a little patch of ground,

That hath in it no profit, but the name.

To pay five ducats — five — I would not farm it;

Nor will it yield to Norway or the Pole,

A ranker rate, should it be " fold in fee.

Ham. Why then the Polack never will defend it.

Capt. Yes, it is already garrison'd.

Ham. Two thousand souls, and x twenty thousand ducats,

Will not debate the question of this straw;

This is th' imposthume of much wealth and peace,

That inward breaks, and shews no cause without.

Why the man dies. I humbly thank you, fir.

Capt. God 'b'w'ye, fir.

Rof. Will't please you go, my lord?

Ham. I'll be with you z strait. Go a little before. [' Execut.

Manet Hamlet.

How all occasions do inform against me, And four my dull revenge! What is a man, If his chief good, and market of his time Be but to fleep and feed? a beaft, no more.

- First and 2d qu's and C. to for ef.
- After speak P. adds it; followed by of yes. C. O yes
- the after-editors except C. who adds Sir after speak.
 - R. reads fo inflead of fold.
- W The 3d q. and R. read may in fless
- * H. alters twenty to maky.
 - y Qu's, Eny you.
 - 2 P. and H. omit fraits
 - Not in qu'e.

SCENE

ACT VI.

Sure he that made us with fuch large b discourse, Looking before and after, gave us not That capability and God-like reason To ' fust in us unus'd, now whether it be Bestial oblivion, or some craven scruple Of thinking too precisely on th' event, A thought, which, quarter'd, hath but one part wisdom, And ever three parts coward, I do not know Why yet I live to fay this thing's to do; Sith I have cause, and will, and strength, and means To do't. Examples, gross as earth, exhort me; Witness this army of such mass and charge, Led by a delicate and tender prince, Whose spirit, with divine ambition pust, Makes mouths at the invisible event; Exposing what is mortal and unsure To all that fortune, death, and danger dare, Ev'n for an egg-shell. 4 Rightly to be great, Is not to ffir without great argument; But greatly to find quarrel in a straw, When honour's at the stake. How stand I then, That have a father kill'd, a mother stain'd, Excitements of my reason and my blood, And let all fleep? while, to my shame, I see The imminent death of twenty thousand men, That for a fantafy and trick of fame

b Difference is here taken for comprebenfine.

A P. alters thus,

The not to be great.

So the qu's, J. and C. The rest Never to fiir without great argument, Sc. read raf.

followed by T. H. and W.

L .E H A. . M T. 144

Go to their graves like beds; fight for a ' plot, Whereon the members cannot try the cause, Which is not tomb enough and continent To hide the flain. O, f from this time forth. My thoughts be bloody, or be nothing worth.

Exit.

SCENE V.

8 A Palace.

h Enter Queen and Horatio, with a Gentleman.

Queen. I will not speak with her.

¹ Gent. She is importunate,

Indeed distract. Her mood will needs be pitied.

Queen. What would she have?

Gent. She speaks much of her father; says, she hears, There's tricks i'th' world; and hems, and beats her heart; Spurns enviously at straws; speaks things in doubt, That carry but haif sense. Her speech is nothing, Yet the unshaped use of it doth move The hearers to collection; they k yawn at it, And 1 botch the words up fit to their own thoughts; Which m as n her winks, and nods, and gestures yield them,

- Shakespeare wrote plat.
- f After O, P. adds then; followed by the after-editors.
 - E Scene first described by R.
- h. The fo's, R. and J. make the queen and Horatio only enter, and give the ve read betb. speeches of the gentleman to Horatio or the queen, as will be feen below. H.
- e P. and H. read spot. Perhaps does not admit Horatio, and gives his speeches to the gentleman.
 - i These speeches in the fo's, R. and J. are given to Horatie.
 - k So the qu's ; all the rest read aim.
 - 1 The 3d and 4th fo's and R.'s octa-
 - m The 3d and 4th fo's read at.
 - n The 2d and 3d qu's omit ber.

Indeed

indeed would make one think, o there might be thought,
Though nothing fure, yet much unhappily.

Hor. 'Twere good she were spoken with, for she may strew Dangerous conjectures in ill-breeding minds.

Let her come in.

Queen. To my fick foul, as fin's true nature is, Each toy feems prologue to fome great amis; So full of artless jealousy is guilt, It spills itself, in fearing to be spilt.

Enter Ophelia ' distratted:

O/b. Where is the beauteous majesty of Denmark? Queen. How now, Ophelia?

Oph. How should I your true love know from another one?

By his cockle hat and staff, and his fandal shoon . [singing. Queen. Alas, sweet lady; what imports this song? Oph. Say you? Nay, pray you, mark.

He is dead and gone, lady, he is dead and gone;

- O The 1st and 2d fo's read, there would be thought; the 3d and 4th and R. there would be thoughts.
- P Tho' nothing sure, yet much unbeppily.] i. e. though her meaning cannot be certainly collected, yet there is enough to put a mischievous interpretation to it. W.
- 9 This speech, by the so's and R. is given to the queen; and by H. to the gentleman, except the words Let ber come in, which he gives to the queen. J. joins this speech to the foregoing, and makes the whole Haratio's, except the words Let ber come in, which he gives to the queen.
 - The qu's omit distracted.

- After and the 3d q. inferts by. Not noted by S.
 - t The qu's, fendall.
- u By bis cockle bat, &c.] This is the description of a pilgrim. While this kind of devotion was in fashion, love-intrigues were carried on under that mask. Hence the old ballads and novels made pilgrimages the subjects of their plots. The cockle-shell hat was one of the essential badges of this vocation: for the chief places of devotion being beyond sea, or on the coasts, the pilgrims were accustomed to put cockleshells upon their hats, to denote the intention or performance of their devotion. W.

HAMLET.

At his head a grass-green turf, at his heels a stone.
2 O ho!

Enter King.

Queen. Nay, but Ophelia-

Oph. Pray you, mark.

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White I his sbroud as the mountain snow.

Queen. Alas, look here, my lord.

Oph. Larded all with sweet slowers:

Which bewept to the ground did not go

With true-love showers.

King. How do you, pretty lady?

Oph. Well, * God 'eld you! They fay the owl was a baker's daughter. Lord, we know what we are, but 'know not what we may be. God be at your table!

King. Conceit upon her father.

Oph. Pray let's have no words of this; but when they ask you what it means, say you this:

To-morrow is St. Valentine's day,
All in the morning betime;
And I a maid at your window,
To be your Valentine.

- First and 2d qu's, turph. So S. but neglects the reading of 3d q. turfe.
- = 0 bo! is omitted by all but the qu's, J. and C.
 - y W. reads the Browd.
 - 2 The fo's, R. P. and H. omit all.
 - 3 The qu's read beweept.
- b So the qu's and C. All the reft read grave.
- c P. omits me; followed by the editors after him.

- d The 3d and 4th fo's read flowers.
- The qu's read good dild you; the fo's, R. P. and T.'s oftavo read, God dil'd you; H. Godild you; T.'s duodecimo and W. God yield you. H. interprets this, God fisield you.
 - f After but, J. inserts we.
 - E The fo's and R. read Pray you.
- h So the qu's and aft f. All the rest read mors.

Then

Then up he rose, and d'on'd his ! cleaths, And k d'upt the chamber door; Let in 1 the maid, that out a maid Never departed more.

. King. Pretty Ophelia!

Oph. Indeed, without an oath, I'll make an end on't.

By * Gis and by St. Charity: Alack, and fie for shame! Young men will do't, if they come to't, By cock, they are to blame. Ouoth she, before you tumbled me,

You promis'd me to wed:

He answers.) So P would I ha' done, by yonder fun; And thou hadft not come to my bed.

King. How long hath she been thus?

Oph. I hope all will be well. We must be patient; but I cannot chuse but weep, to think they s should lay him i' th' cold ground; my brother shall know of it, and so I thank you for your good counsel. Come, my coach. Good night, ladies; 'good night, fweet ladies; 'good night, 'good night. [Exit.

- i First and 2d qu's, close. So S. but fer to the king's epithet, Prety. takes no notice of clothes, the reading of fo's and R. read, Indeed la ?
- k H. reids op'd; W. do'pt, i. c. do ofen; J. says to dup is to do up, to lift the latch.
- I The 3d and 4th fo's, R. and P. read a maid. H. reads, Let in a maid,
- but out a maid, &c. m P. and H read, Indeed? with an interrogation, making it (I uppose) te-
- n J. conjectures Cis, i. e. St. Cecily.
 - · C. reads, Before, quoth fhe, you, &c. P All but the qu's and C. omit, He
 - arsweri. 9 The 2d and 3d qu's read flouid.
 - The 1st f. reads this.
 - Qu's and C. would.

The 1st and 2d qu's read God night. So S. but tives not the reading of 3d, good night.

K 2

King.

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Exit Horatio. O this is the poison of deep grief, it springs all from her father's death; and now behold, O Gertrude, Gertrude, When forrows y come, they come not fingle spies, But in z battalions. First, her father slain; Next your fon gone, and he most violent author Of his own just remove; the people muddied, Thick and unwholesome in a their thoughts and whispers, For good Polonius' death: b And we have done but greenly, In hugger mugger to interr him; poor Ophelia, Divided from herfelf, and her fair judgment: Without the which we are pictures, or mere beafts: Last, and as much containing as all these, Her brother is in secret come from France: Feeds on his wonder, keeps himself in clouds, And wants not buzzers to infect his ear

King. Follow her close, give her good watch, I pray you.

u This direction first put in by T.

With pertilent speeches of his father's death; Wherein necessity, of matter beggar'd, Will nothing stick our ' person to arraign

w P. and the editors after him, except C. omit O.

- * All but the qu's omit, and now behold: this feems to be put out in the fo's, to make verse of what is printed prosewise in the qu's.
 - y First f. comes.
- The 1st and 2d fo's read battalizes; the 2d and 3d, battels.
 - " The qu's omit their.
 - b P. leaves out And, and reads thus,

We've done but greenly: followed by the rest, except C.

- c P. reads, In private to interr bim, &c. followed by T. H. and W. C. reads, and we bave done but greenly to interr bim, &c.
- d Thequ's, R. P. T. and W. read, Feels on this wonder. The fo's read, Keeps on his wonder, Sc. H. reads, Feeds on his wonder, Sc. J. and C. Feeds on his wonder.
 - c H. reads, Whence animofity, &c.
 - f So the qu's; all the rest, persons.

In ear and ear. O my dear Gertrude, this, Like to a murdering piece, in many places, Gives me superfluous death.

A noise within.

2 Queen, Alack! what noise is this?

S C E N VI.

Enter a Messenger.

King. h Attend. Where i are my Switzers? Let them guard the door.

What is the matter?

Mess. Save yourself, my lord. The ocean, over-peering of his k lift, Eats not the flats with more 1 impetuous hafte, Then young Laertes, in a riotous head, O'er-bears your officers. The rabble call him lord; And as the world were now but to begin, Antiquity forgot, cuftom not known, The ratifiers and props of every m word, * They cry, Choose we - Lacrtes shall be king!

- ted in the qu's, P. and H.
 - h All but the qu's omit attend.
 - i First q. is for are.
- spectators of a tournament must not pass.
- 1 The 1st q. and f. read impiruous. notes on the reading of 3d, They. S. gives another reading, viz. impitious.
- or proposal. Heath in loc. W. conjec- all that follow, except C. read, Lacrus tures ward, i. e. fecurities that nature for our king. and law place about a king; followed by

g This speech of the queen's is omit- T. and J. H. transposes this line, and

- Laertes for our king.

The ratifiers and props of every word k The lists are the barriers which the Caps, bands and shouts applaud it to the clouds, &c. C. work.

n First and 2d qu's, The. So S. but

The 3d q. reads, Lacrtes to be king. m By word is here meant a declaration S. neglects giving this reading. R. and

K 3

Caps,

T. . H L E M

Caps, hands, and tongues, applaud it to the clouds; Laertes shall be king, Laertes king!

Queen. How chearfully on the false trail they cry! Oh, this is o counter, you falle Danish dogs. [Noise within. Enter Lacrtes, with a party at the door.

King. The doors are broke.

Laer. Where is the king? Sirs, stand you all without.

All. No, let's come in.

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Laer. I pray you give me leave.

All. We will, we will.

Laer. I thank you. Keep the door.

O thou P vile king, give me my father.

Queen. Calmly, good Laertes.

Laer. That drop of blood q that's calin, proclaims me bastard; Cries cuckold to my father; brands the harlot Even here, between the chafte, unfinirched brow Of my true mother.

King. What is the cause, Laertes? That thy rebellion looks fo giant-like? -Let him go, Gertrude; do not fear our person. There's fuch divinity doth hedge a king, That treason ' can but peep to what it would, Acts little of his will. Tell me, Laertes,

- the trail backwards. J.
 - P First and 2d fo's, vilde.
 - 9 The fo's and R. read, that calms.
- The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. pead unsmitched. P. reads, chaste and unfmich'd brow. T. H. and W. chafte and
- · Hounds run counter when they trace unsmireb'd brow. J. chaste and unsmireb'd
 - * The 2d q. reads comes; so does S. but neglects giving us the reading of the 3d q. can but.
 - · H. reads All.
 - u P. and all after him, except C, read i#•

y thou art thus incens'd. - Let him go, Gertrude.

r. Where is my father?

ig. Dead x.

een. But not by him.

ig. Let him demand his fill.

r. How came he dead? I'll not be juggled with:

ell, allegiance! 7 Vows, to the blackest devil!

ience and grace, to the profoundest pit!

: damnation; to this point I stand,

both the worlds I give to negligence,

ome what comes; only I'll be reveng'd throughly for my father.

ig. Who shall stay you?

er. My will, not all the world's;

for my means, I'll husband them so well,

y shall go far with little. ig. Good Laertes,

1 defire to know the certainty

your dear father, c is't writ in your revenge,

, I sweep-stake, you will draw both friend and soe, er and lofer?

er. None but his enemies.

ig. Will you know them then

he 3d and 4th fo's read, Wby art 'c. R. and all after him except the reading of 3d, They are you, &c.

adds Laertes.

reads, Vows to the black devil!

1 The 2d q. The. So S. but notes not b The fo's, R. P. H. and C. read, Of

your dear father's death.

e P. and H. omit, is 't writ; the fo's ie fo's, R. T. W. and J. read read, if writ; R. reads, if 'tie me writ,

d The qu's, fo's and R. sop-flake.

K 4

Laer.

HAMLET.

Last. To his good friends thus wide I'll ope my arms, And, like the kind life-rend'ring pelican, Repast them with my blood.

King. Why, now you speak
Like a good child, and a true gentleman.
That I am guiltless of your father's death,
And am most b sensible in grief for it,
It shall as level to your judgement pear,
As day does to your eye.

[A noise within, * Let her come in. Laer. How now, what noise is that?

SCENE VII.

Enter Ophelia I fantastically drest with straws and stowers, O heat, dry up my brains! Tears seven times salt, m Burn out the sense and virtue of mine eye! By heav'n, thy madness shall be paid with weight, Till our scale turn the beam. O rose of May; Dear maid, kind sister, sweet Ophelia! O heav'ns, is't possible a young maid's wits Should be as mortal as an q old man's life?

c The 2d f. bope.

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- f The 1ft f. reads, politicion.
- E The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's read, Why now? what noise is that? Like a good child, &c.
 - h First q. fencibly; H. and C. fensibly.
 - i So the qu's and J; the rest, pierce.
- k The qu's and P. make these words, Let ber come is, a part of Lucries's sol-

lowing speech; but how ill they agree, the reader will easily perceive.

- ¹ The following words of the direction put in by R.
 - m P.'s q. reads lurn on the fenfe.
- The fo's, R. and C. read by for with.
 - o The 1st q. Tell.
 - P The fo's and R. turns.
 - 9 The qu's poere for old.

Nature

Noture is fine in love; and, where 'tis fine, It sends some precious inflance of itself After the thing it loves,

Oph, They bore bim ' bare-fac'd on the bier', And " in his grave " rain'd many a tear; Fare you well, my dove!

Laer. Hadst thou thy wits, and didst persuade revenge, It could not move thus.

Opb. You must fing, x a down a down, and you call him a down a. O how the wheel becomes it! It is the false steward that stole his master's daughter.

Laer. This nothing's more than matter.

O.b. There's rolemany, z that's for remembrance. Pray you, love, remember. And there is b pansies, that's for thoughts.

Laer. A document in madness, thoughts and remembrance fitted.

Oph. There's fennel for you, and columbines. There's rue for you, and here's fome for me. We may call it herb of grace o' Sundays. 4 You may wear your rue with a difference; there's a daify; I would give you some violets,

- P. conjectures fre for fine, and ingenfe for in ance. W. reads fal'n inftead of fine. These lines in italic of Lacree's possibly by the eubeel is meant, the burspeech are not in the qu't.
 - 5 The 1ft q. bare-fafte.
- * After this line the fo's and R. infert the following,

Hey, non, noney, noney, bey noney.

- u So the qu's. All the rest read on.
- W So the qu's and F. All the test wear, Gr. rains, except W. who reads remains.

- × All but the qu's omit this a.
- y W. reads weal. Heath thinks that den of the bellad.
 - 2 Second c. that for that's.
 - * All les the jets and C. omit you.
 - b. The ift f. read parenties.
 - C So's, berb grace.
- . d The file and R. read, Ch, you must



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S C E N E VIII.

" Enter Horatio, with an attendant.

Hor. What are they, that would fpeak with me?

Serv. Sea-faring men, Sir. They fay they have letters for you.

Hor. Let them come in.

I do not know from what part of the world I should be greeted, if not from lord *Hamlet*,

Enter Sailors.

Sail. God blefs you, fir.

Hor. Let him bless thee too.

Sail. * He shall, fir, ' an 't please him.—There's a letter for you, fir. It * comes from th' a embassador that was bound for England, if your name be Horatio, as I am let to know it is.

Horatio reads the letter.

Horatio, when thou shalt have over-look'd this, give these fellows some means to the king: they have letters for him. Ere we were two days old at sea, a pirate of very warlike appointment gave us chase. Finding ourselves too slow of sail, we put on a compelled valour, and in the grapple I boarded them:

d On the instant they got clear of our ship, so I alone became their

- u Qu's, Enter Hora io and others.
- w So the qu's; all the rest read, Sailors, Sir.
 - x Qu's, A for He.
- y The rst and 2d qu's read and without the contracted it: so does S; but neglects giving the reading of the 3d,

viz. an't.

- 2 The qu's read came.
- a The 1tt, 2d and 3d fo's read amboffadours.
 - b No direction in qu's.
 - c The fo's, R. and C. omit and.
 - d The 3d q. reads In.

prisoner.

prisoner. They have dealt with me like thieves of mercy; but they knew what they did: I am to do a e good turn for them. Let the king have the letters I have sent, and repair thou to me with as much haste as thou wouldest sty death. I have words to speak in thine ear, will make thee dumb; yet are they much too light for the bore of the matter. These good fellows will bring thee where I am. Rosencraus and Guildenstern bold their course for England. Of them I have much to tell thee. Farewel.

* He that thou knowest thine,

Hamlet.

Come, I will 1 make you way for these letters; And do 't the speedier that you may direct me To him from whom you brought them.

Exeunt.

S C E N E. IX.

Enter King and Laertes.

King. Now must your conscience my acquittance seal,
And you must put me in your heart for friend;
Sith you have heard, and with a knowing ear,
The work which hath your noble father stain,
Purhamy life.

- The qu's omit good.
- Y Qu's and C. Speed.
- S The fo's and R. read your.
- h The qu's read bord.
- i The 3d and 4th fo's and R. before way; aft q. omits make.
- much infert at.
- k The qu' equal, So that then know-
- 1 The fo's, R. and C. read, give you

Laer.

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Laer. It well appears. But tell me,
Why you m proceeded not against these feats,
So m criminal and o so capital in nature,
As by your safety, p greatness, wisdom, all things else,
You mainly were stirr'd up?

King. O, for two special reasons,

Which may to you perhaps seem much runsinew'd,
And yet to me they are strong. The queen, his mother,
Lives almost by his looks; and for myself,
My virtue or my plague, be teither which,
She's so conjunctive to my life and soul,
That, as the star moves not but in his sphere,
I could not but by her. The other motive,
Why to a public count I might not go,
Is the great love the general gender bear him;
Who dipping all his faults in their affection,
Work like the spring that turneth wood to stone,
Convert his gives to graces. So that my arrows,
Too slightly timber'd for so loved, arm'd,

- " The qu's read proceede.
- Be So the qu's; all the rest, crimeful.
- · Third q. omits fo.
- P All but the qu's omit greatness.
- 9 The words 0, for are left out by P. and all after, except C. and J.
 - I Qu's and Ift and 2d fo's, ur finnow'd.
 - Qu's, But for And.
 - t P. and all after except C. omit they.
- u The qu's read, Shapis jo conclive to
- w So the qu'e; all the rest read, Would like the spring, &c.
- * So the 1st q; the 2d and 3d read fo haved armes; all the rest read fo load a

wind; but the idea of a bud wind reverberating an arrow back to its bow, is so unnatural and impossible that it cannot pais: therefore the reading of the 1st q. is to be preferred, simber'd for one fo loved, and the affections and veneration of the people, &c. or that of the 2d and 3d, where the arms or armour are par for the perfor armed and the love applied to them which is meant of him. In both thefe readings we have the idea of a fuit of armour reverberating an arrow back to its bow, which is not only possible, but just. Would . Would have reverted to my bow again, 7 And not where I * had a aim'd them.

Laer. And so bhave I a noble father lost, A fifter driven into desperate terms, Whose worth, if praises may go back again, Stood challenger on mount of all the age For her perfections. But d my revenge will come.

King. Break not your fleeps for that. You must not think That we are made of stuff so flat and dull, That we can let our * beard be shook with danger, And think it pastime. You shortly shall hear more. I lov'd your father, and we love sourfelf, And that I hope will teach you to imagine -How now? what news?

Enter a messenger with letters.

Meff. 1 Letters, my lord, from Hamlet. These to your majesty; this to the queen. King. From Hamlet? Who brought them? Mell. Sailors, my lord, they fay; I faw them not: They were given me by Claudio; he received them 1 Of him that brought them.

- y The qu's read but inflead of and.
- s read bave inflead of bad.
- 2 The f. reads arm'd.
- h The 3 q. reads I bave.
- The fo's read was instead of worth;
-]. Who has if, Sec.
 - d P. and H. omit my.

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- . The 3d q. reads beards.
- f P. alters this to, You shall foon bear more; and is followed by all the editors all editions but the qu's and G.

- after him, except C.
- g The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, R. and P. read yourself.
- h How now? what news? omitted
- in qu's, P. and H.
 - i This line omitted in qu'e, P. and
 - k Fo's and R. This for Thefe.
 - 1 These words in italic are omitted by

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King. Laertes, you shall hear them. - Leave us ...

[Exit messehger.

High and mighty, you shall know I am set naked on your kingdom. To-morrow I shall beg leave to see your kingly eyes. When I shall, first asking your pardon thereunto, recount the occasion of my of sudden return?

What should this mean? Are all the rest come back? Or is it some abuse, a and no such thing.

Laer. Know you the hand?

King. 'Tis Hamlet's character;

Naked, and (in a postscript here, he says)

Alone. Can you radvite me?

Laer. I'm lost in it, my lord; but let him come is It warms the very sickness in my heart,
That I shall slive and tell him to his teeth,
Thus didst thou.

King. If it be so, Laertes,

(As how should it be so?—how otherwise?—)

Will you be rul'd by me?

The master us P. inserts all to make up the measure, to which he has facrificed fense by this means; for no edition makes any more than three persons present in this scene, wiz. the king, Laeres, and the messenger: Now if the king had wanted Liveres and the messenger to depart, he should not say, Leave us, all; he might indeed have said, Leave us, BOTH: But Laeres is to stay to hear the letter read, therefore the king only bids the messenger depart; Leave as. But that this blunder of P. should be followed (as it is) by all the after-editors

till C. is aftonishing.

- " The fo's and R. read occofions.
- O The fo's and R. read fudden and more strange return.
- P All but the qu's put abscripation, Hamlet, at the bottom of the letter; but this was unnecessary for the king to read, as it is before mentioned that the letter came from Hamlet.
- 9 The fo's and R. read or inflesd of and.
 - The qu's tead devife.
 - The qu's omit fball.
 - t H. reads live to tell, Ges

Lacte

Laer. Ay, my lord, so you will not o'er-rule me to a peace.

King. To thine own peace. If he be now return'd, As liking not his voyage, and that he means
No more to undertake it, I will work him
To an exploit now ripe in my device,
Under the which he shall not choose but fall:
And for his death no wind of blame shall breathe;
But even his mother shall uncharge the practice,
And call it accident.

* Lact. Y My lord, I will be rul'd. The rather, if you could devise it so, That I might be the * organ.

King. It falls right.

You have been talkt of since your travel much,
And that in Hamlet's hearing, for a quality
Wherein, they say, you shine; your sum of parts
Did not together pluck such envy from him,
As did that one, and that in my regard
Of the uworthiest siege.

Lacr. What part is that, my lord?

King. A very b riband in the cap of youth,
Yet needful too; for youth no less becomes

- w The fo's and R. read, If so you'll x not, Sc. P. and those after, I, (J. Ay) fo's. so you'll not, Sc. except C. who seads, I will, my lard, so you, Sc. him
- w The 1st q. reade, As the king at his woydge, &c. The fo'e and R. read, As checking at his woyage, &c. J. in mastaken in saying the solio (it is the 3d solio he tells us he has) reads As choking at his, &c.
- The lines in italic are not in the o's.
- \mathcal{F} P. omits My lord, so do all after him but C.
- ² R. alters organ to infirmment; followed by P.
- * Of the unwerthieft fiege] Of the lowest rank. Siege for feet, place. J.
- b R. alters ribend to feather; fel-

The light and careless livery that it wears, Than settled age his sables, and his weeds, Importing health and graveness.— Two months fince, Here was a gentleman of Normandy.— I've feen myself, and ferv'd against the French, And they a can well on horse-back; but this gallant Had witchcraft in 't, he grew o unto his feat; And to fuch wondrous doing brought his horse, As he had been incorps'd and demy-natur'd With the brave beaft; so far he f topt s my thought, That I, in forgery of shapes and tricks, Come short of what he did.

Laer. A Norman was't?

King. A Norman.

Laer. Upon my life, h Lamord,

King. The i very fame.

Laer. I know him well: he is the brooch indeed, And gem of all * the nation.

King. He 1 made confession of you. And gave you fuch a masterly report, For art and exercise in your defence, And for your rapier most " especial, That he cried out, 'twould be a " fight indeed,

- c The fo's read, Some two months the 3d, viz. my thought.
- d The fo's read, ran well.

۱

- e The fo's and R. read into.
- f The fo's, R. P. and H. read peft for topt.
- E The Ift and ad qu's read me thought; 'So does S. but gives not the reading of
- h The qu's, Laword; the fo's and
 - Lamound; all the reft, Lamond.
 - i W. and J. omit very.
 - k The fo's read our nations
 - 1 First f. mad.
 - m The fo's and R. read efpecially.
 - a R. and P. read fight.

If one could match you. The * Scrimers of their nation, He swore, had neither motion, guard, nor eye, If you oppos'd 'em. - P Sir, this report of his Did Hamlet so envenom with his envy, That he could nothing do, but wish and beg' Your fudden coming o'er to play with him. Now out of this-

Laer. 4 What out of this, my lord? King. Laertes, was your father dear to you? Or are you like the painting of a forrow, A face without a heart?

Laer. Why ask you this? King. Not that I think, you did not love your father, But that I know, love is begun by time, And that I see in passages of proof, Time qualifies the spark and fire of it: 1 There lives within the very flame of love A kind of ' wick, or snuff, that will abate it, And nothing is at a like goodness still; For goodness, growing to a t pleurisy, Dies in his own too much. " That we would do, We should do when we would; for this would changes, And hath abatements and delays as many

- · Scrimers; i. e. fencers. J. The 1st not the fo's, R. P. or H.
 - P P. and H. omit Sir.
- 4 The fo's and R. read, Why out of pleurify, as if it came not from wheven, tbis, ⊌c.
- I These lines in italic are not in the pletbory.
 - * First and ad qu'e, weeke ; 3d, wieke. by the rest, except C.
- t I would believe, for the honour of q. reads Scimures. What is in italic is Shakespeare, that he wrote plethory. But I observe the dramatic writers of that time frequently call a fulness of blood a
 - but from plus, pluris. W. H. reads
 - w P. alters that to subst; fellowed

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As there are tongues, are bands, are accidents;
And then this should is like a fpend-thrift figh
That burts by eafing.—But to th' quick o'th' ulcer—
Hamlet comes back; what would you undertake
To shew yourself your father's son indeed
More than in words?

Laer. To cut his throat i'th' church.

King. No place, indeed, should murder fanctuarise, Revenge should have no bounds; but, good Laertes, Will you do this? keep close within your chamber; Hamlet, return'd, shall know you are come home: We'll put on those shall praise your excellence, And set a double varnish on the same

The Frenchman gave you; bring you in fine together, And wager ro'er your heads. He being remiss, Most generous, and free from all contriving, Will not peruse the soils; so that with ease, Or with a little shuffling, you may choose A sword unbated, and in a pass of practice Requite him for your father.

- u Qu's, indeed your father's fon.
- The 1st and 2d q. and P. read, fpend-tbrift's figb; W. reads fpend-tbrift's fign; alluding to a spendthrist's figning bonds and mortgages for present relies, who in so doing brings greater distresses on himself in the end.
- 7 So the qu's and C. All the reft read, on your beads.
- 2 Unbated, i. e. not blunted as foils are. Or as one edition has it embaited or envenomed. P. But what edition has embaited?—And if there was one that had, his could not be the proper reading here. The poiloning the point

of the sword is the proposal of Lacrtu; but let us suppose it to be the king's proposal in the passage; then we have the king advising Lacrtu to choose an envenomed sword out of the number that were to be produced to the combatants; but how is he to know which was envenomed (supposing any of them were) and which not, or who is supposed to envenom the sword? If he had advised Lacrtus to posson his sword after he had chosen it, he would speak, sense; otherwise nonsense.

a The qu's read pece.

r. I will do 't;
or ' the purpose I'll anoint my sword:
than unction of a mountebank,
tortal, that but a dip a knife in it,
it draws blood, no cataplasm so rare,
ted from all simples that have virtue
the moon, can save the thing from death,
s but scratch'd withal; I'll touch my point
his contagion, that if I gall him slightly,
be death.

Let's further think of this;
h, what convenience both of time and means t us to our shape. If this should fail, at our drift look through our bad performance, better not assay'd; therefore this project have a back, or second, that might hold, should blast in proof. Soft—let me see—nake a solemn wager on your cunnings.
t—When in your motion you are hot and dry, ke you bouts more violent to that end) at he calls for drink, I'll have prepar'd him ce for the nonce; whereon but sipping,

o's and R. read that; Ift q. h The fo's read commings. i Firft q. bate. o's read, So mortal, I but dipt k P. omits and dry; followed by T. H. and W. ft and ad qu'e read Wey; so 1 The fo's, R. P. and H. read the ithout giving the reading of . Weigb. m The 1st q. reads prefard; 2d and d and 3d qu's read conveience. 3d and C. prefer'd. n The ad q. reads once. th f. and R. lookt, u's and C, read did bleft.

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If he by chance escape your venom'd • tuck,
Our purpose may hold there—p but stay, what noise?

SCENE X

Enter Queen.

How now, fweet queen?

Queen. One woe doth tread upon another's heel, So fast 'they follow. Your sister's drown'd, Laertes, Laer. Drown'd! O where?

Queen. There is a willow grows afcaunt the brook, That shews his hoary leaves in the glassy stream:

There with fantaftic garlands did she make,

Of crow-flowers, nettles, daifies, and long purples, (That liberal shepherds we give a grosser name x,

- But our cold maids do dead men's fingers call them;)
- * There on the pendant boughs, her * coronet weeds
- The 1st and 2d qu's, and the fo's, read flucke; so'd es S. but omits giving the reading of the 3d q. tucke.
- P All but the qu's and C. omit these words, but stay what noise? which are very significant, as they express the king's guilt, and fear of being over-heard, while he was plotting so damnable a contrivance.
- I The words, bow sow, fweet queen? are emitted in the qu's, the Ist f. omits
 - The fo's and R. read they'll follow.
- s So the qu's and C; the rest read

- t All but the qu's read bear; ist q borry.
- u So the qu's and C. With the will low she made a garland of showers, i. e the willow was the frame of the garlan into which the showers were stuck. But the fo's and all the rest read, There with fantastic garlands did she come, Se.
 - The 4th f. reads gave.
 - After name, R. and W. insert to.
- J The 1st and ad qu's read, But as cull-cold maids, &c. the 3d reads cu cold.
 - Z C. Then for There.
 - a The 1st q. creset.

Clambring



ACT IV. SCENE X.

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Clambring to hang, an envious b fliver broke; When down c her weedy trophies and herself Fell in the weeping brook; her cloaths spread wide, And mermaid-like, a while they d bore her up; Which time she chaunted snatches of old a lauds; As one incapable of her own diffress, Or like a creature native, and f indued Unto that element; but long it could not be, 'Till that her garments, heavy with their drink, Pull'd the poor h wretch from her melodious i lay To muddy death.

Laer. Alas then, k is she drown'd? Queen. Drown'd, drown'd.

Laer. Too much of water hast thou, poor Ophelia, And therefore I forbid my tears. But yet It is our trick: Nature her custom holds, Let shame say what it will. When these are gone, The woman will be out. Adieu, my lord! I have 'a speech of fire, that fain would blaze But that this folly m drowns it.

[Exit.

- b The 2d q. reads fluer; so does S. read deduced. but omits giving the reading of the 3d, hiver.
 - The fo's and R. the for ber.
 - d The 4th f. and R. read bear.
- e So the qu's; all the reft read tunes. But the word tunes gives an uncertain notion of what she sung; the word Lauds, i. e. hymns or plalms, fixes the idea of the kind of music she entertained herfelf with just before she died.
 - f The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, and R.

- g First f. ber for their.
- h Second and 3d qu's, weach.
- i Instead of lay the 1st f. reads buy; the other fo's by.
- k P. alters Is foe drown'd? to She is drown'd! followed by the editors after
- 1 The qu's read a speech a fire, which may mean a speech on fire, i. e. set on
 - m The 1st f. reads doubts it.



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King. a Let's follow, Gertrude. How much o I had to do to calm his rage! Now fear I, this will give it start again; Therefore, let's follow.

[Excunt.

P. omits Let's; followed by the feff, except C.

• P.'s duodecimo, and the after-editions, except C. read bad I.

C T

C E N E I.

A Church.

Enter two clowns, with spades and mattocks.

I Clown.

I S she to be buried in christian burial, b when she wilfully seeks her own salvation?

- 2 Clown. I tell thee, she is; ' therefore make her grave ftraight. The crowner hath fat on her, and finds it christian burial.
- 1 Clown. How can that be, unless fhe drowned herself in her own defence?
 - 2 Clown. Why, 'tis found fo.
- ferted by R.
- wilfully feek, &c.
- from north to fouth, athwart the regu- mediately. lar line. So according to this, Dr. Jobnson thinks that burying east and west is Chri-

" With speder and mattecks, first in- filen berial, north and south not Christian burial: But who ever heard of this dib So the qu's; all the rest read, that finction? To be buried in a Christian manner is to be buried in confecrated The fo's and R. read, and there- ground and with the rites of the church. So Dr. Johnson may take my word that d -Araight.] J. interprets this, Shakespeare meant; She is to be buried make her grave from east to west in a in consecrated ground, therefore make direct line parallel to the church, not her grave firaight, i. e. forthwith, im-

• The 3d q. be.

I Clown,

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- I Clown. It must be 'fe offendendo, it cannot be else. For here lies the point; if I drown myself wittingly, it argues an act; and an act hath three branches; it is to act, to do, h and to perform. Argal, she drown'd herself wittingly.
 - 2 Clown. Nay, but hear you, good-man Delver.
- I Clown. Give me leave; k here lies the water; good: here stands the man; good. If the man go to this water, and drown himself, it is, will he, nill he, he goes; mark you that? But if the water come to him, and drown him, he drowns not himself. Argal, he that is not guilty of his own death, shortens not his own life.
 - 2 Clown. But is this law?
 - I Clown. Ay, marry is't, crowner's quest-law.
- 2 Clown. Will you ha' the truth n an't? If this had not been a gentlewoman, she should have been buried out o' christian burial.
- I Clown. Why, there thou fay'st. And the more pity, that great folk should have countenance in this world to drown or hang themselves, more than their ° even christian. Come; my spade P. There is no ancient gentlemen but

gardeners,

f The qu's read fo offended.

The fo's, R. and P.'s q. read, It is on all to de, and to perform, Sc.

h The qu's omit and.

i The qu's read or all, instead of Argal; this plainly appears to be an error of the press; for this clown in his next speech sums up his argument again with argal for ergo, and the qu's there read argall.

E Before bere, J. inserts, Clouve.

The 3d f. reads, bis water.

m The 1st f. bimsele.

n So the qu's; an't is the clownish pronunciation of en't, and should stand so; but all other editions alter it to on't.

o —coen christian.] An old English expression for fellow christians. Dr. Thirlby. W.—R. reads, more than other christians; followed by P. T. and H.

P Here C. gives direction, Strips, and falls to digging.

gardeners, dischers, and grave-makers; they hold up Adam's profession,

- 2 Clown. Was he a gentleman?
- I Clown. 4 He was the first that ever bore arms.
- 2 Clown. Why he had none.
- I Clown. What, art a heathen? How dost thou understand the scripture? the scripture says, Adam digg'd; could be dig without arms? I'll put another question to thee; if thou answerest me not to the purpose, confess thyself-
 - 2 Clown. Go to.
- I Clown. What is he that builds stronger than either the mason, the shipwright, or the carpenter?
- 2 Clown, The gallows-maker; for that out-lives a thoufand tenants.
- I Clown. I like thy wit well, in good faith; the gallows does well; but how does it well? it does well to those that do ill: now thou dost ill, to say the gallows is built stronger than the church; argal, the gallows may do well to thee. To't again, come.
- 2 Clown. Who builds stronger than a mason, a shipwright, or a carpenter?-
 - I Clown. Ay, tell me that, and " unyoke.
 - 2 Clown. Marry, now I can tell,
 - I Chwn. To't.
 - 2 Clown. Mass, I cannot tell,
- What is in italic here, is not in the here, as it is a clown's speech; besides, gu's.
 - W. omits not.
- So the qu's; the rest read that frame into the mouth of a clown. outlives, &c. Frame was put in (I fupfeems to be no necessity of grammar. The phrase taken from husbandry. W.

Shakespeare would have hardly put such a word as frame in the sense here used,

u i. e. when you have done that, I'll pose) to make it grammar: but there trouble you no more with these riddles.

Enter .

Enter Hamlet and Horatio, at a distance.

I Clown. Cudgel thy brains no more about it, for your dull as will not mend his pace with beating; and when you are ask'd this question next, say, a grave-maker: * the houses he makes, * last * till dooms-day. Go, * get thee in, * and setch me a * soope of liquor.

4 [Exit 2d Clown.

He digs and fings.

In youth when I did love, did love,

Methought it was very fweet;

To contract, O, the * time for, a, my behove,
O, methought there, 'a, was nothing, 'a, meet.

Ham. 8 Has this fellow no feeling of his business? he sings in grave-making!

Hor. Custom hath made it h in him a property of easi-ness.

Ham. 'Tis e'en so. The hand of little employment hath the 'daintier sense.

- w The qu's make Hamlet and Horatio enter after the first stanza of the clown's song.
- * The fo's and R. read, the boufes that be makes, &c.
 - y First q. and three Ist fo's, lafts.
 - 2 Second q. tell.
- a Instead of get thee in, the fo's, R. and the after-editors read, get thee to Tanyban.
 - b The fo's, R. P. and H. omit and.
- c The qu'a read foope, which is the to bim, Sc. clownish pronunciation of sep. The i The 18 so's and the rest, floop or floop.

- d This direction put in by R.
- e The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's omit time.
- f All but the qu's omit these e's; which are no part of the song, but only the breath forced out by the strokes of the mattock. H. W. J. and C. read so meet.
- g So the qu's and G; all the rest read, Has this fellow no feeling of his business, that he fings at grove-making?
 - h T. P.'s duodecimo, W. and J. read,
 - i The 1st q. reads dintier.

Clown

Clown fings.

But age with his stealing steps,

Hath 1 claw'd me in his clutch:

And m hath shipped me n into o the land

As if P I had never been such.

Ham. That skull had a tongue in it, and could fing once: How the knave jowles it to the ground, as if 'twere Cain's jaw-bone, that did the first murther! This might be the pate of a politician, which this ass now o'er-reaches; one that would circumvent God, might it not?

Hor. It might, my lord.

Ham. Or of a courtier, which could fay, good-morrow, my lord; how dost thou, we sweet lord? This might be my lord which-a-one, that prais'd my lord such-a-one's horse, when when when when we meant to beg it; might it not?

Hor. Ay, my lord.

k This stanza is evidently corrupted; for it wants what is found in the other two, an alternate rhyme. We may read thus till fomething better occur:

But age, with his flealing fand,

Hath claw'd me in the clutch :

And hath shifted me into his land,

As though I had never been such. J.

1 The fo's and R. read caught me.

- m C. omits batb.
- " The fo's and R. read intill the land.
- . H. and W. read bis instead of the.
- P The 3d and 4th fo's, and R. read, as if I never bad, Sc. P. and H. as if I ne'er bad, Sc.
 - The fo's and R. read It instead of

This

- All but the qu'e and C. omit mes,
- a All but the qu's and G. read o'eroffices; but o'er-reaches feems preferable,
 when applied to a politician, not as an
 infolent officer, but as a circumventing,
 feheming man.
 - t The fo's, R. P. and H. read sould.
- u So the 2d and 3d qu's; the 1st q. and all the other editions read funds lard.
- w So the qu's and C; all the rest road good lord.
 - * H. and J. read such-a-ouc's.
 - 7 Qu's, a for be.
 - " The 1st q. reads event for meant.

Ham.

Ham. Why e'en so; and a now my lady Worm's; a chapless, and knock'd about the c mazzard with a sexton's spade. Here's fine revolution; c if we had the trick to see 't. Did these bones cost no more the breeding, but to play at loggats with 'e'm? mine ake to think on't.

Clown fings.

A pick-ax and a spade, a spade, For,—and a shrouding sheet! O, a pit of clay for to be made For such a guest is meet.

Ham. There's another. Why s may not that be the scull of a lawyer? Where be his h quiddities now, his h quillities, his cases, his tenures, and his tricks? Why does he suffer this I mad knave now to knock him about the sconce with a dirty shovel, and will not tell him of his k action of battery? Hum! this fellow might be in's time a great buyer of land, with his statutes, his recognizances, his sines, his double vouchers, his recoveries. I s this the fine of his fines, and the recovery of his recoveries, to have his fine pate full of

- 2 R. reads now 'tis my lady, &c.
- Qu's, choples.
- The 1st q. reads masser; the 2d and
- d P.'s duodecimo, T. W. and J. read, gets; the 4th f. R. and P. loggers.

 Here's a fine, &c. g The fo's and R. read, migh-
- The qu's read, and we bad, &c.

 C. and we bad, &c.
- f Logats is the ancient name of a play or game, which is one among the unlawful games enumerated in the stat, 33 H.VIII. It is the same which is now called Kittle-pins, in which boys often
- make use of bones instead of wooden pins, throwing at them with another bone instead of bowling. H. The qu's read loggits; the 1st, 2d and 3d fo's, loggets; the 4th f. R. and P. loggers.
- g The fo's and R. read, might met, &c.
- h So the qu's and C; all the rest read quiddits and quillets.
- i So the qu's; all the reft read rude for mad.
 - k The 3d q. reads attions.

fine dirt? ^m Will vouchers vouch him no more of his purchases ⁿ and doubles, than the length and breadth of a pair of indentures? The very conveyances of his lands will ^o scarcely lie in this box; and must the inheritor himself have no more? ha?

Hor. Not a jot more, my lord.

Ham. Is not parchment made of sheep-skins?

Hor. Ay, my lord, and of calves-skins too.

Ham. They are sheep and calves p which seek out affurance in that. I will speak to this fellow. Whose grave's this, a sirrah?

Clown. Mine, fir-

O, a pit of clay for to be made
For fuch a guest is meet.

Ham. I think, " it be thine indeed, for thou lieft in 't. Clown. You lie out on 't, fir, and therefore 'tis not yours; for my part, I do not lie in't, " yet it is mine.

Ham. Thou dost lie in't, to be in't and say it is thine; 'tis for the dead, not for the quick, therefore thou liest.

Clown. 'Tis a quick lie, fir, 'twill * away again from me to you.

- m So the qu's; the rest read Will his wonchers, &c.
- n So the qu's; the rest read and dou- C. ble ones too, &c.
- o So the qu's; the rest read bardly rits are not buried.

 for fearcely.

 " The 3d q, rea
- P So the qu's and C; the reft read that for which.
 - 9 The fo's and R, read

- The qu's read, Or.
- This line is omitted in the qu's and
- t R. and P. read Gboff for gueff. Spirits are not buried.
 - " The 3d q. reads, it's thine, &c.
- ₩ Fo's and R. and yet, &cc.
- * The 3d q. omits away; S. takes so notice of this omiffion.

H A M L E T.

Ham. What man dost thou dig it for?

· Clown. For no man, fir.

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Ham. What woman then?

Clown. For none neither.

Ham. Who is to be buried in 't?

Clown. One that was a woman, fir; but, rest her soul, she's dead.

Ham. How absolute the knave is! We must speak by the card, or equivocation will r undo us. By the Lord, Heratio, these three years L have taken note of it, the age is grown so picked, b that the toe of the peasant comes so near the heel of the courtier, he galls his kibe. How long hast been a grave-maker?

Clown. Of fall the days i'th' year, I came to't that day that our last king Hamlet o'ercame Forsinbras.

Ham. How long is that fince?

Clown. Cannot you tell that? every fool can tell that. It was s that very day that young Hamlet was born, he that is mad and fent into England.

Ham. Ay, marry, why was he fent into England?

Clown. Why, because 1 he was mad: 1 he shall recover his wits there; or if 1 he do not, 'tis no great matter there.

Ham. Why?

y The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. read follow ss.

- . read follow us. Z The qu's read this three, &cc.
- * The qu's read took note, &c.
- The ad, 3d and 4th fo's and R. read and the toe, &c.
 - c The Ift f. beels.
- d So the qu's and C; the reft read, our courtier, &c.
- The 1st q. emits a.
- f The qu's omit all.
- g Fo's and R. the for that.
- h So the qu'e and C; the rest read, spes mad, &c.
 - i Qu's, a for be.
 - k All but the qu's and G. omit this.
 - 9 Qu's, A for He.



ACT V. SCENE I.

I 77

Clown. 'T will not be seen in him k there; 1 there the men are as mad as he.

Ham. How came he mad?

Clown. Very strangely, they say.

Ham. How strangely?

Clown. 'Faith, e'en with lofing his wits.

Ham. Upon what ground?

Clown. Why, here in Denmark. I have been m fexton here, man and boy, thirty years.

Ham. How long will a man lie i'th' earth cre he rot?

Clown. "'Faith, if "he be not rotten before "he die, as we have many pocky coarses p now-a-days that will scarce hold the laying in, "he will last you some eight year, or nine year; a tanner will last you nine q year.

Ham. Why he more than another?

Clown. Why, fir, his hide is ' fo tann'd with his trade, that ' he will keep out water a great while: and your water is a fore decayer of your whorefon dead body. Here's a fcull now ' hath lyen ' you i'th' earth ' three and twenty years.

Ham. Whose was it?

Clown. A whorefor mad fellow's it was. Whose do you think it was?

Ham. Nay, I know not.

Clown. A peftilence on him for a mad rogue! he pour'd

- k All but the qu's and C. cmit this 9 So the qu's and 1st f; the rest, first there.
- : 1 The 2d q. reads, there the are men as ... The 3d and 4th fo's and R. omit mad, Sc. the 3d, there are men as mad, fo.
 - The 1st f. reads fixtees.

 5 After now the fo's and R. read,
 - " So the qu's and C; the reft, I' faith. this fcull, &c.
 - Some que auto, me ien, i jano. ion jean, Ge
 - Qu's, a for be.

 t All but the qu's and C. omit yes.
 - The qu's canit now-1-days.

 The qu's read in figures, 23 years.

 M a flaggon

a flaggon of rhenish on my head once. "This same scull, fir, was " Sir Yorick's scull, the king's jester.

Ham. This?

Clown. E'en that.

Ham. Alas, poor Yorick! I knew him, Horatio, a fellow of infinite jest; of most excellent fancy: he hath borne me on his back a thousand times: and a now how abhorred * in my imagination it is ! my gorge rifes at it. Here hung those lips, that I have kis'd I know not how oft. Where be your gibes now? your gambols, your fongs, your flashes of merriment, that were wont to set the table on a your? Not one now to mock your own grinning, quite chap-fallen! Now get you to my lady's h table; and tell her, let her paint an inch thick, to this favour she must come; make her laugh at that. - Prythee, Horatio, tell me one thing.

Her. What's that, my lord?

Ham. Dost thou think Alexander look'd o' this fashion i'th' | earth ?

Hor. E'en fo.

Ham. And finelt so? * pah!

1 Smelling to the skull.

- ₩ This same scall, far, is repeated in rest, except C. the fo's and R.
 - " Here all but the qu's omit fir.
- y Before alas, the fo's and R. read grinning. Let me fee.
 - Z Qu's, bore.
 - The fo's and R, omit now.
 - b The fo's and R. omit in.
 - The fa's and R. omit it.
 - After is R. inferts 2000.
 - P. alters or to in; followed by the

- f The fo's and R. read No me, &c.
- g The fo's and R. read jearing for
- h Table, i. e. dreffing-table. So the qu's; all the rest read chamber.
- i S, reads beart for earth; and gives no other reading.
- k So the qu's and C; all the reft, tub!
- 1 This direction is R's.

Hor. E'en fo, my lord.

Ham. To what base uses we may return, Horatio! Why may not imagination trace the noble dust of Alexander, till he found it stopping a bung-hole?

Hor. 'Twere to confider too curiously, to confider so.

Ham. No, 'faith, not a jot: But to follow him thither with modesty enough, and likelyhood to lead it; " Alexander died, Alexander was buried, Alexander returneth " to dust; the dust is earth; of earth we make lome; and why of that lome, whereto he was converted, might they not stop a beerbarrel?

• Imperious Cafar, dead and turn'd to clay, Might stop a hole to keep the wind away. Oh, that the earth, which kept the world in awe, Should patch a wall, Pt' expel the q water's flaw! But foft, but foft awhile!—here comes the king,

SCENE II.

Enter King, Queen, Lacrtes, and a Coffin, with Lords and Priests, attendant.

The queen, the courtiers! Who is this they follow. And with fuch maimed rites? This doth betoken, The coarse they follow, did with desperate hand

- m Before Alexander all but the qu's read, as thus.
 - " The fo's and R. nead into.
- - 4 So the qu's; all the rest, winter's.
- The fo's, R. and C. read affels for
- So the qu's and C. The 1st f. reads,
- · So the qu's; all the rest read, Im- Who is that they follow; the 2d, Who is't that they follow; the 3d and 4th, P The 2d f. reads expel, omitting the and R, What is's that they follow; P. and the rest, What is shat they follow.

Foredo

Foredo ' its own life. 'Twas " of fome estate. Couch " we awhile, and mark.

Laer. What ceremony else?

Ham. That is Laertes, a very noble youth; y mark -

Laer. What ceremony else?

Priest. Her obsequies have been z as far enlarg'd

As we have a warranty; her death b was doubtful; And but that great command o'ersways the order,

She should in ground c unfanctified d have lodg'd

Till the last c trumpet. For charitable f prayers,

Shards, flints, and pebbles should be thrown on her; Yet here she is allow'd her virgin h rites,

Her maiden-strewments, and the bringing home

Of bell and burial.

Laer. Must i there no more be done?

Priest. No more be done!

We should prophane the service of the dead, To sing k a requiem, and such rest to her

As to 1 peace-parted fouls.

- t The 1st and 2d qu's, and 1st and c 2d so's, read it for its. So does S. but field. gives not the reading of the 3d quarto, its.
 - " The fo's, R. and J. omit of.
 - W R. reads me for we.
- * P. alters very to most; followed by ali the after-editors, except C.
- y The 3d q. omits mark; the 2d reads make.
- 2 7.'s duoeffcimo alters as to fo; followed by W. and J.
 - 2 The 1st f. warrantis.
 - R.'s Svo reads were for war.

- c The 2d and 3d fo's read unfantifed.
- d The qu's read been for bave.
- e P. alters this to tramp; followed by all the after-editors, except C.
 - f The fo's and R. read prayer.
- E The qu's omit founds.

 h For vites the 1st and 2d qu's read
 Crants; W, chants. See Heath's Rev.
 in loc. and Canons, p. 109.
- P. omits there; followed by the after-editors except C.
 - k The fo's and R. read fage for a.
- 1 The 3d and 4th fo's read peace departed.

Lacr.

Laer. Lay her i'th' earth; And from her fair and unpolluted flesh May violets spring! I tell thee, churlish priest, A ministring angel shall my fister be, When thou lieft howling.

Ham. What, the fair Ophelia?

Queen. Sweets to the sweet. Farewel! [Scattering flowers. I hop'd, thou " shouldst have been my Hamlet's wife; I thought thy bride-bed to have deck'd, sweet maid, And not have strew'd thy grave.

Laer. O treble woe

Fall ten times p double on that curfed head, Whose wicked deed thy most q ingenious sense Depriv'd thee of! Hold off the earth awhile, 'Till I have caught her once more in mine arms.

TLaertes leaps into the grave.

Now pile your dust upon the quick and dead, 'Till of this flat a mountain you have made, T' o'ertop old Pelion, or the skyish head Of blue Olympus.

Ham. [discovering himself.] What is he, whose grief Bears fuch an emphasis, whose phrase of sorrow Conjures the wandring stars, and makes them stand

- m The 2d and 3d fo's, R. P. and H, rest read treble; R. reads treble woes on read soculds instead of soulds.
- n The fo's and R. read, not t' have frew'd, &c.
- o The fo's and R. read, O terrible
- that curi'd bead.
 - q The 3d q. reads ingenuous.
 - r This direction not in qu's.
- 5 So the qu's and C. The Ift, 2d and 3d fo's read griefs bear, &c. The P So the qu'e; the fo's and all the 4th, and all the other editions, griefs bear, &c.

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Like wonder-wounded hearers? this is I,

Hamlet the Dane. " [Hamlet leaps into the grave,

Last. The devil take thy foul! "[Grappling with him. Ham. Thou pray'st not well.

I pr'ythee, take thy fingers from my throat -

* For though I am not splenetive * and rash;

Yet have I , in me fomething dangerous,

Which let thy wisdom fear, Hold off thy hand,

King. Pluck them afunder.

Queen. Hamlet, Hamlet.

b All. Gentlemen.

Hor. Good my lord, be quiet.

" The attendants part them.

Ham. Why, I will fight with him upon this theme,

Until my eyelids will no longer wag. Queen. Oh my fon, what theme?

Ham. I lov'd Ophelia; forty thousand brothers

Could not with all their quantity of love

Make up my fum. What wilt thou do for her?

King. O, he is mad, Laertes.

Queen. For love of God, forbear him.

Ham. d'Swounds shew me what thou'lt do:

Woo't weep? woo't fight? " woo't fast? woo't tear thyself?

- * The 2d and 3d qu's read 'Tis I.
- " These directions by R.
- The fo's and R. read Sir instead of For.
 - First and 2d qu's omit and.
- 7 The fo's and R. transpose the words thus, fonething in me.
 - Z The fo's and R. read evifenefa.
- 2 The fo's and B. read, Away thy band.
- b This speech is emitted in all but the qu's and C.
 - c This direction by R.
- d So the qu's and C; the rest read, Come shew me, &c.
 - The fo's and R. omit, woo't faft.

Woo't drink up f eisel, eat a crocodile? I'll do't. - Dost thou come s here to whine? To out-face me with leaping in her grave? Be buried quick with her, and so will I; And if thou prate of mountains, let them throw Millions of acres on us, 'till our ground, Singing his pate against the burning a zone, Make Offa like a wart! Nay, an thou'lt mouth, I'll rant as well as thou.

1 Queen. This is meer madness; And thus awhile the fit will work on him: Anon, as patient as 1 the female dove, "When that her golden " couplets are disclos'd, His filence will fit drooping.

Ham. Hear you, fir -What is the reason that you use me thus? I lov'd you o ever; but it is no matter— Let Hercules himself do what he may, The cat will mew, p and dog will have his day. Exit. King. I pray 4 thee, good Horatio, wait upon him. [Ex. Hor.

and P. read Efill; the fo's and R. Efile; C. Elfil; H. Nile, woot eat, &c.

g The 3d and 4th fo's and R. read bitber; P. and those after him, except C. bither but to whine.

h This reading is abfurd in all senses. We should read sun. W. But we are here to confider Hamles as acting the madman,

i The fo's, R. and P. give this speech and J. the dog, &c. to the king.

The rit and 2d qu's read this; fo you for thes.

f Eifel, i. e. vinegar. T. The qu's does S. but gives not the reading of the 3d, thus.

> 1 The 2d q. reads the female doe; the 3d, a female doe.

m W. reads, Ere that, &c.

n Fo's, cuplet.

o The 3d q. reads swell for over a S. takes no notice of this reading.

P The 2d and 3d qu's and T.'s Svo read, a dog, &c. T.'s duodecimo, W.

4 So the qu's and C; all the rest read

M 4

Strengthen

Strengthen your patience in our last night's speech. [To Laer. We'll put the matter to the present push. Good Gertrude, fet some watch over your son. This grave shall have a living monument: An hour of quiet ' thereby shall we see; 'Till then, in patience our proceeding be. [Exeunt.

SCENE III.

t A Hall, in the Palace.

Enter Hamlet and Horatio.

Ham. So much for this, fir. " Now shall you see the other. ' You do remember all the circumstance?

Hor, Remember it, my lord?

Ham. Sir, in my heart there was a kind of fighting, That would not let me fleep; " methought, I lay Worse than the x mutines in y the bilboes.

- This direction by R.
- So the 2d and 3d qu's and C. Thereby feems to refer to the living monument, i.e. Hamlet who is to be murdered. The Ift q. reads thirty; all the rest shortly.
 - This description R.'s.
- u The fo's and R. read, Now let me _fee the other, &c.
 - w The sit q. reads my thought.
- * The French word for mutineers. R. P. and H. read, mutineers.
 - y P. and H. omit the.
- (and prais'd be rashness for it) lets us This new reading of P.'s gives an occa- of the speech.

fion to W. of altering Our to Or in the next line. He fays the fense of this reading (as it stands in P.) is, Our raftness less us know that our indiscretion serves us well, when, &c. But this, he fays, could never be Sbakespeare's sense; and that we should read and point thus, -Rashness, (and prais'd be rashness for it) lets us know; or indiferetion, &c. See Heatb in loc.

But there is no difficulty in the pasfage if we take it as we find it in all the P. alters this as follows-Rashness editions before P. Hamlet is proceeding in his flory, but interrupts himself with know, &c. and is followed by all but J. a reflection, Let us know, &c. to the end

And

And a prais'd be rashness for it,— (Let us know, Our indiscretion sometimes serves us well, When our b deep plots do a fail; and that should a learn us There's a divinity that shapes our ends, Rough-hew them how we will.)

Hor. That is most certain.

Ham. Up from my cabin,

My sea-gown scarft about me, in the dark

Grop'd I to find out them; had my desire,

Finger'd their packet, and in fine withdrew

To mine own room again; making so bold,

My se fears forgetting manners, to sunfold

Their grand commission; where I found, Horatio,

A royal knavery; an exact command,

Larded with many several sorts of reasons,

Importing Denmark's health, and England's too,

With, ho! such buggs and goblins in my life;

That on the supervise, no leisure bated,

No, not to stay the grinding of the ax,

My head should be struck off.

Hor. Is't possible?

Ham. Here's the commission, read it at more leisure; But wilt thou hear k now how I did proceed?

Her.

[&]quot; Fo's, praife.

b The fo's and R. read, dear plets,

The 1st q. 4th f. and R. read pall; the 2d and 3d q. fall; the 1st, 2d and 3d fo's, paule.

d So the qu's; the word lases is sometimes taken in this sense by Sbakespears and other writers. All the rest read teach.

e The ad, 3d and 4th fo's read tears.

f So the qu'e; the rest read unfeel for unfold.

g The fo's and R. read, Ob Royal knavery! &c.

h The 2d f. reads forts.

i The fo's and R. read reason.

k The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. omit now: The 1st f, reads, bear me bow I did, &cc.

Hor. 1 I beseech you.

Ham. Being thus benetted round with " villains ",

- Ere I could make a prologue to my q brains,
- They had begun the play: I sat me down,

Devis'd a new commission, wrote it fair:

I once did hold it, as our Statists do,

A baseness to write fair, and labour'd much

How to forget that learning; but, fir, now

It did me yeoman's fervice. Wilt thou know

Th' effect of what I wrote?

Hor, Ay, good my lord.

Ham. An earnest conjuration from the king,

As England was his faithful tributary,

As love between them, t like the palm u might flourish,

As peace should still her wheaten garland wear,

And fland a * comma 'tween their amities

And many such like as's of great charge;

That on the view and y knowing z of these contents,

Without debatement further, more or less,

¹ C. reads, Ay; befeech you.

m 2. reads willang.

B After villains H. reads and.

[?] The qu's and C. read Or for Ere.

P W. reads mark.

⁹ W. and T. read bane; objecting for effect, and made use of for the effect of Hamlet's brain, the counterplot. Vide -As's of great charge;] Affer heavily Heath in loc.

^{*} H. reads, They having began, &c.

The fo's and R. read effetts.

The fo's and R. read as for like.

The fo's and R. read fould for

w H. reads coment; W. and C. commere, a go-between, a procurefs. See Heath in loc.

[&]quot; The qu's read, as fir; fo's, offic. against brains as nonsense; but brains I shall here, for the great curiosity of it, may be here read a metonymy of cause transcribe an explanatory note of Dr. J.'s on this passage:

y The fo's and R. read know.

² P. omits of; followed by the reft, except C. and J.

He should * those bearers put to sudden death Not thriving time allow'd.

Hor, How was this seal'd?

Ham. Why, even in that was heaven cordinant; I had my father's fignet in my purfe, Which was the model of that Danish seal; A Folded the writ up in the form of th' other, Subscrib'd it, f gave 't th' impression, plac'd it safely, The changeling never known; now, the next day Was our sea-fight, and what to this was h sequent Thou know'st already.

Hor. So, Guildenstern and Resencraus go to't. - Ham. IVby, man, they did make love to this employment.

They are not near my conscience; their & defeat

Doth by their own infinuation grow:

'Tis dangerous when m the baser nature comes Between the pass, and fell inconsed points Of mighty apposites.

Hor. Why, what a king is this!

- " So the qu's; the fo's and all the reft read the.
- No.
- c The fo's, R. and P.'s q. read or-
- d Before folded R. and all after him read I.
- e The fo's, R. and all after, omit tbe.
- The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, R. and all after, except C. read gave, omitting the contracted it.
- B P. alters this as follows, The change was never known, &c. By which means

he has blotted out a beautiful metaphor, and given us tame profe in the room of b The 4th f. R. P. and H. read spirited poetry. But is it not strange that in this he should be followed by

- h The fo's read fement for fequent.
- i This line in italic is omitted in the qu's, P. and H.
- k The fo's and R. read debate for defeat.
 - 1 Qu'e, does.
- m The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. omit the. H. reads, when befer

Ham.

Ham. Does it not, " think thee, stand me now upon? He that hath kill'd my king, and whor'd my mother, Popt in between th' election and my hopes, Thrown out his angle for my proper life, And with fuch cozenage; is't not perfect conscience To quit him with this arm? P and is't not to be damn'd, To let this canker of our nature come In further evil?

Hor. It must be shortly known to him from England, What is the issue of the business there.

Ham. It will be fort. The interim is mine; And a man's life's no more than to fay, one. But I am very forry, good Horatio, That to Laertes I forgot myself; For by the image of my cause I see The portraiture of his; I'll q count his favours; But, sure, the bravery of his grief did put me Into a tow'ring passion.

Hor. Peace, who comes here?

n Think thee, i. e. bethink thyself, imp. mood: But the fo's read think'ft the, making it an interrogation; which R. to make it better grammar, alters to sbink'ft thou; followed by the after-editors, except C.

These lines in italic are not in the qu's.

P H. omits and.

⁹ The fo's read count, i. e. make account of, or value. R. alters this to court, followed by all the reft. Court is not so proper a word for Hamlet, when applied to his inferior Lastes.

r T. and all after, except C. read faweur.

S C E N E IV.

* Enter Ofrick.

Ofr. Your lordship is right welcome back to Denmark.

Ham. I humbly thank you, fir. Dost know this waterfly?

Hor. No, my good lord.

Ham. Thy state is the more gracious; for 'tis a vice to know him. He hath much land, and sertile. Let a beast be lord of beasts, and his crib shall stand at the king's mess. 'Tis a 'chough; but, as I * say, spacious in the possession of dirt.

Ofr. Sweet lord, if your w lordship were at leifure, I should impart a thing to you from his Majesty.

Ham. I will receive it, * fir, with all diligence of spirit.

Your bonnet to his right use, 'tis for the head.

Ofr. I thank your lordship, it is very hot.

Ham. No, believe me, 'tis very cold; the wind is nor-therly.

Ofr. It is indifferent cold, my lord, indeed.

Ham. *But yet, methinks, it is very * fultry, and hot; or my complexion —

- . The qu's read, Enter a courtier.
- t C. reads cough.
- u The 1st f. reads, few.
- The fo's and R. read friendship for yet. lordship.
- x So the qu's and C; the rest omit
- y Before your the fo's, R. P. and H. infert Put.
- ² The fo's, R. P. and H. omit But
- a The 1st q. reads fully; the 2d and 3d, and the fo's, foultry.
- b So the 1st and 2d qu's, W. and C; all the rest read fir.

 Ofr.

Ofr. Exceedingly, my lord. It is very 'fultry, as 'tween, I cannot tell how. — My lord, his majesty bad me fignify f to you, that he has laid a great wager on your head. Sir, this is the matter —

Ham. I befeech you, remember—

[Hamlet moves bim to put on bis bat.

Ofr. 1 Nay, good my lord, — for my ease, in good faith. -1 Sir, here is newly come to court Lacrtes; believe me, an absolute gentleman, full of most excellent differences of very soft fociety, and great & shewing: Indeed, to speak I feelingly of him, be is the card or kalendar of gentry; for m you shall find in bim the continent of what part a gentleman would fee.

Ham. Sir, his definement suffers no perdition in you; though I know, to divide him inventorially would a dizzy the arithmetic of memory; and yet but o raw neither in respect of his quick sail. But, in the verity of quick extolment, I take him to be a soul of great article; and his infusion of such dearth and

- The 1st q. foultery; the 2d and 3d ignorant of wibat excellence Lacrice is at bie and the fo's, foultry.
- d Before my lord the fo's and R. read
- and C; the roft, bid.
 - f Third q. unto.
- This direction is first inscreed by
- h So the qu's and C; the fo's and all the other editions read,
- Nay in good faith, for mine case, in good be read, You shall find him the continent,
- i What is here in italic is omitted by the fo's, R. P. and H. Inflead of which they insert in this speech, Sir, you are not you.

чосаров.

- k So the qu's; T. who first restores this passage from the old qu's, alters e So the qu's and 1st, 2d and 2d fo's, showing to show; and is followed by W. and J.
 - 1 The first q. reads follingly; which perhaps Shakespeare might have written; if so, he alludes to the praises and commendations the feller gives to his wares.
 - m J. fays, he knows not but it should
 - n The uft q. reads dofe. . W. reads flow for row t the Ift q.

rarenefs,

ACT V. SCENE IV.

rareness, as, to make true diction of him, his semblable is his mirrour; and, who else would trace him, his umbrage, nothing more.

Ofr. Your lordship speaks most infallibly of him.

Ham. The concernancy, fir? - Why do we wrap the gentleman in our more rawer breath ??

Ofr. Sir?

Hor, a Is't not possible to understand? In another tongue you will ' do't, sir, ' really.

Ham. What imports the nomination of this gentleman? Ofr. Of Lacrtes.

Hor. His purse is empty already: all 's golden words are spent.

- P T. here puts in this direction, To may become more intelligible. It has Heratio. But Hamlet seems to direct the been supposed all along, that this whale of this speech to Ofrick: The con- speech is directed to Hamlet: but let us cornercy, for? i. e. Come to the business, suppose it directed to Ofrick, and see what time in descanting any longer on the own unintelligible stile, and has got the fect praises?
- fible, &c. ironically.
 - " The Ift q. reads too't.
- by W. and C. Heath fays, We should defeated at your own weapons? Can't undoubtedly read, You do't, fir, rardy; you understand your own kind of jari. e. you have hit upon the humour of gon?—If so, you had better speak is this language. J. would read, L't post- another tongue, make use of common ble see to be underflood in a mother tongue? Sense without any flourishes, and you'll You will do't, for, really.

But perhaps this passage, without any countenance. alterations but such as regard pointing.

what is your concern with me? Why do fense we can make of it then. Hardet we wrap, &c. What need we spend the has been contending with Ofrick in his good qualities of Lacrtes, which will better of him; for Hamlet's question, gain but little credit by our raw, imper- The concernancy, fir ? &c. feems not to be understood by Ofrick, who therefore 9 Heath proposes to read, It is not pos- demanding his meaning, says, Sir ?-Horatio, finding him poe'd, faye, L't not possible to understand? In another tentus T. alters really to rarely; followed you will do't, fir, really; i. e. Are you not be in danger of being put out of

Ham.

. Ham. Of him, fir.

Ofr. I know, you are not ignorant -

Ham. I would you did, sir. Yet, in faith, if you did, is would not much approve me. - Well, sir.

Ofr. You are ' not ignorant of what excellence Lacrtes is.

Ham. I dare not confess that, lest I should compare with him in excellence: "but to know a man well, were to know him-felf.

Ofr. I mean, fir, for w bis weapon: but in the imputation laid on bim by them in x his meed, he's unfellowed.

Ham. What's his weapon?

Ofr. Rapier and dagger.

Ham. That's two of his weapons; but well.

Ofr. The king, fir, hath " wager'd with him fix Barbary horses, against the which he " has " impon'd, as I take it, six French rapiers and poniards, with their assigns, as girdle, b hanger, c and so. Three of the carriages, in faith, are very dear to fancy, very responsive to the hilts, most delicate carriages, and of very liberal conceit.

Ham. What call you the carriages?

4 Hor. I knew, you must be edified by the margent, ere you had done.

Ofr. The carriages, fir, are the hangers.

- t The 2d and 3d qu's omit me.
- C. for for but.
- w The 1st and ad qu'e read this; so does S. but gives not the reading of the 2d, viz. bit.
 - x C. tbit.
 - y So the qu's and C; the rest wag'd.
 - ² The fo's, R. P. and H. omit bas.
- ² The 1st and 2d qu's read impaund; the 3d, impaun'd. J. proposes depen'd.
- b All but the qu's and C. read bang-
- c The fo's, R. P. and H. read or for
- d This speech in italic is omitted by the fo's, R. P. and H.
- c The 1st and 2d qu's read carriages fo does S. but gives not the reading of the 3d, viz. carriages.

Ham.

Ham. The phrase would be more germane to the matter if we could carry f a cannon by our fides; I would it might be hangers till then. But, on; fix Barbary horses against fix French swords, their affigns, and three liberal conceited carriages; that's the French h bett against the Danish. Why is this impon'd, as you call it?

Ofr. The king, fir, hath laid, * fir, that in a dozen passes between 1 yourself and him, he shall not exceed you three hits: * He hath laid on twelve for nine, and * it would come to immediate trial, if your lordship would vouchsafe the answer.

Ham. How if I answer, no?

Ofr. I mean, my lord, the opposition of your person in trial.

Ham. Sir, I will walk here in the hall: if it please his Majesty, 'tis the breathing time of day with sile; let the foils be brought, the gentleman willing, and the king hold his purpose, I will win for him of I can: if not, I will gain nothing but shame and the odd hits.

Ofr. P Shall I deliver you so?

Ham. To q this effect, fir, after what flourish your nature will.

Ofr. I commend my duty to your lordship. [Exit.

f All but the qu's and C. omit a.

S The 1st q. omits might.

h The fo's and R. read but.

¹ The qu's read, Why is this all you sail it?

[.] All but the qu's emit fir.

¹ So the qu's and C; the reft read deliver you e'en fo?
9 C. that,

[&]quot;The fo's read, be bath one twelve

n The fo's and R. read that for it.

The qu'e read, and I can. C. an

Ham. Yours. • He does well to commend it himself, there are no tongues else for 's turn.

Hor. This lapwing " runs away with the shell on his head!

Ham. He did " so, fir, with his dug before he suck'd it. Thus " has he, and " many more of the fame " breed that I know the droffy age doats on, only got the tune of the time, and (b out of an habit of encounter) a kind of mifty collection, which carries them through and through

- read, Yours, yours, &c.
 - 5 The qu's omit He.
 - t The fo's read tongue for turn.
- u All the editions read runs. J. says, I fee no propriety in the image of lapsving. (He means, I suppose, when applied to Ofrick's taking his leave of Hamkt.) Ofrick did not run till be bad done bis bufiness. We may read, This lapwing ran away.-that is, this fellow was full of unimportant bustle from his birth. So far J. But I see no reason why we may not read runs: Ofrick is called young Ofrick in the next speech but one, and being young, he may be supposed to be but an half-formed courtier, which Horatio justly compares to a lapwing scarcely hatched; and, by the running sway with the shell on his head, he would image out his forwardness of talk, and conceit of himself; his putting on the courtier beauty. before he was properly qualified.
- W The 1st q. reads, A did, fir, with bis dag, &c. The other qu's, A did fo, fir, with his dug, &c. What ! (says W.) swn away with it? The folio reads, He 3d, mifty; all the rest yesty.

The fo's, R. and editions after, did comply with his dug. So that the true reading appears to be, He did compliment with bis dug before be fuck'd it; i. e. stand upon ceremony with it, to fhew he was born a courtier. This is extremely humorous. W. Followed by J. and C.

But I don't see why the old reading may not fland. If Horatio's foregoing speech means to express a wonder at so raw a youth's affecting the airs of a courtier; Hamlet's reply is very pertinent, He did fo with his dag before be suck'd it. Do you wonder at his affecting the courtier now? why he has done it from his very cradle.

- R. P. and H. follow the qu's.
- x Fo's, bas.
- y For many, the 1st f. reads mise, the other fo's and R. nine.
- z For breed, the fo's and R. send
 - 2 C. an.
- b So the qu's; the rest, outward besit of encounter.
- c The 1st q. reads biffy; the 2d and

SCENE IV.

ACT V.

the most a profane and a tres-renowned opinions, and do but blow them to their ' trial, the bubbles are out.

Enter a lord.

Lord. My lord, his majesty commended him to you by young Ofrick, who brings back to him, that you attend him in the ball. He sends to know if your pleasure hold to play with Laertes, or that you will take longer time?

Ham. I am constant to my purposes, they follow the king's pleasure; if his fitness speaks, mine is ready, now, or whenseever, provided I be so able as now.

Lord. The king and queen and all are coming down.

Ham. In bappy time.

Lord. The queen desires you to use some gentle entertainment to Laertes, before you h fall to play.

Ham. She well instructs me.

[Exit Lord.

Her. 1 You will lose, my lord.

Ham. I do not think so. Since he went into France, I have been in continual practice; I shall win at the odds.

d So the qu's; H. W. and C. read, fann'd; all the rest, fond.

other qu's trennotoned. All the rest, most renowned opinions; i. e. opinions, written tres-renowned (which is the French method of forming the superlative degree) i. e. most renruned. Then the description of these persons, as it flands in the old quartos, will be, Those who, out of accustoming themselves to go for fall. encounter in all kinds of discourse, have got fuch a superficial collection of knowledge, as furnish them with words on all

topics, and carries them through and through the most common (for so pro-The 1st q. reads trennowed; the fane may here fignify) and even the winnowed. Shakespeare seems to have or branches of learning, which bring renown to the leafned in them.

- f All but the qu's and C. read trials.
- g What passes between Hamlet and the Lord is omitted in the fo's.
- h The 2d and 3d qu's, and R. read
- i So the qu's; the reft, You will lofe this wager, my lord,

MLE ·Ħ

inos wouldst not think how i ill all 's " here about sity head - but it is no matter.

Fr. Nay, good my lord,—

:05

*lam. It is but foolery; but it is such a kind of ogaingiving as would, perhaps, trouble a woman.

Hor. If your mind dislike any thing, obey it. I will forestal their repair hither, and say you are not fit.

Ham. Not a whit, we defy augury; there is 9 special providence in the fall of a sparrow. If it be', 'tis not to come; if it be not to come, it will be now; if it be not now, yet it will come; the readiness is all. Since no man of aught he leaves, knows, what is't to leave betimes? Let be.

- k Before thou all but the qu's and C. fafert But.
 - 1 The fo's and R. omit ill.
- .m The fo's omit the contracted is after all.
- in in might be blunder'd into m by the printer). The 2d and 3d, gamegiving. P. reads game giving in his quarto, and mis-giving in his duodecimo.

Gain-giving, the same as mis-giving, a giving against, as gain-faying, &c. H.

B The fo's and R. omis it.

- 9 Before special the 3d q. the fo's, Ri T. W. and J. read a.
- After be all but the qu'e insert nove.
- So the qu's, W. and C. The fo's, n W. and J. read, Nay, my good lord. R. P. and T. read, Since no man bas aught . O The 1st q. reads gamgiving (where- of what he leaves, &c. H. reads, Since no man owes aught of what he leaves, &c. J. Yeads, Since no man knows aught of what be leaves, &c. and fays it stood fo in fome copy; but does not tell us what copy.
 - t All but the qu'e, W. and C: omit Let be

SCENE V.

Enter King, Queen, Lacrices and Lords, with other attendants with foils, and gantlets. A table, and flaggons of wine on it.

King. Come, Hamlet, come and take this hand from me.

* [Gives bim the band of Lacrtes.

Ham. Give me your pardon, fir: I've done you wrong; But pardon 't, as you are a gentleman. This presence knows, and you must needs have heard, How I am punish'd with * a fore distraction. What I have done, That might your nature, honour, and exception Roughly awake, I here proclaim was madness: Was't Hamlet wrong'd Laertes? never, Hamlet. If Hamlet from himself be ta'en away, And, when he's not himself, does wrong Laurtes, Then Hamles does it not; Hamles denies it. Who does it then? his madness. If 't be so, Hamlet is of the faction that is wrong'd; His madness is poor Hamlet's enemy. * Sir, in this audience, Let my disclaiming from a purpos'd evil, Free me so far in your most generous thoughts, That I have shot my arrow o'er the house, And hurt my * brother.

" This direction by H.

The qu's direct thus, A table propared, trumpets, drum and officers, with tures bosons, &c.
cushions, King, Queen, and all the state,

2 All but the
in this audience.

The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's, read, noyres homen, &c.
 All but the fo's and R. omit, Sir,

in this audience.

A The fo's and Re read mather for bro-

The fo's, R. P. H. and C. emit a. ther.

E H M L T.

Laer. I am satisfied in nature, Whose motive in this case should fir me most To my revenge: but in my terms of honour I stand aloof, and will no reconcilement, Till by fome elder mafters of known honour I have a voice, and b prefident of peace, To ckeep my name dungor'd. But till that time, I do receive your offer'd love like love, And will not wrong it.

Ham. f I embrace it freely, And will this brother's wager frankly play. Give us the foils 8.

Laer. Come, one for me.

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Ham. I'll be your foil, Lasttes; in mine ignorance Your skill shall, like a star i'th' b darkest night, Stick fiery off indeed.

Laer. You mock me, fir.

Ham. No, by this hand,

King. Give them the foils, young Ofrick. Coufin Hamlet, You know the wager.

Ham. 1 Very well, my lord,

- b So all editions but J. and G. who used immediately before attacking, canreads, precedent; and perhaps this was not be proper here, as they had not yet Shakespeare's meaning.
 - c The qu's omit keep.
 - d The fo's and R. ung org'd,
 - e The qu's, but all that time.
- t The fo's and R. read, I do embrace,

E After Ails, the fo's, R. H. and C. read Come on. But, this being a phrase

furnished themselves with foils.

- h The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. read brighteft for darkeft.
- I The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. amit them,
- k P. and all after, except C. omit Confin.
 - 1 P. and all after omit Voy.

ACT V. SCENE V.

"Your Grace hath laid the odds o'th' weaker fide. King. I do not fear it, I have feen you both:

But fince he is a better'd, o we have therefore odds.

Laer. This is too heavy, let me see another.

Ham. This likes me well. These foils have all a length? [Prepares to play.

Ofr. Ay, my good lord.

King. Set me the stoops of wine upon p that table.

If Hamlet q give the first, or second hit, Or quit in answer of the third exchange, Let all the battlements their ordnance fire: The king shall drink to Hamlet's better breath,

And in the cup an ' union shall he throw,

- m H. and J. read, Your grace bath laid upon the weaker side. J. objects against the reading of the other editions, As the odds were on the fide of Lacries, whe was to hit Hamlet twelve times to nine, and fays, it was perhaps the author's flip. But let Dr. Jobnson confider, the odds here spoken of were laid, therefore the odds were in the wager; and if we turn back, we shall find that the king betted fix Barbary horses against fix French rapiers and poniards, with their appurtenances. Who sees not that the Barbary horses are to be look'd upon as odds, against the French rapiers, &c. ? What the king fays afterwards of his having the odds, relates to the
- n The qu's read better. Since be is better'd, &c. i. e. fince the wager he that Hamlet has earn'd the pearl, I think, gains, if he should win, is better than amounts to a demonstration that it was what we shall gain if he loses, therefore we have odds, that is, we are not to make into the cup. T. so many hits as Lacries. N 4

number of hits.

- o C. reads you for sue.
- P The 2d and 3d qu's the for that.

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- 9 T. reads gives.
- The 3d and 4th f. and R. read a for the.
- " The 1st q. reeds Vnice; the 2d and 3d, and P. onyx. T. fays, If I am not mistaken, neither the onyx nor fardonyx are jewels which ever found place in an imperial crown. An union is the finest fort of pearl, and has its place in all crowns and coronets. Befides, let us confider what the king fays on Hamler's giving Laertes the first hit.

Stay, give me drink; Hamlet, this pearl is thine, &c.

Therefore if an union be a pearl, and an . enyx a gem, or stone quite differing in its nature from pearls; the king's faying, an un on-pearl, which he meant to throw

Richer

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Richer than that which four successive kings In Denmark's crown have worn. Give me the cups; And let the kettle to the ' trumpet speak, The trumpet to the cannoneer without, The cannons to the heavens, the " heavens to earth': Now the king drinks to Hamlet. - Come: Begin: And you, the judges, bear a wary eye.

Ham. Come on, fir.

Laer. * Come, my lord.

[They play.

Ham. One -

Laer. No-

Ham. Judgement.

Ofr. A hit, a very palpable hit.

Laer, Well-again-

King. Stay, give me drink. Hamlet, this pearl is thine; Here's to thy health. Give him the cup.

[Trumpets found, shot goes off.

Ham. I'll play this bout first. Set z it by awhile,

Come: another hit - what fay you?

Laer. I do confess 't.

King. Our fon shall win.

Queen. He's fat, and fcant of breath,

- t So the qu's and C. The ift and 2d fir. fo's read, trumpats, Ge. trumpet; the 3d trumpels.
 - " The fo's and R. read beaven.
 - W Here the qu's direct, Trumpets the
- x The fo's and R.'s octavo read, reft, except C. A touch, a touch, I do con-Geme en, fir. R.'s duodecimo, So on, fefs.

y The qu's direct, Drum, trumpets, and 4th, and all the rest, trumpets, &c. Florish, a piece goes off. C. directs, drinks, and posts poison in the cup. Flourish, Orddance within,

Z The fo's omit it.

2 The qu's read, I do confest: All the

Here, Hamlet, take my napkin, rub thy brows, The queen carouses to thy fortune, Hamlet.

Ham. Good madam -

King. Gertrude, do not drink.

Queen. I will, my lord; I pray you, pardon me d,

King. It is the poison'd cup. It is too late __ [Afide,

Ham. I dare not drink yet, madam. By and by,

Queen. Come, let me wipe thy face.

Laer. My lord, I'll hit him now.

King. I do not think 't.

Laer. And yet it is almost against my conscience. [Aside.

Ham. Come, for the third, Laertes; you f do but daily; I pray you, pass with your best violence:

I am fure you make a wanton of me.

Laer. Say you so? come on.

[Play.

Ofr. Nothing neither way.

Laer. Have at you now.

[Lacrtes wounds Hamlet; then, "in scuffling, they change rapiers," and Hamlet wounds Lacrtes.

King. Part them, they are incens'd.

Ham. Nay, come again.

Ofr. Look to the queen there ho!

Hor. They bleed on both fides. How is 't, my lord?

Ofr. How is 't, Lacrtes?

E So the qu's; the rest, I am afraid.

b The fo's and R. read, Here's a napkin, rub, &c.

f All but qu's omit do.

C. reads, Thank you, good madam. you, &cc.

d Here C. directs, drinks, and tenders h The qu's have no direction here; she cup to Hamlet. he fo's, what is between the inverted

e P. and all after him, except G. commas.

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Laer. Why, as a woodcock to my town springe, Ofrick; I am justly kill'd with mine own treachery.

Ham. How does the queen?

King. She k fwoons to fee them bleed.

Queen. No, no, the drink, the drink -

Oh! my dear Hamlet - the drink, the drink -

I am poison'd—

[Queen dies.

Ham. Oh 1 villainy!—n how?—let the doors be lock'd. Treachery! feek it out—

Laer. ⁿ It is here, Hamlet: thou art flain;
No medicine in the world can do thee good:
In thee there is not ^o half an hour's life;
The treacherous inftrument is in ^p thy hand,
Unbated and envenom'd. The foul practice
Hath turn'd itself on me. Lo, here I lie,
Never to rise again. Thy mother's poison'd.

I can no more—the king, the king 's to blame.

Ham. The point envenom'd too?

Then, venom, to thy work.

[Stabs the king.

All. Treason, treason:

King. O yet defend me, friends, I am but hurt.

Ham.

The fo's and R. omit own.

k First and 2d qu's, and 1st and 2d fo's, founds.

¹ The 3d q. reads villaine.

m — bow? i. e. how was she poison'd. So the 1st q. the fo's and R. the rest read bo!

n The fo's, R. and C. read, It is bere, Hamlet. Hamlet, thou, &c.

o So the qu's and C; the rest, balf an bour of life.

P The 1st and 2d qu's read, my band; so S. but he gives not the reading of the 3d, thy band.

⁹ The 3d q. reads, I am no more, &c.

r So all the editions before T.'s duodecimo, where to is altered to do; and fo do comes into all the editions after, except C.

The qu's have no direction here.
The fo's direct, Hurts the king.

Ham. Here thou incestuous, a murtherous, damned Dans, Drink off this potion. Is " the " union here? I King dies. Follow my mother.

Laer. He is justly serv'd.

It is a poison temper'd by himself.

Exchange forgiveness with me, noble Hamlet;

Mine and my father's death come not y upon thee,

Nor thine on me!

[Dies.

Ham. Heav'n make thee free of it. I follow thee. I am dead, Horatio. Wretched queen, adieu! You that look pale, and tremble at this chance, That are but mutes or audience to this act, Had I but time (as this fell serjeant death Is strict in b his arrest) oh, I could tell you— But let it be - Horatio, I am dead; Thou liv'st, report me and c my cause aright To d the unsatisfied.

Hor. Never believe it.

I am more an antique Roman than a Dane.

Here's yet some liquor left.

Ham. As thou'rt a man,

Give me the cup. Let go; by heav'n I'll hav't.

- O God! Horatio, what a wounded name,
 - The fo's and R. read thy for the. read at for to.
- ₩ All the qu's here read onyx; fo that it's likely Shakespeare first wrote for bis. enys, and afterwards finding the error, altered it to union.
 - c The fo's and R. read, my causes
 - rigbt.

b The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's read this

- > No direction in the qu's.
- J T. W. and J. read on for upon.
- d The 3d and 4th fo's read be for
- " No direction in the qu's.
- e So the qu's and C; the reft, Oa
- The 2d, 3d and 4th fo's and R. good Horatio.

Things

H \mathbf{M} L E T.

Things standing thus unknown, f shall I leave behind me ! If thou didst ever hold me in thy heart, Absent thee from felicity awhile, And in this harsh world draw thy breath in pain, To tell my 5 story. [March afar off, hand shout within. [Exit Ofrick, What warlike noise is this?

SCENE VI.

Enter Ofrick.

Ofr. Young Fortinbras, with conquest come from Poland, To the k ambassadors of England gives This warlike volley.

Ham. O, I die, Horatio.

204

The potent porson quite ' o'er-grows my spirit; I cannot live to hear the news from England, But I do prophefy, th' election lights On Fortinbras; he has my dying voice; So tell him, with th' occurrents more or less, Which have folicited - The reft a is filence . P Dies.

bind me; tut, a wounded name living feated antagonist; and the words potent behind a man, is scarcely English.

· C. read tale for flory.

h The qu's omit, and fout within.

The ad q. has Th. inffead To; the 3d omits To.

H. rtads amboffador.

I The 1st q. and all the fo's (fol-*Howed by C.) read o'er crows my spirit; O, o, c. which may perhaps be Shakespeare's word; we have then the image of a

f So the qu's; the rest, shall live be- victorious each crowing over his deand spirit seem favourable to this readg P. and all after him, but J. and ing. A striking metaphor! But it may perhaps be thought a little too ludicrous, in this place.

> m The qu's, three 1st fo's and C. read more and less.

n The 3d q. read in for is.

· After filince, the fo's and R. read,

P Not in the qu's.

Hor.

ACT IV. SCENÈ V.

205

Her. Now a cracks a noble heart. Good night, sweet. prince;

And flights of angels r fing thee to thy rest!

Why does the drum come hither?

• Enter Fortinbras, and English Ambassadors, with drum, colours, and attendants.

Fort. Where is " this fight?

Hor. What is it you would see?

If aught of woe or wonder, cease your search.

Fort. * This quarry * cries on havock. O proud death! What feast is tow'rd in thine infernal cell, That thou so many princes at a * shot So bloodily hast struck?

Amb. The fight is difmal,

And our affairs from England come too late: The ears are senseless that should give us hearing To tell him his commandment is fulfill'd, That Rosencraus and Guildenstern are dead. Where should we have our thanks?

Her. Not from his mouth, Had it th' ability of life to thank you: He never gave commandment for their death. But fince so a jump upon this bloody question,

- 9 First f. cracke.
- " W. reads eving for fing.
- * The qu's read, Exter Fortinhraffe with the embessadors.
- t The fo's, R. P. and H. read am-
- ". The 3d and 4th f. and R. read, the jamp. fgbi.
- The fo's read His for This.
- " H. reads, cries out, barock!
- y So the 3d q. T. W. and J; the rest read eternal.
 - " The fo's and R. read floot.
 - P. T.'s octavo, and H. read full for,



206 HAMLET.

You from the *Polack* wars, and you from *England*, Are here arriv'd; give order, that these bodies High on a stage be placed to the view, And let me speak to th' yet unknowing world, How these things came about. So shall you hear Of cruel, bloody, and unnatural acts; Of accidental judgments, casual slaughters; Of deaths put on by cunning, and for no cause; And, in this upshot, purposes mistook Fall'n on th' inventors' heads. All this can I Truly deliver.

Fort. Let us haste to hear it,
And call the e noblest to the audience.
For me, with forrow I embrace my fortune;
I have some f rights of memory in this kingdom,
Which, s now to claim my vantage doth invite me.

Hor. Of that I shall have a also cause to speak, And from his mouth, whose voice will draw on more: But let this same be presently perform'd, Even while men's minds are wild, lest more mischance On plots and errors happen.

Fort. Let four captains

Bear Hamlet, like a foldier, k to the stage;

For he was likely, had he been put on,

- b First q. omits tb'.
- The 1st q. and the fo's, read carnal .
- 4 So the qu's; all the rest, and forc'd
- e P.'s duodecimo, T. W. and J. read k The 3d and Nobless. It matters not; the sobless are q. read off for to.

the mobieff of the people.

f Fo's, rites.

g The fo's read are for sees.

h The fo's read always for alfo-

i The qu's, R. and P. read so.

k The 3d and 4th fo's, R. and P.'s read off for to.

٠

To have prov'd most 'royally. And for his passage, The soldiers' music, and the m rites of war Speak loudly for him.

Take up the bodies. Such a sight as this Becomes the field, but here shews much amiss. Go bid the soldiers shoot.

[Exeunt, o marching: after which, a peal of Ordnance is shot off.

1 The qu's read royal.

the body of Hamlet was to be taken up,

m The qu's and C, read right of war. and the rest lie and rot where they were.

This direction not in the qu's.

n So the qu's and C; all the rest read

FINIS.

•

ERRATUM.

P. 93, 1, \$. Act III. Scene 2, for bell read beld,

•

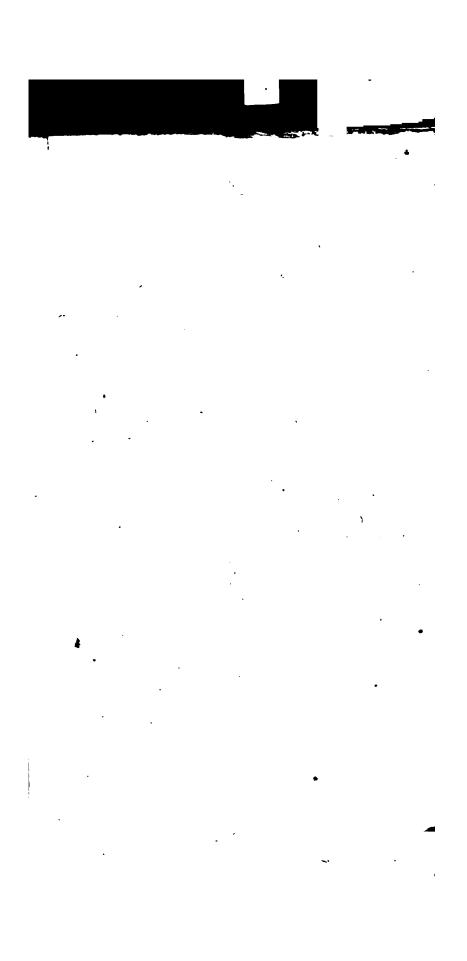
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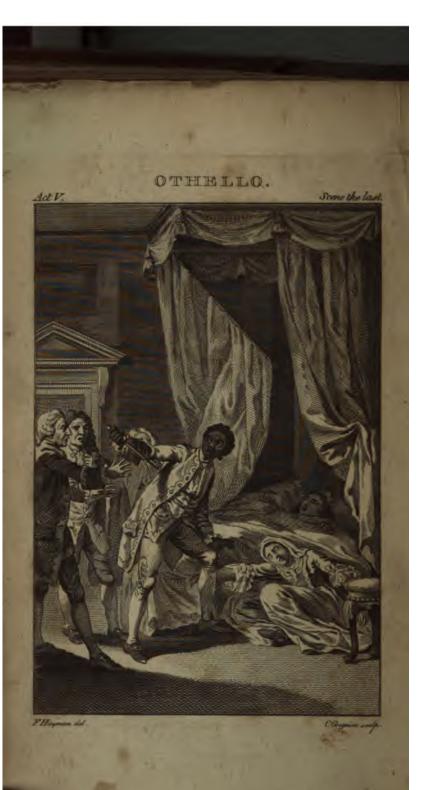
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OTHELLO,

THE MOOR OF VENICE.

TRAGEDY.





OTHELLO,

THE MOOR OF VENICE.

A TRAGEDY.

BY WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

COLLATED WITH

THE OLD AND MODERN EDITIONS.



LONDON,

PRINTED BY W. BOWYER AND J. MICHOLS:

AND SOLD BY W. OWEN, BETWEEN THE TEMPLE-GATES, FLEET-STREET.

MDCCLXXIII

OF HELL E.

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OTHELLO,

THE MOORE OF VENICE.

EDITIONS COLLATED.

Moore of Venice. As it hath been diverse Times acted at the Globe, and at the Black-Friers, by his Majesties Servants. Written by William Shakespeare. London, Printed by N. O. for Thomas Walkley, and are to be fold at his Shop, at the Eagle and Child, in Brittans Bursse, 1622.

2d Quarto. The title-page wanting.

The four Folios and other Editions as in Hamlet.

This Edition bath the following Preface.

The S ationer to the Reader.

TO set sorth a booke without an Epistle, were like to the old English prouerbe, A blew coat without a badge. The Author being dead, I thought good to take that piece of worke upon mee: To commend it, I will not, for that which is good, I hope every man will commend, without intreaty: and I am the bolder, because the Author's name is sufficient to vent his worke. Thus leaving every one to the liberty of judgement, I have ventered to print this Play, and leave it to the generall censure,

Yours,

Thomas Walkley.

A 3 DRAMATIS

- •

DRAMATIS PARSONA.

Bake of Venice,

Appears Act L Se. 7, 8, 54

Brabantie, a noble Venetien,

A& I. Sc. 2, 316, 8, 4.

Gratiane, Brother to Brabantie, At V. Sc. 34.58, 9 10

tio and Gratiano.

Lodovico, Kinfinan to Braban J At IV. Sc. 6, 7, 13. At V. Sc. & 4 5, 10.

Othelle, the Moor,

I. Sc. 4; 5; 5, 8, 9. At II. Sc. 6, 10, 13. At III. Sc. 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 70, 13. At V. Sc. 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.

Casho, his Lieutenant - General,

A& I. Sc. 5, 6, 8, 9. A& II. Sc. 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14. A& III. Sc. 5, 6, 10, 11, 22, 13, 14. Ad III. Sc. 1, 3, 4, 11, 12, 13. Ad IV. Sc. 2, 3, 4. Ad V. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10.

lago, Standard - bearer to Otbelle,

A& I. Sc. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11. A& II. Sc. 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16. A& III. Sc. 1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11. A& IV. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11. A& IV. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11. A& IV. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10. 11, 12. A& V. Sc. 1, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10.

* Rederige, 2 foolish Gentleman, in love with Desde - \$\ \frac{5}{5}, \frac{6}{5}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{16}{16}. \ \frac{11}{12}. \ \frac{5}{12}. \ \frac{16}{12}. \ \frac{16}{12

ment of Cyprus,

* Montane, the Moor's Predecessor in the Govern- Add II. Sc. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13. Add V. Sc. 8, 10.

Clown, Servant to the Moor, Ad III. Sc. 1, 9,

Herald,

A& II, \$c. 9.

⁵ Se the qu's and C; the reft, Rodorige,

The qu's, Montonie, J. *

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Defil mona, Daughter to Brabantie, and Wife to Othelle,

Act III. Sc. 3, 4, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12.

Act IV. Sc. 6, 9, 10, 11, 12.

Act IV. Sc. 6, 9, 10, 11, 13.

Act IV. Sc. 6, 7.

Act III. Sc. 1, 13.

Act III. Sc. 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12.

Act IV. Sc. 6, 7.

Act III. Sc. 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12.

Act IV. Sc. 8, 9, 10, 12, 13.

Act III. Sc. 13.

Act IV. Sc. 4.

Act III. Sc. 13.

Act III. Sc. 14.

Act III. Sc. 14.

Act III. Sc. 15.

Act III. Sc. 15.

Act III. Sc. 15.

Act III. Sc. 16.

Act III. Sc. 17.

Act III. Sc. 17.

Act III. Sc. 17.

Sailors, and Attendants.

SCENE,

For the first Act in Venice; during the rest of the Play, in Csprus.

S K E T C H

O F

THE PLAY.

ACT I.

- Sc. I. A Street in Venice. Enter Red. and Iage. Iago's hatred to the Moor and Caffie. They alarm Bra.
- Sc. II. Bra. appears above at a window. They inform him that the Moor is run away with his daughter Def. Exit Iago.
- Sc. III. Enter Bra. and fervants. Rod. goes with them in fearch of Oth. and Def.
- Sc., IV. Another street before the Sagittary. Enter Oth. Iago and attendants with torches. Talk of Oth.'s situation with Bra, on account of stealing his daughter.
- Sc. V. Enter Caf. and officers with torches. Caf. informs-Oth. that the Duke and Senate fend for him on business of state.
- Sc. VII. Enter Bra. Rod. and others. Bra. tasks Oth. about his deluding his daughter; accuses him of having used spells for that purpose; and insists upon his being

SKETCH OF THE PLAY.

being carried to prison: which Oth. evades by telling him he is fent for by the Duke on business. Exeunt.

- St. VII. The senate-house. Duke and Senators at a table, with lights and attendants. News have arrived that a Turkish fleet is sailing against Cyprus.
- Sc. VIII. To them, enter Bra. Oth. Caf. Rod. and officers. Duke tells Oth. he must go against the Turks. Bra. complains to the Duke of Oth,'s having stolen his daughter, and corrupted her by spells and medicines. Oth. defends himself, that he had used no unlawful arts in gaining her; but that, in telling the story of his life and adventures, he had gotten her affections.
- Sc. IX. Def. (being fent for) enters, and confirms the truth of Oth.'s affection. 'The Duke endeavours to reconcile Bra. to the step his daughter has taken in marrying Oth. but tells Oth. he must immediately depart from Cyprus; which Oth. agrees to; and Def. prevails that she may follow him. Execunt.
- Sc. X. Manent Red. and Ingo. Ingo encourages Red. in pursuing Des. (with whom that Red. is in love was hinted in the 1st, 2d, and 3d scenes) although married to Oth. and advises him to raise money, and follow her to Cyprus. Exit Red.
- Sc. XI. Manet lago, who in the foliloquy discovers his defign of fleecing Rod. and his jealously of the Moor and Cas. with his wife Amil. and lays a plot to make Oth. jealous of Des. with Cas.

SKETCH OF THE PLAY,

A C T II.

- Sc. I. The capital city of Cyprus. Enter Montano the Governor, and two gentlemen. A violent from;
- Sc. II. Which, a 3d gentlemen brings news, hath ruined the Turkish fleet, but that Cas. in a Venetian ship is safe arrived, and that Oth. is on the sea.
- Sc. III. Enter Caf. His concern for Othello's fafety.
- Sc. IV. News of lage's arrival with Def.
- Sc. V. Enter Dof. lage, Red. and Emil. After mutual falutations, lage's abusive fatire against the women.
- Sc. VI. Enter Oth. and attendants. He expresses his joy in meeting Def. which lage maliciously resolves to spoil. Execunt.
- Sc. VII. Manent lago and Rod. lago persuades Rod. that Des. is of a loose, inconstant character, is in love with Cas. and therefore may be brought to love him (Roderigo); lays a plot that Rod. shall provoke Cas. to strike him, which may cause a mutiny, and be the occasion of Cas.'s losing his place: and tells him this will make his way easier to Des. Exit Rod.
- Sc. VIII. Manet lage. Soliloquy; that he is jealous of the Moor and Caf. with Emil. his wife; and resolves to be revenged of them both. Exit.
- Sc. IX. The street. Enter herald, and proclaims a triumph, feast, and merry-making, on account of the destruction of the Turkish fleet. Exit.
- Sc. X. The castle. Enter Utb. Def. Caf. and attendants.

 Otb. charges Caf. to look to the guard; Caf. informs him he hath deputed lago for that purpose, but nevertheless,

SKETCH OF THE PLAY.

vertheless will himself overlook the watch. Exist Oth. and Def. Enter lago. Talk of Def. lago prevails with Caf. to drink with him and some gallants. Exit Caf. lago's soliloquy, the likelihood that Caf. will be drunk and commit some action that will give offence, and be to his disgrace.

- Sc. XI. To *lago*, enter *Caf. Mon.* and gentlemen. *lago* fings, and encourages *Caf.* to drink, till he is intoxicated. Exit *Caf.*
- Sc. XII. Iago represents Cas. to Mon. as a man given to drink. Enter Cas. pursuing Rod. Mon. stays him, and tells him he is drunk. They fight. Iago bids Rod. go out, and cry a mutiny. Exit Rod. Bell rings.
- Sc. XIII. Enter Oth. and attendants. Mon. is wounded.

 Oth. enquires into the cause of the quarrel; and

 Cas. appearing to be the guilty person, is degraded

 from being Oth.'s lieutenant. Enter Des. attended,
 with whom exit Oth. and attendants.
- Sc. XIV. Manent logo and Caf. Caf.'s indignation at himfelf for being drunk. logo encourages him, that all may be well again; and advices him to make interest with Def. for a reconcilement with Other Exit Caf.
- Sc. XV. Iago's foliloquy—that the above advice has the face of honesty, sincerity and probability; but is given to answer his villainous design of making Oth. jeaflous; for while Cas. is plying Des. to plead to Cas.'s cause, Iago will be abusing Oth.'s ear by hinting something that may be a soundation for his jealousy; so that the more she strives to serve Cas. 'the more Oth, will be exasperated against them both.

Sc. XVL.

SKETCH OF THE PLAY.

Sc. XVI. To lago enter Rod. who complains that his money is almost spent, and he never the nearer his wishes, lago preaches patience to him, that things are in a prosperous way, and likely to issue to his defire. Exit. lago concludes with himself that two things are to be done by him; viz. to employ Emil. to solicit Des. in behalf of Cos.—and to draw Oth. where he should find Cos. soliciting Des. Exit.

ACTIII

- Sc. I. Before Oth.'s palace. Enter Caf. and musicians. Music plays, and enter Clown, who humorously brings the message that Oth. forbids the music to play. Enter Iago, who tells Caf. that he will draw Oth. out of the way, that Caf. may have the more free access to Des. Exit Iago. Enter Æmil. who encourages Cas. with the hopes that he may be again reconciled to Oth. Exeunt.
- Sc. II. Enter Oth. lago, and gentlemen. Letters sent to the senate, &c. Exeunt.
- Sc. III. An apartment in the palace. Enter Def. Caf. and *Emil. Def.* promises her affistance to Caf. in making the matter up between him and her husband.
- Sc. IV. Enter Oth. and Iago at a distance, upon which exit Cas. Des. entreats Oth. in behalf of Cas. Oth. tells her he will deny her nothing. Execut.
- Sc. V. Manent Oth. and Iago. Iago artfully endeavours to work up Oth. to a jealoufy of his wife with Caf. and succeeds. Exit Iago.

Sc. VI.

SKETCH OF THE PLAY.

- Sc. VI. Manent Oth. Soliloquy—that lage is a very honesto man—that if Def. prove disloyal, he will tear her from his heart. Enter Def. and Amil. to call him to dinner. Oth complains of a pain in his forehead.

 Def. offers her handkerehief to bind it, he refuses it as soo little. Def. accidentally drops it. Exeunt.
- Sc. VII. Manet Emil. who picks it up, and lays it was the first present Othernade to Def. and that her husband lago had moved her to steal it. Enter lago, who takes the handkerchief from her. Exit Emil. lago's foliloquy—that with this handkerchief he will compleat Othe's jezzbusy.
- Sc. VIII. Enter Oth. who in a rough manner infifts on Iage's giving him ofular proof of Def's diffoyalty: this lage artfully, evades; but promises him such proof as the nature of the thing will allow; and raises Oth's jealousy to the highest pitch, by telling him he had seen the handkershies in Cas's hand, &c. &c. Osh, vows the destruction of Def. and Cas. and lage vows to affish him. Execunt.
- Sc. IX. Another apartment in the palace, Enter Def. Emil. and Clown. Def. fends the Clown to feek for Caf.
- Sc. X. Enter Oth. asks Def. for the handkerchief, which she not being able-to produce (and at the same time speaking in behalf of Cas.) Exit Oth, in a rage.
- Sc. XI. Manent Def. and Emil. Emil. thinks Oth. is jealous. To them enter lago and Cof. Cef. prefers his fuit to Def. who tells him the has now no interest with Oth. lago supposes something of moment has made Oth. engry; and exit to meet him.
- Sc. XII. Manent Def, Emil. and Gaf. Def, is willing to impute Oth's anger to state-affairs; and Emil.

 S. prays

SERTCH OF THE PLAY.

prays the cause may not be jealouspe. Exernit De f. and Emil.

Bu; XIII. To Cof-vener Binnes. Cof. given Die.'s handkelehief (which he fays he found in his chamber) to Binnes, to copy out the work. Excust.

ACT IV.

- Sc, I. A court before the palace. Enter Oth. and Lagh.

 logo works up Oth.'s jealoufy till he falls in a fit.
- ec, IL Enter Gas. whom lags tells that Och. is in an epilepsy. Exit Cas. Och. recovers from his sit. lags tells him he expects Gas. to seturn presently, and persuades him to conceal himself; while he makes Gas. tell him (lags) the story of his (Cas.'s) amouse with Das. (which lags had pretended in Act. IV, Sa. 1. he had heard from Gas. before.)

 Oth. withdraws.
- Sc. III. To them enter Caf. Iago induces him to talk of Bianca. Och. observes Caf.'s gestures and laughter, and supposes his talk and mirth to be about Def.
- Sc., IV. To them enter Bianca. She returns Caf. the handkerchief, which Oth. sees, and knows it to be Desc.:
- Sc. V. Manent Oth, and Iago. Oth. resolves on murdering Des. and Cas. Iago undertakes to murder Cas. and advises Oth. to smother Des. in her bed.
- Sc, VI. To them enter Red. Def. and attendants from the palace. After falutations, Oth. behaves rudely to Def. Excunt Def. and Oth.

Sc. VII.

SKETCHIOFICHE FLAY.

- St. VII: Manent dud. and dags. "Link is farprized at Oth.'s behaviour to Def. Exeunt.
 - Sc. VIII. An apartment in the palace. Enter Oth. and co (not a Maril. Oth. founds her about Defia behaviour, which the vindicates.) Othe fends her! for Def. Exit Emil.
 - Sc. IX. Re-enter *Emil.* with *Def. Oth.* bids *Emil.* retire. Exit *Emil. Uth.* discovers his jealousy to *Def.* abuses her, and calls her strumpet. Calls *Emil.*
 - Sel X. Enter Emil. Exit Oth. Def depleres her loss of s. ... Oth's lower orders Emil to put her wedding-sheets on her bed, and to call lago to her. Exit Emil.
 - -Sc. KI. Re-enter Emil. with lago. Def. opens her grief to him. lago pretends to condols with her, but imputes Oak's behaviour to flate-affairs. Excunt.
 - Sc. XII. Manent lagar. To him enter Red. who complains that lagar has ruined him, by extorting prefents for the lagar host is him, and proposes his undertaking the morder of Cafe: Execut.
 - Sc. XIII. Enter Oth. Lod. Def. Emil. and attendants.

 Red. takes leave. Oth. charges Def. to go to bed.

 inflantly, and difinifs Æmil. and tells her, he will return forthwith. Exit with Lad. Def. fings the fong of Willow, &c. and difinifes Æmil.

or the state of the state of the state of

Sc. I. Enter lago and Rod, waiting to murder Caf. Enter Caf. Rod. runs at him and wounds him. Fight. lago cuts Caf. behind in the leg, and exit, Rod. and Caf. fall. Caf. cries Murther!

Sc. IL.

SKETCH OF THE PLAY.

- Sc. II. Enter Oth. above at a window, who hearing the voice of Casi concludes that Iago has kept his word, and that Cas. is murthered: Exit.
- Sc. III. Enter Lod. and Gra: at a diffance, hearing Cof. cry
 Murther. Enter lage in his shirt, with a light and
 sword. Cof. tells him he is beset by villains. lage,
 as looking about for them, finds Rod. and stabs
 him.
- Sc. IV. Enter Bianca, whom lage charges with being an accomplice in Caf.'s attack.
- Sc. V. Enter *Emil. Bianca* confesses that *Cas.* supt with her, and *Iago* seizes her as guilty. Excunt, *Iago* following.
- Sc. VI. A bed-chamber: Def. is discovered asleep in her bed. Enter Oth. with a light. His foliloquy. Kisses her. She wakes: He bids her prepare for desch, and accuses her of disloyalty with Cas. She desends her virtue, and endeavours to dissuade him from his horrid design, but in vain. He smothers her.
- She comes to tell him Rod. is flain. She finds that

 Def. is murdered. Oth. owns 'tis by him, and as a

 punishment for her disloyalty with Caf. of which

 he flays lage had informed him. Upon Emilia's

 crying murther,
- Sc. VIII. Enter Mon. Gra. Iago, and others. Æmil. tells
 Iago that Oth. charges him with saying that Des.
 was false to him; which he owns. Æmil. contradicting him, and beginning to vindicate the character of Des. lago bids her get home; which she refusing, he offers to stab her. She relates that the

B

SKETCH OF THE PLAY.

handkerchief was accidentally found by her, and given to Iago, who had often earneftly begged her to steal it. Upon this Oth. runs at Iago, who breaks through, and wounds his wife; then runs out. Exeunt Mon. and Gra. after Iago.

- Sc. IX. Emil. protests that Def. was chaste, and loved Oth.

 She dies. Re-enter Gra. Oth. bewails the loss of Def.
- Sc. X. Enter Lod. Caf. led in wounded, Mon. and Lago prifoners, with officers. Oth. wounds Iage. Lod. fays Iago had in part confessed his villainy. Oth, asks Cas.'s pardon for having conspired against him, and begs him to ask lago, why he had thus imposed upon and infnared him (Oth.). Iago declares he will relate nothing. Lod. produces two letters, found in the pocket of the murdered Rod. one of them importing the death of Cas. to be undertaken by Rod. and the other a discontented paper that Rod. intended to have fent lago. Caf. being questioned by Oth. about the handkerchief, tells him he found it in his chamber, and that lago had confessed he dropt it there for a special purpose, which wrought to his defire. Oth. after representing his unhappy cate, stabs himself, and kissing Describes. Led. recommends to Case (who is made governor of Cyprus) the punishing lago according to his deserts. Excunt.

ÖTHELLO,

THE MOOR OF VENICE.

ACT I

Š C É N E I.

· A firest in Venice.

Enter Roderigo and Ingo.

Roderige.

Tush, never tell me; I take it a much unkindly,
That thou, Iago, who hast had my purse,
As if the strings were thine, shouldst know of this.

Sblood, but you will not hear me.

If ever I did dream of fuch a matter, abhor me.

- ² The qu's and fo's do not describe the scene; R. and P. Venice only; T. first makes it a street in Venice.
- b So the qu's and W; the rest omit Trs.
- The three left fo's and R. read.
 . very for stand.
- d The 1st q. The you, Jago, who has bad, &c.
 - . The 2d q. omits Lego.
 - f All but the 1st q. omit 'Silood.
 - E So the Ift q; the reft you'll.
 - h C. omite abber me ; H. reads abber me then.

Red. Thou told'st me thou didst hold him in thy hate. lago. Despise me, if I do not. Three great ones of the city,

In personal fuit to make me his lieutenant. Off-cap'd to him; and, by the faith of man, I know my price, I am worth no worfe a place. But he (as loving his k own pride and 1 purposes) Evades them with a bombast circumstance, Horribly stuff'd with epithets of war, - And, in conclusion, Non-suits my mediators: n for, certes, says he, I have already ochosen my officer. And what was he? Forfooth, a great arithmetician,

One Michael Caffio, P 2 Florentine,

(A fellow's almost q dama'd in a fair ' wife!)

· Apriles

i The qu's, R. P. and H. read Ofi' capt. But we are not to suppose that the all the succeeding editors, except #1 Great ones often begg'd Ctbello (cap in hand) to promote lago; it was enough that they did so once. 'Tis very likely the original reading was Off'd cop.

k H. omits own.

before) followed by W. and J.

- And in conclusion.
 - · followed by the reft, except C. chofe.
 - Plorentine's.
 - 4 The qu's read dembd.
 - " II. reads phys. for wife; C. face.

³ The emendation of T. (followed by flands thus, -One Michael Colling-(" the Plate-

" sing's

"A fellow almost dama'd in a fair " wife;")---

1 T. reads purpose (as in no edition . Wherein it is supposed that Logo is the Florestine here montioned; and that he m The 2d q. the fo's, and R. omit, here breaks off in his speech, and it personating Ochello, and repeating the n So all before P, who omits for; words Othelle had faid concerning him (Legon) But it is furprising it hath not o So the 1st q. and S; all the rest, appeared to these editors that Ligo is a Venetian. Byo makes out Bofdmoor w P T. reads, the Florentine's; W. a be his country-weenen by the following words (which are concerning her) I know our country disposition well In Venice, &c. A. HL Sc. 5.

That

ACT L SCENE L

That sever set a squadron in the field, Nor the division of a battle knows More than a spinster; tanless the bookish theorick, Wherein the verged vernfuls can propose As masterly as he a meer prattle, without practice,

And in the following passage, lago de- honest than this lago. plares Rederigs to be his country-man, and a Venaien.

Alas, my friend and my dear countryman,

Roderigo? &c.

Gra. What, of Venice? Lego. Even he, &c.

How these two plain passages came to escupe these editors, is astonishing: J. indeed, when he comes to the first of fellow." them, remarks that, Here Jago feems to be who can doubt it?

Lago, therefore, being a Venetian, this emendation of T, falls to the ground: and Caffio may be the Florentine here mentioned; and that he is may be provof to prove him not a Florentine, Speaking of Lago, Caffio fays,

Caf. - I never knew A Florentine more kind and honest.

Act III. Sc. 1. By which these editors would understand Coffie to mean, that Iage was a very kind and honest Florestine. But as it is proyed that Lago was no Florentine, but a Venetian: the meaning of these words of Ciffio must be, " I never knew one of my own country-men more kind and

But then the' Coffie be the Florentine, as it does not appear that he was marsied, he cannot be the fellow almost down'd in a fair wife; therefore H. alters wife to Pbyz; a fair face (and such an one Caffio is supposed to have) being no compliment to a foldier, but rather a difgrace. H.'s meaning then is femething like this, " Caffie's a dame'd handsome

In the above reading, I have only supa Venetian. (Seems? I know not Seems) plied, 's, after fellow, and restored the parenthefis which is in the fo's, though not in the qu's; and suppose Shakespeare meant this line to be spoke apart, expreffing a fudden motion of jealoufy in Lage on naming Othello and Caffie; of ed by a passage which has been made use both of which that he was jealous appears from Act II, Sc. 8. And Iago's meaning is, "To be married to a handfome woman (as I am) is almost as bad as being damn'd; as the number of her admirers will doom the husband to a state of perpetual jealousy."

* So all before P, who reads but for unless; followed by the rest, except C,

u Blockife, 2d q.

w So the 1st q. T. W. J and C; the reft, tengued for toged,

" T. reads couns lors,

.OTHELLO.

" Is all his foldiership. "But he, fir, had th' election; And I, of whom his eyes had feen the proof At Rhodes, at 'a Cyprus, and on other grounds b Christian and heathen, must be be-leed and calm'd By & debiter and creditor. This counter-cafter He, in good time, must his lieutenant be, And I, " fir, (bless the mark!) his ' Moor-ship's Ancient. Red. By heaven, I rather would have been his hangman,

lage. But there's no remedy; 'tis the curse of service; Preferment goes by letter and affection, Not by the old gradation, where each second Stood heir to th' first. Now, fir, be judge yourself,

1 Whether I in any just term am k affin'd To love the Moor.

Rod. I would not follow him then. Iago. O fir, content you;

I follow him to serve my turn upon him. We cannot all be mafters, nor all mafters Cannot be truly follow'd. You shall mark

y The 3d and 4th fo's read in for is.

Z So all before P. who reads, be bad th' election, omitting But and fir; followed by the reft, except C.

2 Qu's, Cipres.

₹.

b The ad q. scads Chrifin'd; two Ift fo's, Christen'd.

· c So the 2d q. the fo's, R. T. H. J. and C; the rest led, except W. who from hence conjectures ks. But be-leed feems to be the true reading. . Lee'd is a seaterm, which fignifies, retarded by con-'rae winds; and be-lep'd is a word of

the same origin and meaning. Heath in loc.

He and C. read, Debter.

e The fo's omit for; the rst q. P. T. H. W. and C. God blefs the mark.

The Ift q. werfip's for Meer-fip's.

g 'The fo's and R., read Wby for But.

So the qu's ; W. reads, Not (at of old) gradeties; the reft, And not by old gradation.

So all before P. who alters Whether f, followed by the reft, except C.

k So the 2d q. the fo's, R. J. and C; the reft, affign'd.

Many

ACT L SCENE

Many a duteous and knee-crooking knave, That, doting on his own obsequious bondage, Wears out his time, much like his master's ass, For nought but provender; and 1 when he's old, cashier'd; Whip me such honest knaves. Others there are, Who, trimm'd in forms and visages of duty, Keep yet their hearts attending on themselves; And, throwing but shews of service on their lords, Do well thrive by 'em; and when they have lin'd their. coats,

Do themselves homage. These p fellows have some soul, And fuch a one do I profess myself.—9 For, sir, It is as fure as you are Roderigo, Were I the Moor, I would not be Iago: In following him, I follow but myself, Heaven be my judge; not I, for love and duty, But, seeming so, for my peculiar end. For when my outward action doth demonstrate The native act and figure of my heart In compliment externe, 'tis not long after But I will wear my heart upon my fleeve, For 'daws to peck at. I am not what I am.

- 1 The ad q. omits where.
- m So all before P. who omits Do; followed by the rest, except G. followed by the rest, except C.
 - 4. So the qu's; the rest, by them.
 - A The quis, Thefe.
- P So all before P. who reads folks for fellows; followed by all after, except
- followed by all after, except C.
 - F The 1st q. doves for dans.

- So all before P. who reads I'ma
- t So all before P. who reads form for am; followed by the rest, except C and J. But this is giving us the explanation of the text, for the text itself: I am not what I am, fignifies, I am not that inwardly which I am outwardly, or, I am 4 So all before P. who omits For, Sir; not what I feem to appear to be. P. has here turned poetry into profe!

Rod. What a "full fortune does the thick-lipe one. If he can w carry her thus?

Iago. Call up her father,

Rouse him, make after him, poison his delight, Proclaim him in the * street, incense her kinsmen; And, though he in a fertile climate dwell, Plague him with flies; though that his joy be joy, Yet throw such y changes of vexation 2 on't, As it may lose some colour.

Red. Here is her father's house, I'll call aloud. lage. Do with timorous accent, and dire yell, As when, by night and negligence, a the fire Is b spied in populous cities.

Red.

- " The fo's, fall for full.
- The 2d q. the fo's, R. J. and C. read carry't for carry ber; the 1st q. reads carry 'et, which seems to be a mistake of the printer, who put t for r, and it might originally be written carry 'er, a contraction for carry ber, which is the reading of P. and the reft.
 - " So the qu's; the reft, freets.
- ekanges.
 - " The qu's, out for on't.
 - * H. reads a for the.
- W. reads spred for spied; and has the following note,

Is spied in populous cities.] This is not sense, take it which way you will. It night and negligence relate to spied, it is abfurd to fay, the fire was spied by negligence. If night and negligence refer anly to the time and occasion, it should be then by night, and through negligence.

Otherwise the particle by would be made to fignify time applied to one word, and cause applied to the other. We should read therefore, Is spred, by which these faults are avoided. But what is of most weight, the fimilitude, thus emended, agrees best with the fact it is applied to. Had this notice been given to Brahensis before his daughter ran away and mary The fo's and R. read chances for ried, it might then indeed have been well enough compared to the alarm given of a fire just foied, as foon as it was begun. But being given after the parties were bedded, it was more fitly compared to a fire spread by night and negligence. W.

To which Mr. Edwards answers,

The plain meaning is, not-the fire was spied by negligence; but the fire, which came by night and negligence, was spied.-And this double meaning

Red. What, ho! Brabantie! Signior Brabantie! ho. Iago, Awake! what, ho! Brabantie! thieves, thieves, thieves !

Look to your house, your daughter, and your bags, Thieves! thieves!

SCENE IL

Brabantio appears above at a window.

Bra, What is the reason of this terrible summons? What is the matter there?

Red. Signior, is all your family within ?

Iage. Are d your doors lock'd?

Bra. Why? Wherefore ask you this?

lage. 'Zounds, fir, you are robb'd; for shame, put on your gown;

Your heart is burst, you have lost half your soul: * Even now, very now, an old black rain

pears with all other writers; especially bo! thieves, thiswes! followed by the where the word is so familiar a one, se reft, except C. in this question. Ovid feems even to have thought it a beauty inflead of a reft, all for year. defect. Edwards's Canons of Criticism, . . . First q. doore bekts. p. 106.

I would further add, that by reading rest omit 'Zounds. fred the faults (as they are called) arising . g. So the qu's, 3d and 4th fo's, and R; from the souple application of the par- . P. reads, Ev'n now, su'n very now, &c. ticle by are not avoided a for the time is followed by the after-editors. But the applied to by is, speed by night; and the verse was complete without the repetispecific by in, by negligence. We may tion of ev'n; observe that the latter part of W.'t note Bren | now ve- | ry now | an old | black in not entwered in the Canons,

phipper but twice; P. to supply the deli- men, men, very men, &c.

to the same word, is common to Shake- ciency of a syllable in the verse, reads,

d So the ad q. fo's, R. and C; the

f So the aft q. P. T. H. and W; the

e So the qu's; the fo's and R. have The 1st and ad fo's, and G. read, Ever

OTHELLO.

Is tupping your white eye. Arise, arise, Awake the inorting citizens with the bell, Or else the devil will make a grandfire of you. Arise, I h say,

Bra. What have you lost your wits?

Red. Most reverend Signior, do you know my voice?

Bra. Not I. What are you?

Rod. My name is Roderigo.

Bra. The i worse welcome.

I have charg'd thee not to haunt about my doors. In honest plainness thou hast heard me say, My daughter is not for thee; and now in madness Being full of supper and distemp'ring draughts, Upon malicious 1 bravery dost thou come Tó start my quiet.

Rod. Sir, fir, fir-

Bra. But thou must needs be sure, My m spirit and my place have in n them power To make this bitter to thee.

Rod. Patience, good fir.

Bra. What tell'st thou me of robbing? This is Venice, My house is not a grange.

Red. Most grave Brabantio, In simple and pure foul I come to you.

lago. 2 Zounds, fir, you are one of those that will not ferve God, if the devil bid you. Because we come to do

h The 2d q. fad for fay.

m The fo's and R. read foirits.

i The fo's, R. and J. read worfer. " So the qu's; all the reft, their for k So all before P; he and the reft, them.

except C. read, My daughter's not, &c. o So the rit q. T. W. and C; the rot . I The fo's and R. read knevery for omit Zounds. bravery.

ACT I. SCENE-II.

you fervice, ? you think we are ruffians. You'll have your daughter cover'd with a Barbary horse; you'll have your nephews neigh to you; you'll have coursers for cousins, and gennets for germans.

Bra. What profane wretch art thou?

lage. I am one, fir, that q comes to tell you, your daughter and the Moor are r now making the beast with two backs.

Bra. Thou art a villain.

Iago. You are a fenator.

Bra. This thou shalt answer. I know thee, Roderigo.

Rod. Sir, I will answer any thing. But I beseech you,

, If 't be your pleasure and most wife consent,

(As partly I find it is) that your fair daughter,

At this edd even and dull watch o'th' night,

Transported with no worse " nor better guard,

But with a knave of v common bire, a Gondelier,

To the gross clasps of a lascivious Moor:

If this be known to you, and x your allowance,

We then have done you bold and faucy wrongs.

But if you know not this, my manners tell me,

We have your wrong rebuke. Do not believe,

1 The qu's, come.

The fo's and R. omit sow.

* The lines in Italic are not in the zft q.

Before A, C. inserts Be as an auxiliary verb to transported; and this, I C, omit common. fuppole, to make grammar of this lenbence; but it was grammar Scfore, if

F The fo's and R. infert and before we take mansported as a neuter or reciprocal verb, and then the fenfe will be, that your fair daughter transported berfelf, &c.

" The 3d and 4th fo's, and R. or for

w P. and all the editors after, except

After and the ad q. inferts to.

Tbat

That from the fense of all civility I thus would play and trifle with your reverence, Your daughter, if you have not given her have, I say again, buth made a gross revolt; Tying ber duty, beauty, wit, and fortunes 7 In an entravagant and wheeling stranger, Of here and every where. Straight fatisfy yourfelf. If she be in your chamber, or your house, Let loofe on me the justice of the state, For this deluding you,

Bra. Strike on the tinder, ho! Give me a taper. Call up all my people, This accident is not unlike my dream, Belief of it oppresses me already.

Light! I say, light!

Exit from about,

Idgo. Farewel; for I must leave you, It feems not meet, nor wholesome to my * place, To be b produc'd (as, if I stay, I shall). Against the Moor. For I do know, the state, · However this may gall him with some check, Cannot with fafety cast him. For he's embark'd With fuch loud reason to the d Coprus c wars, Which even now fland in act, that, for their fouls, Another of his fathom they have a not

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7 So all before P. who reads To for
In; followed by the rest, except C, who
reads On.
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- " The 1st q. reads, For this delusion.
- " The 1st q. pate for place.
- I The fo's read producted for produc'd. read none for not.
- c The 1st q. Now ever this, &cc,
- d The qu'e, Cipres.
- c C. war.
- f All before P. read figuds; fo C.
- g So the 1st q, and C; all the rest

To least their business. In which regard,
Though I do hate him as I do ' hell's pains,
Yet, for necessity of present life,
I must shew out a slag and sign of love,
Which is indeed but sign. That you ' shall ' sirely find
him,

Lead to the * Sagittary the raised search;
And there will I be with him. So, sarewel.

Exit.

SCENE III.

Enter Brabantio in his night-gown, and servants with torches.

Bes. It is too true an evil. Gone she is;
And what's to come of my a despised time,
Is nought but bitterness. Now, Rederige,
Where didst thou see her?—Oh unhappy girl?—
With the Moor, say'st thou?—Who would be a father?—How didst thou know 'twas she?—Oh, a thou deceiv'st me Past thought.—What said she to you?—Get more tapers,
Raise all my kindred.—Are they married, think you?

Red. Truly. I think they are.

- h C. reads on after bufiness, to make up the measure; but bufiness is a word of three syllables, and might be promounced as such formerly.
- 1 For Hell's pains, the 1st f. reads Hell apines; the others fo's, Hell only.
- k So all before P. who reads may for fall; followed by the reft, except C.
 - 1 H. omits furely.

- The ift q. Segittar s. followed by
- " W. reads despited, L. e. vexatious.
 See Heath in loc.
- o T.'s duodesimo, H. W. and J. read faid's.
- P So the 1st q. and J; the rest, for deceives me, &c.



OTHELLO.

Bra. O heaven! how got she out? O treason of the blood !

Fathers, from hence trust not your daughters' minds By what you fee them act. Are there not charms, By which the property of youth and maidhood May be abus'd? Have you not read, Roderigo, Of some such " thing?

Rod. * Yes, fir, I have, indeed,

Bra. Call up my brother. - Oh, would you had had her!

-Some one way, some another -Do you know Where we may apprehend her and the Moor? Rod. I think I can discover him, if you please

To get good guard, and go along with me.

Bra. 2 Pray. you, lead on. At ev'ry house Pil calls I may command at most. Get weapons, ho! And raise some special officers of * might. On, good Roderigo, I'll deserve your pains.

Esercat.

- 9 So all before R. who reads gat; followed by the rest, except C.
- " So the qu's, Ift f. and C; the reft, my for the.
 - 5 The qu's and 1st f. is for are.
 - * The qu's read manbood.
 - " The 2d q. redds things.
- w The 1st q. reads, I been, for, for, Yes, fir, I bave, indeed.
- * The 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. read brothers.
 - y The 1st q. that for weeld,
- " The 1st q. reads, Prey lead me es,
- " The ift q. sight for might.

ACT L SCENE IV.

44

SCENE IV.

* Changes to another street before the Sagittary:

Enter Othello, Iago, and attendants with torches.

Iago. Though in the trade of war I have slain men,
Yet do I hold it very a stuff o' th' conscience
To do no contriv'd murder. I a lack iniquity
Sometimes to do me service.—Nine or ten times
I shad thought to have h jerk'd him here under the i ribso
Oth. h'Tis better as it is.
Iago. Nay, but he prated,

And spake such scurvy and provoking terms
Against your honour;
That with the little godliness I have,
I did full hard forbear him. But I pray 1, sir,
Are you fast married? ** for, ** be sure of this,

That the Magnifico is much belov'd, And hath in his effect a voice potential

b In the fo's and R, this is called Sc. II.

No description of the scene in either qu's or fo's. R. and P. The fires only. The description above is T.'s.

d The 1st q. flufe of conscience.

The 2d and 3d fo's read lake for you.

f The fo's and R. fometime.

Ì,

E P. omits bad; fo all after him, ex- this, &c.

cept C.

h The fo's and R. yerl'd for jerl'd.

i The 4th f. and R. read Rib.

k So all before P. who reads It's for 'Tis; followed by the reft, except C.

1 After pray the fo's and R. insert

m The fo's, R. and C. omit for.

n The fo's and R. read, Be affur'd of

: '

OTHELLO

As double as the * Duke's: he will divorce you,
Or put upon you what reftraint * and q grievance
* The law, with all his might t' enforce it on,
* Will give him cable.

Oth. Let him do his spight?

My 'services, which I have done the Signory,

Shall out-tongue his complaints. 'Tis yet to know,

("Which, when I know that boasting is an honour,

I shall "promulgate) I fetch my life and being

From men of royal "height, and my demerits

May speak, " and bonneted, to as proud a fortune

As this that I have reach'd. For know, lage,

But that I love the gentle Desdemma,

I would not my unhoused free condition

Put into circumscription and consine,

For the sea's worth. But look, what "lights come "yonder?"

SCENE V

Enter Caffio, with officers and torches.

Iago. b These are the raised father, and his friends: You were best to go in.

Oth. Not I: I must be found.

- Second q. Duke for Duke's.
- P So the qu's; the reft, or for sed.
- 4 The 2d q. reads greenesces.
- * The 1st q. reads That for The.
- The qu's, Week for Will.
- The 2d q. serwice.
- The 1st q. omits, Which whee I know.
 - W The zft q. reads provulgate,
- " So the aft q ; the ad, bight; the relt, fage.
- 7 So T. J. and G; P.'s duodecimo and W. unformating, i. e. without pulling off the bounct; H. reads e'm bornetel; the refl, andersetal.
 - 2 J. reads light comes, &c.
 - * The fo's, R. and C. read gund.
- b So the qu's 5 the seed, This for These.

ACT I. SCENE V.

My e parts, my title and my perfect foul Shall manifest e me rightly. Is it they?

Iago. By Janus, I think, no.

Oth. The servants of the Duke, and my lieutenant.— The goodness of the night upon f you, friends! What is the news?

Cass. The Duke does greet you, General; And he requires your haste, post haste, appearance, Even on the instant.

Oth. 8 What's the matter, think you?

Cass. Something from Cyprus, as I may divine; It is a business of some heat. The gallies Have sent a dozen h sequent messengers

This very night, at one another's heels:

And many of the 1 confuls, rais'd and met,

Are at the Duke's already. You have been hotly call'd for, When, being not at your lodging to be found,

The Senate k hath fent l about three several quests, To search you out.

Oth. 'Tis well I am found by you.

I will but spend a word here in the house,

And go with you.

[a Enit Othello.

Cass. Ancient, what makes he here?

c H. reads part.

For me rightly; the 2d q. teads, my right by.

e The fo's read Dukes.

f The 1st q. your.

So the qu's; the reft, What is.

The 1st q. reads frequent for fe-

i T. reads counfellers; H. counfel;

J. council.

k So the fo's, R. J. and C; the rest omit bath.

1 So the fo's, R. and C; J. reads one for about; the rest, above.

m The 1st q. reads, He fpend a word, &c. The 3d and 4th fo's, I will frend but a word, &c.

A No direction till R.

C

15

Iage. 'Faith, he to-night hath boarded a ' land-carmek ? If it prove lawful prize, he's made for ever.

Caff. I do not understand,

lage. He's married.

Caff. To P whom?

Isgo. Marry, to - Come, captain, will you go? Enter Othello.

Osb. 4 Have, with you.

Caff. Here comes another troop to feek for you.

C ENE VI.

Enter Brabantio, Roderigo, and others with lights and weapons.

lage. It is Brabantio: General, he advis'd; He comes to bad intent.

Oth. Holla! fand there.

Red. Signior, it is the Moor.

Bra. Down with him, thief!

lage. You, Rederige? Come, fir, I am for you -.

Oth. Keep up your bright swords, for the dew will rust 'em. Good Signior, you shall more command with years, Than with your weapons.

· The 1st q. reads carrick; the 2d, carried; the 1st f. carred; the other Brahantio, Roderigo, with officers and fo's, R. and P. carrac.

A coract is a huge thip of burthen, used by the Spaniards and Portuguese. [They draw on both sides. But the fore-Ital. Caracca. H.

- First q. 1st f. and C. who for
- 9 The 1st q. reads, Ha, with who? necessary. The ad, He' with you,
- " So the qu's and C: the reft, Enter
- * Here R. and all after but C. direct going direction for the entrance with weapons (which we are to suppose already drawn) makes this direction pa-

Bra. O thou foul thief! where hast thou stowd my daughter?

Damn'd as thou art, thou hast enchanted her : For I'll refer me to all things of sense, " If she in chains of magick were not bound, Whether a maid so tender, fair, and happy, So opposite to marriage that she shunn'd The " wealthy, " curled " darlings of our nation, Would ever have, to incur a general mock, Run from her guardage to the footy bosom Of fuch a thing as thou; to fear, not to delight? " Judge me the world, if 'tis " not gross in sense, That then haft practis'd on her with foul charms, Abus'd her delicate youth with drugs or minerals That b weaken c notion. I'll have 's disputed on ; 'Tis a portable, and palpable to thinking. I therefore apprehend and do attach thee For an abuser of the world, a practices Of arts inhibited and out of warrant. Lay hold upon him; if he do refift, Subdue him at his peril.

- The ift q. thing.
- " The 1st q. omits this line.
- W H. reads, weakbleft.
- * T.'s duodecimo and W. read culled H. waken.

 For curled; this is W.'s emendation. C This

 H. reads cull'd. lowed by P
- y The three ift fo's, dearling; 4th, the rest tead motion.

 darling for dearlings.

 d So the 26 q;
- The lines in italic are omitted in 'portable.

 the 1st q. P. calls them five lines, and
 J. scores them accordingly; but they Ge.

are fix.

- * The ad q. reads so for not.
- b The 2d q. and fo's, weakens!
- c This is an emendation of T. followed by P.'s duodecimo, W. J. and C; the rest read majors.
 - d So the 26 q; the rest, probable for stable.
- The 1st q. reads, Such an abufr,

HELLO,

Enter Sailor,

Offi. A messenger from the b Gallies, Duke, 'Now - what's the business?

Sail, The Turkish preparation makes for Rhedes,

So was I bid, report here to the state,

d By Signior Angelo.

Duke. How say you by this change?

I Sen. This cannot be,

By no affay of reason. Tis a pageant,

To keep us in false gaze! when we consider

'Th' importancy of Cyprus to the Turk,

And let ourselves again but understand,

That as it more concerns the Turk than Rhodes,

So may he with more • facile question bear it;

For that it flands not in fuch warlike brace,

But altogether lacks th' abilities

That Rhodes is dreft in. If we make thought of this,

We must not think the Turk is so unskilful,

To loave that latest which concerns him sirst;

Neglecting an attempt of ease and gain,

To wake and wage a danger profitless.

Duke. 1 Nay, in 2 all confidence he's not for Rhodes, Offi, Here is more news,

C.

b First q. Galleg.

F The qu's and C. read, Now, the bu-

fincsfe? d So the 2d q. the fo's, R. and C;

the rest omit this hemistich.

P. reads fertile for facile,

f The lines in Italic are not in the

E The 2d q. Who for But.

h S. gives nought for thought, as the reading of q. 1630.

[!] The sit q. And for Noy.



ACT I. SCENE VII.

21:

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. The Ottomites, Reverend and Gracious, Steering with due course toward the isle of Rhodes, Have there 1 injointed = them with an after-fleet—

I Sen. Ay, so I thought; how many, as you gues?

Mess. Of thirty sail; and now they do o restem

Their backward course, bearing with frank appearance

Their purposes o toward Cyprus. Signior Montane,

Your trusty and most valiant Servitor,

With o his free duty recommends you thus,

And prays you to o believe him.

Duke. 'Tis certain then for Cyprus.

Marcus * Luccices, ' is not he in town?

- I Sen. He's now in Florence.
- Duke. "Write from us to him, " post, post-haste, dispatch.
- 1 Sen. Here comes Brabantie, and the " valiant Moor.
- k R. omits all.
- 1 So all before R. who reads injoin'd; follow'd by all but J. and C.
 - m The Ist q. omits them.
 - " This speech not in 1st q.
 - . Firft q. refterine; 28, refterne.
 - P Qu's, towards.
 - 9 C. Thu for bis.
- F. J. tells us that Mr. Thomas Clark of Lincoln's Inn reads relieve for believe,
 - 5 C. reads Lucchefe.

- t So the 2d q. and 12 and 2d fo's, and C; the 12t q. reads, is not bere in forms; the 3d and 4th fo's, R. P. and H. is be not in town? T. W. and J. is be not bere in town.
- " The rft q. and G. Write from up . wife bim poft, &c.
 - w P. and H. omit poft.
- * The three last fo's and R. omit values,

S C E N E VIII.

To them, Enter Brabantio, Othello, Caffio, Iago, Roderigo, and officers.

Duke. Valiant Othello, we must straight employ you, Against the general enemy Ottoman.

I did not see you; welcome, gentle Signior, [To Brabant.] We 'lack'd your counsel, and your help to-night.

Bra. So did I yours. Good your Grace, pardon me;
Neither my place, a nor aught I heard of business,
Hath rais'd me from my bed; nor doth the general care
Take hold on me, for my particular grief
Is of so slood-gate and o'er-bearing nature,
That it ingluts and swallows other forrows,
And eyet is still itself.

Duke. Why, what's the matter?

Bra. My daughter! oh, my daughter!

Sen. Dead? -

Bra. f Ay, to me;

She is abus'd, stoln from me, and corrupted

- Firft q. lacke.
- z The 1st f. had blunder'd mer into
- bor, which the other fo's alter to for.
- * So all before P. who omits care; followed by all but J. and C.
 - b Before bold the 1st q. inferts any.
- c Qu's, of for on.
- d The Ift q. griefes.
- e All before R. read it for yet; to does C.
- f So all before P. who omits, Ay, followed by the rest, except C.

By spells and medicines, bought of mountebanks; For nature so preposterously to err,

Being 1 not deficient, blind, k or lame of fense,

1 Sans witchcraft could m not -

Duke. Who-e'er he be that in this foul proceeding Hath thus beguil'd your daughter of herself, And you of her, the bloody book of law You shall yourself read in the bitter letter, After your own fense; yea, though our proper son Stood in your action.

Bra. Humbly I thank your Grace. Here is the man, this Moor, whom now it seems, Your special mandate for the state-affairs Hath hither brought.

All. We are very forry for 't. Duke, What in your own part can you say to this? To Othello.

flance as unbecoming (both for its o veramente alcuni altri maleficii, che weakness and superfittion) the gravity alone beme o femina se bevefor in odio, of the accuser, and dignity of the tri- fia frustra et bollade, et che bara consebunal: But his criticism only exposes his gliado patisca simile pena. And thereown ignorance. The circumflance was fore in the preceding scene, Brabantie not only exactly in character, but urg- calls them, Arts inhibited and out of ed with the greatest address, as the warrant. W. thing chiefly to be infifted on. For, by the Vennian law, the giving lovepotions was very criminal, as Shakefpeare well understood. Thus the law, De i maleficii et berbarie, cap. 17. of the Code, intitled, Della promission del maleficto. Statuimo etiandio, che-fe alcun bomo, o femina barra fatto maleficii, i quali

E Rymer has ridiculed this circum- fe diamendane vulgarmente amatorie, e

- h This line is omitted in If q.
- 1 The 2d q. omits not.
- k J. reads nor for er.
- 1 First q. Saunce.
- m C, adds be after not.
- " The qu's, After its own fenfe, &c.
- . The 1st q. and P. omit yes.
- P This direction first put in by T.

Bra. Nothing, but this is fo. Oth. Most potent, grave, and reverend fignious, My very noble and approved good mafters: That I have ta'en away this old man's daughter, It is most true; true, I have married her; The very head and front of my offending Hath this extent; no more. Rude q am I in say speech, And little bleft with the ' fet phrase of peace; For fince these arms of mine had seven years pith, Till now, fome nine moons wasted, they have us'd Their dearest action in the tented field; And little of this great world can I speak, More than pertains to * feats of t broils and battle; And therefore little shall I grace my cause, In speaking " for myself. Yet by your " gracious petience. I * will a round I navarnish'd tale deliver Of my whole course of love; what drugs, what charms, What conjuration, and what mighty magic, (For fuch z proceeding am I charg'd withal) I won his daughter b with.

Bra. A maiden, never bold; Of spirit so still and quiet, that her motion Blush'd at 'itself; and she, in spight of nature, Of years, of country, credit, every thing,

- 9 The 2d q. I am for am I.
- r So the qu's and W; the rest, fafe for fet.
 - . Firft q. feate,

.:

- First q. and C. broils
- Second q. of for for.
- w So all before P. who emits gra-
- " Second q. would for will.
- y Second q. naravifb'd.
- The qu's read preceedings,
- 2 So the qu's; the reft, I
- b The qu's and 1ft f. emit with,
- c This is P.'s emendation; all be-
- fore read berfelf for itself.

ACT I. SCENE VIII,

To fall in love with what she fear'd to look on—
It is a judgment main'd, and most impersest.

That will confess, 'a affection so 's would ear
Against all rules of nature; and must be driven.

To find out practices of cunning hell,

Why this should be. I therefore vouch again,

That with some mintures, powerful e'er the blood,

Or with some dram, conjur'd to this effect,

He wrought upon her,

f Duke. To vouch this is no proof,
Without more s certain and more h overt test,
i Than these thin habits and poor likelyhoods
Of modern Seeming do prefer against him.

I Sen. * But, Othello, speak;
Did you by indirect and forced courses
Subdue and poison this young maid's affections?
Or came it by request, and such fair question
As soul to soul affordeth?

Oth. I do befeech you, Send for the lady to the a Sagittary, And let her speak of me before her father; If you do find me foul in her report,

over for overt.

d The 1st f. makes this speech of the duke a continuation of Brahentin's.

This is T.'s emendation, followed by H; the reft rend perfolling for effection.

f So the qu'e; the rest could for

g The fo's and R. wider for certain.

h The ad q, the for and R. read,

i The qu's read,

These are thin babies, and poore likelybooks,

Of moderns formings [24 q. farming] you preferrs against bim.

k H. omits But.

So all before P. who emits do; followed by the reft, except C.

m Firft q. and C. Segittar.

OTHELLO.

^a The truft, the office, I do hold of you, Not only take away, but let your sentence Even fall upon my life.

Duke. Fetch Defamona hither. [Exeunt two or three. Oth. Ancient, conduct them, you best know the place. [Exit Iago.

And of till fine come, as of truly as to heaven I do confess the vices of my blood, So justly to your grave ears I'll present, How I did thrive in this fair lady's love, And she in mine.

Duke. Say it, Othello.

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Oth. Her father lov'd me, oft invited me,
Still question'd me the 's story of my life,
From year to year the 's battles, sieges, 's fortunes,
That I have past.

I ran it through, even " from my boyish days,
To th' very moment that he bad me tell it:
Wherein I " spoke of most disastrous chances,
Of moving accidents by flood and field;
Of p hair-breadth scapes i' th' imminent deadly breach;
Of being taken by the insolent foe,
And sold to slavery; of my redemption thence,

- . " This line is omitted in the 1st q,
 - · First f. rell.
 - P Fiest q. faithful for truly.
 - 9 This line is omitted in the 1st q.
 - r Second q. floryes.
- . . First f. battgile.

- t The fo's, fortune.
- u Second q. to for from.
- w The qu's and C. Spake.
- x First q. accident of flood, &c.
- y Firft q. beire-breadth.
- First q. and for of,

- * And b portance in my c travel's history:
- d Wherein of d antres vast, and desarts e idle,

Rough quarries, rocks, f and hills, whose s heads touch.

heaven,

It was my h hint to speak; I such was k the precess;
And of the Canibals that each tother eat,
The Mathropophagi; and men whose heads
Do grow beneath their shoulders. These to hear
Would Desdemona seriously incline;
But still the house-affairs would draw her thence,
Which ever as she could with haste dispatch,
She'd come again, and with a greedy ear
Devour up my discourse: which I observing,
Took once a pliant hour, and sound good means
To draw from her a prayer of earnest heart,
That I would all my pilgrimage dilate;

- 2 So the fo's, R. T. J. and C; the 2d q. pertence; the rest, And with it all my travel's, &cc.
- b Rymer has changed persance to pertents. P.
 - C The fo's, traveller's.
 - J. propoles to read,
- And portance in't; (i. e. in slavery) my travel's biflory, &c.
- d First q. antrees, so P; the 2d qu's, fo's, and R. antars.
- The three last fo's, P. and H. read wild for idle. P. gives us wild, as an emendation of his own; which the succeeding editors have regarded as such.
 - f The Ift f. omits and.
 - g The 1ft f. and R. bead.

- h First q. and W. bent for bint.
- i P. and H. omit what is in italic.
- k The fo's and R. read my for the.
- First and 2d fo's, others.
- m The qu's, Anthropophagie; 12 f. Anthropophague.
- n Of these men there is an account in the interpolated travels of Mandevila, a book of that time. J.
- So the qu's, T. W. J. and C; the fo's, Grew for De grew; R. Did grow.
- P So the 2d q. and R; the 2d q; This to bear, &cc. The fo's and G. Thefo things to bear, &cc. P. and the reft, All . thefo to hear, &cc.
 - 9 The fo's and R. bence.
 - First q. And for mbich.

Whereof

A OTRELLO.

Whereof by parcels the had formething heard, But not intentively. I did confent, And often did beguile her of her tears, When I did speak of some a distressful stroke That my youth fuffer'd. My story being done, She gave me for my pains a world of a fight: She fwore, " in faith twee strange, twee passing strange, "Twas pitiful, 'twas wondrous pitiful-She wish'd she had not heard it payet she wish'd That heaven had made her fuch a man : - She thank'd me, And bad me, if I had a friend that loved her, I should but teach him how to self my story, And that would woo her. y Upon this " hint I spake, She lov'd merfor the dangers I " had path, And I lov'd her, that the did pity them: This only is the witchcraft I have us'd, Here comes the lady, let her witness it.

SCENE IX.

Enter Desdemona, Iago, and Attendants.

Duke I think this tale would win my daughter too.
Good Brabantie,
Take up this mangled matter at the best.

- The 1st q. parcell.
- So the qu's and J; the tst s. insidesively; the rest, diffinitively.
 - " The ift q. diftreffed.
- w The fo's and R. read kiffer for fight.
- " The qu's, I faitb.
- y So all before P. who reads On for Upon; followed by the rest, except C.
 - The qu's, beate for bint.
- The three last fo's and R. bave for had,



AOT-L SCENE IX.

Men do their broken weapons rather use, Than their bare hands.

Bra. I pray you, hear her speak;

If she confess that she was half the wooer,

Destruction on my head, if my had blame

Light on the man! Come hither, gentle mistress,

Do you perceive in all this noble company,

Where a most you owe obedience?

Def. d My noble father,

I do perceive here a divided duty;

To you I'am bound for life and education,

My life and education both do learn me

How to respect you. To you are the lord of duty;

I am hitherto your daughter. But here's my husband;

And so much duty as my mother shew'd

To you, preserring you before her sather;

So much I challenge, that I may peofess

Due to the Moor my Lord.

Bra. 5 God b'w'ye, I ha' done. Please it your Grace, on to the state-assairs; I had rather to adopt a child, than get it. Come hither, Moor:

I here do give thee that with all my heart,

Which, but thou hast already, with all my heart
I would keep from thee.

For your sake, jewel,

:.3

The qu's, Deficution light on me, duty.

c So all before P. who reads you most for most you; followed by T. H. and J. W. reads you must, &c.

d P. and H. omit My.

The 1ft q. Tou are lord of all my

The 2d q. So much muft I, &c.

⁸ The qu's read, God bu'y, I ba done; all the rest, God be with you: I have done.

h This line is omitted in the Ift q,

i C. reads, And for your, &cc.

I am glad at foul I have no other child; For thy escape would teach me tyramy,

To hang clogs on them. I have done, k my Lord.

Duke. Let me speak like yourself; and lay a sentence , Which, as a grise, or step, may help these lovers? Into your favour—

When remedies are past, the griefs are ended
By seeing the worst, which late on hopes depended.
To mourn a mischief that is past and gone,
Is the next way to draw new mischief on.
What cannot be preserved when fortune takes,
Patience her injury a mockery makes.
The robbed, that smiles, steals something from the thief;
He robs himself that spends a bootless grief.

Bra. So, let the Turk of Crprus us beguile, We lose it not, so long as we can smile; He bears the sentence well, that nothing we bears But the x free comfort which from thence he hears;

A S. omits my.

I H. reads, Let me now speak more miles yourself; &cc. W. Let me speak like nourself; &cc. W. Let me speak like nourself; i. e. Let me mediate between like so you as becomes a prince and common father of his people. Heath explains the old reading thus; Let me add my own judgment in confirmation of what you yourself have just said. For, in effect, what Brobantie had just said,

&cc.
implying an acquiescence in what was
done, merely because it was done, and
could not be undone, is the very purport

of the duke's speech. Heath in loc.

- m After fentence H. adds in.
- n The three last fo's, R. and H. reed like for as.
 - · Qu's, greefe.
 - P After lovers H. adds bere.
- 9 The fo's and R. omit Into year for
- r The two last fo's omit the.
- * The qu's, more for new.
- 1 Second q. mecker.
- e Second q. a for the.
- W For bears But, H. reads, cares,
 - × A. falfe comfortio

ACT L SCENE IX.

But he ' bears both the sentence, and the sorrow, That, to pay grief, must of poor patience borrow. These sentences to sugar, or to gall, Being strong on both sides, are equivocal. But words are words; I never yet did hear, That the bruis'd heart was z pierced through the zear. • Beseech you, now to the affairs o' th' state.

Duke. The Turk with c a d, most mighty preparation makes for Cyprus. Othello, the fortitude of the place is best known to you; and though we have there a substitute of most allowed sufficiency; yet opinion, f a sovereign mistress of effects, throws a more safer voice on you; you must therefore be content to flubber the h gloss of your new fortunes, with this i more stubborn and boisterous expe-· dition.

Oth. The tyrant custom, most k grave senators, Hath made the flinty and steel 1 couch of war My thrice-driven bed of down. I do agnize

y The two last fo's, R. and P. read flate; but here the two last fo's omit bear for bear ; H. beap.

- 2 T. and all after read pieced (i. e. cured) because pierced (it seems) figuifies weended. True, so it does sometimes; but it is also used in a good fense, as here, for touching, affecting, comforting, so with mulick, the bruifed heart-se the ear-piercing fife,"-Piec'd for fafer. is a wretched emendation; who ever talked of piccing a bruise?
 - * First f. cares.
- b The fo's, R. P. and C. resd, I bunkly kefech you presend to th' affairs of

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- The qu's omit de
- d J. omits moft.
- e Second q. bere.
- f So the qu's, T. W. J. and C; the rest, a more fovereign, &c.
 - g So the qu's and 1st f; the rest, fafe
- h The three last fo's and R. read gross for gloss.
 - i R.'s duodecimo, meft for more.
 - k The 1st q. great for rave.
- 1 The qu's, coch; the fo's and R. mecb.

Lenensen A

A natural and prompt a alacrity
I find in hardness; and do undertake
This present war against the Ottomites.
Most humbly therefore bending to your State,
I crave fit disposition for my wise,
Due presence of place, and exhibition,
With such accommodation and befort
As levels with her breeding.

Duke. 9 If you please, be 't at her father's. Bra. I'll not have it so.

Oth. Nor I.

Def. 'Nor I; I would not there refide,
To put my father in impatient thoughts
By being in his eye. Most gracious Duke,
To my unfolding lend a regracious ear,
And let me find a reharter in your voice
T' affift my simpleness.

Duke. * What would you, Defdemona?
 Def. That I ' did love the Moor to live with him,
 My down-right violence and * ftorm of fortunes
 May trumpet to the world. My heart's fubdu'd

m First f. Alacartie,

n The 1st q. would for do.

O The 1st q. and 1st f. read evers for ever.

P The 1st q. two last fo's, R. P. and

H. read reverence; J. propoles prefs-rence.

⁹ So the qu's and C; the rest, Wby, speak.
at ber father's.

r So the qu's and C; the rest, Nor wild I there reside, &c.

s So the qu's and C; the reft, your my fortunes, &c. for a.

t The fo's, R. and J. read prosperous for gracious.

u The three last fo's and R. read character.

[₩] First q. And if my simpleness-

[×] The 1st q. What would you?-

y The fo's omit did.

The 1st q. read scorne for storm. W. reads, My documing to violence to surms, my fortunes, &c.

Even to the very quality of my lord; I saw Othello's visage in his mind,

And to his honour and his valiant parts

Did I my soul and fortunes consecrate.

So that, b dear lords, if I be left behind

A moth of peace, and he go to the war,

The c rites, for b which I love him, are bereft me:

And I a heavy interim shall support,

By his dear absence. Let me go with him.

Oth. 'Your voices, Lords: beseech you, let her will Have a free way.

South with me, heaven, I therefore beg it not,
To please the palate of my appetite;
Nor to comply with heat (h the young i affects
In h me i defunct) and proper satisfaction.
But to be free and bounteous m to her mind.
And heaven defend your good souls, that you think,
I will your serious and m great business scant,
For she is with me. No, when light-wing'd toys

- For the is with me. No, when light-wing a to
- * The 1st q. Even to the utmost pleafure of, &cc.
 - b Second q. my dear lords, &c.
 - c W. rights for rites.
 - d The fo's and R. wby for wbich.
- For Your woices, lards, the fo's read, Let ber bave your woice.
- f The fo's omit, befeech you, let ber will have a free way.
- g So the 2d q, the fo's and R; the zeft omit, Vouch with me, beaven.
 - h H. reads, affects the young.
 - i Affe Is for offettions, here taken ab- fo's and C. feele; R. feel.

- folutely; the young affections being in me defunct.
- k This is Upren's emendation: all the editions but C. read my for me.
- 1 T. and H. read differs for defund. No edition but C. uses the parenthesis here.
 - m The 1st q. of for to.
 - n The qu's, good for great.
 - .º The fo's, R. and P. When for For.
 - P The qu's, And for Of.
 - 4 For feil the qu's read foyles; the

My speculative and r active s instruments, That my disports corrupt and taint my business, Let housewives make a skillet of my helm, And all indign and base adversities Make head against my sestimation.

Duke. Be it as you shall privately determine,

Either for wher stay or going; with affair cries haste;
And speed must answer. Wou must hence to-night.

Def. * To-night, my Lord?

Duke. b This night.

Oth. With all my heart.

Duke. At a nine i'th' morning here we'll meet again. Othello, leave some officer behind,
And he shall our commission bring to you,
And such things else of quality and respect
As doth import you.

Oth. Please your Grace, my ancient;
A man he is of honesty and trust,
To his conveyance I affign my wise,
With what else needful your good Grace shall think
To be sent after me.

- r So the qu's and J; the reft, offic'd a fenator.
- . The fo's, R. and C. inftrument.
- The qu'e, reputation for estimation.
- Be So all before P. who alters Either to Or; followed by all after except C.
 - * The 1ft q. omits ber.
 - I The 1st q. the offairs cry bafte.
- y After answer, the fo's, R. and J. read it.
- . The fo's and R. read, You must emay te-night, and give these words to
- This speech is omitted in the fo's and R; P. and H. read, To-n-ght, my lord, to-night.
- b The fo's, R. P. and H. emit this speech of the duke.
 - e First q. ten for nine.
 - d The 1st q. or for and.
 - E The Ift q. concerne for import.
 - The fo's and R. read, So pleafe your
- Grace, &c.

 E The 2d q. omits good.

Duke.

Duke. Let it be fo.

Good night to every one. And, noble Signior, If virtue no h delighted beauty lack,

Your fon-in-law is far more fair than black.

Sen. Adieu, brave Moor. Use Desdemona well.

Bra. Look to her, Moor, have a quick eye to fee.

She has deceiv'd her father, * and may thee.

[Exit Duke, with Senators.

Oth. My life upon her faith. Honest lago,
My Desdemona must I leave to thee;
I pr'ythee let thy wife attend on her;
And bring I her after in m the best advantage.
Come, Desdemona, I have but an hour
Of love, of worldly matter, and direction,
To of pend with thee. We must obey the time. [Exeunt.

SCENE X.

Manent Roderigo and Iago.

Rod. Iago.

Iago. What fayest thou, noble heart?

Red. What will I do, think'ft thou?

lage. Why, go to bed, and fleep.

Rod. I will incontinently drown myself.

h H. and C. read delighting; W. belighted, i. e. white and fair; J. proposes delight or beauty, &c.

i So the 1st q. and J; all the rest, the. if thou hast eyes to fee.

k The ift q. may doe for and may.

1 The fo's, R. and C. read them fo her.

m The three last fo's and R. their for

a The qu's, matters.

o So the qu's, 1st f. and C; the reft,

fpeak for frend.

 \mathbf{D}_{3}

lago

Iago. Well, if thou doft, I shall never love thee after it. Why, thou filly gentleman!

Rod. It is filliness to live, when to live is a torment; and then have we a prescription to die, when death is our physician.

Iago, 'O villainous! I ha' look'd upon the world for four times feven years, and fince I could diftinguish between a benefit and an injury, I never found man that knew how to love himself. Ere I would say, I would drown myself for the love of a Guinea, hen, I would change my humanity with a baboon.

Red. What should I do? I confess it is my shame to be fo fond, but it is not in my virtue to amend it.

Iago. Virtue? a fig! 'tis in ourselves that we are thus or thus. Our bodies * are gardens, to the which our wills are gardeners. So that if we will plant nettles, or sow lettuce; set hyssop, and weed up thyme; supply it with one gender of herbs, or distract it with many; 'either have it steril with idleness, or manured with industry; why, the power and corrigible authority of this lies in our * wills. If the * balance of our lives had not one scale of reason to posse another of sensuality, the blood and baseness of our natures would conduct us to most preposterous conclusions.

P. The fo's, R. P. and H. omit Well.

⁴ All but the qu's omit it.

The fo's omit a.

⁵ The qu's, we have for bave we.

The 1st q. omits O willainous!

[&]quot; So the qu's; the reft, betwint.

The qu's read, a man, &c.

[&]quot; So the qu's; the rest, are our ger-

y The qu's and Ift f. either to have, &c.

² So all before R. who reads will for wills; followed by all after but C.

The fo's read brain for balance; T. and C. beam.

But we have reason, to cool our raging motions, our carnal stings, our unbitted lusts; whereof I take this, that you call love, to be a escale or scyen.

Red. It cannot be.

lago. It is merely a lust of the blood, and a permission of the will. Come, be a man. Drown thyself? drown cats and blind puppies. I have profest me thy friend, and I confess me knit to thy deserving with cables of perdurable toughness. I could never better stead thee than now. Put money in thy purse! follow thou hathese wars; defeat thy favour with an usurped beard. I say, put money in thy purse. It cannot be, that Designation should long continue her love to the Moor—Put money in thy purse—nor he has to her. It was a violent commencement on thou shalt see an answerable of sequestration.—I shall be money in the purse with money. The food, that to him now is as suscious as locusts, shall be to him shortly as bitter as coloquintida. We she must change for youth;

- b The three last fo's, or for our.
- The fo's, or for our,
- 4 H. reads flip for feet; J. fet.
- e Second q. of blood, and a primission, &c.
 - f The qu's, I professe me, &cc.
 - E The qu's and C. omit thou.
 - h The fo's, the for thefe.
 - i W. diffeat for defeat.
- that Desdemona should continue, &c.
 - I Second q. the for that.
 - The qu's, unte for to.
 - " The 1st q. omits bis.

- o So the qu's; the rest add in ber after commencement.
 - P J. proposes sequel for sequestration.
- 4 The two last fo's, R. P. and H. read but put for put but.
- " W. reads lockes for locusts; J. lobecks.
- * P. omits to bim; followed by the after-editors, except C.
 - t First q. acerbe for bitter.
 - u First q. inserts the after as.
- * The 1st q. T. W. and J. omit, She must change for youth.

D 4

when she is sated with his body, she will find the a error of her choice.— The must have change, she must. Therefore put money in thy purse.— If thou wilt needs damp thyself, do it a more delicate way than drowning. Make all the money thou canst. If sanctimony and a frail vow, betwixt an a erring Barbarian and a super-subtle Venetien, be not too hard for my wits and all the tribe of hell, thou shalt enjoy her; therefore make money. A pox of drowning b! 'tis clean out of the way, Seek thou rather to be hang'd in compassing thy joy, than to be drown'd and go without her.

Rod. Wilt thou be fast to my hopes, if I depend on the issue?

lage. Thou art fure of me,—Go, make money.—I have told thee often, and I deretell thee again and again, I hate the Moor. My cause is hearted; thine hath no less reason, Let us be conjunctive in our revenge against him. If thou canst cuckold him, thou dost thyself a pleasure, f and me a sport. There are many events in the womb of time, which will be delivered. Traverse, go. Provide thy money. We will have more of this to-morrow. Adieu.

Rod. Where shall we meet i' th' morning?

lage. At my lodging,

Red. I'll be with thee betimes,

[&]quot; So the qu's and C; the reft, er-

y The fo's, R. P. C. and H. omit.
She must been change, the must.

[&]quot; H. arrant; W. cerant,

[·] Qu'e, a for of.

b So the qu's; the reft, after dresses omit and, ing add thyfelf,

c The IR q. omits, if I depend on the iffue.

d The qu'e, sell for re-sell.

e The 1st q. reads communication for conjugation.

So the qu's, T. W. and J; the reft

age. Go to, farewel. Do you hear, Rederige?

Rod. b What fay you?

lage. 1 No more of drowning, 1 do you hear.

Red. 1 I am chang'd. " Pil " go fell all my land.

Iage. °Go to, farewel, put money enough in your purse.

[Enit Roderigo.

SCENE XI.

Manet Iago.

Iago. Thus do I ever make my fool my purse;
For I mine own gain'd knowledge should profane,
If I ? should time expend with such a ? snipe,
But for my sport and profit. I hate the Moor;
And it is thought abroad, that 'twixt my sheets
' He has done my office: I know not if 't be true;
' Yet I, for mere suspicion in that kind,
Will do, as if for surety. He holds me well;
The better shall my purpose work on him.
Casse's a proper man. Let me see now;
To get ' his place, and " to " plume up my will,

- \$ C. omits, Do yes beer, Rederige?

 h This speech is omitted in the so's,
 R. P. H. and C.
- i The fo's, R, P. and C. emit this
 - k H. omits, de you bear.
- The fo's, R. P. H. and C. cmit I m chang'd.
- m The 1st q. omits I'll go fell all my land.
- 2 The fo's, R. P. H. and C. emit go.

- o The 2d q. the fo's, R. P. H. and C. omit this speech.
- P So the 2d q. P. T. H. W. and J; the reft, would for fould.
- 9 The three last fo's, R. P. and H. read fewant for suipe.
 - The Ift f. fbe for be.
 - So the qu's; the reft, But for Tet.
- t The qu's, three last fo's, R. and P. read this for his.
 - " The two last fo's omit se.
 - w The 12 q. make for plume.
 - ▼ A double

A double knavery—How? how?—* Let me fee—After some time to abuse Othello's ' ear,
That he is too samiliar with his wise—
He hath a person, and a smooth dispose,
To be suspected; fram'd to make women salse.

The Moor is of a free and open nature,
That thinks men honest, that but a seem to be so;
And will as tenderly be led by th' nose
As asses are.

I hav't—it is ingender'd—Hell and i night Must bring this monstrous birth to the world's light.

The Moor a free and open nature too,

That thinks, &c.

<sup>The fo's, R. and C. In for A.
So the qu's; the reft, Let's fee.</sup>

y The fo's, R. P. and H. read eurs.

The rst q. reads,

a The qu's, feess.

b W. reads Spite for night.

Π,

E N

The capital City of Cyprus.

Enter Montano, Governor of Cyprus, and two Gentlemen.

TIHAT from the Cape can you discern at

1 Gent. Nothing at all, it is a high-wrought flood; I cannot 'twixt the ' heaven and the main Descry a sail.

Mont. Methinks the wind 4 hath spoke aloud at 6 land; A fuller blast ne'er shook our battlements; If it hath ruffian'd so upon the sea, What ribs of oak, f when the huge mountain melts,

Can

- beavens.

 - c The 2d q. band for land.
- mountain mes It; where, in composing mountains melt on them. But the sense the types, the letters it seem to have fal- seems to require either the reading of Jen out of the word melis, and were by the text, or that of P: If it hath ruf-

The 1st q. boves ; R. P. and H. the compositor hastily put again in the wrong place: and what confirms this d The qu'e, doth speake for bath spoke. Supposition, this word is the last in the page in that quarto. P. reads, when the f The 1st q. reads, when the buge buge mountains melt; the rest, when

Can hold the mortise? What shall we hear of this? 2 Gent. A segregation of the Turkish sleet; For do but fland upon the b foaming shore, 1 The chiding k billows feem to pelt the clouds; The wind-shak'd surge, with high and monstrous main, Seems to cast water on the burning bear, And quench the guards of 1 th' ever-fired pole. I never did like moleftation view m On the enchafed flood.

Mont. If that the Turkift fleet Be not inshelter'd and embay'd, they're drown'd; It is impossible " they bear it out.

hold the mortise? what thip, though his eye, The mountains melt at the preever fo firongly built, can endure at fan ? fines of the Lord; &c. But T. would have meantains here to fignify waves as big as mountains melting on the ships; and sneers P. for not taking his author's meaning, falfely ac- feems, &c. cuting him of an arbitrary change, when he had the q. 2622, for his authority, and varied inconfiderably therefrom. T. did not confider the impropriety of waves melting: clouds have been faid to

fina'd fo upon the fee, as here at land, welt indeed, but never waves that I rewhere the huge mountain melts away member. I don't doubt that Shakespears before the storm, what ribs of oak can had the following passage of scripture in

- h First q. banning for framing.
- i The fo's and R. childen.
- k The Ift q. fo's, R. and C. billow
- 1 The fo's, R. J. seed C. read, th' over-fined pole, &c.
 - m H. reads, On' th' enchaf' & flood.
- " So the 1st q. and C; the rest, re for th:y.

SCENE II.

Enter a third Gentleman.

3 Gent. News, " Lords, P our wars are done : The desperate tempest hath so bang'd the ? Turks, That their defignment halts. A r noble ship of Venice Hath seen a grievous wreck and sufferance On most part of * their fleet.

Mont. How! is this true?

3 Gent. The ship is here put in,

A ' Veronessa. Michael Cassia.

Lieutenant " to the warlike Moor, Othello, Is come on shore; the Moor whimself 's at sea, And is in full commission here for Cyprus.

Mont. I am glad on 't; 'tis a worthy governor.

3 Gent. But this same Casso, though he speak of comfort Touching the Turkifb loss, yet he looks sadly, And prays the Moor be fafe; for they were parted With foul and violent tempeft.

Mont. Pray * heaven he be! For I have ferv'd him, and the man commands

- read Lads for Lords.
 - P The qu's, your for our.
 - 9 Qu's, Turke.
- H. omits noble; the 1ft q. and P. read another for a mobile.
- . The qu's, T. W. and J. read the for sbeir.
 - 1 So the qu'a, 1st f. T. H. and W;

The 2d q. the fo's, R. J. and C. J. and C. read Veronese; the rate, F.

" So the qu's, three aft fo's, and Ca the reft, of for to. .

w All before R. read bimfelf for bimfelf z.

" So the qu's and C; all the refly buves,

Like

Like a full foldier. Let's to the fea-fide, * ho! As well to fee the veffel that's come in,

As to throw out our eyes for brave Othelle,

Even till we make the main and * th' aerial blue

An indiffinct regard.

3 Gent. Come, let's do so; For every minute is expectancy Of more arrivance.

SCENE III.

Enter Caffio.

Cass. Thanks to the valiant of this worthy isle,
That so approve the Moor: so h! let the heavens
Give him defence against the elements,
For I have lost him on a dangerous sea.

Mont. Is he well-shipp'd?

Cass. His bark is stoutly timber'd; and his pilot

the Of very expert and approved allowance;

- y P. and all after, except C. omit
- The remaining part of this speech is omitted in the 1st q.
- The 2d q. reads th' Agre all blue,
- We. The fo's and R. sh' Erial blue, We. Three 1st blew for blue.
 - Second q. And.
 - " The fo's read errivency.

- d The fo's and R. read you for es.
- So the 1st q; the 2d omits worthy; the rest read worths for worthy.
 - f The qu's, and for al!
 - E The 4th f. from for againft.
 - h The qu's, their for the.
 - i The ad q. the for a.
- k J. proposes to read, Very expert, and of approved allowance.



ACT II. SCENE

45

¹ Therefore my hopes, not furfeited to death, Stand in bold cure.

Within.] A fail, a fail, a fail!

Enter a messenger.

Cass. m What noise?

Mell. The town is empty; on the brow o' th' fea

Stand ranks of people, and they cry, a fail.

Cass. My hopes do shape him for the o governor.

2 Gent. They do discharge P their shot of courtesy. Our friends, at least. Sound of cannon.

Call. I pray you, fir, go forth, And give us truth who 'tis that is arriv'd.

2 Gent. I shall.

[Exit.

Mont. But, good lieutenant, is your General wiv'd?

1 J. gives the following note:

is no variation. Shall we read,

Stand in bold cure:

thus !

Therefore my bopes, not forfeited to death, Stand bold, not fure. So far J. .Wifhes may be called the food upon

which hope is very apt to furfeit; and government. to surfeit to death too, when there is no

ground or foundation to expect the thing I do not understand these lines. I hoped for. Hope is in perfect health. know not, how bepe can be surfaited to where the grounds for it are equal to the death, that is, can be encreased, till it be wish; but if the wish preponderate the destroyed; nor what it is to stand in grounds of expectation, hope is in a bold cure; or why hope should be con- fickly state. This was the case of Casfidered as a disease. In the copies there fio; his wishes of Othello's safety were greater than the probability of it, for he Therefore my fears, not surfitted to death, had left him on a dangerous sea; so his hope was fick; but not fick to death, This is better, but it is not well. Shall because the ship had a good pilot; this we strike a bolder froke, and read thought physich'd hope, and put it in a bold state of cure.

- m C. reads, What news?
- m The Ift q. Orand; the 2d, Stands;
- o The 1st q. guernement; the ad,
 - P The qu's, the for their.

₄6

Call. Most fortunately: He hath atchiev'd a maid That paragons description and wild fame; One that excells the quirks of blazoning pens, And in 'th' effential vesture of creation Does bear all excellency -

SCENE IV.

Enter 2d Gentleman.

* How now? who has put in?

2 Gent. 'Tis one Iago, Ancient to the General.

" Cass. He has had most favourable and happy speed. Tempests themselves, * high seas, and howling winds; The gutter'd rocks, and congregated fands, Traitors , ensteep'd to clog the guiltless keel; As having sense of beauty, do omit Their a mortal natures, b letting go fafely by The divine Desdemona.

Mont. What is she?

Cef. She that I c spake of, our d great Captain's Captain, Left in the conduct of the bold lage.

- 4 The 1st q. omits pairle of.
- 2 W. reads terrefirlel for th' effectial; Mesth would read the finfuel.
- " The fo's read, De's sire sh' Inge- feerped 3 P. conjectures size d. niver; which J. explains, Deer tire ab' ingenious verse. C. teads, Does tire the
 - " The ad q, and R, read on for all.
 - The qu's and C. omit boun
 - The qu's make this speech of Cof-

- A s continuation of the 2d gentlemen's
 - " The 1st q. by for bigb.
- y The 1st q. for enflere'd reads are
 - The fo's, enclarge.
 - * The qu's read commer for sureal.
- b So sil before P; who reads, design fofe go by, See followed by the peffe.
 - c First q. foche.
 - d The ad q. emits greet.

Whole



ACT II. SCENE V.

Whose footing here anticipates our thoughts,
A se'nnight's speed. Great Jove, Othello guard!
And swell his sail with thine own powerful breath;
That he may bless this bay with his tall ship,
b And swiftly come to Desdemena's arms;
Give renew'd fire to our cextincted spirits:
d And c bring all Cyprus comfort—

SCENE V.

Enter Desdemona, Tago, Roderigo, and Æmilla

O behold!

The riches of the ship is come son shore.

Ye men of Cyprus, let her have your knees.
Hail to thee, lady; and the grace of heaven,
Before, behind thee, and on every hand,
Enwheel thee round.

Def. I thank you, valiant Cassio,
What tidings can you tell i me of my Lord?
Cass. He is not yet arriv'd, nor know I aught
But that he's well, and will be shortly here.
Def. O, but I fear—How lost you company?

Def. O, but I fear—How lost you company?

Caf. The great contention of the sea and skies

Parted our fellowship. But, hark, a sail!

- b So the qu's; the reft, Make lobe's quiek pants in Destennoun's arms, &c.
- c So the qu's, 1st and 2d fo's, y, and E; the 3d and 4th fo's, extintish; R. and the reft, extinguifo'd.
- d The fo's emit, And bring all Cy-
- . R. reads give for bring.
- f adds, and others; attendants, and people following.
 - 8 The 1st q. afters for at flore.
 - h So the qu's ; the reft, You for Ye
 - 1 The 1st f. omits me.
 - k The 1ft.f. omits the

. 47

Within. A fail, a fail!

Sound of Conner.

2 Gent. They give " their greeting to " the Citadel : .

This likewise is a friend.

Cass. See for the news.

Good Ancient, you are welcome. Welcome, mistress.

[To Æmil.

Let it not gall your patience, good lage, That I extend my manners. 'Tis my breeding, That gives me this bold shew of courtesy. P Saluting her. · lage. 4 Sir, would fhe give you so much of her lips, As of her tongue, the oft bestows on me, You'd have enough.

Def. Alas! she has no speech.

· Iago. · In faith, too much;

* I find it still, when I have " list to sleep. Marry, before your ladyship, I grant, She puts her tongue a little in wher heart, And chides with thinking.

Emil. You have little cause to say so.

lago. Come on, come on; you are pictures out of x doors, Bells in your parlours, wild-cats in your kitchens, Saints in your injuries, devils being offended, Players in your housewifery, and housewives in your beds.

m So the qu's and G; the reft, shis for their.

R. this for the.

[·] The tilt q. reads, Se speaks this voite, good ancient, &c.

P This direction first given by H. :

The 1st q. For for Sir.

¹ J. fieft gives this discrtion for Sound . The qu's, for bes bestow'd on me, Sr.

^{. .} The aft q. I know for In faith.

t The 2st q. I find it, Iz for subtr,

^{... &}quot; The ad q. and the fo's, leave for ä₽.

[.] W The ad q. emits for.

[&]quot; The 1st q. aderes; the 1st f. of dare,

I Def. O, fie upon thee, flanderer!

Iago. Nay, it is true, or else I am a Turk;

You rise to play, and go to bed to work.

Emil. You shall not write my praise.

lage. No, let me not.

Def. What wouldst thou write of me, if thou shouldst praise me?

Ingo. O gentle Lady, do not put me to 't,'
For I am nothing, if not critical.

Def. * Come on, affay. There's one gone to the harbour? Iago. Ay, Madam.

Def. I am not merry; but I do beguile The thing I am by feetning otherwise. Come, how wouldst thou praise me?

Iago. I am about it; but, a indeed, b my invention, Comes from my pate, as bird-lime does from freeze, It plucks out brains and all. But my muse labours, And thus she is delivered:

If she be fair and wife, fairness and wit,

The one's for use, the other a useth it.

Def. Well praised. How if she be black and witty?

Lago. If she be black, and thereto have a wit,

She'll find a white that shall her blackness * fit.

Def. Worse and worse.

Emil. How, if fair and foolish?

y Def. is emitted in the 1st q. Penlaps this speech should be Amilie's a lage's next speech seems to require it.

So all before P. who reads, Comp, mr. Afry, Wc. followed by the reft, except C.

[&]quot; The 2d q. omits is deed,

J. omits my.

c The qu's, braine.

⁴ First q. ufing.

[·] First q. bit for ft.

Iago. She never yet was foolish, that was fair; For even her folly helpt her to f an heir.

Def. There are old s fond paradoxes to make fools laught i' th' alchouse. What miserable praise hast thou for her that's foul and foolish?

! lago. There's none so foul and soolish thereunto, But does foul pranks, which fair and wise ones do.

Def. O heavy ignorance! h thou praisest the worst best. But what praise couldst thou bestow on a deserving woman indeed? one that in the authority of her i merit, did justly put h on the vouch of very malice itself?

Iago. She that was ever fair, and never proud,
Had tongue at will, and yet was never loud;
Never lackt gold, and yet went never gay,
Fled from her wish, and yet faid, Now I may;
She that ' being anger'd, her revenge being nigh,
Bad her wrong stay, and her displeasure sty;
She that in wisdom never was so frail
To change the cod's head for the salmon's tail;
She that could think, and ne'er disclose her mind,

"See suitors following, and " not look behind;
She was a wight (if ever such " wight were) —
Des. To do what?

Iago. To fuckle fools, and chroniele fmall beer.

. : 🧲

f The Ist q. a baire; J. proposes to k T.

read, She ne'er was yet (0 foolijh that was fair, But ev'n her folly help'd her to an heir.

. ..

g The qu's omit fond.

h The qu's, that praises.

¹ The qu's, merits.

k T. down for on.

I So all before P. who reads when for being; followed by the reft, except C.

m The rst q. omits this line.

[&]quot; J. reads ne er for not.

The fo's, wights.

Def. O most lame and impotent conclusion! Do not learn of him, *Emilia*, though he be thy husband. How say you, Casso, is he not a most profane and P liberal counsellor?

Caf. He speaks home, Madam; you may relish him more in the soldier than in the scholar,

* [They converse apart.

Iago. [Afido] He takes her by the palm; ay, well faid—whifper—' With as a little a web as this, will I enfnage as great a fly as Cassa. Ay, smile upon her, do. "I will catch you in your own courteses. If such tricks as these strip you out of your "lieutenancy, it had been better you had not "kissed your three singers so oft, which now again you are most apt to play the Sir in. "Yery good, well kiss'd—" an excellent courtesy—'tis " so indeed. Yet again, your singers b at your lips? 'would they were clister-pipes for your sake.

[Trumpet within.]

The Moor. I know his trumpet.

Cas. 'Tis truly so.

Def. Let's meet him, and receive him,

Cas. Lo, where he comes!

- ? H. reads illiberal.
- 9 T. and H. read cenfurer,
- Second f. omits the.
- * This direction put in by C.
- t The 1st q. As little a web as this will enfrare as great a fice as Cassio, &c.
- So the 1st q; the 2d, I will catch you in your own courtship; the rest, I will grow then in thine own courtship. The 1st, gd and the fo's, give for gree.
- w So the qu's, fo's and C; all the reft, sieutenancy.
 - " The qu's, rift for kift'd.
 - y The 1st q. omits Very,
 - F So the Ist q; the rest, and for
 - * The 2d q. omits fo.
 - b So the qu's; the reft, to for at,
 - " The two last fo's, come.

SCENE VI.

Enter Othello and Attendants.

Oth. O my fair warrior! Def. My dear Othello!

Oth. It gives me wonder, great as my content, To fee you here before me: d O my foul's joy! If after every tempest come such calms, May the winds blow till they have waken'd death; And let the labouring bark climb hills of seas Olympus high, and duck again as low As hell's from heaven! If it were now to die, Twere now to be most happy; for, I fear, My soul hath her content so absolute, That not another comfort like to this Succeeds in unknown sate.

Def. The heavens forbid, But that our loves and comforts should encrease, Even as our days do grow!

Oth. Amen to that, fweet h powers!

I cannot speak enough of this content,

It stops me here: it is too much of joy.

And this, and this, the greatest discords be

[Kissing ber.]

That e'er our hearts shall make!

d P. and H. omit O.

e The qu's, calmeneffe.

f The 2d q. for for frem.

g So the qu's, fo's and C; P. akers fr to I; followed by the reft.

h The sit q. power.

i The qu's, differd,

Iago. O you are well-tun'd now; But I'll k let down the pegs that make this music, [Afide. As honest as I am. Oth. Come, let us to the castle. 1 News, friends, our wars are done, the Turks are drown'd. How " do our old acquaintance " of o this isle? Honey, you shall be well desir'd in Cyprus, I have found great love amongst them. O my sweet, I prattle out of fashion, and I dote In mine own p comforts. q I pr'ythee, good lage, Go to the bay, and disembark my coffers: Bring thou the mafter to the citadel, He is a good one, and his worthiness Does challenge much respect. Come, Desdemona,

- * All before P. fet for les.
- 1 So all before R; he and all after, except C. Now for News.

Once more well met at Cyprus.

- m The ad q. fo's, R. and C. do's my (except C.) comfort for do ear. C. directs this line to be Spoken to Montene only; but the context feems to fair that it is spoken to rest, except C. Exeent Othello and Defall Ochdh's friends of Cyprus, who are demona only. prefent.
- 2 R. in for of.
- . The 1st q. the or this.
- P So all before P; he and the reft,
 - 4 P. and all after, except C. emit L.
 - " So the ad q; the zft, Estit; all the

[Excunt.

S C E N E VII.

Manent Iago, and Roderigo.

lago, Do thou meet me presently at the harbour.—Come hither. If thou be'st valiant; (as they say, base men, being in love, have then a nobility in their natures, more than is native to them) lift me; the lieutenant tonight watches on the Court of Guard. First, I will tell the this, Desdemona is directly in love with him.

Rod. With him? why, 'tis not possible.

Iago. Lay thy * finger thus; and let thy foul be inftructed, Mark me, with what violence she * first lov'd the Moor, but for bragging, and telling her fantastical lies. * And will she love him still for prating? let not * thy discreet heart think * it. Her eye must be fed. And what delight shall she have to look on the devil? When the blood is made dull with the act of sport, there should be, * again to instame it, and to f give satiety a fresh appetite, loyeliness in favour,

F So the qu's and 1st f; the rest, yes for thes.

t First q. babour.

u So the qu's and C; the rest, this first.

W R. omits of.

^{*} So the qu's; the rest read must for will.

y So the 2d q. the fo's, R. P. H. and C; the rest point thus,—thee, this Designment, &c.

[?] So the qu's, three 1st fo's, J. and C; the rest, fingers.

² The three last fo's and R. omit

b For, And will fee love him, the fo's, R. and C. read, To love him.

c The qu's, the for thy.

d The ift q. fo for it.

e The 2d q. the fo's, R. and P. read a gene for egain.

f The qu's omit to,

fympathy in years, manners, and beauties: all which the Moor is defective in. Now, for want of these required? conveniences, her delicate tenderness will find itself abus'd, begin to heave the gorge, disrelish and abhor the Moor; very nature will instruct her in it, and compel her to some second choice. Now, fir, this granted, (as it is " a most pregnant and unforced polition) who stands so i eminently in the degree of this fortune, as Cassio does? a knave very voluble; no farther conscionable, than in putting on the mere form of civil and k humane feeming, for the better compassing of his falt and m most hidden m loose affections o; a fubtle, flippery knave, a finder out of occafions, that has an eye can stamp and counterfeit advantages, though true advantage never present itself. A devilish knave! besides, the knave is handsome, young, and hath all those requisites in him, that folly and green minds look after. A pestilent compleat knave, and the woman hath found him already.

Red. I cannot believe that win her, she 's full of most blest a condition.

- x The ad q. conditions.
- E The qu's, to for in.
- h The 2d q. omits a,
- i So'the qu's and C; the rest, eminent.
- k The 1st q. band-feeming; R. and P. bennen fieming.
 - 1 The fo's and R. compass.
 - m The 1st q. omits most and leefe.
 - so the qu'e; the rest effection.
- · After offictions, the fo's, R. and C. infert, Wby mone, why mone.
 - P So the qu's; the rest, a flippery and except C. read of fur in.

- subtle, &c. 1ft f: slipper for flippes.
- 9 So the qu's and C; the rest omit
- r Before accosions J. inferts warm, as in no other edition. The fo's read accosion.
 - The 1st f. be's for ben.
- t The 1st q. counterfeit the true ad-
 - " The qu's omit, A devilift knowe!
 - w So all before P; he and all after,

Lags. Blest fig's end! the wine she drinks is made of grapes. If she had been blest, she would never have lov'd the Moor. Flest pudding! Didst thou not see her paddle with the palm of his hand? Z didst not mark that?

Red. Yes, * that I did; but that was but courtefy.

Iago. Letchery, by this hand; an index and b obscure prologue to the history of lust and soul thoughts. They meet so near with their lips, that their breaths embrac'd together. C Villainous thoughts, d Roderigo! when these mutualities so marshal the way, shard at hand comes the master and main exercise, the incorporate conclusion: Pish—But, sir, be you rul'd by me. I have brought you from Venice. Watch you to-night. For the command, I'll lay't upon you. Cassio knows you not: I'll not be far from you. Do you find some occasion to anger Cassio, either by speaking too loud, or tainting his discipline, or from what other course you please, which the time shall more favourably minister.

Red. Well.

lago. Sir, he is rash, and very sudden in choler: and haply with his truncheon may strike at you. Provoke

- y The qu's omit, Bleft pudding !
- The 1st q. omits, didft not mark
- a The qu's and C. omit, that I did.
- The 1st q. omits obscure.
- The 1st q. omits Villainen thoughts!
- d The qu's omit Rederige.
- The fo's and R. mutabilities.
- The qu's, bold at band.
- E The 2d q. comes, Raderigo, the mafer and the main, Sc.

- h The 1st q. and J. omit mafter and the.
 - i Second q. incorrept.
 - k The qu's omit Pift.
- 1 The 2d q. omits the; the 1st q. reads your for the.
 - m The 1st q. cause for course.
- n The three last fo's, and all after but J. and C. read beapily; 2d q. boply.
- . So the qu's; the rest omit with bis transbere,

ACT II. SCENE VII.

him that he may; for even out of that will I cause those of Cyprus to mutiny, whose qualifications shall come into so true q taste ragain, but by the displanting of Casse. So shall you have a shorter journey to your defires, by the means I shall then have to prefer them, and the "impediment most w profitably removed, without which there y were no expectation of our prosperity.

Red. I will do this, if z can bring it to any opportunity.

lage. I warrant thee. Meet me by and by at the citadel. I must fetch his necessaries ashore. Farewel.

Rod. Adieu.

[Enit.

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SCENE VIII.

Manet Iago.

Iago. That Casso loves her, I do well a believe it: That she loves him, 'tis apt, and of great credit, The Moor, howbeit that I endure him not,

- P So all before R; he and all after, but C. read those for these.
 - 9 The 1st q. truft for tafe.
 - The qu's, again 't.
- * The 3d f. and all after but G. omit.
- The 2d q. reads displaying for displanting; T.'s duodecimo reads transplanting, followed by W.
- except C.
 - w Second q. profitable.
- the which, &c.

- y So all before P. who reads was fee evere, making nonfense of the sentence; and is implicitly followed by the reft, except y. and C.
- " So the qu's and G; the reft, you for I; but the sense requires I; for Isyo had brought the affair to opportunity, by fixing on Rederige for one of the watch; Rederigo's part remained to be done, with. v So all before R.'s duodecimo, which provoking Caffe, which in this speech he reads impediments; followed by the reft, promises to do, if opportunity effered to give him canse.
 - 2 So the qu'e; the A's, R. and C. " The fo's, R. and C. read without believe 't j. P. and all the sed, believe.

E

The Caftle.

Enter Othello, Desdemona, Cassio, and Attendants.

Oth. Good Michael, look you to the guard to-night. Let's teach ourselves " that honourable stop, Not to out-foort diferetion.

Cafe laye hath a direction what to do to the But notwithstanding, with my personal eye Will I fook to it.

Oth. Into is most honest.

· Michael, good night. To-morrow, with your earlieft, Let me have speech with you. Come, my dear love,

70 Def.

The purchase made, the fruits are to ensury That profit's yet to come c'twixt me and you....... Good-night. Exeunt Othello and Desdemona. Enter Iago.

Cal. Welcome, Iaga. We must to the watch.

lage. Not this hour, lieutenant: 'tis not yet ten 'o' th' clock. Our General cast us thus early for the love of his

The 1ft q. the for that.

4 The 1st q. directed.

The 1st q. the for that.

for 'twist.

d The qu's, a clock.

. toos, to affign to every actor his proper appointing them their flations early. per Je. But this exanct be the mena-

ing of ceft in this plate. Upon Obell's taking leave of them for bot, Coffe lup-1 poles it time to begin the watch; but So the qu's and C; the reft, "resen Lege objects that tis not yet ten o'cheek; Our general balt us (i. s. cof megf, @ if us) thus early for the love of his i. c. appointed us to our flatious. To Deflamona, &c. Othello's love for Defsoft the play, is, in the file of the thea- demons could not be the reason of his

Defdenments

ACT IL SCENE X.

Desdemana, f whom let us not therefore blame; he hath not yet made wanton the night with her, and she is sport for Jouer

Cas. She is a most exquisite lady.

, Iago. And PH warrant her full of game.

Cas. Indeed she is a most fresh and delicate creature.

lege. What an eye she has! methinks it founds a parley of provocation.

Cas. An inviting eye; and yet methinks right modelt.

lage. And when she speaks, h 'tis an alarm to love."

Caf. She is indeed perfection.

lago. Well, happiness to their flicets. Come, lieutenant, have a stoop of wine, and here without are a brace of Cyprus gallants, that would fain have a measure to the health of a the black Othello.

Caf. Not to-night; good lage. I have very poor and unhappy brains for drinking; I could well wish courtefy would invent some other custom of entertainment.

Ingo. O, they are our friends: but one cup; Pil drink for you.

Cas. I have drunk but one cup to-night, and that was craftily qualified m too; and behold what innovation it makes here. I am unfortunate in the infirmity, and dare not task my weakness with any more.

lage. What, man? 'tis a night of revels, the gallants defire it.

f The qu's and rR f. who for whom. k The fo's, R. P. H. and C. omit

8 So the qu's and C; the reft, to for the.

of.

1 i. e. Ally mixed with water. J.

h 80 the qu's; the rest, is is not an

m J. omits soon contrary to all edicates to love?

¹ The qu's and fo's, flepe,

. Caf. Whore are they?

lago. Here at the door. I pray you, call them in.

Cas. I'll do't, but it dislikes me.

[Exit Caffio.

Iago. If I can fasten but one cup upon him,

With that which he hath drunk to-night already,

He'll be as full of quarrel and offence,

As my young mistress dog.—Now, my sick fool, Raderige, Whom love has turn'd almost the wrong side a outward,

To Desdemona hath to-night carouz'd

Potations pottle deep; and he's to watch.

Three o lads of Cyprus, noble swelling spirits,

That hold their ! honours in a wary distance.

The very elements of this warlike isle,

Have I to-night flufter'd with flowing cups,

And q they watch too. Now, amongst this flock of drunkards,

Am I to put our Cassie in some action

That may offend the ifle. But here they come.

If consequence do but approve my dream,

My boat fails freely both with wind and stream.

n So the qu's; the reft, out for ent-

[•] The fo's, R. and C. read elfe for lads,

[?] Qu's, bonner.

⁹ The qu's, the for they.

The qu's, I am; the two last fo's, And I.

Joseph Services Bear for drawn; fellowed by H. M., and C. But this emendation was unnecessary, to drawn of a thing is used figuratively for to conjecture.

SCENE XL

Enter Cuffio, Montano, and Gentlemen.

Cof. 'Fore ' God, they have given me a rouse already.

Mont. Good faith, a little one. Not past a pint, as I am a foldier.

Logo. Some wine, bo!

And let me the cannikin " clink, clink, [Iago fings. And let me the cannikin " clink.

A foldier's a man; " oh, man's life's but a span;

Why, then let a soldier drink.

Come, wine, boys.

Cof. Fore 7 God, an excellent fong.

Isgo. I learn'd it in England: where indeed they are most potent in potting. Your Dane, your German, and your swag-belly'd Hollander,—Drink, ho!—are nothing to your English.

Caf. Is your Englishman to * expert in his drinking?

Lago. Why, he drinks you with facility your Dane dead drunk; he * sweats not to overthrow your Almain; he gives your Hollander a vomit, ere the next pottle can be fill'd.

for God.

y So the for God.

Here J. and C. repeat clink three times.

W Here the qu's repeat clink twice.

^{*} The qu's and C. reed, a life's bet, feners.

y So the sit q. and C; the reft, because for God.

² So the 1st q. and G; the rest, es-

[.] The three last fo's and R. read

OTHELLO.

Case To the health of our General. Mont. I am for it, lieutenant, and I will do you justice. lago. O sweet England!

> King Stephen was b a worthy peer, His breeches cost him but a crown; He held them fix-pence all too dear. With that he call'd the tailor lown.

He was a wight of high renown, And thou art but of low degree: 'Tis pride that pulls the country down, Then take thine auld cloak about thee.

Some wine, ho!

64

Cas. d Why, this is a more exquisite song than the other. Iago. Will you hear 't again?

Cas. No, for I hold him 4 to be unworthy in his place, that does those things. Well—e God's above all; and there be fouls f that must be saved, and there be souls must not be faved.

Iago. It is true, good lieutenant.

Cas. For mine own part, (no offence to the General, nor any man of quality) I hope to be faved.

lage. And so do I h too, lieutenant.

b So the qu's and C; the rest, and f So the Ift q; the rest, beaven for a warthy peer. c The fo's, R. P. and H. read And g The fo's and C. omit that.

h The qu's emit what follows of this

d The 1st q. reads, 'Fore God for speech.

i The qu's omit too. بطبية وبا

The qu's omit to it.



ACT II. SCENE XII.

65

Caf. Ay, but by your leave, not before me. The lieutenant is to be faved before the Ancient. Let's have no more of this. Let's to our affairs. *God forgive 1 us our fins. Gentlemen, let's look to our business. Do not think, gentlemen, I am drunk: this is my ancient; this is my right hand, and this *s is my left *n hand. I am not drunk now; I can stand well enough, and *I speak well enough.

Gent. Excellent well.

Caf. Why, very well then; you must not think then that I am drunk.

S C E N E XII.

Manent Iago and Montano.

Mont. To the platform, masters. Come, let's fet the watch.

Ingo. You see this fellow, that is gone before;
He is a soldier sit to stand by Casfar,
And give direction. And do but see his vice;
'Tis to his 'virtue a just equinox,
The one as long as th' other. 'Tis pity of him;
I fear the trust, Othello' puts him in,
On some odd time of his infirmity,
Will shake this island.

- k So the tft q; the rest omit God. .
- 1 The two last fo's, R. P. T. H. W. and J. omit us.
 - m The ad q. emits is.
 - n All but the qu's and C. omit band.
 - o The qu's and C. omit I.
 - ? The rst q. omit Wby.

- 4 The Ift q. omits then.
- R. P. and H. read fee for fet.
- So the qu's, two 1st fo's, and C; the rest, wirtnes.
- The qu'e, put bim in, &c. C. puts in bim, the best reading, though without authority.

Ment. But is he often thus?

lage. 'Tis evermore " the prologue to his sleep.

He'll watch the horologe a double set,

If drink rock not his cradle.

Mont. * It were well

The General were put in mind of it:

Perhaps, he sees it not, or his good nature

* Prizes the virtue that appears in Caffio,

And 2 looks not on his evils. Is not this true?

Enter Roderigo.

lags. How now, Rederige?

I pray you after the lieutenant go.

Exit Roderigo.

Mont. And 'tis great pity, that the noble Moor Should hazard fuch a place as his own Second,

With one of an ingraft infirmity:

It were an honest action to say so

To the Moor.

lage. Not I, for this fair island.

I do love Cassio well, and would do much

To cure him of this evil. But hark, what noise?

d Within, help! help!

Enter Caffio, parsuing Roderigo.

Caf. Zouns, you rogue! you rascal!

Mont. What's the matter, lieutenant?

The fo's and R. bis for the.

[&]quot; The qu's, Twere well, &t.

I The qu'e, praises.

⁷ The 12 4. warmen

² The 1st q. looks.

[&]quot; The three last fo's emit of an.

b So all before P. who reads Unto fee

To ; followed by the reft.

c So all before P. who omits But;

followed by the rest, except C.

d The fo's, R. and P. cmit, Whbin, help! help!

[&]quot; The qu's and C. driving in for purfulny.

f All but the oft quemitize



ACT II. SCENE XII.

67

Cas. A knave teach me my duty! e but I'll beat the knave into a f wicker bottle.

Rod. Beat me ??

Cas. Dost thou prate, rogue !?

Caf. Let me go, fir, or Pll knock you mo'er the maz-

Mont. Come, come, you are drunk.

Caf. Drunk?

[They fight.

lage. Away, I fay, go out and cry a mutiny. [Exit Rod. Nay, good lieutenant—° Alas, gentlemen—
Help, ho!—lieutenant—Sir, Montano, p fir—
Help, q masters! here 's a goodly watch, indeed—
Who's that ' that rings the bell?—Diablo, ho! [Bell rings.
The town will rife. ' Fie, fie, lieutenant! ' hold:
You will be a sham'd for ever.

- e All but the qu's omit Art.
- f So the qu's and G; the rest, swig-
- s So the qu's and G; the rest omit the point of interrogation; for which the fo's put a period; the rest, a dash.
 - h Here C. directs [bests Roderigo.
- i The qu's read, Good lieutenant, pray fir, &c.
 - k R. first puts in this direction.
- 1 The three last fo's, and R. read know for knocks

- m The 2d q. on for o'er.
- n The fo's omit this direction.
- . The qu's read God's-will for Ales.
- P All but the qu's and C. omit fr.
- 4 The 2d q. mafter.
- F So the qu's and C; the fo's and R, which for that; P. and the reft, who.
- s First q. and C. God's will for Fig.
- fe.
 - The fo's, R. P. and H. omit bold.
 - u First, 3d and 4th f. 460m'4.

SCENE XIII.

Enter Othello, and " Attendants,

Oth. What is the matter here?

Mont. * I bleed still: I am hurt 7 to the death *,

Oth. Hold, for your lives.

Iago. ^a Hold, ^b hold, lieutenant—fir Montano, gentlemen! Have you forgot all ^c fense of place and duty?

Hold. The General speaks to you; hold, hold, for shame, Oth. Why, how now, ho? From whence ariseth this?

Are we turn'd Turks? and to ourselves do that,

Which heaven hath forbid the Ottomites?

For christian shame, put by this barbarous brawl;

He that firs next to carve forth his own rage,

Holds his foul light; he dies upon his motion,

Silence that dreadful bell; it frights the ifle

Shence that dreading bent, it mights the me

From her propriety. What 's the matter, mafters? Honest lage, that hook'st dead with grieving,

Speak who began this an thy love I shares the

Speak, who began this? on thy love I charge thee,

The qu's, Gentlemen with weapons for Attendants.

The 1st q. Zowns I bleed fill, &c.
y So the qu's, the 1st f. J. and C;

The rest, but not to the death.

THere the 2d q. puts be faints, as a direction; the 1st f. and C. be dies, not as a direction, but as a part of Montano's speech.

^{*} The 2d q. bolp for bold.

b So the qu's; the rest, bol for masters.

c So H. W. J. and C; the reft, all

d So all before P. who omits Hold; followed by the reft, except C. who reads Hold, bold, &fc.

e Here the fo's, R. and C. read bold but once.

[!] So the 1st q; the reft, for for fortb.

E P. and all after omit, except G.



ACT II. SCENE XIII.

In quarter, and in terms like bride and groom
Divesting them 'for bed; and 't then, but now,

(As if some planet had unwitted men)

Swords out, and tilting one at other's 'breast,
In opposition bloody, I a cannot speak.

Any beginning to this peevish odds,
And would, in action glorious I had lost

These legs that brought me to a part of it!

Oth. How p came it, Michael, you p were thus forgot?

Cas. I pray you, pardon me, I cannot speak.

Oth. Worthy Montano, you were q wont be civil.

The gravity and stillness of your youth

The gravity and stillness of your youth
The world hath noted; and your name is great
In mouths of wisest censure. What's the matter,
That you unlace your reputation thus,
And spend your rich opinion, for the name
Of a night-brawler? Give me answer to 't.

Mont. Worthy Othello, I am hurt to danger. Your officer Iago can inform you, While I spare speech, which something now offends me, Of all that I do know; nor know I aught By me that's said or done amiss this night, Unless self-charity be sometimes a vice,

The qu's and G. to for for.

I The two last fo's, R. and P. read

m So the qu's, J. and C; the reft, breaft.

n So all before P. who reads can't for appear; followed by the reft, except C.

[·] So the qu's and C; the roll, thefe for thefe.

P So the qu'a; the rest, comes for come; and are for evere.

⁹ The fo's and R. wont to be civil.

The 1st q. men for mourbe.

The qu's and C. sometime.

And to defend outsitives it be a fin,
When violence affails us.

Oth. Now, by heaven,

My blood begins my fafer guides to rufe;

And passion, having my best judgment collied,

Assays to lead the way. If I once stir,

Or do but list this arm, the best of you

Shall sink in my rebuke. Give me to know

How this foul rout began; who set it on;

And he that is approved in this offence,

Tho' he had twinn'd with me, both at a birth,

Shall r loose me, —What, in a town of war,

Yet wild, the people's hearts brim-sull of sear,

To manage private and domestick quarrels

In night, and on the court and guard of safety!

Tis monstrous. Ingo, who began to

Mont. If, 'partially affin'd, or 'leagu'd in office,'] Thou dost deliver more or less than truth, Thou art no foldier.

t So the fo's; collied is a word very much in use in Warwicksbire, Leicesterbire, and thereabouts, fignifying foiled or dirtied. The qu's, copt dis Q quall'd; the reft, cholor'd.

u The 1st q. Zoung, if I stirre; the

w So all before R; who needs his for this fallowist by P. and H.

^{*} Second q, Sould.

F The qu'e, to's hall R, real doft me (as in the rest) i. v. be labeled from inc.

nx disjoined. C, seeds lagbe; all the reft, lose for lone.

s So the qu's; the rest, general.

h F. H. J. and C. of Guard and Softly.

b So all before P; he and all after, except C, inflict Shy before thin,

c For began 't, the 1st y. Segan; the

d The qu's, partiality,

^{*} Hill Erfore T. west flegiste.

less. Touch me not so near t I had rather have this tongue f cut s from my mouth Than it should do offence to Miebael Cassie: Yet I persuade myself, to speak h the truth Shall nothing wrong him. 1 Thus it is, General: Montane and mylelf being in speech, There comes a fellow crying out for help, And Casse following him with determin'd sword. To execute upon him. Sir, this gentleman Steps in to Caffie, and intreats his paufe; Myself the crying fellow did purfue, Left by his clamour (as it so fell out) The town might fall in fright. He, swift of foot, Out-ran my/purpose: 1 and I return'd = the rather For that I heard the clink and fall of fwords, And Casso high in a oath; which till to-night I ne'er might o fay before. When I came back, (For this was brief) I found them close together At blow and thrust; even as again they were When you yourself did part them. More of this matter P can I not report But men are men; the best sometimes forget; Though Caffe did some little wrong to him, As men in rage strike 1 those that wish them best,

f The qu'e, out for out,

[&]amp; The ad q. of bis for from my,

h After fresh the three last fo's and R. and fo.

i The fo's and R. This for Theo.

is all before P; he and the rest, except G. unit bill,

² So all before P; he mad the reft, except C. omit and.

I The 1ft f, thet for the.

[&]quot; The rit q. oathe.

[&]quot; The 1st q. for for jog.

[&]quot; So the qu's and C; the felt, count I.report.

P Second q, them,

Yet, furely, Caffie, I believe, receiv'd. From him that fled some strange indignity Which patience could not pass. Oth. I know, Lago, Thy honesty and love doth mince this matter,

Making it light to Cassio, Cassio, I love thee, But never more be officer of mine.

Enter Desdemona attended. Look, if my gentle love be not rais'd up.

I'll make thee an example.

Def. What's the matter, 'Dear?

Oth. All's well ' now, ' Sweeting; " come away to bed-Sir, for your hurts, myself will be your surgeon. Lead him off.

Iago, look with care about the town,

And filence those whom this vile brawl distracted. , , bak

Come, Desdemona, 'tis the soldiers' life,
To have their halpy slumbers wak'd with strife. [Exeum. where the mineral control of the state of the

S C E N E XIV.

Manent Iago and Caffio,

Iago. What, are you hurt, lieutenant? Caf. ▼ Ay, past all surgery.

Inger Merry, * heaven forbid!

The qu's, P. and all after, except Before functing, J. inferts Here. C. omit Dearge . 5.4

.15%

" G. reads, come let's away.

.. 4. So, the an's and C; the self omit ... So, all before P. who omits A; followed by the rest, except C.

Cof. 7 Reputation, reputation, reputation! * oh; I have lost my reputation! I have lost the immortal part, * fir, of myself, and what remains is bestial. My reputation, Iage, my reputation—

lago. As I am an honest man, I thought you had receiv'd some bodily wound; there is more coffence in that than in reputation. Reputation is an idle, and most salie imposition; oft got without merit, and lost without deserving. You have lost no reputation at all, unless you repute yourself such a loser. What, man? there are 4 ways to recover the General again. You are but now cast in his mood, a punishment more in policy than in malice; even so one would beat his offenceless dog, to affright an imperious lion, Sue to him again, and he's yours.

Cas. I will rather sue to be despised, than to deceive so good a commander, with so elight, so drunken and so indiscreet an officer. Drunk, and speak Parrot, and squabble, swagger, swear? and discourse sufficient with one's own share

^{*} The Ist q. God for beaven.

The qu's and O. sepent reputation but twice here.

[.] z The 1st q. omits of.

² So the qu's; the rest omit fir.

b So the qu's and C; the rest, I bad thought, &c.

So the qu's and C; the rest, fense for offence.

F The fo's and R. infert mere before googs.

d So the qu'e; the rest, slight for

ligbt.

e What is in italic is omitted in the aft q.

f Speak parret.] A phrase figuifying to act foolishly and childishly. So Shelten.

These maidens full makely with many a divers slow,

Freshly they dress and make spects any bours.

With spake parrot I pray you full courtously this say. W.

g The 2d q. omits if,

dow? O thou invisible spirit of wine; a if thou hast no name to be known by, let us call thee devil.

fags. What was he that you follow'd with your fword? what had he done to you?

Caf. I know not.

lago. Is't possible?

*Caf. I remember a mass of things, but nothing distinctly: a quarret, but nothing wherefore. 'O God; that men should put an enemy in their mouths to steal away their brains! that we should with joy,' revel, pleasure and applicate, transform ourselves into beasts.

lage. Why, but you are now well enough. How came you thus recovered?

Cas. It hath pleased the devil, Drunkenness, to give place to the devil, Wrath; one unperfectness shews me another, to make me frankly despite niyself.

lags. Come, you are too severe a moraler. As the time, the place, 1 and the condition of this country stands, I could heartily wish this had not " so befallen: but since it is as it is, mend it for your own good.

Caf. I will alk him for my place again; he shall tell me, I am a drunkard: Had I as many mouths as Hydra, such an univer would stop them all. To be now a sensible man; by and by a fool, and presently a beast!—Every inordinate cup is unbless'd, and the ingredient is a devil.

a So the rst q; the rest, Ob shot men,

i so the qu's and C3 the rek, with joy, pleasance, revel, and applicase, Sc.

I The qu's omit and.

m So the rst q; the rest omit for

[&]quot; The 1st q. unordinate,

The qu's and C. ingredience.

Iago. Come, come, good wine is a good familiar creature, if it be well us'd; exclaim no more against it. And, good lieutenant, I think, you think I love you.

Caf. I have well approv'd it, fir.—I drunk?

lage. You, or any man living, may be drunk at p some time, q man. Pili sell you what you shall do—Our General's wife is now the General. I may say so, in this respect, for that he hath devoted and given up himself to the contemplation, mark, and denotement of her parts and graces. Consess yourself freely to her; importune her; she'll help to put you in your place again. She is do so fo free, so kind, so apt, so blessed a disposition, that she holds it a vice in her goodness not to do more than she is requested. This broken joint between you and her husband intreat her to splinter. And, my fortunes against any say worth naming, this crack of your love shall grow stronger than it was before.

Caf. You advise me well.

lage. I protest, in the fincerity of love, and r honest kindness.

Cas. I think it freely; and betimes in the morning will I beseech the virtuous Desidemona to undertake for me. I am desperate of my fortunes, if they check me here.

- F For fome the fo's and R. rend a.
- 9 The 1ft q. omits mas.
- " So the qu's and C; the rest, I tell,
- This is V.'s emendation, all defore read devotement.
- E So the qu's pabe reft, important ber belp, to put, St.
- " The qu's omit of.
- w All but the qu's and C. cenit/her.
- * The 1st q. braule for broken joins.
- y The ad q. omi boueft.
- 2 So the qu'ez the rels, I will for will I.
 - * The fo's, R. and P. omit bere.

OTHELLO.

lage. You are in the right. Good-night, lieutenant; I must to the watch.

Caf. Good-night, honest lage.

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[Exit Caffio.

S C E N E XV.

Manet Tago.

Iage. And what's he then, that fays, I play the villain? When this advice is free I give, and honest, b Probal to thinking, and indeed the course To win the Moor again. For 'tis most easy Th' inclining Desdemona to subdue In any honest suit; she's fram'd as fruitful As the free elements. And then for her To win the Moor, c were 't to renounce his baptism, All feals and fymbols of redeemed fin, His foul is so ensetter'd to her love, That she may make, unmake, do what she lift, Even as her appetite shall play the God With his weak function. 4 How am I then a villain, To counsel Cassie to this parallel course, Directly to his good? Divinity of Hell! When devils will f their blackest sins put on, They do suggest at first with heavenly shews, As I do now. — For while this honest fool

d P. and all after, except C. omis their.

b So the qu's and fo's; R. Probable; e P. and H. read, "Tis beil's divinity all after, Likely. when, &c.

The fo's were for were't.

The three 1st fo's and C. the for d. P. and all after, except C. omit their.

Plies Designate to repair his stortune,
And she for him pleads strongly to the Moor;
I'll pour this pestilence into his ear,
That she repeals him for her body's lust:
And by how much she strives to do him good,
She shall undo her credit with the Moor.
So will I turn her virtue into pitch;
And out of her own goodness make the net,
'That shall enmesh them all. How now, Rederige?

S C E N E XVI.

Enter Roderigo.

Rod. I h do follow here in the chace, not like a hound that hunts, but one that fills up the cry. My money is almost spent; I have been to-night exceedingly well cudgelled; had I think the issue will be, I shall have so much experience for my pains, has that comes to, had no money at all, m and with that with return to Venice.

lago. How poor are they that have not patience! What wound did ever heal but by degrees? Thou know'ft we work by wit, and not by witchcraft; And wit depends on dilatory time.

Does't

E The qu's and C. fortunes.

h H. and P. omit do.

i The qu's omit and.

k So the 1st q; the rest omit, as that comes to.

i So the rit q; the ad q. reads, and

so money at all; the rest, and so with no money at all.

m So the 1st q; the 2d reads, and with a little more wit, &c. the rest, and a little more wit, &c.

n So the qu's; the rest, return again to Venice.

Does't not go well? Geffie hath beaten thes. And thou by that small heart hast cashier'd Coffie. Tho' other things a grow fair against the fun, • Yet fruits that bloffom first ? will a first be ripe. Content thyself swhile. 'By th' mass, 'tis morning: Pleasure and action make the time seem short. Retire thee; go where thou art billeted. Away, I fay. Thou shalt know more hereaster. Nay get thee gone. [Enit Rod.] Two things are to be done; My wife must move for Cassio to her mistress: * I'll fet her on: Myself " a while, " to draw the Moor apart, And bring him jump, when he may Coffio find Solliciting his wife, -ay, that's the way: Dull not device by coldness and delay. Exit.

. The ad q. grow.

& The 18 g. Ber for Jes.

9 A reads, are not fight ripe.

The 2d q. fire for first.

- for By to maje.
 - * The qu's, fome for sure.
- " So the gu's; the fo's and R. point thus, I'll for her on supply outling to

· diano, Se. A. mada, I'll fo bar en to show, We. H. I'll fet ber en, fo diete, øc.

W T. W. J. and C. read the while; * So the qu's and C; the seft, In trath bist perhaps a while fignifies the fame, and may his a openionation of at the pobile.

x J. seads svill for to.

ACT III.

SCENE I.

7 Before Othello's Palace.

Enter Cassio with Musicians.

Caf. ASTERS, play here, I will content your pains,

Something that's brief; and bid, Good-morrow, General.

[Musick plays, and enter Clown from the bouse. Cloum. Why, masters, have your instruments been b at

Naples, that they e fpeak i'th' nose thus?

Mus. How, fir, how?

Clown. Are these, I pray 4 you, a call'd wind instruments?

Mass. Ay, marry are they, fir.

Clown. O, thereby hange a tail.

Mus. Whereby hangs a tale, fir?

⁷ This scene first described by R.

b So the qu's and C; the reft, is for

^{*} Second q. Mafer.

This direction first restored by T. C. play for speak.

from the ad q.

d The 1ft q. omits you.

All but qu's omit call'd.

Clown. Marry, fir, by many a wind inftrument that I know. But, mafters, here's money for you: and the General so likes your music, that he desires you, so f all loves, to make no some more noise with it.

Mus. Well, fir, we will not.

Clown. If you have any music that may not be heard, to't again; but, as they say, to hear music the General does not greatly care.

Mus. We have none fuch, sir.

Clown. Then put bup your pipes in your bag, and hie away; go, vanish away.

Caf. 1 Dost thou hear, my honest friend?

Clown. No, I hear not your honest friend; I hear you.

Cas. Pr'ythee, keep up thy quillets. There's a poor piece of gold for thee. If the gentlewoman that attends the General's wise be stirring, tell her there's one Casso entreats her a little savour of speech. Wilt thou do this?

Clown. She is stirring, sir, if she will stir hither. I shall seem to notify unto her.

Caf. o Do, good my friend.

To bim, enter Ingo.

In happy time, Iago.

A So the 1st q. and J; the rest, for love's fake, for, of all leves.

g The 2d q. the three last fo's, R. friend. P. and H. omit were.

h The qu's omit up.

i and bie away, is H.'s emendation, followed by W; the rest read, for I'll

into air, sway.

1 So the qu's, T. H. W. J. and C; the rest, Dost thou bear me, mine boof friend.

m The fa's read, the General be firring, &c.

n So all before R. he and the reft, except C. entrea:s of ber, &c.

 Do. "good my friend, is omitted in the fo's; R. and all aftertead, Do, my good friend.



ACT III. SCENE I.

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lago. You have not been abed then?

Cas. Why, no; the day had broke before we parted. I have made bold, * Iago, to fend in to your wife,—
My fuit 4 to her is, that she will to * virtuous Desdemona,
Procure me some access.

Iago. I'll fend her • to you presently;
And I'll devise a mean to draw the Moor
Out of the way, that your converse and business
May be more free.

[Exit.

Caf. I humbly thank you for 't.—I never knew A ' Florentine more kind and honest.

To bim, enter Æmilia.

Emil. Good-morrow, good lieutenant. I am forry
For your displeasure; but all will " soon be well.
The General and his wise are talking of it:
And she speaks for you stoutly. The Moor replies,
That he you hurt is of great same in Cyprus,
And great affinity; and that in " wholesome wissom
He might not but resuse "you. But " he protests, he loves you;
And needs no other suitor but his likings,

To take the " safest occasion by the front
To bring you in again.

- P P. and all after, except C. omit Isgo.
- 9 P. and all after, except J. and C.
 - The fame editors omit virtuous.
 - 5 P. and all after, except C. omit so
 - * For Florentine C. reads man,
- u So the qu's and C; the rest, fure for foor.
- w P. omits embelefeme; followed by all but J. and C.
 - The 2d q. and C. omits you.
 - y H. omits be present.
- This line is omitted by all but the qu's, J, and C.
 - " J. reads firft for fafif.

Caf. Yet I beseech you,

If you think sit, or that it may be done,

Give me advantage of some brief discourse

With Desidemena alone.

Emil. Pray you, come in;
I will bestow you where you shall have time
To speak your bosom freely.

* Cas. I am much bound to you.

[Excunt.

SCENE II.

Enter Othello, Iago, und Gentlemen.

Oth. These letters give, lago, to the pilot, And by him do my duties to the 4 Senate; That done, I will be walking on the works; Repair there to me.

Iago. • Well, my good lord, Pll do't.

Oth. This fortification, gentlemen, shall we fee 't?

Gent. 'We want upon your Lordship.

[Exempt.

The fo's and R. read Defilemen.

c The sit q omits this speech.

⁴ The qu's and C. fate for fenate.

P. and all after, except C. emit

f So the qu'e; the rft f. Well weil, &c. the rest, We'll weil, &c.

SCENE III.

An Apartment in the Palace,

Enter Desdemona, Cassio, and Æmilia.

Def. Be thou affur'd, good Casso, I will do All my abilities in thy behalf.

Emil. Good madam, do. 1 know it grieves my husband As if the 'case were his.

Def. O that's an honest fellow: k do not doubt, Coffie, But I will have my Lord and you again As friendly as you were.

Caf. 1 Bounteous madam, Whatever shall become of Michael Casho, He's never any thing but your true fervant.

Def. " O fir, I thank you. You do love my Lord; You have known him long; and be a you well affur'd, He shall in • strangeness stand no farther off Than in a politic distance.

Caf. Ay but, lady, That policy may either last so long,

\$ C, describes this scene, Before the not for Do not doubt, followed by the rest cafile.

h The fo's, R. and C. read, I warrant for I know.

i So the qu's and G; the reft, confe for cafe.

- k So all before P. who reads Deubt

except C.

1 P. and all after read, Moff bounteens Medam, &c.

m So the qu's and C; the reft, J kneso's for O fir.

" The ad q. omits yes well.

. The qu'e, frageft.

Or feed upon such nice and waterish diet, Or breed itself so out of p circumstance, That I being absent, and my place supplied, My General would forget my love and service.

Def. Do not doubt that; before Emilia here, I give thee warrant of thy place: assure thee If I do vow a friendship, I'll personn it To the last article: 9 my Lord shall never rest, I'll watch him tame, and talk him out of patience; His bed shall seem a school, his board a shrift; I'll intermingle every thing he does With Casso's suit; therefore be merry, Casso; For thy sollicitor shall rather die, Than give thy cause away.

SCENE IV.

Enter Othello and Iago, at a distance.

Emil. Madam, here comes my Lord.

Caf. Madam, I'll take my leave.

Def. Nay, stay, and hear me speak.

Cas. Madam, not now: I am very ill at case, Unfit for mine own t purposes.

Des. " Well, do your discretion,

[Exit Caffio.

lage, Hah! I like not that.

So the qu's; the reft, everumfances.
 So the 2d q; the reft, W by for
 H. reads, my Lord fluoret reft, &cc. Nay.

[!] The ift q. thee cause : away. (Qu's, purpose.

Oth. What doft thou fay?

Jago. Nothing, my Lord; or if - I know not what.

Oth. Was not that Coffio parted from my wife ?

lage. Cassio, my Lord? no, sure I cannot think it,

That he would " steal away so guilty-like, Seeing " you coming.

Oth. I * do believe; 'twas he.

Def. How now, my Lord?

I have been talking with a fuitor here,

A man that languishes in your displeasure.

Oth. Who is't you mean?

Def. Why, your lieutenant Coffio. Good my Lord,

If I have any grace or power to move you,

His present reconciliation y take.

For if he be not one that truly loves you,

That errs in ignorance, and not in cunning,

I have no judgment in an honest face,

I pry'thee call him back,

Oth. Went he hence now?

Def. a I 'footh, fo humbled,

That he hath left part of his a grief with mo,

To fuffer with him. Good love, call him back.

Oth. Not now, sweet Desdemona; some other time.

Def. But shall't be shortly?

v C. Well, well, do, &cc.

W Pirst q. sneake for steal.

[&]quot; The two 1st fo's, your for you.

y So all before P; he and the reft, except C. omit do.

W. make for take.

The qu's, Yes faith for I' fosth. The fo's, T. W. and J. I, fosth; R. P.

and H. In forth; C. Ay, footh. Whether the author meant by, I, footh, (if we read after the fo's) Aj, footh, or In footh, is left to the reader to determine.

[•] The qu's, gricfes.

The ift q. I for To.

d The three 1st fo's, Defdemen.

Oth. 4 The fooner, Sweet, for you.

Def. Shall't be to-night at Supper!

Oth. No; not to-night.

Def: Te-morrow dinner then?

Oth. I shall not dine at home.

I meet the Captains at the Citadel.

Def. Why then to-morrow night, for Tuesday morn; On Tuesday noon, or night, I or Wednesday morn; I prythee, name the time; but let it not Exceed three days; I in faith, he's penitent, And yet his trespass, in our common reason, (Save that they say the wars must make a examples Out of a their best) is not almost a stulk To incur a private check. When shall he come? Tell me, Othello. I wonder in my foul, What you p could ask me that I should deny, Or stand so mamm'ring on? What? Michael Casse!

That came a wooing with you, and of o many a time,

;

- d P. and H. omit The.
- So all before P; he and the reft, for could.
 except C. omit No.
 9 So the second of the se
 - ! The fo's and R. on for or.
- g So the qu's, fo's, and R; the seff, Or for On.
 - b The qu's, marne for moon.
 - The fo's and R. on for er.
 - k The ad f. and C. I pray thee.
- 1 The qu's, ifuith,
 - m C. war.
 - n The fo's, R. P. and H. example.
 - . The qu's, fo's, and C. ber for their.

- P'So the qu's and C; the seft, would for could.
- 9 So the qu's, 1st f. and C; the rest,
- J. mummering; the rest, mattering. B. in his Glossary explains, To mammer, to hesitate, to stand in suspence. The word often occurs in old English writings, and probably takes its original from the French word M'amour, which men were apt often to repeat when they were not prepared to give a direct answer. H.

 A. R. and all after omit fo.

When I have fpoke of you dispraisingly,
Hath ta'en your part, to have so much to do
To bring him in? Trust me, I could do much—

Oth. Pr'ythee, no more. Let him come when he will, I will deny thee nothing.

Def. Why, this is not a boon.

Tis as I should entreat you wear your "gloves,
Or feed on nourishing "dishes, or keep you warm;
Or sue to you to do "a peculiar profit
To your own person. Nay when I have "a suit
Wherein I mean to touch your love indeed,
It shall be full of poise and "difficult weight,
And searful to be granted.

Oth. I will deny thee nothing; Whereon I do beseech thee grant me this, To leave me but a little to myself.

Des. Shall I deny you? No. Farewel, my Lord.

Oth. Farewel, my Desdemona; I'll come to thee straight.

Des. Emilia, come. — Be it as your fancies teach you;

[To Othello.

Whate'er you be, I am obedient.

Excust.

* The 12 q. Birlady for Truft w.

W. cleths for gloves.

■ So all before P. who reads meats for differ; followed by the reft, except C.

z So sll before P; he and the reft samit a.

y The two last fo's and all after, ex-

rept C. omit a.

" So the 2d q. the fo's, and R; the reft, difficulty for difficult weight.

a So all before P. who other ther; followed by the reft, except G.

b So the gate and C; the sell omit

SCENE

S C E N E V.

Manent Othello and Iago.

Oth. Excellent wretch!—Perdition catch my foul, But I do love thee; and when I love thee not, Chaos is come again.

Iago. My noble Lord-

Oth. What dost thou say, Iago?

lage. Did Michael Cassio, when you woo'd my lady, Know of your love?

Oth. He did, from first to last. Why dost thou ask? Iago. But for a satisfaction of my thought,

No further harm.

Oth. Why of thy thought, Iago?

Iago. I did not think, he had been acquainted with zit.

Oth. O yes, and went between us very h oft.

Iago. Indeed!

Oth. Indeed! 'ay, indeed. Discern'st thou aught in that? Is he not honest?

Iago. Honest, my Lord?

Oth. Honest? ay, honest.

Iago. My Lord, for aught I know.

Oth. What dost thou think?

. Iago. Think, my Lord!—

c T. and H. wench for wretch.

d First f. be for you.

e The 2d q. omits a.

⁴ The 1st q. thoughts,

g For it the qu's, ber; the ift f. bir.

h The 1ft q. often.

i The 1st q. omits Ay.

k R. P. and H. of for in.

Oth. Think, my Lord! why dost thou echo me,
As if there were some monster in thy thought,
Too hideous to be shewn? Thou dost mean something:
I heard thee say but now, thou lik'dst not that,
When Casso left my wise. What did'st not like?
And when I told thee, he was of my counsel,
In my whole course of wooing, thou cry'dst, Indeed?
And didst contract and purse thy brow together,
As if thou then hadst shut up in thy brain
Some horrible conceit. If thou dost love me,
Shew me thy thought.

Lago. My Lord, you know, I love you. Oth. I think, thou dost:

And, for I know, thou art full of love and honesty,
And weigh'st thy words before thou 'giv'st them breath,
Therefore these stops of thine 'fright me the more.
For such things, in a false disloyal knave,
Are tricks of custom; but, in a man that's just,
They are "close " dilations working from the heart,
That passion cannot rule.

Iago. For Michael Cassio,

I dare * be sworn, I think, * that he is honest,

- m First q. and C. bis for thy.
- n Fisk q. didf for doft.
- " The fo's and R. com for but.
- P The fo's and R. of for in.
- 9 The 1st q, counfell; R. conceits.
- I The three last fo's omit And.

- 1 The 1st q. give.
- t The aft q. effright.
- u So the qu's, 1st f. P. J. and C; the reft, cold for close.
- w For dilations, the 1st q. P. and C. read denotements; H. diffillations, omitting close.
 - I The 1ft q. prefume for be favore.
 - 7 The 2d q. omits ther.

I So the 2d q. and J; the 1st q. and C. By become be echoes me, Sc. the fo's and R. Ales, thou echo'ft me; P. and the rest, Why by becom's thou echo'ft me.

THELLO

Oth. I think fo too.

lage. Men should be what they seem; Or, these that be not, 'would they might scem z none! Oth. Certain, men should be what they seem. lago. Why then I think Coffio's an honest man Oth. Nay, yet there's more in this; I a proythee, speak to me b as to thy thinkings; As thou doft ruminate; and give c thy 4 worst of c thoughts. The worst of words

Iago. Good my Lord, pardon me. * Though I am bound to every act of duty. I am not bound to that all flaves are free h to. Utter my thoughts?—Why, fay, they are vile and false; As where's that palace, whereinto foul things Sometimes intrude not? Who has a breast so pure, But some uncleanly apprehensions Keep leets and law-days, and in lessions m sit With meditations lawful?

Oth. Thou doft conspire against thy friend, lage, If thou but think'ft him wrong'd, and mak'ft his ear A stranger to thy thoughts.

For none W. reads knowes; Henth proposes be known for feem none. But I think the old reading is plain enough. Men foould be what they feim, i. e. those that feem honest should be hosest, or these that be not what they seem, i. e. honek, would they might form state, i. c. here no feeming or appearance of honefty. The 2d q. omits none.

" So the qu's and aft.f; the reft, pray ttee.

b The rst q. omits er. " The Ist q. the for thy.

d The 2d q. omits worf of.

· First q. choogbt.

f The 1k q. word.

ER. I am not bound, Esc.

h The fo'e emit so.

The fo's and R. that for a.

k The fo's, Wherein for But form.

1 The qu's and C. feffre.

The 2d c. fu for fu.

lage. I do befeech you,

Though I, perchance, am vicious in my guess,
As I confess it is my nature's plague
To spy into abuses; and post my jealousy
Shapes faults that are not; I intreat you then,
From one that so imperfectly conjects,
You'd take no notice, nor build yourself a trouble
Out of my scattering and unsure observance.
It were not for your quiet, nor your good,
Nor for my manhood, honesty, or wisdom,
To let you know my thoughts.

Oth " What dost thou mean?

lage. Good name in man and y woman, dear my Lord.

Is the immediate jewel of z their fouls.

Who fleals my purse, steals trash; 'tis something, nothing; 'Twas mine, 'tis his; and has been slave to thousands;

But he that filches from me my good name,

Robs me of that, which not enriches him,

And makes me poor indeed.

- " H. 'Caufe for Though; W. Think.
- So all before P; he and all after, ceits for conjects.

 Except C. read abuse,

 t So the 1st q
- P The fo's, R.'s oftero, and P.'s duodecise, of for oft.
- 9. For I intrest you then, the fo's, R.

 and C. read, that your wildow; to which
 the 24 q. adds yet.
- "For imperficitly, J. rends improbably; and fays it is so in the old quasto; but for or. in neither of the qu's I collate is it to the found, nor does S. mention any such again, reading.
- So the 1st q. and Wy the rest, conceits for conjects.
- t So the 1st q; the 2d, Will for Tow'd; the fo's, R. and C. Would; P. and all after, except C. read the line thus, Your wildow would not build yourfulf a treable.
 - " The fo's, R. and C. bis for my.
- * So the qu's and C; the telt, and for or.
 - * The 1st q. Zouns for What deft then
 - y The 1st q. woman's.
 - The qu's, our for their.

Oth. By heaven, I'll know thy thoughts -Iago. You cannot, if my heart were in your hand; Nor shall not, whilst 'tis in my custody.

c Otb. Ha!

Iago. O beware, 4 my Lord, of jealousy; * It is f a green-ey'd monster, which doth * mock The meat it feeds on. h That cuckold lives in blifs, Who, certain of his fate, k loves not his wronger; But oh, what damned minutes tells he o'er, Who doats, yet doubts; suspects, yet I strongly loves! Oth. O misery!

lago. Poor, and content, is rich, and rich enough; But " riches " fineless is " as poor as winter,

- a All but the 1st q. omit By beaven.
- b The 1st q. and C. thought.
- c This speech omitted in the 1st q.
- d The 1st q. omits my Lord.
- e "It is a green ey'd monster, &c.

I am apt to think Shakespeare had here the crocodile in his eye, who by its tears is faid to deceive and entice its prey. To mock is used by our Author to fignify to delude and deceive. But if this be the allufion, what is the meat that Jealoufy ger, &c. feeds on? And the context feems to thew that Shakespeare makes Love the food of Jealouly, " That Cuckold lives 4 in blifs, who, certain of his fate, loves " not his wronger;" he feels not the pang of Jealoufy, because he wants that which nourishes and supports it, viz. Love. "But oh, what damned minutes for fineless; followed by all but J. and " tells he o'er, Who doats yet doubts, " suspects yet strongly loves." But how

does Jealoufy mock Love?-By pretending to be its friend, and by seeming to pity and condole with it, at the fame time that it is its great enemy and destroyer.

- I The 1st q. the fo's and R. the for
- g H. wake for work.
- h The 2d q. What for That.
- i The 2d q. Who certain of his wrea-
- k S. reads bates for loves, contrary to the q. 1622, which he professes to publish from. I find bates in no edition but his.
 - 1 The fo's, foundly for strongly.
 - " The 2d q. rich.
- " So all before P. who reads endless
 - . The 2d q. emits as-



ACT III. SCENE V.

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To him that ever fears he shall be poor. Good p heaven! the souls of all my tribe defend From jealousy.

Oth. Why? why is this? Think'st thou I'd make a life of jealousy? To follow still the changes of the moon With fresh suspicions? No; to be once in doubt, Is ' once to be refolv'd. Exchange me for a goat, When I shall turn the business of my soul To fuch exfuffolate, and blown furmifes, Matching " thy inference. 'Tis not to make me jealous, To fay my wife is fair, feeds well, loves company, Is free of speech, sings, plays, and dances well; Where virtue is, these * are , more virtuous. Nor from mine own weak merits will I draw The smallest fear, or doubt of her revolt: For she had eyes and z chose me. No, Iago, I'll fee before I doubt; when I doubt, prove; And, on the proof, there is no more but this, Away at once with love, * or jealoufy.

Iago. I am glad of b this; for now I shall have reason

To shew the love and duty that I bear you

- First q. God for begven.
- 9 C. inserts Lago after this.
- " The fo's omit once. H. inferts at before once.
- All before H. read exufficate (fo does.C.) except the 3d f. which reads exufficated.
 - t The fa's, blowed for blows.

- " The three last fo's, she for thy.
- W The fo's emit well.
- * W. reads make for are.
- y So the qu's, Ist f. W. and C; the rest, most for mire.
 - The 1d q. chofer.
 - a H. and for or.
 - b The qu's, it for this.

With franker spirit. Therefore, as f I am bound,
Receive it from me. I speak not yet d of proof,
Look to your wife, observe her well with Casso;

"Wear your f eye thus; not jealous, nor secure.
I would not have your free and noble nature
Out of self-bounty be abus'd; look to 't;
I know our country disposition well;
In Venice they do let s heaven see the pranks
They dare not shew their husbands; their best conscience
Is not to h leave undone, but heep unknown.

Oth. Dost thou say so?

lage. She did deceive her father, marrying you; And when she seem'd so shake, and fear your looks, She lov'd them most.

Oth. And so she did.

lage. Why, go to then;

She that so young could give out such a seeming
To seal her father's eyes up, close as look—
He thought 'twas witchcrast—But " I am much to blame a
I humbly do beseech you of your pardon,
For too much leving you.

Oth. I am bound to "thee for ever.

Lage. I see this hath a little dash'd your spirits.

- P. and all after but J. and C. read I'm for I am.
 - d The ad q. for for of.
 - | . The 2d q. Were for West.
 - I The fo's and R. eyes.
 - The 1st q. God for beaven.
- h So the 1st q. and C; the rest, have's.
- i So the ift q. and G; the fo's, left; the reft, less's.
- R So all before P. who emin-Why; followed by the reft.
 - 1 3. propoles sud for eak.
- m P. and all after, except C. Parfar I am.
- * So all before R; he and all after, except J. and G. read you for ther-

Oth.

Oth. Not a jot, not a jot.

lago. "Trust me, I fear it has:

I hope you will confider, what is spoke.

Comes from p my love. But I do see, q you are moved-

I am to pray you, not to strain my speech

To groffer issues, nor to larger reach,

Than to suspicion.

Oth. I will not.

lage. Should you do fo, my Lord,

My speech ' would fall into such ' vile ' success,

As my thoughts aim not at. Casso s my worthy friend.

My Lord, I see z you are mov'd.

Oth. No, not much mov'd-

² I do not think but Desdemona's honest. lage. Long live she so! and long live you to think so!

Oth. And yet, how nature erring from itself-

lage. Ay, there's the point; as to be bold with you,

. Not to affect many proposed matches

Of her own clime, complexion, and degree,

Whereto we see in all things Nature tends,

Foh! one may smell in such, a will d most rank,

Foul * disproportions, thoughts unnatural.

But, pardon me, I do not in position Distinctly speak of her; though I may fear,

. The sit q. Ifaith for Truft me.

P First f. your for my.

9 So the qu's and C; the fo's, y'ere;

R. and the reft, you're.

I All before P. fould for would.

* Fo's, wilde.

P. reads excess for success.

" So the qu's, J. and C; the rest, Which for A.

W The fo's and R. dim'd.

* The fo's omit at.

y The 1st q. trufty for evertby.

s The fo's and R. y' are.

I The 2d q. omits I.

Becond q. Wherein.

" The qu's, Fle we may, Ste.

d The 1d q. muft for moft.

" The qu's and C. difproportion,

Her will, recoiling to her better judgment, May fall to match you with her country forms, And happily repent.

Oth. Farewel, farewel.

If more thou dost perceive, let me know more:
Set on thy wife to observe. Leave me, Lago.

Iago. My Lord, I take my leave.

[Going.

Oth. Why did I marry? This honest creature, doubtless, Sees and knows more, much more than he unfolds.

Ingo. My Lord, I would I might intreat your Honour To scan this thing no farther; leave it to time; Though it be fit that Cassa have his place, For sure he fills it up with great ability; Yet if you please to 'hold him a off awhile, You shall by that perceive him and his means.

Note if your lady a strain his entertainment With any strong, or vehement importunity, Much will be seen in that. In the mean time, Let me be thought too busy in my fears, (As worthy cause I have to fear, I am)

f So all before P. who reads beply so k. So the repent; followed by the rest. It is plain though 'ns that Shakespears by beppily here meant 'tis sit, &s. baply or perchance; but this might than be the method of writing and promouncing the word.

**The In The In

- g The qu's read farceel but once.
- h This direction first put in by R.
- i The rst q. beging lage's speech with this line, and puts the line before this to the foregoing speech of Celeller.
- k So the 1st q; the 2d and C. Ad though 'in fit, Sc. the rest, Athough 'in fit, Sc.
- 1 The zfc f. omits bold; the other fo's, R. P. and H. par for bold.
 - m The 2d q. of for off.
- n i. e. Press hard his re-admission to his pay and office. Entertainment was the military term for admission of soldiers. J.
 - " The qu'e, ber for bic.

And hold her free, I do befeech your honours Oth. Fear not my government. lago. I once more take my leave.

SCENE VĹ

Manet Othello.

Oth. This fellow's of exceeding honesty, And knows all P qualities, with a k learned spirit, Of human 'dealings. If I' do prove her 'haggard, Tho' that her i jesses were my dear heart-strings. I'd whiftle her off, and w let her w down the wind To prey at fortune. * Haply, for * I am black, And have not those soft parts of conversation That b chamberers have; or, for I am declin'd Into the c vale of years, yet that's not much; She's gone, I am d abus'd, and my relief

- for qualities.
- 9 The fo's, R. and P. learn'd for karned.
 - First q. dealing.
- * So all before P. who omits do, followed by the rest, except C.
- A boggard hawk is a wild hawk, a bowk unreclaimed, or irritaldimable. J.
- " Joffen are short straps of leather tied except C. I'm for I am. about the legs of a hawk, by which the is held on the fift. H.
- " The falconers always let fly the hawk against the wind; if she flies with

' P The 2d q. the fo's and R. quantities the wind behind her, the feldom returas. If therefore a hawk was for any reason to be dismissed, she was let down the wind, and from that time shifted for herself, and prey'd at fortune. This was told me by the late Mr. Clark. 7.

- " The 2d q. detone.
- y Second q. pray.
- z The qu's, bappils. .
- a So all before P; he and all after,
- b Second q. Chambercourt.
- c The sit q. walt for wate.
- d The 2d q. advir'd for abar'd.

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Must be to loath her. Oh curse of marriage? That we can call these delicate creatures ours, And not their appetites! I had rather be a toad, And live upon the vapour of a dungeon, Than keep a corner in the thing I love, For others' h uses. Yet 'tis the plague i of great ones; Prerogativ'd are they less than the base; "Tis destiny unshunnable, like death. Even then this forked plague is fated to us When we do quicken. "Desdemona comes!

Enter Desdemona and Æmilia.

If she be false, m oh then heaven m mocks itself : I'll not believe it.

Def. How now, my dear Othello? Your dinner, and the generous p islanders, By you invited, do attend your presence.

Oth. I am to blame.

Def. 4 Why do you speak so faintly? Are you not well?

Oth. I have a pain upon my r forehead here.

Def. Why, that's with watching, 'twill away again;

```
e P. and all after, except C. infert the R. Look where five comes.
                                              m The fo's omit ch then.
before curfe.
  I The qu's, in for of.
                                              " The fo's, mock'd.
  ' Z Qu's, a for the.
                                              o So the qu's; the rest, believe 7.
   b So all before P; he and the reft,
                                              P The qu's, Ilander for iflanders.
except C. read ufe for ufrs.
                                              9 The qu's and C. Wby is your speech
  i The fo's and R. read to for of.
                                           so faint ?
  E Second q. This for 'Tis.
                                              I The 2d q. forebead, beare.
  1 For Deldemona comes, the fo's and
                                              5 The 1st q. Faith for why.
```

Let me but bind t it hard, within this hour It will be well again .

Oth. Your napkin is too little. [She drops her handkerchief. Let it alone. Come, I'll go in with you:

* Def. I am very forry that you are not well. [Excunt.

SCENE VII.

Manet Æmilia.

Emil. I am glad I have found this napkin 7;
This was her first remembrance from the Moor;
My wayward husband hath a hundred times
Woo'd me to steal it. But she so loves the token,
(For he conjur'd her, she should ever keep it)
That she reserves it evermore about her,
To kis and talk to. I'll have the work ta'en out,

- * And give't lago;
- * What he'll do with it, heaven knows, not I.
- I nothing, but to please his fantasy.

Enter Iago.

Ingo. How now? what do you here alone?

Æmil. Do not you chide; I have a thing for you.

Ingo. 'You have a thing for me?

It is a common thing—

- t The ift q. your bead for it kard.
- u All but the 1st q. omit again.
- Here C. gives this direction, [Goes to do it with a bandkerchief.
- x C. omits this speech, which is in all other editions.
 - T After nepkin H. adds bere.
- 2 H. reads, And give it to lago, but what he'll do. Sc.
- The fo's, R. and C. What he will do, fc.
- b The 1st q. and J. read, I nothing knew, but for his fastafy.
 - . The qu's and C. omit You bave.

H 3

Æmil.

Æmil. Ha?

Iago. To have a foolish d wife.

. Emil. O, is that all? What will you give me now

For that same handkerchief?

· Iago. What handkerchief ?

Æmil. What handkerchief?

Why, that the Moor first gave to Desdemona;

That which so often you did bid me steal.

Iago. Hast e stole it from her?

Emil, No; but she let it drop by negligence;

And to th' advantage, I, being here, took 't up, Look here it is,

Iago. A good wench, give it me,

Emil. What will you do with it, that you have been to earnest

To have me h filch it !

Iago, Why, what is that to you? [* Snatching it.

Emil. 1 If 't be not for some purpose of import,

* Give me't again, Poor lady! she'll run mad

When she shall lack it.

lage, " Be not you known on 't; I have use for it, Go, leave me...

I will in Casso's lodging o lose this napkin, [Exit Amil, And let him find it, Trisses light as air

_1

d The 1st q. thing for wife.

e So the qu's and C; the rest, filen.

f The qu's, No faut, fbe let it, Sc.

g The two last fo's, and all after, except C. omit that.

h The 2d q. fetch for fileb.

The qu's and C. spbat's that, &c.

^{*} This direction by R.

I First q. fo's and R. If it,

m So the qu's; the rest, Gios's me again, Sc.

n The fo's and R. read Be not acknown on't, &c. J, proposes to read in 't for on 't.

[·] Fa's, loofe,



ACT III. SCENE VIII.

Are to the jealous confirmations strong
As proofs of holy writ. This may do something.
The Moor already changes with my poison:
Dangerous conceits are in their natures poisons,
Which at the first are scarce found to distaste;
But, with a little act upon the blood,
Burn like the mines of sulphur.—I did say so.

SCENE VIII.

Enter Othello.

Look, where he comes! Not Poppy, wonor Mandragora, Nor all the drowfy fyrups of the world, Shall ever inedicine thee to that sweet sleep, Which thou wowedst yesterday.

Oth. 7 Ha, ha! false to me, 2 to me?

Iago. Why how now, General? No more of that.

Oth. Avant! be gone! 4 thou hast set me on the rack.

I swear, 'tis better to be much abus'd,

Than but to 6 know't a little.

- P Second q. Wright.
 - 4 This line is omitted in the 12 q.
- F So the 2d q. 1st f. and C; all the gest read poisons.
 - * R. omits this line.
 - t The sit q. art for all.
 - u The Ist q. mindes for mines.
 - W The 4th f. omits nor.
- * So all before P. who alters owedfi the reft, know for know't.

 * badfi; followed by T. Shakespeare

used to see in the sense we now under-

- y P. and all after, read Ma but once.
- z So the qu's and J; the rest read to me but once.
- 2 So all before P. he and all after, except C. then'ft for thou haft.
- b So the 2d q. two 1st fo's, J. and C; the rest. know for know't.

tot

Iago. How onow, my Lord? Oth. What d fense had I of her stol'n hours of lust? I faw 't not, thought it not, it harm'd not me; I flept the next night well f; was free, and merry; I found not Coffio's kiffes on her lips: He that is robb'd, not wanting what is stol'n, Let him not know't, and he's not robb'd at all. Iago. I am forry to hear this.

Oth. I had been happy, if the general Camp, Pioneers and all, had tafted her sweet body, So I had nothing known. Oh, now, for ever Farewel the tranquil mind, farewel content, Farewel the plumed s troop, and the big h wars, That 1 make ambition virtue! oh, farewel! Farewel the neighing steed, and the shrill trump, The spirit-stirring drum, * th' ear-piercing fife, The royal banner, and all quality, Pride, pomp, and circumstance of glorious war! And O 1 ye mortal engines, whose m rude throats Th' immortal Jove's a dread o clamours counterfeit, Farewel! Othello's occupation's gone.

- c So all before P. he and the reft, except C. omit now.
- and R. fcent.
- - g So the qu's; the rest, tro ps.
- A So all before R. he and all after,
 - i The qu'e, aft f. J. and C. maker,
- k W. proposes to read, th' four-Sperfing fife, i. e. the fear-disperfing; d The 3d f. fent for fenfe; the 4th f. but if this Bad been Sbatespeare's meaning, he would have wrote it at length, The fo's, R. P. and H. read in for the fear dispersing fife, which would only have made the verse an Alexandrine, a f After well the fo's and R. add fed kind of verse he frequently makes use
 - 1 So the qu's; the reft, you for ye.
 - m The qu's, wide for rude.
 - n The qu's, great for dread.
 - D The ift q. clemor.

Iago. Is't possible, my Lord? Oth. Villain, he fure thou prove my love a whore; P Catching bold on bim.

Be fure of it; give me the ocular proof, Or, by the worth of mine eternal foul, Thou hadft been better have been born a dog. Than answer my wak'd wrath.

lago. Is 't come to this?

Oth. Make me to see 't; or, at the least, so prove it, That the probation bear no hinge, nor loop, To hang a doubt on: or woe upon thy life.

Iago. My noble Lord-

Oth. If thou dost slander her, and torture me, Never pray more; abandon all remorfe; On horror's head, horrors accumulate; Do deeds to make heaven weep, all earth amaz'd; For nothing canst thou to damnation add, Greater than that,

Iago. O grace! O heaven ' defend me! Are you a man? have you a foul, or fense? God b' w' you. Take mine office.—" O wretched fool, That " liv'st to make thine honesty a vice! Oh monstrous world! take note, take note, O world, To be direct and honest, is not safe. I thank you for this profit, and from hence

* The fo's and R. forgive for defends

The qu's and three first fo's, God

P This direction first put in by R. C. directs [Taking bim by the throat. 9 The 2d q. and C. my for mine; the buy you.

v P. and H. omit O.

aft q. and W. man's for mine. F Second q. That for Than.

W The fo's, R. and C. loo'ff for liv'ft.

I'll love no friend, * fince love breeds such offence. Oth. Nay, flay. Thou flouids be honest face. I should be wife; for honesty's a fool, And loses 7 that it works for.

² Oth. By the world,

I think my wife be honeft, and think fhe is not; I think that thou art just, and think thou art not. I'll have some proof. 'Her name, that was as fresh As Dian's visage, is now begrith'd and black As mine own face. If there be cords, or knives, Poison, or fire, or suffocating fireams, I'll not endure it. 'Would I were satisfied!

lage. I see, d fir, you are eaten up with passion; I do repent me that I put it to you.

You would be fatisfied?

Oth. Would? nay, 'I will.

lage. And may; but how? how fatisfied, my Lord? Would you, ' the supervisor, grosly gape on, Behold her stupp'd?

Oth. Death and damnation! oh!

" lago. It were a tedious difficulty, I think, To bring h 'em to that prospect: i damn k 'em then,

* So the qu'e; the rest, sub for since. and I will; the rest, and will.

y So all before P. who alters that to subat; followed by the rest, except C.

s This speech is omitted in the 1st all after, be superdisor, &c.

" So all before the ad, f; that and all top'd; W. top'd. after, is for be.

b C. omits and.

c The fo's and R. My for Her.

d The and R. omit fir.

s So the qu's and C; the fo's and R, for 'em,

f So the 1st q. and C; the 2d q. the fo's and R. the supervision, &c. P. and

g All before T. tops, or topp'd, or

h The 1st f. them; the other fo's omit

i Qu's, dam.

k So the qu's and C; the reft, them

If ever mortal eyes 1 do for them bolfler, More than their own, "What then? how then? What shall I say? where's satisfaction? It is impossible you should see this. Were they as prime as goats, as hot as monkeys, As falt as wolves in pride, and fools as groß As ignorance made drunk; but yet I fay, If imputation and firong circumstances, Which lead directly to the door of truth, Will give you fatisfaction, a you might have't. Oth. Give me a living reason s that she's disloyal, lago. I do not like the office; But P fith I am enter'd a into this cause so far; Prick'd to 't by foolish honesty and love, I will go on. I lay with Cassio lately, And being troubled with a raging tooth, I could not fleep. -There are a kind of men, so loose of soul, That in their sleeps will mutter their affairs; One of this kind is Caffie: In fleep I heard him fay, Sweet Desdemona, Let us be ' wary, let us hide our loves!

And then, fir, would be gripe and wring my hand; "Cry, Oh sweet creature!" and then kiss me hard,

¹ The qu's, did fog do.

"m C, reads, What then? how then, fay
you? Where's fatisfastion? What shall I
fay?

n The qu's, you may bay't; C. you may bave 't.

o All but the qu's omit that.

P T.'s duodecimo, W. and J. read face for fith.

⁹ So the qu's; the reft, is for inte.

r Second q. me,

[•] H. reads all before their; C. Of before their.

t The 1st q. merry for wary.

The qu's, Cry out, feven creature,

W The fo's and R. omit and,

As if he pluckt up kisses by the roots,

That grew upon my lips; * then ' laid his leg

² Over my thigh, and ^a figh'd and ^b kiss'd, and then

Cry'd, Cursed fate that gave thee to the Moor.

Oth. O monftrous! monftrous!

Iago. d Nay, this was but his dream.

Oth. But this e denoted a fore-gone conclusion;

Tis a shrewd doubt, though it be but a dream.

Iago. And this may help to thicken other proofs, That do demonstrate thinly.

Oth. I'll tear her all to pieces.

Iago. Nay, 8 but be wife; yet we see nothing done; She may be honest yet.—Tell me but this, Have you not sometimes seen a handkerchief, Spotted with strawberries, in your h wife's hand?

Oth. I gave her fuch a one; 'twas my first gift.

Iago. I knew not that; but such a handkerchief (I am sure it was your wife's) did I to-day See Casso wipe his beard with.

Oth. If it be that-

Iago. If it be that or any, k if 'twas hers It speaks against her with the other proofs.

The fo's and R. omit then.
y R. and all after, except C. lay for laid.

The fo's and R. ore for over.

2 So the qu's and C; the rest, figb for

b So the qu's and C; the rest, kiss for

e So the qu's and C; the reft, cry for cry'd,

d P. and H. omit Ney.

e The 1st q. deusted.

f The 1st q. and . give this line to logo.

g The fo's and R. yet for but.

h All before R. wives.

i So the qu's and C; the reft, If it for

k The qu's and 1st f. it was beys, &c.

Oib.

Oth. O that the flave had forty thousand lives! One is too poor, too weak for my revenge.

Now ' do I see 'tis " true.—Look here, Iage,
All my fond love thus do I blow to heaven:
'Tis gone.—

Arife, black vengeance, from a thy hollow cell! Yield up, O Love, thy crown and a hearted throne To tyrannous hate! fwell, bosom, with thy fraught, For 'tis of aspicks' tongues?.

lage. 4 Yet be content.

Oth. 'O blood, Iago, blood!

Iago. Patience, I say; your mind perhaps may change.

Oth. Never, Iago. Like to the Pontick sea,

Whose icy current, and compulsive course

Ne'er * feels retiring ebb, but keeps due en

To the Propontick and the Hellespont;

Even so my bloody thoughts with violent pace

Shall ne'er look back, ne'er ebb to humble love,

'Till that a capable and wide revenge

Swallow them up.— Now * by yond marble beaven, [7 He kneels.

In the due reverence * of a sacred vow

- 1 The 2d q. I dos to do I.
- m The 1st q. and W. time for true.

I here engage my words-

- n So the qu's and J; W. th' unballow'd cell; the rest, the bollow cell.
 - · The ift q. barted; W. parted.
 - P Here the qu's direct, be kneeles.
 - 9 The qu's and C. Pray for Yet.
- : So the qu's and C; the rest, O blood, blood, blood,
- * The fo's, R. P. and H. omit per-
- The following in italic is omitted in the 1st q.
 - u P. H. and W. omit to.
 - W The fo's, keeps for feels.
 - " Second q. be youd.
- 7 This direction by R.
- 2 Second q. so for of.

XOB

Iago. Do not rife yet.

Lago kneels.

Witness, "you ever-burning lights above!

You elements that clip us found about !:

Witness, that here lege doth give up

The execution of his wit, d hands, heart,

To wrong'd Othelb's service. Let him command.

* And not to obey shall be f in me remorfe,

What bloody work fo ever.

Oth. I greet thy love,

[Rifing.

Not with vain thanks, but with acceptance bountcous;

And will upon the instant put thee to't.

Within these three days let me heat thee say,

That Caffie's not alive.

lago. My friend is dead;

Tis done i as you request. But let her live.

For the fair devil. Now are thou my lieutenant.

Oth. Damn her, lewd minx! O, k damn her, damn her! Come, go with me apart; I will withdraw To furnish me wish some swift means of death

loga. I am your own for ever,

Exenna

The 2d q. the for you; J. ye.

J. ye for you.

c The 1ft q. excellency for execution.

I'me qu's and C. band.

e All before P. read, And to obey, Bc. P. Nor 10 obey, &c. followed by H. W. reads, And to obey shall be in me. request, &c. Remerd, &cc. I conjecture that not only was left out, which is supplied in the dast ber, Come; &cc. -

text.

f The 1st q. omits in me.

g So the qu's ; the rest, What bloody bufiness ever.

h This direction by C.

¹ So the qu's and C; the rest, at your

k The qu'e, Dent ber leved minki: 0

ACT III. SCENE IX.

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'SCENE IX.

- Another Apartment in the Palace.

Enter Desdemona, Emilia, and Clown.

Def. Do you know, firrah, where " the lieutenant Coffice lies?

Clown. I dare not fay, he lies any where.

Def. Why, man?

• Clown. He is a foldier; and for pone to fay, a foldier lies, q is stabbing.

Def. Go to; where lodges he?

Clown. To tell you where he lodges, is to tell you where I lie.

Def. Can any thing be made of this?

Clown. I know not where he lodges; and for me to devise a lodging, and fay, he lies here, or he lies there, were to lie in mine own throat.

Def. Can you enquire him out? and " be edified by report?

Clown. I will catechize the world for him; that is, make questions, and w make them answer.

- 1 The fo's call this Scena quarta.
- m This description by T.
- All but the qu's omit the.
- . The 1st of amits Chave.
- P So the qu's and G; the reft, me for
- 4 So the gu's and G ; the red its fine
- These two speeches in italic are omitted in the 1st q.
- The qu's, and fay be lies there, were to lie, &cc.
 - " The skip me throate
 - " Second q. omits be.
- w So that des E M. W. B. wed.C. bid for make; the rest, by.

Def. Seek him, bid him come hither; tell him, I have mov'd my Lord * on his behalf, and hope all will be well.

Clown. To do this is within the compais of man's wit, and therefore I will attempt the doing of it. [Exit Clown.

Def. Where should I lose that handkerchief, Emilia?
Emil. I know not, Madam.

Def. Believe me, I had b rather have lost my purse Full of Cruzadoes. And but my noble Moor Is true of mind, and made of no such baseness As jealous creatures are, it were enough To put him to ill thinking.

Emil. Is he not jealous?

Def. Who, he? I think the fun where he was born Drew all such humours from him.

Emil. Look where he comes.

Def. I will not leave him now, till Caffio be Call'd to him.

SCENE X.

Enter Othello.

How is it with you, my Lord?

Oth. Well, my good Lady. O hardness to diffemble!

[Afide.

How do you, Desdemona?

- The qu's and C. in for on.
 The aft a of a case, and therefore
- y The 1st qi of a man, and therefore, ke.
 - s The fo's and C. emit of.
- * The fo's, R. P. and H. the for that.
- b The qu'e, rather losse my, &c.
- c A Cruzado is a Partugueza coin, in value those faillings fixting. Dr. Grey.



ACT III. SCENE X.

111

Def. Well, my 4 good Lord.

Oth. Give me your hand. This hand is moist, my Lady.

Def. It " yet hath felt no age, nor known no forrow."

Oth. This argues fruitfulness, and liberal heart:

Hot, hot, and moist. This hand of yours requires

A sequester from liberty, fasting and s praying,

Much castigation, exercise a devout;

For here's a 1 young and k fweating devil here,

That commonly rebels. 'Tis a good hand,

A frank one '.

Def. You may indeed say so;

For 'twas that hand that gave away my heart.

Oth. A liberal hand. The hearts of old gave hands; But our new heraldry is hands, not hearts.

Def. I cannot speak of this. a Come, now your promise.

Oth. What promise, chuck?

Def. I have fent to bid Caffio come speak with you.

Oth. I have a falt and a forry rheum offends me:

Lend me thy handkerchief.

Def. Here, my Lord.

Oth. That which I gave you.

Def. I have it not about me.

Oth. Not?

⁴ So all before P; he and all after, except C. omit good.

The fo's and R. omit yet.

The 1st q. Not bot and meift, &cc.

E So the qu'e; the rest, prayer for praying.

Second q. devoted.

¹ W. frong for young.

k Second q. feventie.

¹ After one C. adds tos.

m W. H. and C. read, The hand, of old gave hearts, &c.

n The 1st q. Come, come, your premise, &c.

[.] The qu's, fullen for forry.

Def. P No indeed, my Lord. Oth. That's a fault. That handkerchief Did an Egyptian to my mother give; She was a charmer, and could almost read The thoughts of people. She told her, while she kept it. Twould make her amiable, k and fubdue my father Intirely to her love; but if she lost it, Or made a gift of it, my father's eye Should hold her ! loathed, and her spirits ! should hunt After new fancies. She, dying, gave it me; And bid me, when my fate would have me " wive, To give it her. I did fo; and take heed on't; Make it a darling, like your precious eye; To v lose or give 't away, were such perdition, As nothing else could match.

Def. Is 't possible?

Oth. 'Tis true; there's magick in the web of it; A Sibyl that had numbred in the world * The fun to course two hundred compasses, In her prophetic fury ' few'd the work: The worms were hallow'd that did breed the filk And it was dy'd in mummy, a with the skilful " Conserves of maidens' hearts.

P The 1st q. No, faith, my Lord.

9 So the qu's, 1st f. and C; the rest

This line is twice repeated in the &c. H. Of the fan's course two, &c. ift q.

* The 1st q. lotbely for leathed.

' t So all before P; he and the rest, with. except C. omit foould.

" So the qu's and C; the reft, wiv'd reft, Conferw'd.

for wive.

W So the qu's; the reft, bfe L

" The 1st q. The fun to make two,

y All but J. fowed or fow'd.

z So the qu's; the rest, which for

2 So the 1st q; the 2d, Conferve; the



ACT III. SCENE X.

113

Def. 1 Indeed! is 't true?

Oth. Most veritable, therefore look to 't well.

Def. Then would to God, that I had never feen. it.

Oth. Ha? wherefore?

Def. Why do you speak so e startingly and rash?

Oth. Is 't lost? is 't gone? speak, f is it out o' th' way?

Def. 5 Heaven bless us !-

Oth. Say you?

Def. It is not loft; but what and if it were?

Otb. h Ha!

Des. I say, it is not lost.

Oth. Fetch 't, let me i see it.

Def. Why so I can, k fir; but I will not now.

This is a trick to put me from my fuit;

1 I pray, let Coffie be receiv'd again.

Oth. Fetch me " that handkerchief. My mind misgives.

Des. a Come, come, you'll o never meet a more sufficient man.

Oth. The handkerchief-

P. Des. 1 pray talk me of Cassio.

Oth. The handkerchief-

- The 1st q. Ifaith for Indeed.
- e So the qu's; the rest, beaven for God.
 - 4 So the qu's ; the rest, feen 't.
 - e The two last fo's, flaringly.
 - f The fo's and R. is't for is it.
 - & So the 1st q; the rest omit Heaven.
 - h The fo's and R. How for Ha.
 - I So the qu's; the reft, for 't.
 - L The fo's omit Sir.

- 1 So the qu's and C; the reft, Pray you for I pray.
 - m So the qu's and C; the reft, the for
 - a So all before P; he and all after, except C. Come, you'll ne'er meet, &cc.
 - P. and all after, except G. m'er for
 - P These two speeches in italic are emitted in all but the 1st q. and J.

OTHELLO.

Def. A man that all his time Hath founded 4 his good fortunes on your love; Shar'd dangers with you.

Oth. The handkerchief-

Def. In footh, you are to blame.

Oth. ' Away !-

114

Exit Othello.

SCENE XI.

Manent Desdemona and Æmilia.

Æmil. Is not this man jealous?

Def. I ne'er saw this before.

Sure there's some wonder in this handkerchief: I am most unhappy in the loss to fit,

Emil. 'Tis not a year or two shews us a man: They are all but stomachs, and we all but stood; They eat us hungerly, and when they are full They belch us. Look you! Casso and my husband.

Enter Iago and Cassio.

lago. There is no other way, 'tis she must do it; And lo, the happiness! Go and importune her.

Def. How now, good Caffie, what's the news with you?

Caf. Madam, my former fuit. I do befeech you, That, by your virtuous means, I may again Exift, and be a member of his love,

⁴ The 21 q. omits bis.

The 1st q. Ifaith for Infeath.

^{. 3} The 1st q. Zoum for Away.

The sft q. omits of it.

[&]quot; R. P. and H. omit all.

w For I may again; the 2d q. reads, I do beseech you.



ACT III. SCENE XI.

115

Whom I, with all the * duty of my heart,
Intirely honour. I would not be delay'd;
If my offence be of fuch mortal kind,

That not my fervice past, nor present forrows,
Nor purpos'd merit in futurity,
Can ransom me into his love again;
But to know so, must be my benefit;
So shall I cloath me in a forc'd content,
And * shoot myself * up in some other course,
To fortune's * alms.

Def. Alas! thrice gentle Cassis,
My advocation is not now in tune;
My Lord is not my Lord; nor should I know him,
Were he in favour, as in humour, alter'd.
So help me every spirit sanctified,
As I have spoken for you all my best;
And stood within the blank of his displeasure
For my free speech. You must awhile be patient;
What I can do, I will: and more I will
Than for myself I dare. Let that suffice you.

Iago. Is my Lord angry?

Emil. He went hence but now;

And certainly in strange unquietness.

Iago. Can he be angry? I have feen the cannon, When it hath blown his ranks into the air, And, like the devil, from his very arm

. 1

[&]quot; So the 1st q. and J; the rest, office for duty.

y The 1st q. and J. That neither fervice, &c. the 1st s. and C. That not my service, &cc.

s So the 1st q. J. and four for foot.

a C. upon for up in.

P. reads arms for aline.

c The ad q. floop for flood.

116 OTHELLO.

Puft his own brother; and 4 can he be angry?

Something of moment then. I will go meet him.

There's matter in 't indeed, if he be angry.

[Exit,

SCENE XII.

Manent Desdemona, Æmilia, and Cassio.

Def. I pr'ythee, do so.—Something sure of state, Either from Venice, e or some unhatch'd practice, f Made demonstrable here in Cyprus to him, Hath puddled his clear spirit; and in such cases, Men's natures wrangle with inserior things, Tho' great ones are their object. 'Tis even so. For let our singer ake, and it endues Our other healthful members, even to that sense Of pain. Nay, we must think men are not gods, Nor of them look for such observance always, As sits the bridal. Beshrew me much, Emilia, I was, unhandsome warrior as I am, Arraigning his unkindness with my soul; But now I find, I had suborn'd the witness, And he's indited falsely.

d The fo's and R. is for cas be.

e J. of for er,

f So all before P; he and all after, except C. Made bere demonstrable in, &c.

g The qu's, the for their.

h The 2d q. endures.

i For, even to that, (which is the road-

ing of the qu's) the fo's and R. rese, even to a; P. and all after, except C. with a, for, even to that.

h The qu'e, abservances; the If s. and, C. observances.

¹ always is in no edition before R.

m II. and W. sprangler for warrier.

Emil. Pray heaven it be a ftate-matters as you think, And no conception, nor a no jealous toy. Concerning you.

Def. Alas the day, I never gave him cause.

Emil. But jealous fouls will not be answer'd so; They are not ever jealous for p the cause; But jealous, for they are jealous. 'Tis a monster Begot q upon itself, born on itself.

Def. Heaven keep ' that monster from Othello's mind! Æmil. Lady, amen.

Def. I will go feek him. Cassio, walk here about; If I do find him fit, I'll move your suit, And seek to effect it to my ' uttermost.

Caf. I humbly thank your Ladyship.

[Excunt Desidemona and Æmilia.

SCENE XIII.

Enter Bianca.

Bian. Save you, friend Cassie.

Cassie. What ' make you from home?

How is it with you, my most fair Bianca?

I' faith, sweet love, I was "coming to your " house.

- n So all before P; he and all after, except C. flate-matter.
 - So the qu's, fo's and C; the rest omit
- ? So all before P; he and the reft, except C. a for the.
 - 4 The 2d q. unto for upon.
- The fo's, R. and G. the for that.
- s The ad q. stmoft.
- t The 4th f. and all after, except C. read makes.
- " So the 1st q; the rest, Indeed for I'faith.
 - w The 2d q. going for coming.

118 OTHELLO.

Bian. And I was going to your lodging, Cassie.
What? keep a week away? seven days and nights?
Eightscore eight hours? and 'lovers' absent hours,
More tedious than the dial, eightscore times?

² Oh weary reckoning!

Cas. Pardon me, Bianca:

I have this while with a leaden thoughts been prest, But I shall in a more b convenient c time Strike off this score of absence. Sweet Bianca,

[d Giving her Desdemona's bandkerchief.

Take me this work out.

Bian. Oh Caffio, whence came this?
This is some token from a newer friend:
To the felt absence, now I feel a cause:
Is't come to this? well, well.

Caf. h Go to, woman;

Throw your vile guesses in the devil's teeth,
From whence you have them. You are jealous now
That this is from some mistress some remembrance?
No, in good troth, Bianca.

Bian. Why, whose is it?

Caf. I know not, 1 sweet; I found it in my chamber; I like the work well; ere it be demanded,

- × C. lodging for bouse.
- y The three last fo's and R. loves for hours.
 - z The 1ft q. No for Ob.
 - . The 1st q. laden for leaden.
- b The 2d q. the fo's and R. continuate for convenient.
 - Before time the 2d q. inserts of.
 - " This direction by R.

- f 7. omits a.
- f So all before P; he and all after, except Cs Of thy for To the.
 - g The 1st q. omits well, well.
 - h H. Well go to, &c. C. Woman, go to!
 - i The 1st q. No, by my faith, Bianca.
 - k J. reads truth for troth.
- ! So the qu's; the rest, neither for fences.

ACT IIL SCENE XIII. 119

As like enough it will, = I'd have it copied:

Take it and do't, and leave me for this time,

Bian. Leave you? wherefore?

Caf. I do attend here on the General,

And think it no addition, nor my wish

To have him see me woman'd.

Bian. Wby, I pray you?

Cas. Not that I love you not.

Bian. ° But that you do not love me.

I pray you bring me on the way a little,

And say, if I shall see you soon at night.

Cas. 'Tis but a little way that I can bring you,

For I attend here. But I'll see you soon.

Bian. 'Tis very good; I must be circumstanc'd.

Excunt.

m The fo's and R. I spould for I'd. in the sit q.

n These two speeches in italie are not . H. Nor that you love me, &c.

A C T IV.

SCENE I.

o A Court before the Palace.

Enter Othello and Iago.

Iago. WILL you think fo?

Oth. Think fo, Iago?

Iago. What to kifs in private?

Oth. An unauthoriz'd kiss.

Iago. Or to be naked with her? friend a abed,

An hour or more, not meaning any harm?

Oth. Naked q abed, Iago, and not mean harm?

It is hypocrify against the devil:

They that mean virtuoufly, and yet do fo,

The devil their virtue ' tempts, and they tempt heaven.

Iago. So they do nothing, 'tis a venial flip:

But t if I give my wife a handkerchief-

Oth. What then?

Iago. Why then, 'tis hers, my Lord; and being hers, She may, I think, bestow 't on any man.

Oth. She is " protectress of her honour too; May she give that?

- There is no description of the scene in any edition before R. who calls it a room of state; followed by P; the rest as above.
 - P The three last fo's, friends.
 - 4 So the qu's; the rest, in bed,
- TH. and W. tempts not, they tempt, &c.
- So the qu's and C; the rest, If for
- . t The two last fo's omit if.
- " For protectives, H. reads proprietor;
- W. propertied; C. proprietrefs.

 Iago.

lage. Her honour is an essence that's not seen, They have it very oft, that have it not. But for the handkerehief -

Oth. By heaven, I would most gladly have forgot it; Thou saidst (oh it comes o'er my memory, As doth the raven o'er the winfected house, Boding to * all) he had my handkerchief.

Iago. Ay, what of that?

Oth. That's not fo good now.

Iago. What if I , had faid, I had feen him do you wrong? Or z heard him fay (as knaves be fuch abroad, Who having, by their own importunate fuit,

- * Or voluntary dotage of some mistress,
- b Convinced, or supplied them, cannot chuse But they must blab) -

Oth. Hath he faid any thing?

lage. He hath, my Lord; but be you well affur'd, No more than he'll unswear.

Oth. What hath he faid?

lago. "Faith, that he did—I know not what he did— Oth. d But, what?

- The fo's and R. infectious.
- * P.'s duodecimo, T. and W. ill for
- except C. omit bed.
 - z The three last fo's, bear.
 - 2 First q. Or by the voluntary, &c.
- T. alters the line thus, Convinc'd or suppled them, they cannot chuse, &c. followed by all after. But I fee no reason 'Faith. for this alteration : Iage is here describing two sorts of gallants; one who the reft, What, what?

by their importunities have convinced, or overcome, their mistresses; the other, who, when their mistresses voluntarily y So all before P; he and all after, doated on them, have supplied them with the effects of love. These last fort of mistresses have no need of being either convinced or suppled. T.'s alteration is b The 2d q. Conjur'd for Convinced. followed by H. W. J. and C. bating that C. reads firaight for bey.

c So the 1st q; the rest, Wby for

d So the Th q; the 2d q, What?

Lago.

122

Iago. Lie-

Oth. With her?

Iago. With her, on her—what you will—

Oth. Lie with her! lie on her! " We fay, lie on her, when they belie ber. Lie with her! f Zouns, that's fulsome. Handkerchief-confessions-s handkerchief-h to confess, and be bang'd for his labour - first to be hang'd, and then to confess-I tremble at it — Nature would not invest berself in such shadowing passion, without some instruction. It is not words that * shake me thus — pish — noses, ears, and lips — Is 't possible? confess! - handkerchief! - Ob devil! -

Falls in a trance.

Iago. Work on, My medicine, work! Thus credulous fools are caught; And many worthy and chafte dames even thus, All guiltless, meet reproach. What ho! my Lord! My Lord, I fay, Othello!

- These words in italic are in all the editions before P; he and all after, but omitted in the 1st q. J. and C. omit them.
 - f All but Ift q. omit Mount.
- E T. W. and J. repeat bandkercbief twice here, contrary to all the other editions. The qu's read bandkerchiefs, works. confession, bandkerchiefs.
- h What follows of this speech is
- 1 H. W. and C. induction for buffenetien. See Heath in loc.
- k Second q. fo's and C. fbakes.
 - 1 The fo's, R. P. and H. read



ACT IV. SCENE II.

123

SCENE II.

Enter Caffio.

How now, Casso?

Cas. What's the matter?

lage. My Lord is a fal'n into an epilepsy,

This is a his second fit; he had one yesterday.

Cas. Rub him about the temples.

Iage. o No, forbear,

The lethargy must have ? his quiet course :

If not, he foams at mouth, and by and by

Breaks out to savage madness. Look, he q stirs.

Do you withdraw yourself a little while,

He will recover ftraight; when he is gone,

I would on great occasion speak with you. [Exit Cassio.

How is it, General, have you not hurt your head?

Oth. Dost thou mock me?

Iago. I mock you? no, by heaven;

Would you would bear your t fortunes like a man.

Oth. A horned man's a monster, and a beast.

Iago. There's many a beast, then, in a populous city, And many a civil monster.

[&]quot; M T. and W. fell for fal's.

The last f. and all after, but C. she for bis.

The fo's and R. omit No, for-

P The ad q. omits bis.

^{1.} Second q. flarres for firs.

² Second q. and C. omit thous

So the qu's; the reft, I meek you not, by becoven, &c. except C. who reads
I meek you! no, by becoven; I meek you not.

[:] So the qu's, T. W. and J; the self, foriuse.

Oth. Did he confess it? Iago. Good fir, be a man; Think, every bearded fellow that's but yok'd, May draw with you. There's millions now alive, That nightly " lie in those unproper beds, Which they dare fwear peculiar. Your case is better, Oh, 'r'tis the spight of hell, the fiend's arch-mock, To lip a wanton in a fecure couch: And to suppose her chaste. * No, let me know, And knowing what I am, I know what she shall be. Oth. Oh, thou art wife, "'tis certain. Iago. Stand you a while apart, Confine yourself but in a patient list. Whilst you were here, b o'erwhelmed with your grief, A passion most e unsuiting such a man,

Cassio came hither. I shifted him away, And laid good d'scuse upon your extasy; Bad him anon f return, and here speak with me: The which he promis'd. 2 Do but encave yourself. And mark the h fleers, the gibes, and notable fcorns, That dwell in every region of his face;

" The qu's omit it.

lions are now alive, &c. followed by and R. refuling. the rest, except C.

[&]quot; Firft q. lyes.

[&]quot; y The 2d q. this for 'ale.

^{· 2} The 2d q. No, let me know, &c.

^{· .} C: that's for 'tis.

h The 1st q. ere while, mad with your grief, Ea

c So the rst q. T. W. and J; the W So all before P; who reads, Mil- 2d q. P. H. and G. austiting; the fo's

d So the qu's and C; the rft f. 'foufer upon your, Ofc. the reft, 'scufet on your,

e The 1st q. bid for bed.

f The qu'e, ratire for return;

I The qu'e conit De.

h The qu's, fters.



ACT IV. SCENE III.

125

For I will make him tell the tale anew,
Where, how, how oft, how long ago, and when
He hath, and is again to cope your wife.
I fay, but mark his gefture. Marry, patience;
Or I shall fay, you are all in all ¹ in spleen,
And nothing of a man.

Oth. Doft thou hear, Iago!

I will be found most cunning in my patience;
But (dost thou hear?) most bloody.

Iage. That's not amiss;
But 1 yet keep time in all. Will you withdraw?

[Dthello withdraws.

Now will I question Casse of Bianca,
A housewise, that by selling her defires,
Buys herself bread and a cloaths. It is a creature,
That dotes on Casse; as tis the strumpet's plague
To beguile many, and be beguil'd by one;
He, when he hears of her, cannot presion
From the excess of laughter. Here he comes.

- y. says he would read a for in.
 c. reads a for in.
 - k C. onsits thou.
 - 1 The 2d q. omits yes.
 - m This direction by R.
- a So the qu's and C; the reft, cleath, or cloth.
- The ed q. coulds, It is a was-
- P The fo's and R. referain for refrain.

SCENE

126

SCENE III.

Enter Cassio.

As he shall smile, Othelle shall go mad; And his unbookish jealousy must 9 construe Poor Cassio's smiles, gestures, and light behaviour, Quite in the wrong. How do you now, lieutenant? Caf. The worser that you give me the addition, Whose want even kills me.

lago. Ply Desdemona well, and you are sure on 't. Now if this fuit lay in Bianca's " power, [Speaking lower. How quickly should you speed!

Cas. Alas, poor z caitiff!

Oth. Look how he laughs already.

Mide.

Jage. I never knew y a woman love man fo.

Cas. Alas, poor rogue, I think " i'faith she loves me.

Oth. Now he denies it faintly, and laughs a it out.

Afide.

lage. Do you hear, Caffio? Oth. Now he importunes him

To tell it o'er. Go to, well said, well said.

[Afide.

- 4 The qu's, confer; the fo's, conferer.
 - The fo's emit ww.
 - The ad q. work.
- t The three last fo's, R. P. and H. lowed by the rest, except G. gave for give.
 - " The fo's and R. dozon for power.
 - W R. first gives this direction.
 - " The qu's, cation.

- y The fo's omit a.
- 2 So the 1st q; the rest, indeed for faitb.
 - So all before P. who omits it; fol-

 - b The 2d q. in portunes.
- c The 1st q. on for o'er; the 2d,
 - d The qu's have well faid but once.

Zago.

ACT IV. SCENE III.

127

Jo you intend it?

Cas. Ha, ha; ha!

Oth. Do you triumph, e Roman, do you triumph? [Aside.

Case: I marry f her! what? a customer? I prythee bear some charity to my wit, do not think it so unwholesome. Ha, ha, ha!

Oth. So, so, so, so, so k they laugh that win. [Aside.

lago. m Faith the cry goes "that you of shall marry her.

Caf. Pr'ythee, say true.

Tago. I am a P very villain else.

Oth. Have you a scor'd me? well.

[Afide.

Caf. This is the monkey's own giving out: fhe is pertuaded, I will marry her, out of her own love and flattery, not out of my promise.

Oth. Iago beckons me: now he begins the story. [Afide.

Cas. She was here even now; she haunts me in every place. I was 't'other day talking on the sea-bank, with tertain *Venetians*, and thither comes a this bauble; by this hand, a she falls a thus about my neck.

- . W. Rogne for Romen:
- I The fo's, R. P. and H. omit ber.
- 8 The 1st q. omits, what? a cufter
 - h All but qu's omit I.
- i The 3d f. and all after, except C. sepeat fo but twice.
 - k The 1st q: and Ci omit they.
- 1 The 1st q. and C. wins; the 2d, wines; the three first fo's, winnes.
- m So the 1st q; the rest, Wby for Faich.

- n The 1ft q. omits that.
- . The two first fo's omit foell.
- P H. omits very.
- 9 The 1st q. for'd.
- 2 So the qu's; the reft, she ober.
- s So the qu's; the rest, the for this.
- So the 1st q; the rest omit by this band.
- u All but the 1st q. omit fbe. The fo's, and all after, read and for fbe.
- w All but the 1st q. add me after falls.

K

22B

Oth. Crying, O dear Caffie, as it were: his z gesture imports it.

Caf. So hangs, and v lolls, and weeps upon me, so hales, and pulls me. Ha, ha, ha!

Oth. Now he tells how the pluckt him to my chamber.

Oh, I fee that note of yours, but not that dog I shall throw't to.

Caf. Well, I must leave her company.

Iago. 'Before me! look where she comes.

SCENE IV.

Enter Bianca.

⁴ Cef. 'Tis fuch another fitchew! marry, a perfum'd one:—What do you mean by this f haunting of me?

Bian. Let the devil and his dam haunt you! what did you mean by that fame handkerchief you gave me even now? I was a fine fool to take it: I must take out the whole work? A likely piece of work, that you should find it in your chamber, and hoot know who left it there. This is some minx's token, and I must take out the work?

- " The 1st q. and 1st f. jefture.
- y The 2d q. jolls for bills.
- * So the 1st q. and G; the ad q. bah; the rest, foakes for bakes.
 - The qu's omit ob.
- So the qu's; the reft, throw it for
- The 2d q. joins this speech with not know. the foregoing, and makes it Coffe's.
- d The 1st q. makes this speech a past of Logo's foregoing one.
- The 1st q. fices for fitchess. A fitchess is a polecut.
 - f The sit q. benting.
 - E So the Ist q; the rest conit exhele.
- h So the qu's; the rest, know not for that known.

ACT IV. SCENE IV.

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—there, give it i the hobby-horse. Wheresoever you had it, I'll take out no work on't.

Caf. How now, my fweet Blanca? how now? how now?

Oth. By heaven, that should be my handkerchief. [Afide. Bian. * An you'll come to supper to-night, you may; * an you will not, come when you are next prepar'd for. [Exit.

Iago. After her, after her.

Cof. 1 Faith, I must; she'll rail " i' the ftreet else.

lage. A Will you sup there?

Cas. • Yes, I intend so.

lago. Well, I may chance to fee you; for I would very fain speak with you.

Caf. Pr'ythee come. Will you?

lage. Go to, say no more.

[Exit Caffio.

SCENE V.

Manent Othello and Iago.

Oth. How shall I murder him, lage??

Isgo. Did you perceive how he laughed at his vice?

Oth. Oh, Iago!

lage. And did you see the handkerchief?

i So the qu's; the sell, year for the freets affe.

^{*} So the qu's and G; the reft, If " The 2d q. and J. omit Will. for An. " The 1st q. Faith for Yes.

¹ So the 1st q; the rest omit Faith. P Here C. directs [coming hafily from m So the qu's and C; the rest, in the bis concentrant.

Oth. Was that mine?

a lago. Yours by this hand: and to see how he prizes the foolish woman your wife—She gave it him, and he hath given it his whore.

Oth. I would have him nine years a killing: a fine woman, a fair woman, a sweet woman!

lago. Nay, you must forget that.

Oth. Ay, let her rot and perish, and be damn'd tonight; for she shall not live. No my heart is turn'd to stone: I strike it, and it hurts my hand. Oh, the world hath not a sweeter creature—she might lie by an emperor's fide, and command him tasks.

lage. Nay, that's not your way.

Oth. Hang her, I do but say what she is-so delicate with her needle-an admirable musician. Oh, she will fing the sayageness out of a bear. Of so high and plenteous wit and invention!

Iago. She's the worse for all this.

Oth. "Oh, " a thousand thousand times—and then of so gentle r a condition.

Iago. Ay, too gentle.

This speech is omitted by the qu's; but in the aft q. this omission evidently appears to be a blunder in the compositor of the press; for, Otbello's speech, Was that mine? concludes the page; and the eatch word to the next page is log. which thews that this speech of lago was in the a thousand, &c. manuscript; otherwise the catch-words would have been I would.

The 1ft q. omits that,

s The qu't, And for Ag.

The ad q. to a flost, &c.

u The three last fo's and R. a for and.

w The qu's omit Ob.

x So the qu's; the reft, a thousand,

J.P. and all after, except C. smit

ACT IV. SCENE V.

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Oth. 2 Nay, that's certain; but yet the pity of it, Iago, oh, the pity!

lage. If you be so fond over her iniquity; give her patent to offend; for if it couch not you, it comes near nobody.

Oth. I will chop her into messes. Cuckold me!

Iago. Oh 'tis foul in her.'

Oth. With mine officer!

lage. That's fouler.

Oth. Get me some poison, Iago, this night. I'll not exnostulate with her, lest her body and beauty unprovide my mind again .- This night, lago.

lage. Do it not with poison, strangle her in her bed, Even the bed she hath contaminated.

Oth. Good, good:

The justice of it pleases: very good.

lage. And for Cassio, let me be his undertaker.

You shall hear more by midnight. A trumpet within.

Oth. Excellent good.—What trumpet is that same?

lago. Something from Venice, fure. - Tis Lodovice Come from the Duke. And see, your wife is with him.

The Ift q. I for Nay.

² The Ist q. omits ob. The fo's and the bed, &c. all after read, Ob, lago, the pity of it,

b So the qu's and C; the rest, are for be.

c The qu's and C. touches,

cept C. and her beauty.

[&]quot; The 2d q. bere for ber.

f P. and all after, except C. Even in

E The fo's, R. and P. I warrant something from Venice. Tis, &c. H. I warrant you 'tis something come from Venice.

h The fo's, R. and P. read, 'Tis Lod The two last so's, and all after, ex- dovico, this comes from the Duke. See your wife's with bim. H. Ob! it is Lodovice from the Duke : And fee, your wife is with bim.

Led. 1 God fave the worthy General.

Oth. With all my heart, Sir.

Lod. The Duke and & Senators of Venice greet you.

[Gives bim a Letter.

Oth. I kiss the instrument of their pleasures.

Def. And what's the news, good coufin Lodovice? Iage. I am very glad to see you, signior.

Welcome to Cyprus.

Lod. I thank you. How does lieutenant Caffie? lago. Lives, Sir.

Def. Cousin, there's fall'n between him and my Lord An unkind breach, but you shall make all well.

Oth. Are you fure of that?

Def. My Lord?—

Oth. This fail you not to do as you will— Lod. He did not call; he's bufy in the paper.

Is there division a 'twixt my Lord and Casse?

Des. A most unhappy one; I would do much
To atone them, for the love I bear to Casse.

ACT, IV. SCENE VI.

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Def My Lord!

Oth. Are you wife?

Def. What is he angry?

Led. May be, the letter mov'd him.

For, as I think, they do command him home,

Deputing Caffe in his government.

Des. By my troth, I am glad on't.

Oth. Indeed!

Def. My Lord!

, Oth. I am glad to fee you mad.

Def. > How, sweet Othello?

Oth. Devil !-

9 [Striking ber.

Def. I have not deserved this.

Led. My Lord, this would not be believ'd in Venice,
Though I should swear I saw 't. 'Tis very much.

Make her amends, she weeps.

Oth. Oh devil, devil! .

If that the earth could teem with woman's tears, Each drop she falls would prove a crocodile.

Out of my fight!

Def. I will not flay to offend you.

[Geing.

Led. Truly, an obedient lady:

I do befeech your Lordship, call her back.

Oth. Mistress-

Def. My Lord.

Oth. What would you with her, Sir?

Lod. Who, I, my Lord?

^{*} So the 1st q; the 1est, Trust me for Move.

By my truth.

1 This direction first put in by T.

2 So the qu's; the 2est, Mby for . I The fo's and R. conit on.

I am commanded o home—Get you away,

I'll fend for you anon—Sir, I obey the mandate,

And will return to Venice.—Hence, avaunt!

[Exit Desidemona.

Cassio shall have my place. And, fir, to-night I do entreat that we may sup together.

containing and, on our remain remain.

You are welcome, fir, to Cyprus, Goats and monkies!

Exit.

SCENE VII.

Manent Lodovico and Iago.

Lod. Is this the noble Moor, whom our full Senate
Call all in all fufficient? this the noble nature,
Whom paffion could not shake? whose folid virtue
The shot of accidents nor dart of chance,
Could neither graze, nor pierce?

Iago. He is much chang'd.

Lage. He's ' that he is; I may not breathe my censure What he might be: if s what he might, he is not, I would to heaven he were!

Lod. What, strike his wife!

· lage. Faith, that was not so well; yet 'would I knew, That stroke would prove the worst.

Lod. 1 Is it his use?

Or did the letters work upon his blood,

And new create b this fault?

Iago. Alas, alas!

It is not honesty in me to speak

What I have seen and known. You shall observe " him,

And his own courses will denote him so,

That I may fave my speech. Do but go after 4 him, And mark how he continues.

Led. I am forry that I am deceived in him. [Excunt.

⁷ So all before P; he and all after, except C. what for that.

² The 1st q. as for what.

The 26 q. It is bis ufe.

b The fo's and R. bis for this.

e The 2d q. omits bim. .

d So the 2d q; the rest omit bim.

c H. was for an.

An apartment in the palace.

Enter Othello and Æmilia.

Oth. You have seen nothing then?

Emil. Nor ever heard, nor ever did suspect.

Oth. 5 Yes, you have seen Cassa and h The together.

Emil. But then I saw no harm, and then I heard Each syllable that breath made up between "'em.

Oth. What did they never whisper?

Æmil. Never, my Lord.

Oth. Nor fend you out o'the way?

Æmil. Never.

Oth. To fetch her fan, 1 her gloves, hen mask, nor nothing?

Emil. Nover, my Lord.

Osb. That's strange!

Emil. I durst, my Lord, to wager she is honest, Lay down my foul at stake: if you think other, Remove your thought, it doth abuse your bosom. If any wretch m hath put this in your head,

sometimes now used.

f The fo's call this Scena Secunda.

The qu's, Yes, and you, &c.

h So all before P; he and all after, except C. ber for fee. Quere, whether fee was not at that time uled as an accufative after the verb, as it is in discourse and T.'s oftavo, boos.

i So the qu's; the rest, them for 'a

k The ad q. sever for ner.

¹ Qu's, ber maft, ber gloves, &c.

m The qu's, be; the two first &

Let heaven require it with the serpent's curse! For if she be not honest, chaste, and true, There's no man happy; the purest of her sex Is foul at slander.

Oth. Bid her come hither, go. [Esit Æmilia. She fays enough; yet she's a fimple bawd,
That cannot fay as much. That is a fubtle whore,
A closet lock and key of villainous fecrets;
And yet she'll kneel, and pray. I have feen her do't.

SCENE IX.

Enter Desdemona and Æmilia.

Def. My Lord, what is your will?

Osb. Pray, chuck, come hither.

Def. What is your pleasure?

Oth. Let me see your eyes-Look in my face.

Def. What horrible fancy 's this?

Oth. [To Æmil.] Some of your function, mistress. Leave procreants alone, and shut the door, Cough, or cry, hem, if any body come.
Your mystery, your mystery.—Nay, dispatch.

[Exit Æmilia.

Def. Upon my * knees, what doth your speech import? I understand a fury in your words,

[&]quot; The ift q. beavens.

⁹ H. one for rubore.

⁹ The 2d q. require; 1st f. requit.

[&]quot; So the qu's and C; the roll, Pray

[?] So the 12 q; the reft, their evives you, chuck, &c.

for ber fex.

[&]quot; So the qu's and G; the reft, Amer.

* But not the words.

Oth. Why? What art thou?

Def. Your wife, my Lord; your true and loyal wife.

Oth. Come, swear it; damn thyself; t lest, being like one Of heaven, the devils themselves should fear to a seize thee.

Therefore be double damn'd; fwear thou art honest.

Def. Heaven doth truly know it.

Oth. Heaven truly knows that thou art false as hell.

Def. To whom, my Lord? with whom? how am I false?

Oth. * Ah, * Desdemona! away, away, away.-

Def. Alas, the ' heavy day! why do you weep?

Am I the occasion of those tears, my Lord?

If a haply you my father do suspect

An instrument of this your calling back,

Lay not your blame on me; if by you have c lost him,

Why, I have clost him too.

Oth. Had it pleas'd e heaven

To try me with affliction, had ' he s rain'd

this Hemiflich; P. and all after, except C. read, But not your words. From whence we may guess they understand Shakespears's meaning to be, I perceive a fury in your words, but sure they can't be away words, the words of the hind

be your words, the words of the kind O:bello, &c. The meaning of the pafsage, as it flands in the text, is; I un-

derstand or perceive a fury in your words, though I don't understand the words

themfelves.

The three last fo's and R. omit left.

" The qu's, cease; the two 1st so's,

· So the qu's; the fo's and R. omit casse; the 3d f. ceife.

* The qu's and C. O for Ab.

* The fo's, R. and P. read Defdemen.

Y The 2d q. beaverly for beave.

² So the qu's and C; the refl, the motive of these tears.

2 The 4th f. and R. bappily.

b P. you've for you bave.

The Ift q. left for loft.

d The fo's omit Wby.

c]. beavens.

f So the qu's, R. P. T. W. and C;

H. it; the reft, they for be.

g The 1st q. ram'd for rain'd.

All h kinds of fores and shames on my bare head, Steep'd me in poverty to the very lips, . 1 Given to captivity me and my k utmost hopes, I should have found in some 1 place of my soul A drop of patience. But alas, to make me, A fixed figure for the hand of scorn · To point his flow, o unmoving a finger at- oh, oh Yet could I bear that too, well, very well. But there, where I have garner'd up my heart, . Where either I must live, or bear no life, The fountain from the which my current runs, -Or else dries up; to be discarded thence; Or keep it as a ciftern for foul toads To knot and gender in-Turn thy complexion * there, Patience, thou young and rose-lipp'd cherubim, Ay, here look grim as hell. Def. I hope my " noble Lord esteems me honest. Oth. O, ay, as summer flies are in the shambles, That quicken even with blowing.

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P The 1st q. fingers.
  So the qu's; the reft, kind.
  i The 2d q. Give.
                                         4 All but the qu's and C. omit al,
k So the fo's, R. J. and C; the reft ob!
emit utmoft.
                                         The 2d q. foundation for fountain.
  The qu's and C. part for place.
                                         3 W. thence for there.
  m The fo's, The for A.
                                         t The qu's, sby for thou.
  " The qu's and fo's read time for band, .- " T. and C. Ay there, &c. M. There,
which is R.'s emendation.
                                   . there, &cc. the rest, I bere, &cs
  o So the qu's, W. and J; the rest,
                                        The three last fo's omit nock.
```

and moving, Sec.

O thou "black weed, " why art so lovely fair?

Thou fmell'st so sweet, that the fense akes at thee; Would thou hadft a ne'er been born !

Def. Alas, what ignorant fin have I committed? Oth. Was this fair paper, this most goodly book,

Made to write whore on? What committed?

* Committed? Ob thou publick commoner?

I should make very forges of my cheeks,

That would to cinders burn up modesty,

* Did I but speak thy deed. What committed?

Heaven stops the nose at it, and the moon winks:

The bawdy wind, that kiffes all it meets,

Is husht within the hollow mine of earth,

And will not hear 't. * What committed ?- impudent strumpet!

Def. By heaven, you do me wrong.

Oth. Are not you a strumpet?

Def. No, as I am a Christian.

If to preserve this vessel for my Lord

- " So the qu't; W. bale for black. the rest omit Meck. Wi's emendation of bale for black, is (I suppose) to avoid a contradiction in terms. But this kind &c. followed by all after. of phralology is very common in Shakefpeare. Banque in Mathbeth fays, So the Ift q. Youl and fair a day I have not from. A& I. Sc. 4.
- y So the qu's and W; the rest, been mittel? &c.
- " So the qu's and W; the reft, and
 - -a The fo's and R. moor for me'er,

- b So the 1st q; the rest, speed for
- c T. reads, What, what committed?
- d The lines in italic are quaitted in
 - c C. Should for DM.
- f T. and all after, What, what com-
- E C. Committed ! What committed,
- h The fo's, R. and P. conit impadent frampet !

From

ACT IV. SCENE IX.

From any 1 hated, foul, unlawful touch, Be not to be a strumpet, I am none.

Oth. What, not a whore?

Def. No, as I shall be sav'd.

Oth. Is 't possible?

Def. Oh, heaven k forgive us !

Oth. I cry you mercy, 1 then.

I took you for that cunning whore of Venice,

That married with Othello.— You, mistress ,

SCENE X

Enter Æmila.

That have the office opposite to St. Pater,
And "keep the p gate of hell; you! you! ay, you!
We have done our course, there's money for your pains;
I pray you, turn the key, and keep our counsel.

[Each.

Emil. Alas, what does this gentleman conceive? How do you, madam? how do you, my good lady?

Def. Faith, half asleep.

Emil. Good madam, what 's the matter with my Lord !

Def. With whom ??

· Emil. Why, with my Lord, madam?

1 Def. Who is thy Lord?

· Amil. He that is years, fweet Lady.

- i So the 1st q; the rest, other for based.
 - k The 1st q. forgiveness for forgive
 - 1 The aft q. omits then,
 - # H. inferts Come before y:no
- n After miferefs C. inserts ebere.
- . The qu's and fo's, hope.
- P The qu's, gette in for gett of.
- 1 The zft q. L, you, you, you.
- " Qu's, sit f. and C. wha for whom,
- After when, H. adds Amilia.

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iti ÖTHELLÖ.

Def. I have none; do not talk to me, Emilia. I cannot weep, nor answer have I none, But what should go by water. Prythee to-night Lay on my bed our wedding sheets, remember; And call thy husband hither.

Emil. Here is a change indeed!

[Ex

Def. 'Tis meet I should be us'd so, very ' meet: How have I been behav'd, that he might stick The smallest opinion son my greatest abuse?

SCENE XI.

Enter Iago and Æmilia:

lage. What is your pleasure, Madam? How is't with

Def. I cannot tell; those that do teach a young babes; Do it with gentle means, and easy tasks; He might have chid me so, for in good faith! I am a child b at chiding.

Ingo. What is the matter, Lady?

**Emil: Alas, Ingo, my Lord hath so bewhor'd her,

Thrown such despight and heavy terms upon her,

**As true hearts cannot bear.

- The two speeches in italic are omitted in the 1st q.
 - " The fo's and R. anfewers.
- w So all before P; who reads, Proy the reft, year for young.

 60-night, &c. followed by the reft, exespt C.

 b So the 1st q; the
 c So the qu's and C
- x So the 1st q; the rest, my for our.
 Y The 1st q, well for meet.
- 2 So the 1st q; the rest, on my loofs mifuse.
- * So the qu's; the 1st f. J. and G. the rest, your for young.
 - b So the 1st q; the rest, to for ai.
 c So the qu's and C; the rest That
- 4 All but the qu's and C. infert is

ACT IV. SCENE XI.

143.

Def. Am I that name, Iago?

Iago. What name, fair Lady?

Def. Such as she said, my Lord did say I was.

Emil. He call'd her whore; a beggar in his drink, Could not have laid such terms upon his callet.

Iago. Why did he fo?

Def. I do not know; I am fure I am none fuch.

Iago. Do not weep, do not weep; alas, the day!

Emil. Hath she for fook so many noble matches,

Her father, and her country, • and her friends
'To be call'd whore? Would it not make one weep?

Def. It is my wretched fortune.

Iago. Beshrew him for it! How comes this trick upon him?

Def. Nay, heaven doth know.

Æmil. I will be hang'd, if some eternal villain, Some busy, and infinuating rogue,

Some cogging, cozening flave, to get forme office,

Have not devis'd this flander: I'll be hang'd elfe.

Iago. Fie, there is no such man; it is impossible.

Def. If any fuch there s be, heaven pardon him!

Emil. A halter pardon him, and hell gnaw his bones! Why should he call her whore? Who keeps her company? What place? what time? what form? what likelyhood? The Moor's abus'd by some h most villainous knave, Some base notorious knave, some scurvy fellow.

O i heaven, that fuch k companions i thou'dst unfold!

lainout.

i The fo's and R.'s oft. Heavens for beaven.

k H. and C. companion.

1 The ad q. foulds for then'dfl.

^{*} The 1st q. all for and.

f So the qu's and zit f; the rest, Hes for Heve.

[&]amp; The 2d q. are for be.

h The 12 q. outregious for most vil-

OTHEL.L Q.

And put in every honest hand a whip,

To lash the "rascals naked through the world,

Even from the east to the west!

lago. Speak within a doors.

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Emil. Oh, fie upon o them! Some such 'squire he was, That turn'd your wit the seamy side without; And made you to suspect me with the Moor.

Iago. You are a fool; go to.

Def. P O good lago,

What shall I do to win my Lord again?
Good friend, go to him; 4 for by this light of heaven,
I know not how I lost him. Here I kneel; [Kneeling.
If e'er my will did trespass 'gainst his love,
Either in discourse, or any sense,
Or that mine eyes, mine ears, or any sense,
Delighted them in any other form;
Or that I do not yet, and ever did,
And ever will (though he do shake me off
To beggarly divorcement) love him dearly,
Comfort forswear me! Unkindness may do much;
And his unkindness may deseat my life,
But never taint my love. I cannot say, whore;
It does abhor me, now I speak the word;

m So the 1ft f; the reft, rafcal.

[&]quot; The qu's, dores; the rest, door.

The qu's, H. and C. bim for them.

P So the qu'a; the rest, Ales, Iago,

⁹ P. and all after, except C. omit for.

The 1st q. omits the remaining part of this speech.

[.] This direction by R.

t So all before P; he and the reft, except C. Or for Either.

u The fo's, R. and C. of for or.

W So the 2d q; the fo's, or for in;
R, and all after, except G, on for in.

ACT IV. SCENE XI.

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To do the act, that might th' addition earn, Not the world's mass of vanity could make me.

lago. I pray you, be content; 'tis but his humour; The business of the state does him offence,

* And he does chide with you.

Def. If 'twere no other-

lago. 'Tis but so, I warrant you. Trumpets

Hark how these instruments summon z you to supper!

* And the great messengers of Venice stay: Go in, and weep not; all things shall be well.

[Exeunt Desdemona and Æmilia.

SCE NE XII.

Enter Roderigo to Iago.

How now, Roderigo?

Red. I do not find that thou deal'st justly with me.

Iago. What in the contrary?

Rod. Every day thou doft'ft me with some device, Iago; and rather as it seems to me b now, keep'st from me all conveniency, 'than supplies me with the least advantage of hope. I will indeed no longer endure it. Nor am I yet persuaded to put up in peace what already I have foolishly fuffer'd.

Aich.

All but the qu's omit you.

² So the 1st q. and J; the 2d q. The

² The fo's and R. omit this hemi- meat, great messengers, &cc. the rest, The messinger of Venice stays the meat.

The 1st q. thou for now.

b For than, the 4th f. thon; W. tbat.

Iago. Will you hear me, Roderigo?

Rod. d Faith, I have heard too much, e for your words and f performances are no kin together.

lage. You charge me most unjustly.

Rod. With nought but truth. I have wasted myself out of h my means. The jewels you have had from me to deliver to Desdemona, would half have corrupted a votarist. - You have told me she hath receiv'd them, and return'd me expectations and comforts of fudden respect and k acquittance; but I find none.

Iago. Well, go to; very well.

Rod. Very well? go to? I cannot go to, man, m nor 'tis not very well; " by this hand, " I fay, it is " very fcurvy, and begin to find myself 4 sob'd in it.

Iago. Very well.

Rod. I say it is not very well. I will make myself known to Desdemana: if she will return me my jewels, I will give over my fuit, and repent my unlawful folicitation; if not, assure yourself, I will seek satisfaction of you.

Iago. You have faid now.

- e So the 1st q. T. and W; the 2d tance. q. and C. Sir for Faitb; the rest omit Faitb.
 - d So the qu's; the rest, and for for.
 - e The qu's, performance.
- f The 1st q. omits With nought but trutb.
 - g The qu's and C. omit my.
 - h The fo's and R. omit to.
- i So the 1st q. T. H. W. and C; the. ad q. acquintance; the reft, acquain- 'tis not, &c.

- - k The 1st q. good for well.
 - 1 The rst q. omits ner.
- m The 2d q. omits by this band; for which the rest read, Noy.
- " So the qu's; the reft, I think for I fay.
 - · All but the qu's omit wery.
 - P The qu's and fo's, fopt for fob'd.
- 9 So the qu's; the rest, I ull you,

ACT IV. SCENE XII.

Red. Ay, and I have faid nothing, but what I protekt intendment of doing.

Iago. Why, now I fee there's mettle in thee; and even from this inftant do thuild on thee a better opinion than ever before. Give me thy hand, Roderigo. Thou hast taken against me a most just exception; but yet I protest, I have dealt most directly in thy affair.

Rod. It hath not appear'd.

Iago. I grant indeed, it hath not appear'd; and your suspicion is not without wit and judgment. But, Roderigo, if thou hast that within thee indeed, which I have greater reason to believe now than ever (I mean, purpose, courage, and valour) this night shew it. If thou the next night sollowing enjoyest not Desdemona, take me from this world with treachery, and devise engines for my life.

Red. Well; what is it? is it within reason and compass?

Iago. Sir, there is especial b commission come from Venice to depute Cassio in Othello's place.

Rod. Is that true? Why, then Othello and Desdemona return again to Venice.

Iago. Oh no, he goes into Mauritania, and ' taketh away with him the fair Desdemona, unless his abode be linger'd

- r All but the 1st q. omits I bave.
- The Ift q. time for instant.
- * R. and all after, except C. add I within.

 after do. ** So
 - u The qu's, conception for exception.
- w R. and all after, except C. omit
- 2 The 1st q. offairs.
- y So the qu's and C; the rest, in for
- " So the qu's; the rest, enjoy.
- * The qu's omit what is it?
- b The 1st q. command for commission.
- c The qu's, takes.

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here by some accident: wherein none can be so determinate, as the removing of Cassio.

Red. How do you mean removing d of him?

Iago, Why, by making him ouncapable of Othello's place; knocking out his brains.

Red. And that you would have me to do?

Iago. f Ay, if you dare do yourself a profit and a right. He sups to-night with a harlot; and thither will I go to him. He knows not yet of his honourable fortune; if you will watch his going thence (which I will sashion to fall out between twelve and one) you may take him at your pleasure. I will be near to second your attempt, and he shall sall between us. Come, stand not amaz'd at it, but go along with me; I will shew you such a necessity in his death, that you shall think yourself bound to put it on him. It is now high supper time; and the night grows to waste. About it.

Rod. I will hear further reason for this, lago. And you shall be satisfied.

Excunt,

d So the qu's ; the rest amit of.

[.] W. and J. incapable.

The qu's, I, and if, Sc.

g The qu's omit a.

h The 2d q. the fo's, R. and C. bar-lerry.

'S C E N E XIII.

Enter Othello, Lodovico, Desdemona, Æmilia, and Attendants.

Lod. * I do beseech you, Sir, trouble yourself no further.

Oth. O, pardon 1 me; " 'twill do me good to walk.

Lod. Madam, good-night; I humbly thank your Ladyship.

Def. Your Honour is most welcome.

Oth. Will you walk, Sir? - O, Desdemona.

Def. My Lord.

Oth. Get you to bed o' the inflant. I will be return'd forthwith. ⁿ Difmis your attendant there. Look it be done. [Exeunt Oth. and Lod.

Def. I will, my Lord.

Emil. How goes it now? He looks gentler than he did.

Def. He says he will return incontinent;

"He hath commanded me to go to bed,

And p bad me to difmiss you.

Æmil. Dismis me?

Def. It was his bidding; therefore, good Æmilia, Give me my nightly wearing, and adieu. We must not now displease him.

The fo's call this Scena Tertia.

n The qu's, dispatch for difmifs.

k C. onsits I do.

o So the qu's and C; the reft, And

¹ The two last fo's, R. P. and H. for He. omit me. P So

P So the qu's and C; the reft, bid for

m The qu's, it fall doe me, &c.

bad.



In one of those same sheets.

Æmil. Come, come; you talk.

Def. My mother had a maid call'd Barbara.

She was in love; " and he she lov'd, prov'd " mad, And did forsake her. She " had a song of willow, An old thing 'twas, but it express'd her fortune, And she died singing it. That song to-night Will not go from my mind; " I have much " to do, " But to go bang my head all at one side, And sing it like poor Barbara. Pr'ythee dispatch, Æmil, Shall I go setch your night-zown? Des. No unpin me here.

This Lodovico is a proper man.

Æmil, A very handsome man.

Dei. He ficaks well.

Amil. I know a lady in Venice would have walk'd bare foot to Palestine for a touch of his nether lip.

9 The 2d q. omits I.

The fo's omit in them.

. The ist q. theje for thoje.

t Field a Lai L for fail as

y What is in italic is omitted in the

z P. and all after, except C. ads i

ACT IV. SCENE XIII.

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Des. The poor foul fat e fighing by a sycamore-tree, [Singing. Sing all a green willow.

Her hand on her bosom, her head on her knee, Sing willow, willow; willow:

The fresh streams ran by her, and murniur'd her means; Sing willow, willow; willow:

Her salt tears fell from her, "which soften'd the stance, Sing willow, &c. (Lay by thefe.)

[Giving her her jewels.

Willow, willow, (Prythee, h hie thee, be'll come anon) Sing all a green willow must be my garland. Let nobody blame him, his scorn I approve.

(Nay that's not next) Hark, i who is it that knocks? Æmil. It is the wind.

Des. I call'd my love false k love; but what said he then? Sing willow, willow, willow: If I court 1 more women you'll couch with more men.

^a So get thee gone: good-night. Mine eyes do itch,

Doth that bode weeping.

Emil. 'Tis neither here nor there.

- c So C; the 2d q. fing bing; the rest, finging.
 - d C. the for Her.
- e So the 2d q; the rest, And for
- f The three last fo's read Lady for for more; the 3d and 4th fo's, no. Lay. P. and all after but J. and C. omit (Lay by thefe.)
- g This direction by C.
- h The fo's and R. bigb for bie.
- i The qu's, who's that knocks?
- k The 2d q. omits love.
- 1 The 2d q. and 1ft and 2d fo's, me
 - m The 2d q. and fo's, me for mere.

 - " The Ift q. Now for So.

Des. I have heard it said so. Oh these men, these men! Dost thou in conscience think, tell me, Æmilia, That there be women do abuse their husbands. In such gross * kind?

Æmil. There be some such, no question.

Def. Wouldst thou do such a ? deed for all the world?

Emil. Why would not you?

Def. No, by this heavenly light.

Emil. 9 Nor 1 neither, by this heavenly light:

I might do 't as well i' th' dark.

Def. ! Wouldst thou do such a thing for all the world? Emil. The world is a huge thing; it is a great price, for a fmall vice.

Def. " In troth, I think thou wouldst not.

Æmil. " In troth, I think, I should; and " undo't when I had done 7. Marry, I would not do such a thing for a joint ring, 2 nor for measures of lawn, nor for gowns, 2 petticoats, nor caps; nor any b petty exhibition. But for all the whole world; why, who would not make her husband a cuckold, to make him a monarch? I should venture purgatory for it.

- n These two speeches in italic omitted in the zft q.
 - o The 2d q. kinds.
 - P The ad q. and G. thing for deed.
 - 9 C. No, nor I, &c.
- " The 2d q. I might as well dee it in sie dark.
 - 5 The Ift q. Would for Wouldft.
- " So the 1st q; the reil, deed for thing.

- u The 1st q. Good treeb, &c.
- * The ist q. By my troth, &c.
- W H. unfewcar't for undo't.
- x The qu's add it after done.
- y The qu's, or for nor.
- 2 The Ift q. or petticeats, &c.
- . The Ift q. fuch for pery.
- b The qu's and C. omit all.
- c The Ift q. udds pitty for wby.

ACT IV. SCENE XIII.

Def. Beshrew me, if I would do such a wrong for the whole world.

Emil. Why the wrong is but a wrong i' th' world; and having the world for your labour, 'tis a wrong in your own world, and you might quickly make it right.

Def. I do not think, there is any fuch woman.

Emil. Yes, a dozen; and as many to the 'vantage as would flore the world they play'd for. But I do think it is their husbands faults If wives do fall. Say, that they flack their duties, And pour out treasures into foreign laps; Or else break out in peevish jealousies, Throwing restraint supon us; or say, they strike us: Or scant our former Having in despight; Why, we have galls; and, though we have fome grace, Yet have we some revenge. Let husbands know, Their wives have sense like them; they see and smell, And h have their palates both for sweet and sour, As husbands have. What is it that they do, When they change us for others? Is it sport? I think it is; and doth affection breed it? I think it doth; is 't frailty that thus errs? It is so too. And have not we affections?

Defires for 1 sport? and frailty, as men have?

The 2d q. omits a.

g So all before R's duodecimo; that

The remaining part of this freech, and all after, except G, on for noon.

f The remaining part of this speech and all after, except C. on for spon.
is not in the 1st q.

R.'s octavo omits become.

¹ W. and J. Sports.

k Second q. ill.

1 The 1st q. God for beaver.

m The 1st q. J. and C. siege for

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C T V.

Ē N E I.

" The Street.

Enter Lago and Roderigo.

TERE, stand behind this o bulk. Strait will he come:

Wear thy good rapier bare, and put it home; Quick, quick, fear nothing; I'll be at thy elbow. It makes us, or it marrs us: think p on that, And fix a most firm thy resolution.

Rod. Be near at hand; I may miscarry in 't.

lage. Here at thy hand. Be bold and take thy fword.

Red. I have no great devotion to the ' deed;

And yet he hath given me satisfying reasons:

Tis but a man gone. Forth my sword: he dies.

* [Stands apart.

n The description by R.

o The fo's, bark for bulk.

P The qu's, of for on.

⁹ The 2d q. more for moft.

The three last fo's and R. beheld

for be bold.

⁵ The 2d q. the fo's, R. J. and C. read fand for feword.

The 1st q. dead for deed.

u P. and all after except C. emit

w This direction first given by T.

lago. I have rubb'd this young x quat almost to the sense, And he grows angry. Now, whether he kill Caffie, Or Cassio him, or each do kill the other, Every way makes my game. Live Roderigo. He calls me to a restitution large * Of gold and jewels, that I bob'd from him, As gifts to Desdemona. It must not be. If Cassio do remain, He hath a daily beauty in his life, That makes me ugly; and besides the Moor May unfold me to him; there stand I * in peril. No, he must die. b Be 't so. I hear him coming c. Enter Caffio.

Red. I know his gait; 'tis he - Villain, thou dieft. d [He runs at Cassio, and wounds bim.

Cas. That thrust had been mine enemy indeed, But that my coat is better than thou e think'st.

who fays, a quat in the midland country is a pimple: the 1st q. P. and W. gnat: T. knot or knat, a bird in Lincolusbire and Lancasbire, very tame and tractable, when taken; and so forts with Roderigo's character, an easy manageable cully: he fays, this bird is also amorous. H. quab, a gudgeon, which is often used in a figurative sense for a soft easy fool, ready to swallow any bait laid for him. Upton, 2d edition, p. 181. conjectures quail, which he fays, of all birds is most think'ft.

x So the 2d q. the fo's, R. and J; quarrellome and lewd, and a fit emblem of this rake Roderige.

- y So the qu'e; the rest, gain for game.
 - 2 The qu's, For for Of.
- " The 2d q. the fo's, R. and C. in much peril, &cc.
- b The fo's and R. But fo for Be't ſò.
 - c Here R. and P. direct, [Exit Ingo.
 - d This direction by R.
 - c So the ift q; the reft, know's for

I will make proof of thine.

[Fight. Iago cuts Cassio behind in the leg, and exit. [Then Roderigo and Cassio fall.

Rod. Oh, I am slain.

Cas. I am a maim'd for ever. Help, ho! murder, murder!

CENE II.

Enter Othello, & above at a window.

Oth. The voice of Caffin. — Iago keeps his word.

Rod. Oh, villain that I am!

Oth. 1 Hark! 'tis even fo.

Caf. Oh, help, ho! light! a furgeon!—

Oth. 'Tis he. O brave Iago, honest and just,

Thou hast such noble sense of thy friend's wrong;

Thou teachest me - Minion, your dear lies dead;

- ^m And your fate hies apace. Strumpet, I come:
- Forth of my heart, those charms, thine eyes are blotted,
- o Thy bed, lust-stain'd, shall with lust's blood be spotted. [Exit Othello.

f Here neither qu's nor fo's have any direction; R. and P. [Fight and both full. H. makes Caffio and Roderigo fight R. C. directs at a diffance. and both fall, and afterwards lage cuts Coffie on the leg, and exit. The direction as it stands above is T.'s, which your unblest fate bies: Strumpet, &c. he takes from the novel on which this bim.

- I The 1st q. maind.
- h The qu's, light for Help.

1 The 2d q. reads murder but once.

- k above at a window, first put in by
 - 1 So the qu's; the rest omit Hark!
- m The 2d q. the fo's and R. And
- n So the qu's, J. and C; the rst f. play is founded. W. and J. follow For of for Forth of; the other fo's and R. For off; P. and the reft, From off.
 - . The two last fo's, Tby bed-left. flain'd, &c.

SCENE

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SCENE III.

Enter Lodovico and Gratiano, F at a distance.

Caf. What, ho! No watch? No passage? Murder, murder!

Gra. 'Tis some mischance; the q cry is very direful.

Caf. Oh help!

Lod. Hark!

Rod. O wretched villain!

Lod. Two or three 'groans. It is a heavy night; These may be counterfeits: let 's think 't unsafe. To come into the cry, without more help.

Red. Nobody come? then shall I bleed to death.

Enter Iago, . in his shirt, with a light and sword.

Lod. Hark -

Gra. Here's one comes in his shirt with 'light and weapons.

Ingo. Who's there? Whose noise is this, that cries " out murder?

Lod. I do not know.

Iago. * Did not you hear a cry?

Gas. Here, here. For heaven's sake help me.

Iago. What's the matter?

P at a difference, first added by T. I light and found, further added by T.

4 So the qu's; the rest, voice for t The qu's, lights.

The qu's and two 1st fo's, on for

The fo's and R. grown. 'Tis beauty out.

sight, &c.
So the qu's; the rest,

the, Ge. "So the qu's; the rek, We for L. "So the qu's; the rek, We for L. "So the qu's; the rek, Do for Did.

Gra.



ACT V. SCENE III.

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Gra. This is Othello's Ancient, as I take it.

Led. The same indeed, a very valiant fellow.

lage. What are you here, that cry so grievously?

Caf. Iage? oh I am spoil'd, undone by villains! Give me some help.

logo. O'r me, lieutenant! what villains have done this?

Caf. I think * that one of them is hereabout;

And cannot make away.

Iago. Oh treacherous villains!

What are you there? Come in and give fome help.

To Lod. and Gra.

Rod. O help me a there.

Caf. That's one of them.

Iago. O murderous slave! O villain! [b Iago stabs bim.

Rod. O damn'd Iago! O inhuman dog! O! O! O!

Iage. Kill d men i' th' dark? Where be these bloody thieves! f

How filent is this town! ho, murder, murder! What may you be? are you of good or evil?

Lod. As you shall prove us, praise us.

Iago. Signior Lodovico?

Led. He; fir.

lago. I cry you mercy! Here 's Caffio, hurt by villains.

Gra. Cassio?

I The 1st q. my for me.

c All but the qu's and C. omit O!

The qu's, the for that.

⁰¹⁰¹

The qu's and C. bere for there.

d The 1st q. bim for men.

b This direction by R. C. directs

[.] The qu's, those for these.

[[]lago sets down his light; makes towards ! Here C. directs, [counterfesting d' Rod. in the dark, and stabs him. The 2d feared.

q. Thrusts him in.

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Iago. How is it, brother?

Caf. My leg is cut in two.

Iago. Marry, heaven forbid!

Light, gentlemen, I'll bind it with my shirt.

SCENE IV.

Enter Bianca.

Bian. What is the matter, ho, who is 't that cried?

Iago. Who is 't that cried?

Bian. Oh my dear Cassio,

My sweet Cassio, oh Cassio, Cassio, Cassio.

Iago. O notable strumpet! Cassio, may you suspect

Vago. O notable strumpet! Casso, may you suspect Who they should be that h thus have mangled you? Cas. No.

Gra. I am forry to find you thus: I have been to feek you.

I lage. Lend me a garter. So.—Oh for a chair
To bear him eafily hence.

Bian. Alas, he faints. Oh Cassio, Cassio, Cassio!

Iago. Gentlemen all, I do suspect this trash

To be a party in this i injury.

Patience a while, good Cassio. To Come, come,

Lend me a light. Know we this face, or no?

Alas, my friend, and my dear countryman,

Roderigo? no—yes, sure—"O heaven! Roderigo.

i The 1st q. omits this speech. . .

k The qu's, To bear a part in, &c.

[#] The qu's, O my sweete Cassio, Cassio, Cassio, Cassio.

Gra. What, of Venice?

lage. Even he, fir; did you know him?

Gra., Know him? ay.

Iago. Signior Gratiano? I cry p you, gentle pardons. These bloody accidents must excuse my manners, That so neglected you.

Gra. I am glad to fee you.

Iago. How do you, Cassio? Oh, a chair, a chair. Gra. Roderigo?

Iago. 4 He, he, 'tis he. Oh, that's well faid. The chair. Some good man bear him carefully from hence; I'll fetch the General's furgeon. For you, miftress,

Save you your labour. He that lies slain here, Casso,
Was my dear friend. What malice was between you?

Cass. None in the world; nor do I know the man.

'Iago. [To Bian.] What look you pale?—Oh bear him out o' th' air.

Stay you, good "gentlemen. Look you pale, mistress? Do you perceive the "gastness of her eye?

Nay, "if you stare, we shall hear more anon.

Behold her well, I pray you, look upon her;

Do you see, gentlemen? Nay, guiltiness

Will speak, though tongues were out of use.

- So the 1st q; the ad q. 1st f. and . C. Tes, 'sis, for O beaven; the 2st, yes, 'sis.
- P So H. and C. following the qu's and fo's; which read I for my; R. and the seft read ab I
 - ? So the qu'e; the reft, your for you.
 - 1 The qu's, He, Yis be, W.

- " The quet, a for The.
- The 4th f. General.
- 1 The qu's, betwirt.
- The qu's, gentlewomen.
- W The qu's, jeftures for gaffaeft.
- " The qu's, an for if.
- 7 The qu's, firre for flare.

SCENE V.

Enter Æmilia.

Emil. 7 Lass, what's the matter? what's the matter, husband?

Iago. Cassio hath a here been set on in the dark By Roderigo, and sellows that are scaped. He is almost slain, and Roderigo b dead.

Mmil. Alas, good gentleman! alas, good Casse!

Iago. This is the fruit of whoring — Pray, Emilia,
Go know of Casso where he supt to-night.

What, do you shake at that?

Bian. He supt at my house, but I therefore shake not.

Iago. O did he fo? I charge you go with me.

Emil. 4 Fie, sie upon thee, strumpet.

Bian. I am no strumpet, but of life as honest As you that thus abuse me.

Emil. As I? e fough, fie upon thee.

Iago. Kind gentlemen, let 's f go see poor Casso drest. Come, mistress, you must tell 's another tale.

- 2 So the qu's and C; the rest, Aas, what is the matter, &c.
 - 2 T. W. and J. read there for here.
 - b The fo's and R. infert quite before

The fo's and R. fruits.

- d So the rst q; the 2d, Fir but once; the rest, Ob fie upon thee, &c.
- So the 1st q; the 2d, now for flegb; the rest, except C. omit flegb.
- : So all before P; he and all after, except C. omit go.

E milia,



ACT V. SCENE VI.

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Emilia, run 5 you to the citadel, And tell my Lord and Lady what hath hapt. Will you go on, I pray? - This is the night. That either makes me, or foredoes me quite.

[Exeunt, Iago following.

SCENE VI.

A bed-chamber: Desdemona is discovered assesp in ber bid.

Enter Othello with a light k.

Oth. It is the cause, it is the cause, my soul; Let me not name it to you, you chafte stars! It is the cause. Yet I'll not shed her blood 1, Nor fear that whiter skin of hers than snow, And smooth m as monumental alabaster n. Yet she must die; else she'll betray more men, Put out the light, and then — Put out of the light?

- & P. T. and H. omit you.
- proy.
 - i The fo's call this Scena Secunda.
- k and a sword is added by P. and all after, except C.
- 1 Here C. directs, [Taking off bis feword, and laying it by.
 - P.'s duodecimo, and for as.
- the found; followed by all after except to reflore its former light; but O Defde-
 - · H. reads thy for the. Ochelle enters with a taper (not with

a fword, for he intended all along to h So the qu's; the rest, afers for I strangle his wife in her bed) and in the utmost agony of mind fays, he has a cause for his cruelty, a cause not to be named to the chafte flars: 'tis fit therefore Defdemons Sould die. I'll put out the light, and then-ftrangle her, he is going to fay; but this recalls a thousand tender ideas in his troubled foul: he stops " T. inserts this direction [Lays down Short-If I quench the taper, bow eafy 'tis mona, if eace I put out thy light, &c. Upton's Critical Observations.

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If I quench thee, thou flaming minister, I can again thy former light restore, Should I repent me: but once put out a thine, Thou cunning pattern of excelling nature, I know not where is that Promethean heat That can thy light * relumine '. When I have pluck'd * the rofe,

I cannot give it vital growth again; It needs must wither: I'll smell wit on the tree.

[Kiffing ber.

* Oh balmy breath; that almost dost persuade Justice r herself to break her sword, -Once more -Be thus when thou art dead, and I will kill thee, And love thee after — Once more — and this the last -So fweet was ne'er fo fatal! I must weep, But they are cruel tears. This forrow's heavenly; It strikes when it doth love, - She wakes -

Def. Who's there? Othello?

Oth. Ay, Desdemona.

Def. Will you come to bed, my Lord? 'Oth. Have you pray'd to-night, . Desdemona?

- P So all before P; he and all after, except C. omit me,
- a So the qu'as the reft, the light for
 - " So the sit q; the seft, cunning f.
- . The 1st q. return for relumine; the fo's, relume.
- Here T. and all after direct [Sets. d zun ibe iager,
- " So the qu's and H; the rest, thy
 - " So the qu's; the rest, shee for it,

- The qu's, A for Ob.
- y So the qu'e; the rest omit berfeif.
- 2 So the ist q; the ad, once more; the roll, once more, once more.
- " So the 1st q; the rest, Our for Ours.
- b So all before P; he and all after, except C. omit and.
- c So the qu'e and G; the reft, that's for this.
- d Sp the oft q; the rest, upbers fge when,
 - . The two first fo's, Defarmen.

Def. Ay, my Lord.

Oth. If you bethink yourself of any crime Unreconcil'd as yet to heaven and grace, Solicit for it straight.

Def. f Alas, my Lord, what s may you mean by that?

Oth. Well, do it, and be brief. I will walk by.

I would not kill thy unprepared spirit:

No, h heaven forefend! I would not kill thy foul.

Def. Talk you of killing?

Oth. Ay, I do.

Def. Then heaven have mercy on me!

Oth. Amen, with all my heart.

Des. If you say so, I hope you will not kill me.

Oth. Hum.

Def. And yet I fear you; for you are fatal then, When your eyes rowl fo. Why I should fear, I know not, Since I guiltiness I know not: k but yet I feel, I fear.

Oth. Think on thy fins.

Def. They are 1 loves = I bear to you.

Oth. a Ay, and for that thou dieft.

Def. That death's unnatural, o that kills for loving.

Alas, why panaw you so your nether lip?

Some bloody passion shakes your very frame;

```
f So the qu's and C; the reft, Alack except C. omit but. for Alas.
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8 The 2d q. doe for may.

The three last fo's, how.

The 2d q. so for L

b So the qu's and C; the reft, bes-

The qu's omit Ay.

vent.

• H. reads, what! kill for being!

These

i So all before P; he and all after, Sc. but C. guile for guiltiness.

? The set q. know.

E So all before P; he and all after,

And ask him.

Oth. Sweet foul, take heed, take heed of perjury;

Thou art on thy death-bed.

Def. Ay, but not yet to die.

Oth. 'Yes, presently:

Therefore confess thee freely of thy fin;

For to deny each article with oath,

Cannot remove nor choak the strong * conceit

That I do groan withal. Thou art to die,

Def. " Oh heaven have mercy on me!

Oth. I say, amen.

Def. And have you mercy too! - I never did Offend you in my life; never lov'd Caffio,

But with fuch general warranty of heaven,

As I might love. I never gave him token.

Oth. By heaven, I saw my handkerchief * in his hand.

O perjur'd woman, thou dost stone y my heart,

⁹ The qu's read I hope but once.

[&]quot; So the 1st q; the rest, conception

And makest me call, what I intend to do,

A murder, which I thought a facrifice.

I faw the handkerchief.

Def. He found it then;

I never gave it him. Send for him hither,

And let him confess a truth.

Oth. He hath confest.

Def. What, my Lord?

Oth. That he hath—us'd thee-

Def. How? unlawfully?

Oth. Ay.

Def. He will not fay fo.

Oth. No his mouth is stopp'd.

Honest lage hath ta'en order for't.

Def. b My fear interprets c then. What, is he dead?

Oth. Had all his hairs been lives, my great revenge Had stomach for 'em all.

Des. Alas, he is betray'd, and a I undone.

Oth. Out, strumpet! Weep'st thou for him to my face?

Def. Oh, banish me, my Lord, but kill me not.

Oth. Down, strumpet.

Des. Kill me to-morrow, let me live to-night.

Oth. Nay, if you strive-

Def. But half an hour.

² So the 1st q; the rest omit And.

^{*} The 1st q. uds death for us'd thee.

b The fo's, R. and P. Ob, my fear interprets, &c.

The fo's, R. and P. omit then,

H. Ob I mbat, it, &c.

d H. I'm for I.

The qu's, O for Out.

f Here C. directs [taking up a pillow.

[&]amp; The qu's, an for if.

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A Oth. Being done, there is no paule.

Def. But while I say one prayer.

Oth. 'Tis too late.

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Def. O Lord, Lord, Lord!

[He smothers ber.

S C E N E VII.

Æmitia at the door.

Emil. My Lord, my Lord! What ho! my Lord, my Lord!

Oth. What k voice is this? - Not dead? not yet quite

I, that am cruel, am yet merciful;

I would not have thee linger in thy pain.

So, so.

Æmil. within.] What ho! my Lord, my Lord! Oth. Who's there!

Emil. Oh, 1 good my Lord, I'd speak a word with you.

Oth. Yes-'tis Æmilia-by and by. - She's dead.

Tis like she comes to speak of Casso's death;
The noise was "here.—Ha, no more moving;
Still as the grave. Shall she come in? Were 't good?
I think she stirs again—no.—" What 's the best?

h The 1st q. P. and H. omit this speech of Orbello.

So the 1st q; the rest omit this speech of Desdemona.

A So the 1st qu's ; the rest, soife for

1 So the qu's, rft and ad fo's and C; the rest, my good for good my.

m So the qu's; the rest, bigb for bere.

n The fo's and R. What's beff to do?

If she come in, she'll sure speak to my wise; My wife! my wife! " what wife? I have no wife. O insupportable! O heavy hour! Methinks it should be now a huge eclipse Of fun and moon, and that th' affrighted globe Should yawn at alteration.

Emil. I 4 do beseech you, I may speak with you. * Oh, good my Lord!

Oth. I had ' forgot thee: " Oh, come in, Emilia. Soft. By and by. Let me the curtains draw. Where art thou? What's the matter with thee now?

" Unlocks the door,

Enter Æmilia.

Emil. Oh, my good Lord, yonder's foul "murder done. Oth. What, now?

Emil. But now, my Lord.

Oth. It is the very error of the moon; She comes more near the earth than she was wont, And makes men mad.

Emil. Casso, my Lord, hath kill'd A young Venetian, called Roderigo. Oth. Roderigo kill'd? and Caffio kill'd? Emil. No, Caffie is not kill'd. Oth. Not Cassio kill'd? then murder's out of tune,

And sweet revenge grows harsh.

- The 1st q. my for evolut.
- P The fo's and R.'s octavo, Did for Should
- 9 So all before P; he and all after, but J. and C. omit de.

insert that before I.

- 5 The 1st q. omits 06.
- * Second q. and C. forgetten.
- " C. omits Ob.
- w This direction first put in by T.
- 5 So the qu's, J. and C; the reft 2 All before T. read-murders.

Def. Oh, falfely, falfely murder'd!-Emil. 'O Lord, what cry is that?

Oth. That? what?

Emil. Out and alas! * it is my Lady's voice.

Help, help, ho, help! Oh Lady, speak again; Sweet Desaimona, oh sweet mistress, speak.

Def. A guiltless death I die.

Emil. Oh, who hath done this deed?

Def. Nobody, I myself. Farewel;

Commend me to my kind Lord. Oh, farewel.

Oth. Why, how should she be murder'd?

Æmil. Alas! who knows?

Oth. You heard her say herself, it was not I.

· Emil. She said so, I must needs report b the truth. Oth. She's like a liar gone to burning hell;

'Twas I that kill'd her.

Emil. Oh, the more angel she,

And you the blacker devil.

Oth. She turn'd to folly, and she was a whore.

Emil. Thou dost bely her, and thou art a devil.

Oth. She was false as water.

Æmil. Thou d art rash as fire, to say

That she was false. Oh, she was heavenly true. Oth. Caffin did ' tup her: ask thy husband else,

Oh, I were damn'd beneath all depth in hell,

y So the 1st q, and C; the rest, Ales for O Lord.

[Dies.

² So the 1st q; the 2d q. it was for it is a the rest, that was.

a The fo's and R. bear for beard.

b The qu's, a for the.

< The ad q. burne in for burning ? followed by C.

d The 1st q. as for ert.

c So P.'s duodecimo, T. H. and Y; the reft, top for tip.

ACT V. SCENE VII.

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But that I did proceed upon just grounds
To this extremity. Thy husband knew it all.

Emil. My husband!

Oth. Thy husband.

Emil. That she was false to wedlock?

Oth. Ay, with Casso. f Nay, had she been true,

If heaven would make me fuch another world,

Of one entire and perfect chrysolite,

I'd not have fold her for it.

Emil. My husband!

Oth. Ay, 'twas he that told me s first; An honest man he is, and hates the slime That sticks on filthy deeds.

Emil. My husband?

Oth. What needs this h iteration, woman? I fay thy husband.

¹ Emil. Oh mistress! villainy ² hath made mocks with love.

My husband say ¹ that she was salse?

Oth. He, woman;

I fay thy husband; dost understand the word? My friend, thy husband, honest, honest lage.

Emil. If he " fay so, may his permicious soul Rot half a grain a day! he lies to th' heart. She was too fond of her most filthy bargain.

Oth. Hah! -

f So the qu's; the rest omit Noy.

E After me the fo's infert en der.

h The fo's, R.'s duodecime and C. kterence; R.'s oftavo, interance.

i The 1st quantits the two following found, speeches,

k The last f. bed for beth.

All but the 2d q. and C. omit shot.

A T. fays.

n Here C. directs [looking towards has

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Æmil. Do thy worst.

This deed of thine is no more worthy heaven,

Then thou wast worthy her.

Oth. Peace, you were best °.

Emil. Thou hast not half " the power to do me harm, As I have to be hurt. O gull! O dolt!
As ignorant as dirt! thou hast done a deed—
I care not for thy ' sword, I'll make thee ' known,
Though I lost twenty lives—Help, help, ho, help!
The Moor hath kill'd my mistress. Murder, murder!

SCENE VIII.

Enter Montano, Gratiano, Iago, and others.

Mon. What is the matter? how now, General? *

Emil. Oh, are you come, logo? you have done well,

That men must lay their * murders on your neck.

Gra. What is the matter?

Emil. Disprove this villain, if thou be'st a man; He says, thou told'st him that his wife was salse: I know thou didst not, w thou 'rt not such a villain. Speak, for my heart is full.

logo. I told him what I thought; and told no more,
Than what he found himself was apt and true.

- And here directs [Threat'sing ber with it.
 - P So the qu's; the reft, that for the.
 - 9 The 4th f. word for fewerd.
 - The qu'e, know for known,
- . Here C. directs [flaying bim.
- 1 The qu's, sourder.
- D. C. it for this.
- W The qu's, then art, &ce
- E C. But for Then.

Enil

Emil. But did you ever tell him, she was false? Iago. I did.

Emil. You told a lie, an odious, damned lie:

Upon my foul, a lie; a wicked lie.

⁷ She false with Cassio? Did you say, with Cassio?

Iago. With Cassio, mistress: Go to, * charm your tongue.

Emil. I will not charm my tongue, I am bound to speak;

My mistress b here lies murder'd in her bed.

All. Ob heavens forefend!

Æmil. And your reports have fet the e murder on.

Oth. Nay, stare not, masters. It is true, indeed.

Gra. 'Tis a strange truth.

Mon. Ob monstrous all!

Æmil. Villainy, villainy, villainy!

I think upon 't — I think—4 I smell 't — O villainy!

I thought so then - I'll kill myself for grief-

O villainy, villainy!

Iego. What are you mad? I charge you, get you home. Emil. Good gentlemen, let me have leave to speak.

Tis proper I obey him, but not now.

· Perchance, Iago, I will ne'er go home.

Oth. Oh! oh! oh! f

[Othello falls in the hed.

Emil. Nay, lay thee down and roar:

For thou hast kill'd the sweetest innocent. That e'er did lift up eye.

7 The 2d q. She was falfe, &c.

3 J. proposes class for charm.

2 What is in italic is omitted in the 2 aft a.

b So all before P; he and all after, except C. lies here for here lies.

. S. from q. 1655, and J. read mar. wife.

derer for murder.

d The 2d q. I finell a villaint, ac.

. The 3d q. perbaps.

f C. adds another ob !

E 'The fo's and R. omit this direction. C. directs [banging over bis wife. Oth. Oh, she was foul!

[Rifug.

I scarce did know you, uncle. There lies your neice, Whose breath indeed these hands have newly stopt.

I know, this act shews i horrible and grim.

Gra. Poor * Descenona, I am glad thy father's dead:
Thy match was mortal to him; and pure grief
Shore his old thread in twain. Did he live now,
This fight would make him do a desperate turn;
Yea, curse his better angel from his fide,
And fall to m reprobation.

Oth. Tis pitiful; but yet Iago knows
That she with Cassio a hath the act of shame
A thousand times committed. Cassio confest it;
And she did gratify his amorous works,
With a that recognizance and pledge of love
Which I first gave her; I saw it in his hand;
It was a handkerchief, an antique token
My father gave my mother.

Emil. 4 Oh heaven! oh heavenly powers!

Iago. * Come, hold your peace.

Emil. 'Twill out, 'twill * out—I * hold my peace? * fir, no!

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h This direction first put in by T.
```

I The qu's, terrible for borrible.

k The 1st and 2d fo's, Defdemen.

¹ The 1st q. etwenc.

m The fo's, Reprobence for reprobe-

The 2d q. T. W. and J. bad for bath.

The 1st q. the for that.

P The two last fo's and R. entich.

⁹ The 1st q. O God, O beavenly God.

The 1st q. Zoens for Come.

[&]quot; The 1st q. omits out.

t So the qu's and J; the rest omit bold my.

[&]quot;. So the qu's and J ; the rest cenis

ГЦ



ACT V. SCENE. VIII.

I'll be in speaking liberal as the " air; Let heaven, and men, and devils, let 'em all, All, all cry shame against me, yet Pll speak.

lage. Be wife, and get you home.

Emil. I will not. [Iago effers to stab his wife.

Gra. Fie, your fword upon a woman?

Emil. Oh, thou dull Moor! that handkerchief then fpeak'ft on,

I found by fortune, and did give my husband; For often, with a solemn earnestness, More than indeed belong'd to such a trisle, He begg'd of me to steal it.

Iago. Villainous whore !

Emil. She give it Casso? no—alas, I found it, And I did give 't my husband.

Iago. Filth, thou lieft.

Emil. By heaven, I do not; I do not, Gentlemen. Oh murderous coxcomb! what should such a fool Do with so good a c wife?

[4 Iago breaks through, and wounds his wife; then runs out.

Oth. Are there no stones in heaven,
But what serve for the thunder? * precious villain!

Gra. The woman falls! sure he hath kill'd his wife,

- So the qu's; the reft, No, I will feak as liberal, Sc.
- The 24 q. the fo's, R. and J. North for sir.
 - 7 This direction first put in by R. 6 So the qu's 3 the rest, of for or.
- 2 The qu's and J. good for give.
- b So the qu's add C; the rest omit
- " The qu's, women for wife.
- J. directs [The Moor runs or Ingo, who heads through, Sc.

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Emil. Ay, ay, oh, lay me by my mistress side. Gra. He's gone, but his wife's kill'd. Mon. 'Tis a notorious villain; take ' you this wespon, Which I have shere recover'd from the Moor. .Come, guard the door without, let him not pais, But kill him rather. I'll after that same villain, "For 'tis a damned flave." [Execut Mon. and Gra.

SCENE IX.

Oth. I am not valiant neither; But every puny whipster gets my sword. But why should honour outlive honesty? Let it go all.

Æmil. What did thy fong bode, lady? Hark, canst thou hear me? I will play the swen, And die in musick. Willow, willow, willow Moor, she was chaste; she low'd thee, cruel Moor; So come my foul to blifs, as I speak true; So speaking as I think, I die, I die. Æmilia dia. Oth. I have another weapon in this chamber, It is a fword of Spain, the ice-book's temper: Oh, here it is. Uncle, I must come forth.

f P. and all after omit yes; the qu's. i So the qu's and Co the nell, also for I die. read your for you this! .

g The fo's and R. omit bere. P. reads Which I recovered have here from,

k So the qu'a; the reft, is for wer. 1 So the fo's, R. and J; the qu's, Hobrook's; the with Ebro's a server of h What is in Italic is omitted in the Spain particularly famous for tempering

ik gu

Gra. [within.] If thou attempt it, it will cost thee dear; Thou hast no weapon, and perforce must suffer.

Oth. Look in upon me then, and speak = with me, Or, naked as I am, I will affault thee.

Re-enter Gratiano.

Gra. What is the matter? Oth. Behold, I have a weapon:

A better never did itself sustain Upon a foldier's thigh. I have feen the day. First with this little arm, and this good fword, I have made my way through more impediments Than twenty times o your ftop. But, oh vain boat! Who can controll his fate? 'tis not so now.

Be not afraid, though you do for me weapon'd; Here is my journey's end, bere is my butt,

I be very sea-mark of my utmost sail.

Do you go back dismay'd? 'tis a lost fear:

Man but a rush against Othello's breast,

And be retires. Where should Othello go?

Now - how dost thou look now? oh ill-starr'd wench! Pale as thy fmock! When we shall meet at 'count, This look of thine will hurl my foul from heaven, And fiends will fnatch at it. Cold, cold, my girl, Even like thy chastity. O cursed slave!

m The qu'e, to for with.

⁴ The fo's, R. P. and H. And for n So all before P; he and all after, except C. Le for Bebold,

The 1st q. and two last fo's, you for I The ad q. omits Now. 1 The fo's, R. and C. read confid

P What is in italic is emitted in the 'twice.

Whip me, 'ye devils,

From the possession of this heavenly sight;

Blow me about in winds, "roast me in sulphur,

Wash me in steep-down gulphs of liquid fire,

Oh Desdemona ", Desdemona! " dead! oh, oh, oh!

SCENE X.

Enter Lodovico, & Cassio led in wounded, Montano, I Iago prisener, with efficers,

Led. Where is this rash and most unfortunate man?

Oth. That 's he that was Othello 2. Hers I am.

Led. Where is b that viper? Bring the villain forth.

Oth. I look down towards his feet—but that's a fable

If 'that thou be'st a devil I cannot kill thee.

[Othello wounds la

Lod. d Wrench his fword from him,

lago. I bleed, fir, but not kill'd.

Oth. I am not forry neither: I'd have thee live; For in my fense, 'tis happiness to die.

Led. O thou, Othello, that " wert once fo good,

t The qu's, you for ye,

Before reaft the two last fo's and R. infert and.

- W Here the fo's and R. infert depd.
- * All but the qu's and Ist fo's, re-
- Y All but the qu's and C. repeat ch but traice.

y The qu's and C. Caffio in a cl z Here C. directs, [pointing | wife.

- * The 1ft q. this for thet,
- b The 1st q. omits that.
- c The 1st q. wring for spreach
- d So the qu'e; the fo's, we wert; the rest, west,

Fall'n in the practice of a f damned flave, What shall be said to thee?

Oth. Why any thing;

An honourable murderer, if you will,

For nought a did I in hate, but all in honour.

Led. This wretch hath part confest his villainy.

Did you and he consent in Caffio's death?

Oth. Ay.

Ces. Dear General, 1 I did never give you cause.

Qtb. I do believe it, and I ask your pardon.

Will you, I pray, demand that demy-devil,

Why he hath thus enfnar'd my foul and body?

lege, Demand me nothing. What you know, you know.

From this time forth I never will speak word.

Led. What, not to pray?

Gra. Torments will ope your lips.

Oth. Well, thou dost best.

Led. Sir, you shall understand what hath befall'n, Which, as I think, you know i not. Here is a letter, Found in the pocket of the slain Rederige, And here another; the one of them imports. The death of Casse to be undertook. By Rederige.

Oth. O villain!

Most heathenish and most groß!

So the qu's; the reft, curfed for demsed.

h So the qu'e; the reft, I never gave you, &c.

f So the qu's; the rest, I did for did

i J. omits not.

k So all before P; he and all after, except C. omit the.

OTHELE .

Led. Now here 'a another discontented paper, Found in his pocket too; and this, it seems, Rederige meant to have sent this damned villain, But that, belike, lage in the 1 pick.

Came in and settinged him.

Oth. O ! the permicious caitiff!

How came you, Cassii, hy a a handkerchies

That was my wise's?

Caf. I sound it in my chamber; And he himself consest our but even now,
That there he dropt it for a special purpose,
Which wrought to his defire.

. Och. O fool, fool, fool!

1 **jo** :

Caf. There is, befides, in Roderige's letter,
How he upbraids lage, that he made him
Brave me upon the watch; whereon it came
That I was caft. And even but now he fpake,
After long freming dead, lage hurt him,
lage fee him on.

Led. You must forsake this room, and go with us; Your power and your command is taken off, And Cosso rules in Cyprus. For this slave, If there be any cunning cruelty, That can torment him much, and hold him long,

• • •

¹ So the 1st q; the rest, interim for wick;

m So the qu's and C; the rest, then
for the.

[&]quot; So, the gu's; the rest, that for a. " C. omits it.

P The 1st q. omits but.

The 2d q. obsides.

To all before R; he and all after, except C. orait has.

¹ The 2d q. fpaste.

t The 2d q. Fore for For.

It shall be his. You shall close prisoner rest, Till that the nature of your fault be known To the Venetian state. Come, bring " him away. Oth. Soft you; a word or two, " before you go. I have done the state some service, and they know 't: No more of that. I pray you, in your letters, When you shall these unlucky deeds relate, * Speak of them as they are; nothing extenuate, Nor fet down ought in malice. Then 7 must you speak Of one that lov'd not wifely, but too well; Of one not eafily jealous, but being wrought, Perplext in the extream; of one whose hand, Like the base * Indian, threw a pearl away Richer than all his tribe; of one, whose subtheed eyes, Albeit unused to the melting mood,

So the qu's ; the rest omit bim.

Dropt tears as fast as the Arabian trees

And fay befides, that in Alepse once, Where a malignant and a ' turban'd Turk . Beat a Venetian, and traduc'd the state,

Their " medicinal " gum. Set you down this.

" The 1st q. omits before you go.

drag to the Ethiopian summer of Helioderes; where Thyanis an Egyption robber fell in love with Charles; stupe with jealoufy, and defaziring to enjoy her himfelf, he refelves to murder her.

* P. T. M. and W. amit fubdual.

The fo's and C. medicinoide.

·]." game.

The S's, Tarind Tark

[&]quot; So the tit q; the rest, Speak of me alm, Si.

⁷ The 2d q. you maft for mift you. # So the qu's and three left fo's, R. and P ; the 1st f. H. and J. Judean ; T. and W. Judien; and they suppose Shelefpeers to allude to the mary of Hor res and Marianna. Vide Bearb in los. Upon propoles to such Agreein, allo-

I took by e th' throat the circumcifed dog. And fmote him thus.

State bimbel.

Led. O bloody period!

Gra. All f that 's spoke is marr'd.

Oth. I kist thee ere I kill'd thee . No way but this, Killing myself, to die upon a kis. [Dies.

Cas. This did I fear, but thought he had no weapon; For he was of great heart.

Led. O Spartan dog!

To Iago.

More fell than anguish, hunger, or the sea l Look on the tragick ! loading of this bed ? This is thy work; the object poisons fight-Let it be hid. Gratians, keep the house, And seize upon the fortunes of the Moor, For they fucceed to you. To you, Lord Governour, Remains the censure of this hellish villain, The time, the place, the torture, oh inforce it. Myself will straight aboard; and to the state This heavy act, with heavy heart, relate.

THE PARTY

[Exercet:

f C. omits th'.

g So the qu's and C; the reft, that is,

8 Here C. directs [throwing himself by ble wife.

A The 2d q. targicket

i The qu's, ledging.

Almost, if not intirely, throughout the whole play, the 1st q. reads bonds kercher for bandkerchief, be for bave; bes for bath, des for deth.



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7 An

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